

		Teaching Gu	lide			
	Identifying	Data			2015/16	
Subject (*)	Química Analítica Avanzada e Quimiometría Code			610G01015		
Study programme	Grao en Química					
	·	Descriptor	S			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	Fourth		Obligatoria	6	
Language	SpanishEnglish		I			
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química Analítica					
Coordinador	Lopez Mahia, Purificacion		E-mail	purificacion.lopez.mahia@udc.es		
Lecturers	Andrade Garda, Jose Manuel		E-mail	jose.manuel.andrade@udc.es		
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Web	http://campusvirtual.udc.es					
General description	This subject deals with quantifying substances in different types of samples at trace levels. The most common					
	methodologies will be presented, along with their usual problems, difficulties and limitations when applying them. Major				s when applying them. Major	
	emphasis will be placed on how to	plan and execute	the different stag	ges of the so-called ?	analytical process?. Options to	
	automate several working steps wil	Il be discussed. Fi	nally, some basi	c tools to treat the fina	al data sets will be studied. Th	
	is termed chemometrics and it deal	ls with experiment	al design and op	timization of an analy	rtical procedure, calibration an	
multivariate analyses of the data (including data mining).						

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A17	Ability to work safely in a chemistry laboratory (handling of materials, disposal of waste)
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A26	Ability to follow standard laboratory procedures in relation to analysis and synthesis of organic and inorganic systems
B2	Effective problem solving
B3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
C2	Oral and written proficiency in a foreign language
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C4	Self-development as an open, educated, critical, engaged, democratic, socially responsible citizen, equipped to analyse reality, diagnose
	problems, and formulate and implement informed solutions for the common good
C6	Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving
C8	Understanding role of research, innovation and technology in socio-economic and cultural development

Learning outcomes



Learning outcomes		Study programme	
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
To know how to select the proper analytical methodology for each particular problem.	A15	B3	C4
	A16		C6
	A20		C8
	A22		
	A26		
To know how to plan and execute the different stages of the analytical procedure to quantify analytes at trace levels, including	A14	B2	C3
the interpretation of the data.	A17	B4	
	A19		
	A20		
	A21		
	A23		
To know the main objectives of the most common chemometric techniques and to know their main application fields. To know	A14	B2	C2
how to extract relevant information from a multivariate study, in particular of a simplified environmental problem.	A15	B4	C3
	A16	B5	C4
	A20		C6
	A26		

Contents				
Sub-topic				
Importance of quantifying substances at trace levels. The analytical process when				
determining trace amounts: special requirements. Basic requisites and importance of				
sampling. Sources of errors when storing and treating samples. Quality assurance in				
trace analyses.				
Introduction. Decomposition and dissolution of inorganic matrices. Separation and				
preconcentration. Speciation of some relevant chemical elements. Examples of				
analytical applications.				
Introduction. Extraction methods for solid and liquid samples. Purification, fractionation				
and concentration of organic extracts. Examples of analytical applications.				
Objectives of laboratory automation. Pros and cons. Classification of the automated				
analytical systems. Robotics. Miniaturization. Analysis of industrial processes.				
Defining chemometrics and its role in the analytical process. Concept of uncertainty				
and basic calculations.				
Most common inference statistical tests in laboratories. Analysis of Variance.				
Examples of applications in laboratories and industrial process control. Classical				
calibration by the least squares fit. Validation. Confidence intervals.				
Basic ideas of experimental design and optimization. Factorial designs, fractional				
factorial designs, Plackett-Burman designs, response surfaces. Sequential				
optimization by Simplex.				
Introduction. Classification of the most common pattern recognition methods.				
Unsupervised methods: principal components analysis, clustering. Supervised				
methods: SIMCA, k-nearest neighbours.				
Pupils will apply the theoretical concepts studied throughout the theoretical lessons.				
Laboratory problems will deal with real problems in the environmental, industrial or				
foodstuff fields (among others) that pupils have to solve.				

Planning



Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Laboratory practice	A23 A22 A21 A20	20	30	50
	A19 A17 A16 A15			
	A26 B3 B4 B5			
Seminar	A15 A16 A20 A21 B2	6	12	18
	B3 B4 C3			
Workbook	C4 C6 C8	1	2.5	3.5
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A15 A16 A21 A22 C4	21	52.5	73.5
Mixed objective/subjective test	A14 A15 C2	3	0	3
Personalized attention		2	0	2

