		Teaching Guid	le		
	ldentifyir	ng Data			2016/17
Subject (*)	Química Inorgánica 4			Code	610G01024
Study programme	Grao en Química				
	<u>'</u>	Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Third		Obligatoria	6
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química Fundamental				
Coordinador	Rodriguez Blas, Maria Teresa E-mail teresa.rodriguez.blas@udc.es			z.blas@udc.es	
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General description	Preparation and characterization of inorganic compounds: Coordination compounds and non-molecular solids.			non-molecular solids.	
	CONTEXT: The course is fitted in the sixth semester of the Degree in Chemistry (3rd year), and is closely related to the				
	subject of the fifth semester "Inorganic Chemistry 3." The two fields set up the module "Advanced Inorganic Chemistry",				
	which will provide an adequate education to students in the fields of Coordination Chemistry and Solid State Chemistry.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
А3	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them
A4	Knowledge of main types of chemical reaction and characteristics of each
A6	Knowledge of chemical elements and their compounds, synthesis, structure, properties and reactivity
A9	Knowledge of structural characteristics of chemical and stereochemical compounds, and basic methods of structural analysis and
	research
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A17	Ability to work safely in a chemistry laboratory (handling of materials, disposal of waste)
A18	Risk management in relation to use of chemical substances and laboratory procedures
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A26	Ability to follow standard laboratory procedures in relation to analysis and synthesis of organic and inorganic systems
B1	Learning to learn
B2	Effective problem solving
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
B7	Effective workplace communication
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C2	Oral and written proficiency in a foreign language
C7	Acceptance as a professional and as a citizen of importance of lifelong learning



C8 Understanding role of research, innovation and technology in socio-economic and cultural development

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
			es/
	results		
To identify problems associated with the synthesis and structural characterization of metal complexes and inorganic solids,	A6		
and plan strategies to solve them.	A15		
To use properly the terminology and nomenclature in Coordination Chemistry and Solid State Chemistry.	A1		
To know and handle the literature on the structure, bonding, synthesis, reactivity, characterization, properties and applications	A16	B1	
of coordination compounds and non-molecular solids.		B4	
To understand and to carry out standard procedures for the synthesis of inorganic compounds, and to use scientific	A17		
instrumentation for their characterization.	A19		
To plan, design and carry out the synthesis and characterization of coordination compounds and non-molecular solids.	A22	B5	
To understand and explain the processes observed in the Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory.	A1	B2	C1
	A18	В3	C7
	A20	B4	
	A21	B7	
	A23		
	A24		
To perform the synthesis and characterization of coordination compounds and non-molecular crystalline solids with ease,	A17		
cleanliness and safety.	A18		
	A26		
To understand the important contribution that the research in Inorganic Chemistry has on the socio-economic and cultural			C8
progress of society.			
To manage properly the waste generated in a laboratory devoted to the synthesis and characterization of inorganic	A17		
compounds.	A18		
	A23		
To know and to use the laboratory equipment and facilities for the synthesis and characterization of inorganic species.	A17	B7	C1
To prepare a laboratory notebook that gathers all relevant information making the necessary calculations.	A1	В3	C1
	A15	B4	
	A18	B7	
	A20		
	A21		
	A23		
	A24		
To know the structure of coordination compounds and molecular crystalline solids and to apply the techniques required for	A9	B2	
structure determination.		B4	
To prepare and present reports on the work and results obtained in a laboratory of inorganic chemistry .	A1	В3	C1
	А3	B4	
	A4	В7	
	A9		
	A14		
	A20		
To improve the use of spoken and written scientific English (For those students following the course in English).			C2

Contents		
Topic Sub-topic		
Preparation of Coordination Compounds	Methods for the preparation of metal complexes. Solvent effects. Speciation diagrams.	

Structural determination of coordination compounds (I)	Chemical analysis. Mass spectrometry. Molar conductivity. Dipolar moments.
	Vibrational spectroscopy. NMR spectroscopy. Questions and exercises.
Structural determination of coordination compounds (II):	Introduction. Selection rules. Origin of the bands: Ligand-ligand bands, charge transfer
Electronic Absorption Spectroscopy	bands and d-d bands. Spectroscopic terms and electronic states. Orgell diagrams and
	Tanabe-Sugano diagramsn. Analysis of electronic spectra and applications in
	structure determination. Questions, problems and exercises.
Structural determination of coordination compounds (III):	Diamagnetism and paramagnetism. Effective magnetic moment. Spin and orbital
magnetic properties	contributions. Applications in structure determination. Questions, problems and
	exercises.
Methods of preparation of non-molecular solids	Strategies for the preparation of crystalline non-molecular solids. Main synthesis
	methods: ceramic method, ?soft? chemistry methods (co-precipitation, decomposition
	of nitrates, sol-gel method, intercalation reactions?), solvothermal method.
Methods for Characterization of non-molecular solids	General overview of the different diffractometric techniques (X-ray, electron and
	neutron diffraction), with emphasis on crystal powder X-ray diffraction.
	Spectroscopic techniques.
	Thermal methods.
	Electronic microscopy (scanning and transmission electron microscopies).
Preparation and Characterization of Coordination Compounds	Selection of the synthesis conditions.
	Selection of materials (reagents, solvents, instrumentation, glass equipment).
	Assessment of the risks associated with the experiment and its prevention.
	Experimental procedure for the synthesis.
	Use of instrumental techniques for structural elucidation.
	Interpretation of the structural elucidation results.
	Preparation of a laboratory notebook.
	Preparation and presentation of a final report.
Preparation and Characterization of crystalline non-molecular	Selection of the synthesis conditions.
solids	Selection of materials (reagents, solvents, instrumentation, glass equipment).
	Assessment of the risks associated with the experiment and its prevention.
	Experimental procedure for the synthesis.
	Use of auxiliar software for structural elucidation.
	Interpretation of the structural elucidation results.
	Preparation of a laboratory notebook.
	Preparation and presentation of a final report.

