		Teachin	g Guide			
Identifying Data					2016/17	
Subject (*)	Bioquímica e Bioloxía Molecular			Code	610G02013	
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía					
		Desc	riptors			
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Th	nird	Obligatoria	6	
Language	SpanishEnglish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Bioloxía Celular e Molecular					
Coordinador	Rodriguez Torres, Ana Maria		E-mail	ana.rodriguez.to	ana.rodriguez.torres@udc.es	
Lecturers	De Castro De Antonio, María Eugenia		E-mail	m.decastro@ud	c.es	
	Freire Picos, María Ángeles			maria.freirep@u	dc.es	
	Rodriguez Belmonte, Esther			esther.belmonte	@udc.es	
	Rodriguez Torres, Ana Maria			ana.rodriguez.to	rres@udc.es	
	Varela Eirín, Marta			marta.varelae@	udc.es	
Web	ciencias.udc.es/bcm					
General description	Biochemistry and Molecular Biology include the study of the life to the level of the molecules involved in it and the					
	interactions between them. Now	a days, those s	studies are the base	e of a lot of investigatio	ns (from the biomedical area to	
	the molecular aspects applied to the study of natural populations, agricultural applications, environmental, etc). This course					
	will cover the basic molecular aspects of life as mRNA and protein synthesis or the gene expression regulation mediated by					
	signal transduction systems. This course, at the 3rd level of the Biology Degree, aims to increase the student?s					
	knowledges in this area as to develop his capacity to relate information and apply it in the resolution of different practical					
	cases as well as experiment prop	osals or small	research projects.			

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A8	Illar, analizar e identificar biomoléculas.
A12	Manipular material xenético, realizar análises xenéticas e levar a cabo asesoramento xenético.
A17	Realizar bioensaios e diagnósticos biolóxicos.
A27	Dirixir, redactar e executar proxectos en Bioloxía.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
В3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
B5	Traballar en colaboración.
B7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
B10	Exercer a crítica científica.
B11	Debater en público.
B13	Comportarse con ética e responsabilidade social como cidadán e como profesional.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results

The approach of the Master Classes is to improve the knowledge and the ability of reflection on a discipline that also, once in	A8	B1
the professional field, will demand a good praxis and adhere to ethical principles. The Laboratory Classes are more focused	A12	B2
on the expertise on know how to do and how to be, related to the field of the Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.	A17	В3
	A27	B4
	A29	B5
	A30	B7
	A31	B10
		B11
		B13

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
1Basal Transcription	RNA polymerases, core promoter and general transcription factors. Transcription mechanism: initiation, elongation and termination. Methodology to study: transcription start site selection, transcriptional termination and interactions nucleic acids-proteins.
2Regulated transcription and chromatin involvement in transcriptional regulation	Activators and repressors. DNA binding domains: DNA-proteins interactions. Chromatin remodeling complexes. Acetilation, deacetilation and other histones modifications in the regulation of gene expression. Techniques to study transcriptional regulation. Regulation examples of specific genes
3RNA processing and coordination of co-transcriptional events in eukaryotes	RNA cleavage and polyadenylation. RNA splicing. Processing of ribosomic and transferent RNA
4RNA as regulator of gene expression	RNA edition. Control of mRNA quality. Function of snRNA and transcriptional regulation. sncRNAs and the gene silencing mechanism. Antisense RNA in the translational regulation and applications of RNA. RNomics aspects
5Protein Translation	General aspects. Ribosomes. Translation mechanism: Initiation, elongation and termination. Differences in eukaryotes. Translation in mitochondria. Translational inhibitors.
6Protein Processing	Postranslational modifications of proteins. Folding: Chaperones and Prions. Ubiquitination and SUMOilation. Programed degradation: Proteasome
7Protein Transport	Cotranslational and postranslational translocation. Classification and distribution of new synthesized proteins. Traffic nucleo-cytoplasm. Transport regulation and final destiny of proteins in the cell.
8Basics of Cell Signaling	Classification of intercellular communication. Stages of intracellular signaling. Organization of signaling and pathways. Signaling molecules: types and functions.
9 Reception of external signals and intracellular transduction	Membrane and intracellular receptors: types and mechanisms of activation. Intercellular Messenger substances or Second Messengers, protein kinase cascades and signal transduction to nucleus.
10 Examples of control mechanisms and coordination of cell	Cell Growth and Proliferation: regulation of cell cycle, apoptosis and cancer. Cell
physiological activities	Senescence Signaling.

