

		Guía D	ocente		
	Datos Id	lentificativos			2013/14
Asignatura (*)	Literatura Norteamericana nos se	eus Textos		Código	613G03047
Titulación			I		
		Descr	iptores		
Ciclo Período Curso Tipo		Créditos			
Grao	2º cuadrimestre	Cu	arto	Optativa	4.5
Idioma	Inglés				
Prerrequisitos					
Departamento	Filoloxía Inglesa				
Coordinación	Frias Rudolphi, Maria Correo electrónico maria.frias@udc.es		c.es		
Profesorado	Frias Rudolphi, Maria		Correo electrónico	maria.frias@udc.es	
	Nuñez Puente, Carolina			c.nunez@udc.es	
Web					
Descrición xeral	This course is designed to provid	le student with a hi	istoric and literary overv	iew of African Am	nerican writing in US., as well as
	critical study of various genres such as vernacular tradition (Black English), short story, drama, and the novel. Beginning with				
	slave narratives, we will analyze outstanding works from the Harlem Renaissance, the School of Protest, the Black Aesthetics				
	Movement, and we will also pause to look at contemporary black women writers. We will read texts which are concerned with				
	race, sex, and politics to see to what extent they are central in a larger cultural and historical mainstream context. Basically,				
	the aim of this coure is to provide students with knowledge of the literary roots of African American writing so that they may				
	better contextualize more recent and popular works.				

	Competencias da titulación
Código	Competencias da titulación

Resultados da aprendizaxe			
Competencias de materia (Resultados de aprendizaxe)	Competencias da		
	titular           A1           A6           A11           B2           A14           B2           A16           B3           A17           B4           A19           B2           A21           B3	itulació	n
To familiarize themselves with some of the most relevant authors and their corresponding texts.	A1		
To be able to read critically.	A6		
To be able to identify specific gender and race issues within the texts required.			
To know how to relate mainstream American literary discourse and recurrent topics with those which are particular of African	A11	B1	C2
American writers in general.	A14	B2	C3
	A16	B3	C4
	A17	B4	C6
	A19	B5	C7
	A20	B6	C8
	A21	B7	
		B8	
		B9	
To identify recurrent themes and/or literary discourses among the African American writers analyzed, and formulate their own conclusions.	A2		
Use the appropriate bibliography (books, chapters of books, or literary magazines), as well as do some reserch via internet		B1	
		ы	
Be fluent in English (C2). When students do written tests or exercises they should concentrate to make good use of English	46		
grammar. Written texts/exercises should be well organized, coherent, and readable.	_		
To be able to compare and contrast texts written by different authors which deal with totally different issues. Students are	AIO	DE	
		DU	
taught how to point at main differences or similarities thrughout de semester. Their aim is to read in between the lines to			
highlight most relevant information, and check whether it can be compared and/or contrasted. This method implies a lot of			
practice doing "close readings".			



Be able to work in groups, organize the time alloted, set priorities, and make good use of team work.	B6	
Literature is about life. Students should be able to show a keen interest and an understanding of race and gender issues in		C7
our own community as well as worldwide. They should bring to class any particular topic, related to subject, and that might be		
of interest to the whole class (media news, a concert, a film, police brutality, racist misbehaviour in sports, etc)		
African Americans were brought by force to the Americas (and Europe) to work as slaves. This subject teaches students to		C4
respect the Otherno matter what kind of otherness that particular person represents. The knowledge of the socio historical		
backgroundracist, discriminatory, and terribly violentshould make the students (us all) better understand the differences		
within a given community, and respect themwhether one agrees or not.		

	Contidos
Temas	Subtemas
The Literature of Slavery and Freedom (1745-1865)	On Slave Narratives, and " the land of milk and honey".
The Harlem Renaissance (1865-19199	"When Harlem Was in Vogue". Novels of Passing.
Realism, Naturalism and Modernism (1940-1960)	The Protest Novel.
The Black Arts Movement (1960-1970)	The Sixties, The Fight for the Civil Rights Movement, and the motto "Black is
	Beautiful".
African American Drama.	From Lorraine Hansberry to August Wilson: On Dreams Deferred.
Black Women Writers since 1970.	From Mammies to Militants.

