		Teachin	ıg Guide				
	Identifying	Data			2015/16		
Subject (*)	Química Física 1			Code	610G01016		
Study programme	Grao en Química						
		Desc	riptors				
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	1st four-month period	Sec	cond	Obligatoria	6		
Language	SpanishEnglish		,		'		
Teaching method	Face-to-face						
Prerequisites							
Department	Química Física e Enxeñaría Químic	a 1					
Coordinador	Rodriguez Barro, Pilar		E-mail	pilar.rbarro@ud	pilar.rbarro@udc.es		
Lecturers	Garcia Dopico, Maria Victoria		E-mail	victoria.gdopico@udc.es			
	Rodriguez Barro, Pilar			pilar.rbarro@ud	c.es		
	Vilariño Barreiro, Maria Teresa	ria Teresa teresa.vilarino@udc.es		Qudc.es			
Web				'			
General description	This course deals with the microsco	pic behavior	of matter. It preser	its an introduction to o	quantum mechanics and statistical		
	thermodynamics. The course begin	s with an exa	amination of the key	concepts, the basic p	principles and the formulation of		
	quantum theory and applications to	simple syste	ems? the particle in	a box, the harmonic	oscillator, the rigid rotor and the		
	hydrogen atom. It continues with a	discussion of	f atomic structure ar	nd atomic spectra. The	e final lectures on quantum		
	chemistry cover applications to chemistry cover applications to chemistry	mical bondin	g including valence	bond and molecular of	orbital theory and molecular		
	structure.						
	The last part of the course covers e	lementary st	atistical mechanics	that allows one to stu	dy the methodology to calculate		
	macroscopic properties of equilibriu	ım systems f	rom molecular prop	erties.			
	(English lecturer: Teresa Vilariño)						

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A8	Knowledge of principles of quantum mechanics and atomic and molecular structure
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
B2	Effective problem solving
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	amme
		competences	
To know the principles of quantum chemistry.		B2	C3
	A8	B5	
	A14		
	A15		
	A16		

To know the principles of statistical thermodynamics.	A1	B2	СЗ
	A12	B5	
	A14		
	A16		
To be able to perform calculations independently, even when a computer is needed.	A1	B2	C1
	A14	B5	C3
	A15		
	A16		
	A21		
To acquire literature search skills to be able to search for and use scientific literature.	A14	В3	C1
	A15		C3
	A16		
	A21		
To acquire skills in the use of computer tools to solve problems.	A8	B2	СЗ
	A15	В3	

	Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic		
QUANTUM CHEMISTRY			
Postulates of quantum mechanics	- Postulate 1: the state of a quantum-mechanical system is completely specified by its		
	wave function.		
	- Postulate 2: quantum-mechanical operators represent classical mechanical		
	variables.		
	- Postulate 3: eigenvalue equation.		
	- Postulate 4: average value.		
	- Postulate 5: time-dependent Schrödinger equation.		
2. Translational motion: a particle in a box.	- A particle in a one-dimensional box: wave functions and energy levels.		
	- A particle in two and more dimensions:separation of variables and degeneracy.		
3. Vibrational motion: the harmonic oscillator.	- Quantum mechanical model: wave functions and energy levels.		
	- The harmonic oscillator as a model for a vibrating diatomic molecule.		
	- Anharmonicity.		
4. Rotational motion: rigid rotator.	- Motion of a particle in a ring.		
	- Wave functions. Spherical harmonics.		
	- Rotational energy: energy levels.		
	- The quantization of angular momentum.		
5. Hydrogenic atoms.	- Formulation of the Schrödinger equation.		
	- Atomic orbitals and their energies.		
	- The radial probability distribution function.		
	- The lineal combination of degenerate wavefunctions.		
	- Zeeman effect.		
6. Aproximation methods.	- Perturbation theory.		
	- Variational method.		
	- Lineal variational trial functions: secular determinant.		
7. Many-electron atoms.	- Helium atom.		
	- Spin angular moment.		
	- Pauli exclusion principle.		
	- Periodic Table.		
8. Atomic spectroscopy.	- Electron configuration of atoms.		
	- Total orbital angular moment: Russell-Saunders coupling and jj coupling.		
	- Term symbols. Hund's rules. Selection rules.		

