	Teaching	g Guide		
ldentifyir	ng Data			2016/17
Socioloxía Code			611G02003	
Grao en Administración e Direcci	ón de Empresas	S		
	Descri	ptors		
Period	Yea	ar	Туре	Credits
1st four-month period	Fire	st	FB	6
SpanishEnglish				
Face-to-face				
Socioloxía e Ciencia Política da A	Administración			
Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Ang	geles	E-mail	ana.mbarreiro@	Qudc.es
Cano Ruiz, Esther		E-mail	esther.cano.ruiz	@udc.es
Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Ang	geles		ana.mbarreiro@	Qudc.es
Masso Lago, Matilde			m.masso@udc.	es
Taboadela Alvarez, Obdulia			obdulia.taboade	ela@udc.es
	'			
"Un economista de orixe india ex	plicou nunha oc	asión a súa teorí	a persoal da reencarna	ción aos seus alumnos de
doutoramento en economía: se s	odes economist	tas bos e virtuoso	os, díxolles, vos reencar	rnaréis en físicos. Pero se sodes
malos e perversos, vos reencarna	aréis en sociólo	gos".		
Citado en P. Krugman: "Vendend	lo Prosperidade	Sensatez e inse	ensatez económica nun	ha era de expectativas limitadas"
	io i respendade	. Consulez o mo	snoatez coonomica nam	na ora de expediativas illilitadas .
barceiona, Anei, 1994.				
Trátase de que o alumnado adquira o coñecemento e a perspectiva da actividade económica como un subsistema				
integrado dentro do sistema glob	al da sociedade	, entendida esta	como un corpo xeral ou	ı en conxunto, cos seus
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finalidades específicas e comúns. Nesa visión global ou de conxunto, trátase de dar a coñecer o que o alumnado ente as conexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da actividade xeral da socieda				
Que o alumnado teña o máis claro posible o papel da actividade económica no escenario conxunto da sociedade.				
	Period 1st four-month period SpanishEnglish Face-to-face Socioloxía e Ciencia Política da A Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Ang Cano Ruiz, Esther Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Ang Masso Lago, Matilde Taboadela Alvarez, Obdulia "Un economista de orixe india ex doutoramento en economía: se s malos e perversos, vos reencarn Citado en P. Krugman: "Vendence Barcelona, Ariel, 1994. Trátase de que o alumnado adqu integrado dentro do sistema glob correspondentes partes integrant finalidades específicas e comúns as conexións, implicacións, recip	Socioloxía Grao en Administración e Dirección de Empresa Period Ye 1st four-month period Fin SpanishEnglish Face-to-face Socioloxía e Ciencia Política da Administración Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Angeles Cano Ruiz, Esther Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Angeles Masso Lago, Matilde Taboadela Alvarez, Obdulia "Un economista de orixe india explicou nunha od doutoramento en economía: se sodes economist malos e perversos, vos reencarnaréis en sociólo Citado en P. Krugman: "Vendendo Prosperidade Barcelona, Ariel, 1994. Trátase de que o alumnado adquira o coñeceme integrado dentro do sistema global da sociedade correspondentes partes integrantes, entre elas a finalidades específicas e comúns. Nesa visión glas conexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflex	Socioloxía Grao en Administración e Dirección de Empresas Period Year 1st four-month period First SpanishEnglish Face-to-face Socioloxía e Ciencia Política da Administración Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Angeles E-mail Cano Ruiz, Esther E-mail Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Angeles Masso Lago, Matilde Taboadela Alvarez, Obdulia "Un economista de orixe india explicou nunha ocasión a súa teoridoutoramento en economía: se sodes economistas bos e virtuosomalos e perversos, vos reencarnaréis en sociólogos". Citado en P. Krugman: "Vendendo Prosperidade. Sensatez e inse Barcelona, Ariel, 1994. Trátase de que o alumnado adquira o coñecemento e a perspecti integrado dentro do sistema global da sociedade, entendida esta correspondentes partes integrantes, entre elas as correspondente finalidades específicas e comúns. Nesa visión global ou de conxuas conexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da activida	Socioloxía Grao en Administración e Dirección de Empresas Descriptors Period Year Type 1st four-month period First FB SpanishEnglish Face-to-face Socioloxía e Ciencia Política da Administración Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Angeles Cano Ruiz, Esther Martinez Barreiro, Ana Maria Angeles Masso Lago, Matilde Taboadela Alvarez, Obdulia "Un economista de orixe india explicou nunha ocasión a súa teoría persoal da reencama doutoramento en economía: se sodes economistas bos e virtuosos, díxolles, vos reencamalos e perversos, vos reencarnaréis en sociólogos". Citado en P. Krugman: "Vendendo Prosperidade. Sensatez e insensatez económica nun Barcelona, Ariel, 1994. Trátase de que o alumnado adquira o coñecemento e a perspectiva da actividade econó integrado dentro do sistema global da sociedade, entendida esta como un corpo xeral ou correspondentes partes integrantes, entre elas as correspondentes ás accións económic finalidades específicas e comúns. Nesa visión global ou de conxunto, trátase de dar a coas conexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións, implicacións, reciprocidad e reflexividad da actividade económica dentro da sconexións.