	Planificación		
Metodoloxías / probas	Horas presenciais	Horas non presenciais / traballo autónomo	Horas totais
Lecturas	0	25	25
Presentación oral	1	11	12
Proba de resposta breve	2.5	0	2.5
Sesión maxistral	16	16	32
Proba de ensaio	5	25	30
Obradoiro	5	2	7
Actividades iniciais	2	1	3
Atención personalizada	1	0	1
*Os datos que aparecen na táboa de planificación son de cará	eter orientativo, considerando a h	otoroxonoidado do alum	nado

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	Metodoloxías
Metodoloxías	Descrición
Lecturas	Required readings are chosen chronologically to better understand the social context, as well as the role African American
	Literature plays in mainstream American Literary discourse.
	Thanks to the detailed syllabus, students will be informed ahead of time of the readings assigned for each class.
	Students are expected to read carefully and critically, and come to their own conclusions. They are also expected to come to
	class with the required reading assigned done.
	Instructor would provide a brief introduction which includes critical reception, formal and themes issues, and would point at
	more relevant aspects so students might be informed before actually starting their own reading of the material.
Presentación oral	Class presentation is team work. Format required is power point presentation.
	Students choose topic to talk about from the list provided by instructor of works and texts we are NOT going to deal with in
	class. Students should inform the instructor about the author/work of their choice. Students need to include the following: brief
	plot summary; critical reception (two reviews: one positive; one negative); an interview with writer (when and if possible); an
	article from a literary magazine or chapter of book, and any other visual material they think relevant (clips from film
	adaptations; clips from documentaries; articles from media, etc).
	Team is made of 3 students (4 max.)



This is an "identify-quizz type" test.
Students are expected to provide brief and to the point responses.
From a list, students should identify an item, a recurrent expression, a metaphor, a proper name, a setting or a particular
statement from the required readings. The idea is to go from the very particular to the more general.
Students should comment on the reasons why they think that particular word or words are relevant to the whole text.
This is NOT the traditional one-way boring lecture someone might expect. The purpose of this lecture is to familiarize students
with the new required text and author, point out at main issues dealt with, comment on critical reception, and ask them to pay
particular attention to certain passages, characters' reactions or narrative discoure used.
Lecture always goes two ways. Students are more than welcome to interrupt and ask questions, or make comments. This
lecture-type methodology is, in fact, more a dialogue between students and lecturer where student are NOT the "empty
glass", and the instructor is NOT the "full jar".
At this stage in their academic studies, students should be able to write well organized, original, and critical essays. This is
NOT a class where you have to memorize dates and names. On the contrary, you are expected to read critically and write with
a thesis statement in mind.
Students, thus, are required to write a comparative essay about topics chosen by the instructor.
You are given several options (up to four), to write about formal aspects of the text or about recurrent themes or
characterization. The use of evidence from the texts are a must, and this is the reason why students are allowed to use the
books for this in-class test.
Before the long comparative essay, students will have the opportunity to work on and write a short essay (four to five pages
long). This is a take-home assignment.
A work-shop on close reading always helps students to learn how to read creatively and critically.
Following our methodology (from the more specific to the more general), students are provided a selecction of quotations from
the text we are reading in class. With the help of the instructor, first, we point out at the most basic literary aspects. We focus
on narrative voice, point of view, language used, tone and style, or characterization and setting. We always try to find a
response for the question: Do you think this quote is relevant to the whole text? Why? Why not?
The first week in class students will be given specific information about what is expected from them, the different tasks used in
class, and how to help them better organize their time when preparing for reading quizzes, short essay, comparative essay or
class presentations.
It is also important to know what you expect from a subjectAfrican American Literaturewhich is not usually included in the
syllabus of Spanish Universities.
I would recommend students to be alert to any news in the media, a film, a concert, or a lecture related to this subject, and I
would encourage them to share that information with the class.

	Atención personalizada
Metodoloxías	Descrición



Presentación oral	Lecturas /Required readings. For students who still have serious problems with the use of English, I will recommend them how
Sesión maxistral	to approach the texts. I might prepare a set of short questions to help them organize reading and understanding step by step.
Proba de ensaio	
Obradoiro	Presentación oral/Oral presentations are, in general, a tough task for most students. The idea is to check who in the group
	has more language problems, and suggest different ways to contribute to the group presentation. We could also suggest a
	work in pairs for those students who are behind in the grasp of the language.
	Proba de ensaio/Comparative Essay. This is a crucial test for this subject. It is a written text where students have to organize
	their own ideas about a topic and provide evidence from texts. Some students lack critical abilities, tend to be descriptive and
	prot-oriented. In preparation for the long comparative essay, instructor would ask them to work on a take-home short essay.
	This would make them be prepared for the more in-depth and challenging comparative essay.
	Obradoiro/"Work-shop" on quotations from text required. Some students find very hard to read critically and come up with their
	own ideas from a given text. Although this activity is class oriented, emphasis and protagonism is given to students who tend
	to keep silent when asked for an interpretation of a few lines from a text. Through pointing out at the particular aspects that are
	relevant, and need to be analized, students get the grasp of what a "close reading" means at the same time they develop their
	own ideas from the given text. If time allowed, we tend to work in small groups (max. 4 students) where students are given a
	list of quotations, and the group is assigned a particular quote to fully analyze. After fifteen minutes (aprox.) each group
	provide their own interpretation, although not always agree with each otherwhich is a plus. They have to provide evidence
	from the text.