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	They will consist on the determination of some analytes at trace levels in samples gathered from real problems (environmental
	samples, foodstuff, clinic mixtures, etc.). The practices emulate a comprehensive problem: from sampling to sample treatment,
	separation of the analyte, measurement and data interpretation. The student must deliver a laboratory notebook.
	In addition to laboratory practices where analytical instrumentation will be handled by students, other practices will be carried
	out on computers to study the chemometric concepts (mainly, the multivariate data analyses techniques).
	At the end of the laboratory work the student will deliver a report of the work done with a critical and detailed analysis.
Seminar	They are intended to reinforce the understanding of several concepts given at the theoretical lessons. Numerical exercises will
	be solved by the students. A comparison of the results generated in the laboratory practices will be made with other values
	gathered from other students. From the discussions, common sources of errors will be visualized. The student should perceive
	the difficulties inherent to the analyses of trace amounts of substances.
	Studies will be also made using computers to discuss a real multivariate dataset derived from environmental studies.
Workbook	Some specific, short readings will be proposed by the teacher. These will consist of reports where from the students will
	deliver a small report explaining some key ideas (e.g., a summary of the analytical strategy undertaken to solve the problem).
Guest lecture /	The teacher will develop and explain the basic contents of each chapter. Some documents will be delivered to the students
keynote speech	before the classes and they should have been reviewed before attending them. Audiovisual media will be employed
	throughout. Open dialogue will be empowered sometimes to solve doubts and improve the understanding of some basic
	issues.
Mixed	Proba escrita que se realiza na convocatoria oficial de enero/xullo na que se evalúa o grao de aprendizaxe e de adquisición
objective/subjective	de competencias por parte do estudante. Constará tanto de preguntas teóricas como cuestións aplicadas, resolución de
test	problemas e contidos prácticos. A data de realización indicarase no calendario de exames do grado.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Workbook	Close supervision here means that the teacher will monitor as close as possible the activities of the student. The personal
Seminar	work of the student will be required and tested. The teacher may recommend further readings, clarify wrong statements,
Laboratory practice	recommend literature searches, etc.
	This supervision is intented for each type of activity mentioned at the left side and it will be carried out at the teachers?s
	offices.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		



Workbook	C4 C6 C8	The report delivered by the student will be examined. In particular, identification and	5
		justification of the analytical strategies presented into the work.	
Seminar	A15 A16 A20 A21 B2	Active participation of the students will be scored, as well as the correct answers to	10
	B3 B4 C3	questions or numerical calculations.	
Laboratory practice	A23 A22 A21 A20	They will be scored on a on-going basis (order into the laboratory, correctness of the	15
	A19 A17 A16 A15	calculations, good manual operations, report delivered on-time, etc.). Some questions	
	A26 B3 B4 B5	on these practices will be included in the objective test.	
Mixed	A14 A15 C2	The exam will consist of tests (with a unique true response), short questions and	70
objective/subjective		numerical exercises. They will be related to the theoretical and practical aspects of the	
test		subject.	

Assessment comments

Thestudent?s work will be evaluated, as far as possible, on a on-going basis.He/she should attend the classes and other activities regularly and actively participateinto the seminars. The numerical exercises and/or readings posed by the teachershould be solved before the deadline. The laboratory classes are compulsory topass the subject and they will be evaluated. A final report of the practical classes must be delivered and it should describe the analytical procedure, results obtained and discussions derived from the data. The objective test mustbe performed.

To pass thesubject, all activities must be scored as 4, at least (on a 10-points scale). All the scores will be averaged and to pass the subject the average should be 5 or higher. However, note that the subject will not be aproved (even when the overall sum exceeds 5) if a particular score does not reach 4. In this case, the final score of the subject will be "fail" (score = 4).

The student will be scored as ?not presented to examination? whenless than 25% of the activities are done and he/she does not attend the objective test.

The ?secondopportunity? of the subject is scheduled for July (the particular date will befixed by the Faculty) and this corresponds only to the mixed objective. This means that the scores of the other activities will be maintained.

If the student fails to pass the subject, allactivities should be repeated in following academic courses. No scores will bemaintained.

	Sources of information
Basic	- CAMARA, C.; FERNANDEZ, P.; MARTIN-ESTEBAN, A.; PEREZ-CONDE, C.; VIDAL, M. (2002). Toma y tratamiento
	de muestra. Madrid, Sintesis
	- MILLER, J.N.; MILLER, J.C. (2002). Estadística y quimiometría para química analítica, 4th edition. Madrid,
	Prentice-Hall
	- RAMIS, G.; GARCIA, M.C. (2001). Quimiometria. Madrid, Sintesis
	- CaMARA, C.; PEREZ-CONDE, C (2011). Análisis químico de trazas. Madrid, Sintesis
Complementary	- VALCARCEL, M.; CARDENAS, M.S. (2000). Automatización y miniaturización en química analítica. Barcelona,
	Springer-Verlag
	- KELLNER, R,; MERMET, J.M.; OTTO, M.; WIDMER, H.M. (1998). Analytical chemistry: a modern approach to
	analytical science. Winheim, Willey-VCH
	- OTTO, M. (2007). Chemometrics. Weingeim, Willey-VCH

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Química Analítica 1/610G01011	
Química Analítica 2/610G01012	
Química Analítica Instrumental 1/610G01013	
Química Analítica Instrumental 2/610G01014	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Medio ambiente e calidade/610G01037	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	
Traballo de fin de Grao/610G01043	



Other comments

To keep the

subject updated is highly recommended. This includes reviewing the theoretical lessons after the classes, solving the numerical exercises, studying the practical classes, etc. Students should take advantage of seminars, supervision activities, etc. to solve their doubts. They should try to generate a sense of ?analytical criterion? to solve a problem; from sampling to data treatment.Students will need knowledge of the analytical techniques studied in previous academic courses (gravimetry, titration, spectrometry, chromatography, electrochemistry, etc.)A minimum knowledge of informatics is needed (word processors, spreadsheets, searches

throughout internet, etc.).

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.