9. The chemical bond: the hydrogen molecule-ion.	- The Born-Oppenheimer approximation.
	- Molecular orbital theory and valence-bond theory.
	- Molecular orbital treatment of hydrogen molecule-ion.
10. Diatomic molecules.	- General considerations for bond formation.
	- Homonuclear diatomic molecules.
	- Heteronuclear diatomic molecules. Polar bonds and electronegativity.
11. Conjugated and aromatic molecules.	- Semi-empirical methods.
	- Pi-electron approximation.
	- Free electron molecular orbital theory.
	- The Hückel approximation.
STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS	
12. Foundations of statistical thermodynamics.	- Fundamentals of statistical mechanics.
	- Basis of statistical thermodynamics.
	- Statistical thermodynamics of ideal gases.
	- Statistical interpretation of the thermodynamic properties of solids.

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies Ordinary cla		Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A8 A12 A21	29	58	87
Seminar	A14 A15 B2 B3	10	25	35
Laboratory practice	A1 A8 A21 C1 C3	10	3	13
Supervised projects	A1 A8 A16 B2 B3 B5	0	10	10
	C1 C3			
Objective test	A1 A8 A14	1	0	1
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A8 A12 A14 A15	3	0	3
	A21 B2 B3			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Oral presentation, complemented by the use of audiovisual material and the interaction with the students, to introduce the
keynote speech	basic contents of the subject to transmit knowledge and facilitate learning.
Seminar	Activity to be developed in small groups.
	In-depth study of the contents introduced in the keynote lectures.
	Questions and problems related to the contents of the subject are discussed and/or are solved in group, with support and
	direct supervision of the lecturer.
	The activities to be carried out before and during each session are indicated prior to-face session.
Laboratory practice	Computer practices developed at the informatic labs.
	Practical problems related to the contents of Quantum Chemistry are solved by using computer software commonly used in
	scientific calculations.

Supervised homework to be performed in groups of 2-3 students.
Students should carry out two activities related to some of the contents of the subject.
The activities will be proposed by the lecturers through the e-learning platform along the semester. The activities will have a
submission deadline, a written report will have to be handed and it will have to be explained to the instructor in a to-face
session.
All homework will be submitted and graded as a group.
Supervised learning process aimed at helping students to work independently, under the guidance of the lecturer.
Written in-class exam to be held at mid-semester.
The test can combine multiple-choice questions and short answer questions.
The basic principles and the formulation of quantum theory and their applications to simple systems are evaluated.
The test is solved and discussed in a subsequent session.
It will serve as feed-back to both students and instructors to assess the progress of the teaching-learning process.
Final written exam to be held at the end of semester, and in second chance in July.
Knowledge, understanding, reasoning and critical thinking are assessed.
It will consist on a combination of different types of questions: multiple choice and/or short answer combined with problem
solving.
It will be held on the dates approved by the Faculty Board.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	Homework done by each group of 2-3 students should be presented to the instructor in a tutoring session.
	In addition, students are encouraged to make use of the tutoring sessions to solve any doubt.
	Tutoring schedule will be decided at lecturers and students convenience.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Objective test	A1 A8 A14	Written in-class exam at mid-semester.  The basic principles and the formulation of quantum theory and their applications to simple systems are assessed as short answer questions and/or multiple-choice questions.	10
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A8 A12 A14 A15 A21 B2 B3	Final written exam at the end of semester.  All contents of the subject are assessed.  It has two different types of questions: short answer questions (50%) combined with problem solving (50%).	70
Laboratory practice	A1 A8 A21 C1 C3	Assessment of skills in solving problems of Quantum Chemistry by using computer software commonly used in scientific calculations.  Attendance to all scheduled computer lab. sessions is mandatory to pass the course. The final written report is also assessed.	10

Supervised projects	A1 A8 A16 B2 B3 B5	Assesment of teamwork skills in resolution of problems or questions related to the	10
	C1 C3	contents of the subject.	
		Apart from the solution of the problem, the submitted written task and the oral	
		presentation also contribute to the assessment.	
		All members of a group get the same mark.	

