		Teaching C	Guide		
	Identifying	j Data			2016/17
Subject (*)	Bioquímica e Química Biolóxica Code			610G01034	
Study programme	Grao en Química				
		Descripto	ors		
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Third		Obligatoria	6
Language	Spanish		·		·
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Bioloxía Celular e Molecular				
Coordinador	Lamas Maceiras, Mónica E-mail monica.lamas@udc.es			udc.es	
Lecturers	Barreiro Alonso, Aida Inés E-mail aida.barreiro@		aida.barreiro@u	udc.es	
	Cerdan Villanueva, Maria Esperan	za		esper.cerdan@u	udc.es
	Lamas Maceiras, Mónica			monica.lamas@	udc.es
Web					
General description	Structure, properties and chemica	I reactivity of bior	molecules.		
	Structure and function of macromolecules and biological membranes.				
	Catalysis and control of biochemical reactions.				
	Functions of metals in biological s	ystems.			
	Bioenergetics and metabolism.				
Genetic Information.					

Code	Study programme competences
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
A5	Understanding of principles of thermodynamics and its applications in chemistry
A9	Knowledge of structural characteristics of chemical and stereochemical compounds, and basic methods of structural analysis and research
A10	Knowledge of chemical kinetics, catalysis and reaction mechanisms
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure
A13	Understanding of chemistry of main biological processes
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A25	Ability to recognise and analyse link between chemistry and other disciplines, and presence of chemical processes in everyday life
B1	Learning to learn
B2	Effective problem solving
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
B7	Effective workplace communication
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C4	Self-development as an open, educated, critical, engaged, democratic, socially responsible citizen, equipped to analyse reality, diagnose problems, and formulate and implement informed solutions for the common good



C6 Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	amme
	cor	npeten	ces
	A1	B1	C3
As a result of learning it is expected that students know the nomenclature of the usual functional groups in biomolecules and	A9	B2	
biochemical terminology, measurement units, international conventions and classification models representing biomolecules	A12	В3	
	A15	B4	
	A21	B5	
	A25		
The students will understand the mechanisms transmission of transmission of genetic information: replication, transcription	A13	B1	C3
and translation. They will understand the importance of molecular biology in scientific and technological development.	A16		C6
	A21		
	A24		
	A25		
The student will understand enzymatic catalysis. The peculiarities of enzymes as catalysts. The concept of catalytic center,	A1	B1	
eaction mechanisms, enzymatic catalysis processes, the kinetics of the reactions catalyzed by enzymes and enzymatic	A10	B2	
egulation in response to metabolic and hormonal changes. Solve problems related to these contents.	A13	В3	
	A15	B4	
	A20		
	A21		
	A24		
The students will understand the systems of generation, storage and trasnferencia of energy in the cell, the application of the	A5	B1	
principles of thermodynamics and its applications in the chemistry of living organisms; and solving problems related to these	A13	B2	
contents.	A15	В3	
	A21	В4	
	A24		
	A25		
o know general concepts of metabolic processes and their regulation and their interconnections. Understanding of the role of	A13	B1	
he control of enzyme regulation on metabolic pathways. To know how to use the right language for the description of the	A15	B2	
netabolic processes. To be able to solve problems related to metabolic flow diagrams, to do balances and metabolic studies	A16	В3	
y labeling metabolites.	A20	В4	
	A24		
	A25		
To knowi the apparatus, instruments and basic protocols in the biochemistry laboratory. Implement the theoretical knowledge	A1	B1	C1
of the subject. Interpret the results, and propose alternative methods; properly express the results in a lab report. To work with	A9	В3	C4
ecurity, and develops skills for systematic methods and excellence in laboratory work.	A10	B4	C6
	A13	B5	
	A15	В7	
	A16		
	A20		
	A21		
	A22		
	A23		
	A24		
	A25		

