		Teaching Guide			
	Identifyin	g Data		2015/16	
Subject (*)	Xeoloxía		Co	ode 610G01006	
Study programme	Grao en Química		'	,	
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	oe Credits	
Graduate	2nd four-month period	First	FB	6	
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Ciencias da Navegación e da Terr	a			
Coordinador	Lado Liñares, Marcos	E-ma	ail marcos	s.lado@udc.es	
Lecturers	Lado Liñares, Marcos	E-ma	ail marcos	s.lado@udc.es	
	Paz Gonzalez, Antonio		antonio	o.paz.gonzalez@udc.es	
	Vidal Vázquez, Eva		eva.vid	dal.vazquez@udc.es	
Web					
General description	The aim of this course is to provid	e the students with basic kn	owledge on crystal	Illine solid-state-matter, its structure a	nd
	symmetry. Also, an important part	of this course is focused or	the natural proces	sses that lead to the formation of mine	eral
and on the recognition of common minerals based on some of their properties.					

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A3	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them
A6	Knowledge of chemical elements and their compounds, synthesis, structure, properties and reactivity
A9	Knowledge of structural characteristics of chemical and stereochemical compounds, and basic methods of structural analysis and research
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A25	Ability to recognise and analyse link between chemistry and other disciplines, and presence of chemical processes in everyday life
A27	Ability to teach chemistry and related subjects at different academic levels
B1	Learning to learn
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
B6	Ethical, responsible, civic-minded professionalism
B7	Effective workplace communication
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C2	Oral and written proficiency in a foreign language
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C6	Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving
C7	Acceptance as a professional and as a citizen of importance of lifelong learning

Learning outcomes

Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	con	npetend	es/
		results	
The student will become familiar with the international standard terminology both in crystallography and mineralogy studies	A1	B1	С3
	A16		
The student will learn to recognize crystalline matter, to analyze its structure, and to describe its internal symmetry	А3	B1	СЗ
	A9	В3	
	A12		
	A20		
The study of minerals, as natural inorganic chemical compounds, and mineral formation processes, provides knowledge on	A6		
the reactivity of chemical elements that result in natural compounds	A20		
	A24		
The internal structure of each mineral class, crystal system and the most representative unit cells are analyzed	A1	В3	
	А3		
	A9		
The student will be able to relate mineral properties (density, cleavage, hardness, piezoelectricity) and mineral chemical	A6	B5	C1
composition, bonds and internal structure	A12	В6	
	A16	В7	
	A25		
	A27		
The student will face practical and theoretical aspects of minerals and crystalline matter, and the relationship between atomic	A15	В3	
arrangement and macroscopic properties	A16		
Laboratory work includes the analysis of crystal forms and the identification of common minerals through a critical analysis of	A1	B1	C1
its symmetry, the development and training of spatial perception and the students? abstraction capabilities.	A12	В3	C2
	A20	B4	C6
	A23	B5	C7
Small group assignments are focused on solving problems related, in general, to practical aspects of mineralogy. The student	A15	В3	C1
should be able to present it in a synthetic manner, and to establish the interactions between the problem and other disciplines	A23	B5	C2
	A24	В7	СЗ
	A25		C6

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
Crystallography and symmetry of crystalline matter	1. Introduction to crystallography and mineralogy. Definition of crystal and mineral.
	Main properties of crystalline matter. Fundamentals of crystal chemistry: coordination.
	2. Crystal systems: Orthorhombic, tetragonal, hexagonal, monoclinic, triclinic and
	isometric.
	3. Point symmetry: symmetry elements, symmetry class.
	4. Morphology of crystal forms: crystallographic axis, axis relations, faces, Miller
	indices.
	5. Crystallographic projections (spheric and stereographic).
	6. Planar symmetry: 2-dimensional order and planar lattices. Planar symmetry and
	groups.
	7. Space symmetry: 3-dimensional order. Bravais lattices. Space symmetry (glide
	planes and screw axes). Space groups. Relations between point groups and space
	groups.
	8. Molecular symmetry and Schoenflies notation.

Geological processes, mineral formation, and types of rocks	9. Formation of chemical elements.
	10. Formation of minerals.
	11. Types of rocks: igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic.
	12. The most aboundant minerals in Earth crust: silicates.
Chemical and physical properties of crystalline matter	13. Physical properties of minerals: cleavage and fracture, hardness, piezoelectricity,
	pyroelectricity, magnetic properties.
	14. Optical properties: X-ray diffraction, color, luster and streak, refraction,
	luminescence and phosphorescence).