	Avaliación	
Metodoloxías	Descrición	Cualificaciór
Presentación oral	Students would work in groups (up to 4 students max.), and present a topic to the class.	30
	From a list provided by the instructor, students choose one particular author and text which is NOT included in	
	the required readings list.	
	This is a power point presentation. They are required to provide, at least, the following information: brief plot	
	summary; critical reception of work (minimum of a possitive and a negative review); an interview with the	
	author (if and when possible); information from a chapter of a book;; they can also include some visual	
	material such as a clip of the film adaptation, a clip of a documentary, or news from the media). Students are	
	encouraged to get some cards with notes, but they are encouraged not to read for the whole presentaton.	
Proba de resposta	This is the "Identify-Quizz" test.	10
breve	Students are provided with a list which include some of the following: items, metaphores, recurrent	
	expressions, brands, intertextual information, proper names, settings, etc.	
	Students should identify author and text, and comment on the particular word/words given.	
	They would comment on the reasons why they are relevant to the whole text. Why? Why not?	
	Responses are open, but students should use evidence from text.	
	"Indentify-Quizz" is based on information from required readings.	



Proba de ensaio	This is supposed to be the most relevant test because it covers a wide range of tasks. Students should show	40
	they have a good grasp of English. They have to express their ideas clearly and coherently.	
	Since this is a comparative essay, students have to choose from several options, and provide a well organized	
	essay, where they make clear their points at the same time they support their ideas with evidence (quotations)	
	from the text. Essay needs and introduction, a body and a conclusion. This is NOT a descriptive task, and I	
	am not expecting to read your class notes, but learn from your personal and creative reading of the	
	texts/themes required. Essay is based on information from required readings.	
	Previous to the comparative essay, students are also required to write a take-home short essay on a selection	
	of texts and authors.	
Obradoiro	Obradoiro/Quotation Test.	20
	Based on the experience gained through the "Quotation Workshop", students are prepared to pass	
	an in-class test where they are asked to focus on ONE particular quotation and provide not only a close	
	reading but also to identify author, and work, narrator, protagonist tone and style.	
	This is NOT a descriptive question, but a question where the student is supposed to read critically. Quotations	
	are selected from the required readings.	
	Students are provided several choices (up to four).	
	It time allows we are planning to have TWO QT (2x10=20)	

Observacións avaliación



Depending on the number of students we could have more than one workshop on quotations, or improvise some extra "Identify-Quizz". It will only benefit the students.Students should pass ALL the tests/assignments to get a PASS final grade. Those who fail and whose average grade is below the passing grade will have to sit for July exam. The July test has the following sections: 1) "Identify-Quizz" questions to choose from a list given; 2) One or more quotations from the required readings to focus on them, identify work and author as well as provide a close reading, and analyze form, structure, language used, theme/s, setting, or particularities about gender, race, etc. Students should respond to the following question: Do you think this quotation is relevant to the text? Why? Why not?. 3) A comparative essay (introduction, body and conclusion) from the required readings. Students should provide evidence from the texts to make their points stronger. Students are allowed to bring their reading books to the class. You do not need to memorize for this exercise. You need to read critically and write coherently. For the three types of tests students will have a list with several options.N.P: A student will receive a grade of "Non Presentado" in case they do not sit for the July test and / or they did not complete 50% or more of the required classes should contact instructor throughout the first TWO weeks of semester to discuss the specificities. Students can contact instructor via e-mail (maria.frias@udc.es), but a personal appointment is needed too. In case students could not be able to sit for any of the tests required, they should contact me as soon as possible, to try and solve the problem.

-Together with class attendance (see below), the workshops, readings, papers, and class presentation are MANDATORY. You will need to be graded with at least a "4" in the aforementioned activities.

-If (Repetidores/as), or students who are taking several courses at the same time must do as follows:FIRST, contact instructor not later than mid October. SECOND, provide a written evidence that they cannot come to class regularly. THIRD, I will set a few dates in which it will be mandatory to come to and participate in class. FOURTH, I will assign them extra exercises and tasks which they will need to submit according to the dates stated in a calendar that I will create specifically for them. FINALLY, if they fail either to come to the few mandatory classes described above or to submit the assignments on time, they will have to take the oportunidad de julio.