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	

A8 A12 A17 A27 A30	15	22.5	37.5
A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5			
B7 B10 B13			
A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	8	16	24
B7 B10 B11 B13			
A29 B2 B3 B4 B7 B10	24	60	84
B11 B13			
A29 B2 B3 B7 B10	2.5	0	2.5
B13			
	2	0	2
	A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B13 A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B11 B13 A29 B2 B3 B4 B7 B10 B11 B13 A29 B2 B3 B7 B10	A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B13 A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B11 B13 A29 B2 B3 B4 B7 B10 B11 B13 A29 B2 B3 B7 B10 B13	A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B13 A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B11 B13 A29 B2 B3 B4 B7 B10 B11 B13 A29 B2 B3 B7 B10 B13 A29 B2 B3 B7 B10 B13

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	Focused on the study of gene expression, with the use of databases, with the analysis of reporter genes expression and/or
	with the study of protein expression.
Problem solving	This section will include the approach and resolution of problems of different aspects in small groups of students, combining
	the methodologies of problem-based learning and collaborative work.
Guest lecture /	Oral Presentation complemented with audiovisual media to transmit knowledges and provide the learning. Besides it will
keynote speech	improve the participation of the students.
Mixed	It will be used for the evaluation of the knowledge, skills, attitudes, and so, acquired by the student along the course, and will
objective/subjective	include different types of questions: multiple answer, short, etc.
test	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	The tasks to perform by the student will be guided by the Professor. It is important the regular attendance to Tutorials with the
Problem solving	Professor, who will help to monitor the progress of the students.
Guest lecture /	
keynote speech	The specific tutorial Schedule for students will be given at the begining of the course. Apart from that, students can e-mail the
	professors to solve specific questions or to make tutorial appointments.

		Assessment		
Methodologies Competencies /		Description	Qualification	
	Results			
Laboratory practice	A8 A12 A17 A27 A30	LABORATORY CLASSES: The assistance is mandatory. The students will interpret	20	
	A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	the obtained results. Besides they will present a work that will include a small		
	B7 B10 B13	research project based on the results in the practical course.		
Mixed	A29 B2 B3 B7 B10	FINAL EXAMINATION: The knowledges obtained by the students in the Master and	50	
objective/subjective	B13	Small Group Classes will be evaluated in a final exam.		
test				
Problem solving	A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5	Resolution of problems, student's work in Small Groups: seminars and possibility of	30	
	B7 B10 B11 B13	small exams.		

Assessment comments



- .-It is necessary to have Approved all the 3 evaluable parts: Seminars & Problems, Practical Classes and Final Exam, INDPENDENTLY, to do the sum and pass the course.
- .-Ahead to the Final Qualification, in the ACTS (in either of the 2 Options: June or July), only the notes of the parts (Final Exam, Practical Classes and Seminars) will be added if the Final Exam reached the 45 % of its value. Otherwise, if not reach that percentage, in the ACTS only the note of the Final Exam will appear.
- .-In the Final Exam of the 2nd Option_(July), the student will be able to recover only the theoretical parts (Final Exam) of the 1º Option_June. It will not be an exam for the practical part in the 2º Option_July.
- .-The attendance to Practical clases is a necessary condition to be evaluated. Not attendance without a properly justification prevents to approved the course.
- .-The students who had passed the Practical Part in previous academic years may apply by request for his validation as approved(PASS).
- .-To obtain: Not Presented,in the ACTS, the student may not have participated in more than 15% of evaluable scheduled activities.
- .-According to the rule of qualifications and records in Grades and Masters, the Quality Committee of the Faculty of Sciences, agreed to the recommendation to concede the ?Honors Qualification? to those students who obtained the highest marks in the 1st Option_June.
- .-Exceptionally, in the case of a student, for duly justified reasons, could not perform any of the tests of continuous assessment, the Professor will adopt the decisions appropriate for this purpose.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Meister G. (2011). RNA Biology. Wiley-VHH
	- Lodish, Berk, Krieger, Kaiser et al., (2013). Molecular Cell Biology. WhFreeman
	- Herráez, A. (2012). Texto inlustrado de Biología Molecular e ingeniería genética. Elsevier
	- Lodish, Berk, Matsudaria, Kaiser et al., (2008). Biología Celular y Molecular. Ed. Médica Panamericana
	- Lewin B. (2011). Genes X. Jones and Bartlett Publishers, LLC
	- Elliot, W.H. & D.C. (2002). Bioquimica y Biologia Molecular. Ariel, S.A.
	- Whitford, D. (2005). Proteins: Structure and Function. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
	- Bruce, Alberts [et al.]. (2008). Molecular biology of the cell. New York: Garland Science, 5th ed.
	- Karp G. (2011). Biología Celular y Molecular. Conceptos y experimentos. McGraw-Hill Interamericana Eds., S.A. de
	C.V., traducción de la 6ª ed. de Cell and Molecular Biology
	- Stryer,L, Berg, J.M. %Tymoczko, J.L. (2013). Bioquímica: con aplicaciones clínicas. Ed. Reverté, 7ª Ed.
	Na plataforma Moodle incluiránse enlaces a páxinas web relacionadas cos diferentes contidos dos temas.
Complementary	- Rhoads R. (2010). miRNA Regulation of the translational machinery. Springer
	- Dalbey, R.E. & Dalb
	- Meyers, R.A. (2007). Proteins: from analytical to structural genomics (Volume I and II). Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
	& Co.
	- Krauss, Gerhard. (2008). Biochemistry of signal transduction and regulation Weinheim: Wiley-VCH. 2nd ed.

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Bioquímica I/610212101	
Bioquímica II/610212202	
Xenética molecular/610G02020	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	



Fundamentos Bioquímicos de Biotecnoloxía/610212620

Other comments

.-It is recommended to attend both group and individual tutoring to get best results.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.