	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A3 A12 A16 A20	26	60	86
	B7 C7			
aboratory practice	A1 A12 A20 A23 B1	15	22.5	37.5
	B3 B4 B5 C1 C2 C6			
	C7			
Collaborative learning	A15 A23 A24 A25	4	6	10
	A27 B3 B5 B6 B7 C1			
	C2 C3 C6			
Problem solving	A1 A3 A6 A9 B4 C1	5	7.5	12.5
	C2			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A3 A6 A9 A12 A20	2	0	2
	A24 A25 B3 B4 C1			
	C2 C6			
ntroductory activities	A12	1	0	1
Personalized attention		1	0	1
*)The information in the planning table is fo	r guidance only and does not	take into account the h	neterogeneity of the stud	lents.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	50-min sessions that will cover the theoretical aspects of the course using audiovisual contents
keynote speech	
Laboratory practice	Hands-on activities where the students will learn to identify crystal groups, symmetry operations, and point groups based on
	model structures. These activities will include also the recognition of the most representative minerals in the rocks of the area.
Collaborative learning	These sessions will be conducted in small groups, where students will solve problems and discuss the theoretical aspects that
	were developed in the keynote speeches.
Problem solving	These sessions will be focused on the individual work of students solving problems related to crystal lattices and the
	identification of combinations of symmetry elements in point groups.
Mixed	A written test that will be conducted in order to verify the knowledge and competences that the student developed during the
objective/subjective	course.
test	
Introductory activities	An introductory session during the first day of the course, where the methodology, contents, assessment criteria and time
	schedule of the different activities will be discussed.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description



Collaborative learning Problem solving

Personalized attention will be provided through individual meetings between the professor and the students, in dates previously selected. Moreover, non-presential tools, mainly e-mail, will be used to solve questions and doubts related to the course. Special attention will be provided to those students that can experience more difficulties during the learning process.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	
	Results		
Collaborative learning	A15 A23 A24 A25	The assessment will include activities related to information analysis, brief oral	7
	A27 B3 B5 B6 B7 C1	presentations, discussions and problem solving. The effort, participation and	
	C2 C3 C6	presentation will be assessed	
Laboratory practice	A1 A12 A20 A23 B1	The assessment will include questions to be aswered during the laboratory work and a	20
	B3 B4 B5 C1 C2 C6	test about crystalline structures	
	C7		
Problem solving	A1 A3 A6 A9 B4 C1	The assessment will consist on a booklet with problems that the student needs to	3
	C2	solve	
Mixed	A1 A3 A6 A9 A12 A20	A test designed to assess the theoretical background of the adquired during the	70
objective/subjective	A24 A25 B3 B4 C1	course. The minimum grade to pass the test will be 5 points out of 10	
test	C2 C6		

Assessment comments

The requisite to pass each of the activities included in the assessment is to obtain a minimum grade of 5 out of 10 points in each of those activities. Otherwise, the student will not pass the course.

Once all the activities have been passed, the final grade of the course will be the sum of the different grades obtained in the tests and activities. The mixed test will yield 70% of the final grade. Laboratory work and small-group activities will result in the other 30% of the final grade. Nevertheless, it will be strictly necessary to obtain 5 points out of 10 in each of the activities: the mixed test, the laboratory work, and the small group activities. The attendance to lectures, laboratory work, and the completion of the individual and group exercises are compulsory in order to be evaluated.

The student will be assessed as NOT PRESENTED only if he/she did not participate in more than 25% of the course activities.

The tests of May-June (first opportunity) and July (second opportunity) will be evaluated similarly in terms of percentages and requirements to pass the course. The qualification obtained in the laboratory work and group activities will be preserved until the second opportunity, while the mixed test qualification in the second opportunity will replace the one obtained in the first one.

Honors will be given only to students whose evaluation is conducted during the course and will pass the tests in any of the two opportunities, until the maximum number of Honors dictated by the institution regulations is reached.

The students who haven?t pass the course in previous years will have to participate in all the activities and pass a new assessment of all the activities, since the learning-teaching process, which includes the assessment, is only valid for one academic year.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Borchardt-Ott, W. (2012). Crystallography: An Introduction. Springer
	- KLEIN, C. y HURLBUT, C.S. Jr (1996). Manual de mineralogía basado en la obra de J. Dana. Reverté
	- Phillips, F.C. (1972). Introduccion a la Cristalografía. Paraninfo
	- Gay P. (1977). Introduccion al estado cristalino. EUNIBAR
	Recursos en la web:http://www.uned.es/cristamine/ (curso de Cristalografía y Mineralogía de la
	UNED)http://www.ucm.es/info/crismine/TEXTOS_MONOGRÁFICOS.htm (Facultad de Ciencias Geológicas de la
	UCM)http://161.116.85.21/crista/castella/index_es.htm (Cristalografía de Màrius Vendrell, UB)http://webmineral.com/
	(Sitio con abundantes recursos relacionados con la cristalografía y mineralogía)
Complementary	- Amorós, J.L. (1990). El cristal. Morfología, estructura y propiedades físicas. Atlas
	- Galán, E. y Mirete, S. (1979). Introducción a los minerales de España. IGME
	Recursos en la web:Jiménez, J. y Velilla, N. Óptica mineral. Universidad de Jaén (consultado enero de 2011).
	http://geologia.ujaen.es/opticamineralTindle, A. 2010. Andy Tindle?s Pages. The Open University(consultado en
	diciembre de 2010). http://www.open.ac.uk/earth-research/tindle/García del Amo et al., 2008. Microscopía óptica de
	polarización (consultado enero 2011).
	http://www.uned.es/cristamine/mineral/metodos/prop_micr.htmhttp://www.nature.com/news/specials/crystallography-1.
	14540

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.