		Teaching Guide		
	Identifying	Data		2015/16
Subject (*)	Química de Produtos Naturais		Code	610509017
Study programme	Mestrado en Investigación Química	e Química Industrial		
		Descriptors		
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degre	e 2nd four-month period	First	Optativa	3
Language	SpanishEnglish			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	Química Fundamental			
Coordinador	Jimenez Gonzalez, Carlos	E-mail	carlos.jimenez	@udc.es
Lecturers	Jimenez Gonzalez, Carlos	E-mail	carlos.jimenez	@udc.es
	Rodriguez Gonzalez, Jaime		jaime.rodriguez	z@udc.es
Web		'	'	
General description	This material is intended for studen	ts to acquire a thorough unde	erstanding of the Natural	Products Chemistry. It starts from
	their applications, mainly at pharma	cological level, following by t	he importance of their st	tudy and then, their classification
	from the biogenetic point of view. In	order to do this, it will displa	y the most important bio	genetic routes from which originate
	the most abundant skeletons. Some	e modern techniques used to	day to accelerate their is	solation and identification along
	with the use of genetic studies on n	ew biotechnological strategie	es in their production is a	ilso seen

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Define concepts, principles, theories and specialized facts of different areas of chemistry.
А3	Apply materials and biomolecules in innovative fields of industry and chemical engineering.
A4	Innovate in the methods of synthesis and chemical analysis related to the different areas of chemistry
B2	Students should apply their knowledge and ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary)
	contexts related to their field of study.
B4	Students should be able to communicate their conclusions, and the knowledge and the reasons that support them to specialists and
	non-specialists in a clear and unambiguous manner
B5	Students must possess learning skills to allow them to continue studying in a way that will have to be largely self-directed or autonomous.
B7	Identify information from scientific literature by using appropriate channels and integrate such information to raise and contextualize a
	research topic
B10	Use of scientific terminology in English to explain the experimental results in the context of the chemical profession
B11	Apply correctly the new technologies to gather and organize the information to solve problems in the professional activity.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	mme
	CO	mpetenc	es
Acquisition of advanced knowledge in the chemistry of Natural Products, from both terrestrial and marine origin	AC1	BC2	
		BC4	
		BC7	
Learning of the most important applications, mainly as drugs and as tools in biomedical research	AC3	BC2	
		BC5	
Learning of the main biogenetic routes and the main metabolites that originate	AC1	BC2	
		BC7	
Learning of the modern techniques used for their isolation and identification	AC4	BC10	
		BC11	

Contents

Topic	Sub-topic
CHAPTER 1. Introduction to the study of natural products	Concepts of natural product and secondary metabolite. Main natural sources. Main
	applications. Importance of natural products in the pharmaceutical industry.
	Classification and examples.
CHAPTER 2. Main metabolic pathways of the secondary	General scheme of secondary metabolism, main types of natural products that
metabolism	originate and classification based on metabolic pathways. Main mechanisms of
	biological pathways. Methods of elucidation of a metabolic route.
CHAPTER 3. Metabolites derived from acetate: poliketides,	Metabolites derived from acetate: poliketides, fatty acids and related compounds.
fatty acids and related compounds	
CHAPTER 4. Metabolites derived from mevalonate: terpenes	Metabolites derived from mevalonate: terpenes and steroids.
and steroids	
CHAPTER 5. Metabolites derived from shikimic acid	Biosynthetic origen of shikimic acid. Phenylpropanoids. Metabolites of mixed origin:
	Flavonoids.
CHAPTER 6. Natural nitrogenous compounds	Aliphatic alkaloids: derivates from lysine and ornithine. Aromatic alkaloids: derivates
	from phenylalanine/tyrosine and tryptophan. Other estructural frameworks.
	Biosynthesis of non ribosomal peptides.
CHAPTER 7. Modernas estrategias de aislamiento e	Traditional methods. Dereplication techniques. Biotechnology strategies based on
identificación	genetic studies: Genome mining, recombinant biosynthesis and combinatorial
	biosynthesis.

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 B7 B10	12	24	36
Problem solving	A4 B4 B5 B11	7	17.5	24.5
Mixed objective/subjective test	A3 B2	2.5	10	12.5
Personalized attention		2	0	2
(*)The information in the planning table is for	quidance only and does not	take into account the	heterogeneity of the stud	dents.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	It will be held 12 sessions of lectures in one group where the theoretical contents of the course will be associated with
keynote speech	illustrative examples. It will consist mainly in PowerPoint presentations. Copies of these presentations will be available for the
	students in advance via the virtual campus of the course. This will allow the students to study ahead the contents of the course
	and to facilitate the monitoring of explanations
Problem solving	7 sessions in small group seminars where students will present the work proposed by the professor followed by a discussion
	section. Students will have in advance the proposed exercises and papers via the virtual campus of the course. Attendance at
	these classes is mandatory
Mixed	The final exam will cover all the contents of the course
objective/subjective	
test	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	Tutoring scheduled by the professor and coordinated by the Centre. It will be 2 hours per student and will involve the supervision of proposed work, clarifying doubts, etc. Attendance at these classes is mandatory

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification

Problem solving	A4 B4 B5 B11	They will consist of two components: interactive class in problems solving clases	40
		(seminars) and interactive class in very small groups (tutorials).	
		This part within the continuous assessment (N1) will be 40% of the qualification	
Mixed	A3 B2	The final exam (N2) will cover all the contents of the course.	60
objective/subjective		This part will be 60% of the qualification.	
test			

## **Assessment comments**

The evaluation of this course will be done by

means of the continuous assessment and completion of a final exam. Access to the exam will be conditioned on the participation in at least 80% of the mandatory classroom teaching activities (seminars and tutorials).

Continuous assessment (N1) will be 40% of the

qualification and the final exam (N2) will cover all the contents of the course.

The student's score will result of applying the following formula: Final score =  $0.4 \times N1 + 0.6 \times N2$ 

N1 and N2 are the marks corresponding to the

continuous assessment (0-10 scale) and the final exam (0-10 scale),

respectively

The repeaters will have the same

system of class

attendance than those who study the course for first

time

	Sources of information
Basic	- Jonathan Clayden, Nick Greeves, Stuart Warren (2012). Organic Chemistry. New York: University Press
	- J. Alberto Marco (2006). Química de los productos naturales. Madrid: Síntesis
	- Pilar Gil Ruiz (). Productos naturales. Pamplona: Universidad Pública de Navarra
	- J. Mann (1992). Secondary Metabolism. Oxford: Oxford Science Publications
	- Richard B. Herbert (1989). The biosynthesis of secondary metabolites. London: Chapman and Hall
	- S. D. Sarker, L. Nahar (2012). Natural Products Isolation. New Jersey: Human Press
Complementary	- Edwin Haslam (1993). Shikimic Acid: Metabolism and Metabolites. Chichester: John Wiley & Chich
	- Ana M. Lobo, Ana M. Lourenco (2007). Biossíntese de productos naturais. Lisboa: IST Press



The students should review the theoretical concepts

introduced in each chapter using the reference manual and the material provided

by the professor. Those students, which have significant difficulties when working the proposed activities,

should contact with the professor during the tutorials,

in order to analyze the problem and to receive the

necessary support. The professor will analyze with those students

who do not successfully pass the evaluation,

and so wish, their difficulties in learning the course

content. Additional material (questions,

exercises, tests, etc..) to strengthen the learning of the course might be also

provided.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.