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic

1 Biomolecules. Structure, characteristics and chemical	Structure of biomolecules: Configuration and conformation. Isomerism: Concept and
reactivity	types. Carbohydrates: Nomenclature and structure; classification and importance.
	Lipids: Concept, classification and importance; Nomenclature and structure.
	Properties of proteins in solution. Parameters characterizing a protein and techniques
	for determination. Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure. Fibrous and
	globular proteins. Folding. Conformers in the spatial organization of nucleic acids.
	Parameters characterizing a nucleic acid and determination. De-naturation and
	re-naturation. Biochemical techniques used for the isolation and purification of
	biomolecules.
2Genetic information	Replication and transcription of DNA: DNA and RNA biosynthesis. Protein translation:
	genetic code and protein metabolism.
3Structure and function of macromolecules and biological	The interaction of proteins with ligands and conformational changes. The concept of
membranes.	cooperativity and models. Conjugated proteins: Union to metals, to prosthetic groups,
	to glycids, to lipids. Interactions between nucleic acids and proteins. Structure and
	properties of the membranes.
4Catalysis and control of biochemical reactions.	Enzyme purification. Purification parameters and tables. Units of enzymatic activity.
	The methods to measure EU. Coupled- Assays. Catalysis as a model of the
	enzyme-substrate interaction. Catalytic centers. Specificity. Coenzymes and their
	involvement in catalysis. The concept of enzymatic regulation. Models. Allosterism.
	Isoenzymes. Multienzyme complexes. The kinetics of enzymatic reactions. Calculation
	of kinetic parameters in mono and bi-substrate reactions. Kinetics in the presence of
	inhibitors. Inhibition constants calculation. The kinetics of allosteric enzymes.
5 - The role of metals in biological systems	Iron in biological molecules: heme group and siro-heme, Fe-S and Fe-SO centers.
	Transport and storage of Fe: Transferrin and Ferritin. Siderophores. The copper in
	biological systems: Structure of different types of complexes with Cu and containing
	proteins. Other complexes with trace elements. Metal toxicity. Metals in medicine.
6Bio-energetics	Systems of energy transfer between the reactions. Exchange systems of phosphate
	groups; systems based on the use of co-enzyme and re-dox reactions. The problems
	associated with cellular compartments: shuttle systems.
7 Metabolism.	Introduction to Metabolism. Metabolic pathways of degradation. Metabolic pathways of
	biosynthesis. Peculiarities of chemical reactions in biological systems. Interaction and
	regulation of biological reactions. Case studies of interpretation of reactions in
	metabolic pathways. Glycolysis, TCA cycle. Fermentations. Pentose Phosphate
	pathway. Glioxalate cicle. Beta-oxidation. Biosynthesis of Palmitoleic acid. Urea cycle.

	Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours	
		hours	work hours		
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	25	47	72	
	A13 A24 A25 B1 C3				
Laboratory practice	A1 A9 A10 A15 A20	10	5	15	
	A21 A22 A23 B1 B2				
	B3 B4 B5 B7				
Problem solving	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	9	27	36	
	A13 A15 A16 A20				
	A21 A24 A25 B1 B2				
	B3 B4 B5 B7 C1 C3				
	C4 C6 C8				
Diagramming	A16 B1 B4 C3	1	18	19	

Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	3	0	3
	A13 A24 A25 B2 C1			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	3	0	3
	A13 A24 A25 B2 C1			
Personalized attention		2	0	2
(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.				

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	
keynote speech	Oral presentation complemented by the use of audiovisual media about chemical biological processes in order to build the
	capacity of understanding of the issues by the students.
Laboratory practice	The students will work in the lab experimentally setting up various techniques related to the subject of the isolation,
	characterization and identification of biomolecules. They will learn to work in the laboratory in accordance with safe and
	reproducible patterns. They also will learn how to present and interpret the results and discuss them according to knowledge
	acquired in the theoretical part of the subject by preparing a lab report.
Problem solving	With the resolution of practical problems and work with molecular models will delve into the practical application of the
	concepts explained in the lectures and will take advantage of the smaller size of the group to generate questions to help
	reflection and personal involvement of students in the process of learning.
Diagramming	Diagrams of the metabolic routes
Mixed	Trial combining different types of questions to assess the knowledge acquired in the various activities undertaken.
objective/subjective	
test	PARTIAL (date stablished in the scholar calendar)
	It is not mandatory, it is eliminatory
Mixed	Trial combining different types of questions to asses the knowledge acquired in the various activitis undertaken
objective/subjective	
test	FINAL

Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practice	Personal attention will be conducted throughout the course and at any time requested by the student.		
Problem solving			
Diagramming	The working, development of supervised works will be guided by the teacher through personal tutorials, as well as resolving any questions that could arise during this activity.		
	Students with part-time dedication or waiver of presence should contact the teachers of the subject in the early going to establish a schedule of activities to acquire and evaluate in a complementary way the competences.		

	Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification	
Laboratory practice	A1 A9 A10 A15 A20	It is: the work developed in the laboratory, the formulation of the results and the results	10	
	A21 A22 A23 B1 B2	of a test that includes all aspects learned in the laboratory.		
	B3 B4 B5 B7			
		Attendance is mandatory		
		Participation is valued at 5 points		
		The test is valued at 5 points		

Mixed	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	A Final Exam that includes the knowledge acquired during course development	80
objective/subjective	A13 A24 A25 B2 C1	including different activities and practices will be used.	
test			
		The proportion in the evaluation will be:	
		Tracks 1-4: 40 points	
		Tracks 5-7: 40 points	
Problem solving	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	Active participation in groups that let you work these skills valued up to 5 points	10
	A13 A15 A16 A20		
	A21 A24 A25 B1 B2	The completion of the metabolic scheme is valued up to 5 points	
	B3 B4 B5 B7 C1 C3		
	C4 C6 C8		
Mixed	A1 A5 A9 A10 A12	A Partial Exam: Not mandatory but serves to eliminate this part in the Final Exam	0
objective/subjective	A13 A24 A25 B2 C1		
test		Only subjectss 1-4: 40 points	

Assessment comments

Practical work is mandatory to pass the course and qualification. Omission of the practical work means having to overcome a practical exam in the laboratory about the techniques performed.1.-

Continuous evaluation: assistance, autonomous work and participation in scheduled activities

of small groups and practices is valued. To

pass the course in continuous evaluation in the June option and doing

only the second part of the exam it is necessary to have at least 40% of the total mark

in the first part (topics 1-4) and practices. In July option the student has to do all the parts of the exam. The student has to reach 50% in the sum of the parts to pass 2. Overall evaluation. In

the July / June options, the student (without taking into account the grades obtained during the course) will do only a theoretical

final exam and a practical laboratory exam (to be prepared by student not attending to the practices) You have to notify in writing to the teacher of the subject this option

before May 15 for both the first and second choice for the exams (June or July). Students with part-time dedication or waiver attendance may choose to

be evaluated in this mode if they do not qualify for continuous evaluation. The student has to reach 50% in the sum of the parts to pass.-No attendance to the final exam is reflected in actas as "No presentado" Following the rules of qualifications and records in Masters Degrees proposed by the

Commission of Quality of the Faculty of Sciences, the

Distinction MH will be awarded preferably to those students who obtain the

highest marks (outstanding) in the first choice of assessment (June).

	Sources of information
Basic	BIBLIOGRAFÍA BÁSICA · VOET, VOET, PRAT. Fundamentos de Bioquímica. 2ª Edición. Panamericana, (2007)
	BIBLIOGRAFÍA COMPLEMENTARIA Otros libros disponibles en la biblioteca que puede ser útil consultar si no se
	dispone del texto recomendado: CAMPBELL, M.K. Y FARRELL, S.O. Bioquímica, 4ª edición. Thomsom, (2004)
	RODNEY, BOYER. Conceptos de Bioquímica. International THOMSON Editores. (2000). LEHNINGER.
	Principios de Bioquímica 2ª edición. Omega. (1995). · MATHEWS, C.K. y VAN HOLDE, K.E. Bioquímica. 2ª
	edición. McGraw-Hill. (1998). RAWN, J. Bioquímica. Tomos I y II. McGraw-Hill. (1989). STRYER, L.
	Bioquímica IV Edición. Tomos I y II. Ed. Reverté. (1995). LEHNINGER. Principios de Bioquímica 3ª edición.
	Omega. (2001). · MATHEWS C. K., VAN HOLDE, K. E. y AHERN, K. G. Bioquímica 3ª Edición Addison- Wesley
	(2003). · METZLER, D. E. Biochemistry: The chemical reactions of living cells. 2nd Ed. Harcourt. Academic
	Press. (2001).
Complementary	



Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments
is accepted to portionate in alcohology and pativities as well as work every paper day with the company of the recommended hibling raphy table?

It is essential to participate in classes and activities as well as work every day with the support of the recommended bibliography taht will help to better understanding and comprehension of the subject study. Continued assistance is recommended since there will be classes for solving exercises and scoring experimental problems will help the study and preparation of the final examination by the student. Also attending tutorials to resolve questions and issues on the agenda that are of particular difficulty for the student is advised.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.