	Planning					
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours		
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A6 A9 A15 A20	10	30	40		
	A21 A24 B1 B2 B3 B7					
	C7 C8					
Laboratory practice	A1 A3 A4 A6 A15 A16	34	0	34		
	A17 A18 A19 A20					
	A22 A23 A26 B1 B3					
	B4 B5 B7 C1 C2					
Seminar	A1 A9 A12 A14 A15	4	20	24		
	A16 A20 A21 A24 B1					
	B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 C1					
	C2					

Supervised projects	A1 A3 A4 A6 A9 A14	2	28	30
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A22 A24 B3 B4 B7 C1			
	C2			
Oral presentation	A1 A14 A16 A24 B3	2	8	10
	B4 B7 C1 C2			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A6 A9 A14 A20	2	0	2
	A21 A24 B2 B3 C1			
	C2			
Summary	A1 A20 A24 B4	0	10	10
Personalized attention		0	0	0
/*\The information in the planning table i		•	-	_

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description		
Guest lecture /	Lectures: oral presentations of the topics 1-6 of ?Contents? section. These sessions involve also the active participation of the		
keynote speech	students and a continuous exchange of ideas between lecturer and students.		
Laboratory practice	Laboratory practices (topics 7-8 in "Contents"): student's work in the laboratory, under the tutoring of the teacher.		
	Students will synthesize and characterize coordination compounds and crystalline non-molecular solids.		
Seminar	Seminars: sessions in small groups to solve problems and exercices related with the topics of the lectures. They also serve as		
	a "feed-back" to the lecturer to assess the progress of students.		
Supervised projects	The students must prepare the experiments, prior to start the work at the laboratory, using the literature. This process will be		
	guided and supervised by the laboratory instructor.		
Oral presentation	Group sessions to present the work done during the laboratory practice. Each student must summarize his/her work in a short		
	time (around 5 minutes) and discuss it with the audience.		
Mixed	Written test that will include questions and numerical problems related to the contents of the course.		
objective/subjective			
test			
Summary	Each student must provide the laboratory notebook at the end of the laboratory practice, as well as brief report of each		
	experiment, which will be evaluated and corrected by the laboratory instructor.		

	Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practice	During the "laboratory practice" students will be individually interviewed by the teacher at different stages:		
Seminar	i) Interviews prior to the start of the experimental work, once the student completes the literature review and the preparation of		
Supervised projects	the experiments. A positive assessment of this work is required for the student to be allowed to start the experimental work.		
Oral presentation	ii) A personal interview at the end of the laboratory practice to assess the work carried out and to solve possible deficiencies in		
	the training.		
	Moreover, students can ask for additional tuttoring sessions that will take place at the tuttoring hours of the teacher (the timetables will be indicated at the begining of the course).		

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		

Laboratory practice	A1 A3 A4 A6 A15 A16	The preparation and execution of the experimental part (laboratory practice) will	75
	A17 A18 A19 A20	represent 75% of the final mark. The approximate breakdown of this part is:	
	A22 A23 A26 B1 B3	1. Instructor's assessment of lab skills (planning, time management, skill and	
	B4 B5 B7 C1 C2	confidence in practical work) and results of the synthesis and characterization (20%).	
		2. Preparation of each experiment, interpretation of the results and conclusions	
		reached (assessed by personal interview) (35%).	
		3. Oral presentations of the work carried out in the laboratory (15%).	
		4. Laboratory notebook and reports on each experiment (30%).	
Seminar	A1 A9 A12 A14 A15	Instructor's assessment of the participation in seminars and lectures (quantity and	5
	A16 A20 A21 A24 B1	quality of the participation: questions, resolution of problems and exercises)	
	B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 C1		
	C2		
Supervised projects	A1 A3 A4 A6 A9 A14	The literatura review to prepare the experiments, the results of the experimental work	0
	A15 A16 A20 A21	and the conclusions reached will be assessed by personal interview.	
	A22 A24 B3 B4 B7 C1	(Its approximate contribution to the overall mark is described in the previous section).	
	C2		
Oral presentation	A1 A14 A16 A24 B3	In the oral presentation of the "Laboratory practice", the instructor will	0
	B4 B7 C1 C2	assess the analysis of the results and the conclusions, and the active participation of	
		the students in the discussion after each presentation.	
		(Its approximate contribution to the overall mark is given above).	
Summary	A1 A20 A24 B4	The laboratory notebook and the reports will also be assessed.	0
		(Its approximate contribution to the overall mark is given above).	
Mixed	A1 A6 A9 A14 A20	A written text including questions and numerical problems related to the contents of	20
objective/subjective	A21 A24 B2 B3 C1	the course. Those students attending to the course on a regular basis are allowed to	
test	C2	make a preliminary test. Those obtaining four points (of a máximum of 10) in this text,	
		with an average grade of the overall course of five points, may choose not to	
		participate in the final test.	

