		Teaching	g Guide		
	Identifying I	Data			2015/16
Subject (*)	TERMODINÁMICA		Code	730G03014	
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica				'
		Descr	ptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Sec	ond	Obligatoria	6
Language	Spanish		'		
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Enxeñaría Naval e Oceánica				
Coordinador	Lamas Galdo, Isabel		E-mail	isabel.lamas.ga	ldo@udc.es
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General description					

Study programme competences	
Code	Study programme competences

Learning outcomes				
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	amme	
		competences		
Modelar matematicamente sistemas e procesos relacionados a la utilización y generación de la energía	A7	B1	C4	
		В3	C6	
		B5		
		В7		
		В9		
Aprender a aprender	A7	B1	C4	
		В3	C6	
		B5		
		В7		
		В9		
Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.	A7	B1	C4	
		В3	C6	
		B5		
		B7		
		В9		
Capacidad de abstracción, comprensión y simplificación de problemas complejos.	A7	B1	C4	
		В3	C6	
		B5		
		B7		
		В9		

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic
1. Introduction to Thermodynamics	Applications of Thermodynamics. Continuum medium. Basic concepts: system,
	surroundings, state, thermodynamical property, equilibrium. Characterization and
	measurement of primitive properties: pressure, volume, temperature. Temperature
	scale. Gas thermometer.

2. Work, energy and the 1st law of Thermodynamics	Review of mechanical concepts of energy. Examples: energy balance. Concept of
(conservation of energy)	work. Electric work. Examples. Cuasi-equilibrium processes and work. Heat iteration.
	Examples of heat and work. Internal energy and total energy. Conservation of energy.
	Heat transfer at constant pressure and volume. Enthalpy. Internal energy and enthalpy
	of ideal gasses and compressible flows. Tables of ideal gasses.
3. Propiedades de una sustancia pura	Ideal gas equation of state and characterization of the state using two independent
	properties. Incompressible flows. Phase diagrams and phases of a pure substance.
	Pure simple compressible substances. Characterization of pure simple compressible
	substances. Equation of state and thermodynamical surfaces. (p, v) and (T, v)
	diagrams of a pure simple compressible substance. Tables of thermodynamic
	properties and reference states for water refrigerants. Examples.
4. Conservation of energy and 1st law of Thermodynamics	Vapor turbines, hydraulic turbines, compressors, nozzles, heat exchangers. Concept
	of control volume (open system). Conservation of mass. Examples. Conservation of
	energy and input/output works. Conservation of mass and energy applied to thermal
	machines. Steady and transient states. Filling and emptying of tanks.
5. 2nd law of Thermodynamics and introduction to	Concept of reversibility. Irreversible processes. Spontaneous processes. Internally
thermodynamic cycles	reversible processes. Thermal reservoir. Power cycles and refrigerators. Efficiency
	and coefficient of performance (COP). 2nd law of Thermodynamics: Kelvin-Plank and
	Clausius statements. Equivalence between both statements. Carnot cycle of an ideal
	gas inside a cylinder-piston system. Efficiency of a reversible power cycle.
	Corollaries of the 2nd law of thermodynamics. Kelvin temperature scale. Clausius
	inequality.
6. Entropy	Analogy between work-pressure and heat-temperature in reversible process. Entropy
	as thermodynamic property. Thermodynamic equations related to entropy. Equations
	for ideal gasses. Tables of properties for pure simple compressible substances. (T, s)
	and (h, s) diagrams. Generation of entropy in irreversible processes. Generation and
	transfer of entropy. Open system. Application to thermal machines. Efficiency in
	thermal machines: compressors, pumps, turbines, nozzles. Applications.

Planning			
Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
	hours	work hours	
A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9	30	40	70
C4 C6			
A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9	40	30	70
C4 C6			
A7 B1 B3 B5	9	0	9
	1	0	1
	Competencies A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9 C4 C6 A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9 C4 C6	hours A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9 30 C4 C6 A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9 40 C4 C6	Competencies Ordinary class hours Student?s personal work hours A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9 30 40 C4 C6 40 30 A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9 40 30 C4 C6 47 B1 B3 B5 9 0

Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description	
ICT practicals	Students learn the software EES (Engineering Equation Solver). Thermodynamical problems will be solved using EES.	
	There will also be lab work.	
Guest lecture /	Conventional classes.	
keynote speech		
Long answer / essay	Two exams	
questions		



	Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Methodologies Description		
ICT practicals	Personal attention will be provided to the students.		

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
ICT practicals	A7 B1 B3 B5 B7 B9	Students may deliver some exercises and lab work	15
	C4 C6		
Long answer / essay	A7 B1 B3 B5	Exam/s. In order to pass it is neccesary to obtain at least 3.5 at the final exam and 5	85
questions		final score.	
Others			

Assessment comments

	Sources of information
Basic	- J. Ma Sáiz Jabardo (2008). Introducción a la Termodinámica.
	- M. Moran y H. N Shapiro (2004). Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics. John Willey & Dons - Y. A. Cengel y M. A. Boles. (2006). Thermodynamics. McGraw-Hill
	- 1. A. Çenger y W. A. Boles. (2000). Thermodynamics. McGraw-rillin
Complementary	

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
CALCULUS/730G01101	
PHYSICS I/730G01102	
DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS/730G011	10
MECHANICS/730G01118	
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
FLUID MECHANICS/730G01119	
CALOR E FRIO INDUSTRIAL/REFRIG/	730G03020
MÁQUINAS TERMICAS E HIDRAULICA	S/730G03023
	Other comments

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