- Students must submit the assignments on the agreed-upon dates. Short delays will imply a discount of 25% from the assignment grade. Long delays will need to be officially justified (e.g. with a doctor's note)--otherwise the assignments will not be accepted

A paper showing traces of plagiarism will be graded with a "0".

Fontes de información



Bibliografía básica	<ul> <li>Carby, Hazel (1987). Reconstructing Womanhood: The Emergence of the Afro-American Woman Novelist. New York: Oxford UP</li> <li>(). African American Review.</li> <li>Christian, Barbara (1980). Black Women Novelists, 1892-1976. Westport (Connecticut) : Greenwood Press.</li> <li>Beaulieu, Elizabeth Ann (1999). Black Women Writers and the American Neo-Slave Narrative . Westport: Greenwood P.</li> <li>Baker, Houston (1984). Blues, Ideology, and Afro-American Literature a vernacular theory. Chicago: Chicago UP.</li> <li>Hill, Patricia Liggins (ed) (1998)). Call and Response: The Riverside anthology of the African American Literary Tradition.</li> <li>hooks, bell (2000). Feminist theory from margin to center. Cambridge : Bell Hooks.</li> <li>Stepto, Robert (1991). From Behind the Veil: A Study of African American Narrative. Urbana: U of Illinois P.</li> <li>Christian, Barbara (2007). New Black feminist criticism, 1985-2000. Urbana : University of Illinois Press.</li> <li>Gates, Henry Louis, Jr. (1997). Norton Anthology of African American Literature Norton</li> <li>hooks, bell (2006). Outlaw culture : resisting representations /. New York: Routledge</li> <li>Andrew, Foster and Trudier Harris (eds) (2001). Oxford Companion to African American Literature. Oxford UP.</li> <li>Gates, Henry Louis Jr. (1985). Race, Writing, and Difference. hicago : The University of Chicago Press</li> <li>hooks, bell (2010). Teaching critical thinking : practical wisdom. New York: Routledge</li> <li>Bell, Bernard (1987). The Afro-American Novel and its Tradition. Amherican Nove. Cambridge UP</li> </ul>
Bibliografía complementaria	<ul> <li>Gadsby, Meredith. (2006). Sucking salt : Caribbean women writers, migration, and surviva. Columbia : University of Missouri P.</li> <li>Frias, María (1998). "Marriage Doesn't Make Love": El discurso del matrimonio en la obra de Zora Neale Hurston. Alcalá: Universidad de Alcalá</li> <li>Eastwood, Clint (dir.) (2001). Bird. Madrid: Warner Bross</li> <li>Naylor, Gloria (2004). Conversations with Gloria Naylor . Jackson : University Press of Mississippi</li> <li>King, Lovalerie (2008). he Cambridge introduction to Zora Neale Hursto. New York: Cambridge UP</li> <li>Sirk, Douglass (dir.) (2005). Imitation of life. Universal City, Calif. : Universal Studios Home Video.</li> <li>Fleischner, Jennifer. (1996). Mastering slavery : memory, family, and identity in women's slave narratives. New York: New York UP</li> <li>Fraile, Ana (1996). ora Neale Hurston y su aportación a la literatura afroamericana [Recurso electrónico].</li> <li>Salamanca: Universidad P.</li> <li>(2010). Precious. Madrid: Warner Bross</li> <li>Sapphire (2010). Push.</li> <li>Amian, Katrin. (2008). Rethinking postmodernism(s) : Charles S. Peirce and the pragmatist negotiations of Thomas Pynchon, Toni Morrison, and Jonathan Safran Foer . Amsterdam ; New York : Rodopi</li> <li>Conner, Marc C. (2000). The aesthetics of Toni Morrison speaking the unspeakable. Jackson: UP of Miss.,</li> <li>Coppola, Francis (dir.) (1984). The Cotton Club . [USA] : Zoetrope Studios</li> <li>Denard, Carolyn C. (ed). (2008). Toni Morrison : conversations. Jackson: UP of Miss.,</li> </ul>

	Recomendacións	
	Materias que se recomenda ter cursado previamente	
Traballo Fin de Grao/613G03041		
	Materias que se recomenda cursar simultaneamente	
A Literatura Inglesa e a súa Crítica	/613G03032	
Literatura Inglesa (Séculos XVIII e	XIX/613G03036	
	Materias que continúan o temario	



Literatura Norteamericana 1/613G03024

Literatura Poscolonial/613G03026

Cuestións de Lingua Inglesa/613G03031

A Literatura Inglesa e a súa Crítica/613G03032

Literatura Norteamericana 2/613G03035

Variedades do Inglés/613G03042

Literatura e Artes Visuais/613G03044

Observacións

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