Assessment comments

This is a course with an important loading of experimental work. Therefore, attendance to all scheduled classes is mandatory.

First opportunity (June): The maximum score is 10 points, and passing the course requires a minimum of 5 points. In each of the assessed parts, it is required a minimum of 40% of the maximum score posible for that part. The assessment process will start when the student begins the work in the lab. Thus, every student that reaches this stage will obtain a mark even if the different activities of the course, including the laboratory practice, are not completed. Second opportunity (July): The maximum score is 10 points, and passing the course requires obtaining 5 points. Students will be assessed by an objective test, from which students can obtain up to 2 points, and a laboratory practice test (which counts for a maximum of 8 points). The practical test will consist on the preparation and execution of a laboratory experiment using the same criteria detailed in the "methodology" section, with the exception that the preparation of the experiment will not be tutored. An inappropriate preparation of the experimental work will result in a negative assessment (failed course) before beginning the laboratory work. From the time the student begins the preparation of the experiments, or the realization of the objective test, it is considered that accepted to be assessed, and therefore those students that reach these stages will obtain a mark even if the different activities of the course are not completed. Those students assessed in the second opportunity (July) can be awarded with honors only if the máximum number of students that finish the course with honors is not reached after the first opportunity (June).

Those students that fail the course and wish to take the course in comming academic years will have to participate again in all the activities of the course, and will be assessed accordingly.

NOTA: "Students at parcial time": First and second opportunities: Atterndance to DE and TGR activities is not mandatory but the "mixed test" is required and they have to got a minimum of 5 points (of 10) to pass this activity. Laboratory practice is mandatory and follows the same requirements applied to students at full time.

Sources of information

Basic	-A. R. West, Basic Solid State Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons, Chichester, 1999, Libro, -D. F. Shriver, P. W. Atkins,
	C. H. Langford, Química Inorgánica, Editotial Reverté S. A., 1998, Libro, -J. Rivas Gispert, Química de Coordinación,
	Ediciones Omega S.A., 2000, Libro, -L. Smart, E. Moore, Una introducción a la química del estado sólido, Editorial
	Reverté, Barcelona, 1995, Libro, -L. Smart, E. Moore, Solid State Chemistry: an Introduction, Taylor & Francis, Third
	Edition, 2005, Libro, -M.T. Weller, Inorganic Materials Chemistry, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1999, Libro, -S. F.
	A. Kettle, Physical Inorganic Chemistry. A Coordination Chemistry Approach, Oxford University Press, 1998, Libro, -D.
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	Reactions and Characterization of Solids, Royal Society of Chemistry. Cambridge, 2000, Libro,
Complementary	-A. R. West, Solid State Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons, Chichester, 1999, Libro, -A.F. Wells, Structural Inorganic
	Chemistry, 5th Ed., Oxford University Press, London, 1984, Libro, -D. Nicholls, Complexes and First-Row Transition
	Elements, McMillan Press , 1979, Libro, -D. Sutton, Espectros Electrónicos de los Complejos de los Metales de
	Transición, Reverté, Barcelona, 1975, Libro, -N.N. Greenwood, Cristales iónicos, defectos reticulares y no
	estequiometría, Alhambra, Madrid, 1970, Libro, -Angelici e outros, Syntesis and Techniques in Inorganic Chemistry?.
	3ª Ed., University Science Books. Sausalito, 1999, Libro, -Brauer, Química Inorgánica Preparativa, Editorial Reverté,
	Barcelona, 1958, Libro, -Lever, Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy. 2ª Ed., Elsevier. Ámsterdam, 1984, Capítulo de
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	York, 1997, Libro, -Schlessinger, Preparación de Compuestos Inorgánicos en el Laboratorio, Continental, México,
	1965, Libro, -W. McCleverty e outros, Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry II, Elsevier-Pergamon, Amsterdam,
	2004, Libro, -Wilkinson e outros, Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1986, Libro,
	-Cotton e Wilkinson, Química Inorgánica Avanzada?, 4ª Ed., Limusa-Wiley. México, 1986, Libro,

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Química Física 1/610G01016	
Química Física 2/610G01017	
Química Inorgánica 1/610G01021	
Química Inorgánica 2/610G01022	
Química Inorgánica 3/610G01023	
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Química Inorgánica Avanzada/610G	1025
Ciencia de Materiais/610G01035	

Other comments

that those students who take the "Inorganic Chemistry 4" course have passed "Inorganic Chemistry 3",

and have the knowledge and skills associated with ?Inorganic Chemistry 1 and 2 " and"

Physical Chemistry 1 and 2.

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