#### **Assessment comments**

# Requirements to pass the course:

- Attendance to all scheduled computer lab sessions is mandatory to pass the course.
- It is compulsory both taking the mid-term test and the regular attendance to the keynotes and seminar sessions to attend computer practical sessions.
- It is mandatory to obtain a minimum mark of 1.5 (out of a possible 5) in each of the parts of the final written exam and a minimum mark of 4 (out of a possible 10) to pass the course.
- To pass the course, the final grade has to be equal to or greater than 5 (out of a possible 10) and the minimum score on the final written exam. If the average is equal to or greater than 5 (out of 10) but the threshold marks were not met, the final mark will be 4.5 (fail).
- Any student who has attended the practical sessions or the final exam will be assessed.

Second opportunity of July- According to the rules contained in ?Probas de Avaliación e Actas de Cualificación de Grao e Mestrado?, the so-called ?second opportunity of July? is understood as a second opportunity to retake the final written exam. The mark of this second exam will be considered together with the others obtained during the course, corresponding to the other activities. The percentages of the different contributions will be the same as those of the former "first opportunity".

-Mark Honors: priority is given in the first opportunity (January). Honors may only be granted in July if their number have not be exhausted in January final qualifications.

# Succesive academic years:

- The teaching-learning process, including assessment, refers to an academic course and, therefore, will restart as new with every new academic year, including all activities and assessment procedures scheduled for that course.

# Mixed objective/subjective test dates:

Final written exam for the two opportunities will be held on the official dates approved by the Faculty Board.

Sources of information		
Basic	- ENGEL, T; REID, P. (2006). QUÍMICA FÍSICA. Pearson Addison Wesley	
	- ENGEL,T REID,P. (2013). PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. Pearson Education	
	- ATKINS, P.W. (2008). QUÍMICA FÍSICA. Panamericana	
	- ATKINS, P.W. (2014). PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. Oxford University Press	
	- McQUARRIE (1997). PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. University Science Books	



#### Complementary

- Science Direct (). http://www.sciencedirect.com.
- Publicaciones de la American Chemical Society (). http://pubs.acs.org/about.html.
- http://www.m-w.com (). DICCIONARIO DE INGLÉS ONLINE (Merriam Webster).
- Página Web del Curso de Química Cuántica del Instituto Tecnológico de Massachusetts MIT (en inglés) (). http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-61-physical-chemistry-fall-2013/lecture-notes/.
- Página Web de ISI Web of Knowledge (). http://isi02.isiknowledge.com/.
- LOWE (2006). QUANTUM CHEMISTRY 3ª Ed.. Elsevier
- RAFF, L.M. (2001). PRINCIPLES OF PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY. Prentice Hall
- HERNANDO, J. M. (1974). PROBLEMAS DE QUÍMICA FÍSICA. Gráficas Andrés Martín
- McQUARRIE (2008). QUANTUM CHEMISTRY. University Science Books
- LEVINE, I.N. (2001). QUIMICA CUÁNTICA 5ª ed. Prentice Hall
- DÍAZ PEÑA,M. ROIG MUNTANER, A. (1988). QUÍMICA FÍSICA. Alhambra
- LEVINE, I.N. (2004). FISICOQUÍIMICA 5ª edición. McGraw-Hill

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	Recommendations	
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Matemáticas 1/610G01001		
Matemáticas 2/610G01002		
Física 1/610G01003		
Física 2/610G01004		
Química 1/610G01007		
Química 2/610G01008		
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
	Subjects that continue the syllabus	
Química Física 2/610G01017		
	Other comments	

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