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
А3	Evaluate and foreseeing, from relevant data, the development of a company.
A4	Elaborate advisory reports on specific situations of companies and markets
A5	Write projects about specific functional areas (e.g. management, marketing, financial) of the company
A6	Identify the relevant sources of economic information and to interpret the content.
A7	Understand economic institutions as a result and application of theoretical or formal representations which explain the evolution of the
	economy.
A8	Derive, based on from basic information, relevant data unrecognizable by non-professionals.
A9	Use frequently the information and communication technology (ICT) throughout their professional activity.
A10	Read and communicate in a professional environment at a basic level in more than one language, particularly in English
A12	Communicate fluently in their environment and work by teams
B1	CB1-The students must demonstrate knowledge and understanding in a field of study that part of the basis of general secondary
	education, although it is supported by advanced textbooks, and also includes some aspects that imply knowledge of the forefront of their
	field of study
B2	CB2 - The students can apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and have competences typically demostrated
	by means of the elaboration and defense of arguments and solving problems within their area of work



В3	CB3- The students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their field of study) to issue evaluations that include
	reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical
B4	CB4-Communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to an audience both skilled and unskilled
B5	CB5-Develop skills needed to undertake further studies learning with a high degree of autonomy
В9	CG4-Learn to identify and anticipate opportunities, allocate resources, organize information, select and motivate people, make decisions
	under conditions of - uncertainty, achieve the proposed objectives and evaluate results
B10	CG5-Respect the fundamental and equal rights for men and women, promoting respect of human rights and the principles of equal
	opportunities, non-discrimination and universal accessibility for people with disabilities.
C1	Express correctly, both orally and in writing, in the official languages of the autonomous region
C4	To be trained for the exercise of citizenship open, educated, critical, committed, democratic, capable of analyzing reality and diagnose
	problems, formulate and implement knowledge-based solutions oriented to the common good
C5	Understand the importance of entrepreneurial culture and know the means and resources available to entrepreneurs
C6	Assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available to solve the problems and take valuable decisions
C7	Assume as professionals and citizens the importance of learning throughout life.
C8	Assess the importance of research, innovation and technological development in the economic and cultural progress of society.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences

Sociological Imagination	А3	B1	C1	
To understand the discipline of sociology and the sociological perspective, and the contribution to our understanding of social	A4	B2	C4	
reality, such that the student will be able to:	A5	В3	C5	
Describe how sociology differs from and is similar to other social sciences and give examples of these differences and	A6	B4	C6	
similarities.	A7	B5	C7	
Apply the sociological imagination and sociological concepts and principles to her/his own life.	A8	B9	C8	
	A9	B10		
Concepts	A10			
To understand the basic concepts in sociology and their fundamental theoretical interrelations, such that students will be able	A12			
to define, give examples, show interrelationships, and demonstrate the relevance of the following:				
Culture				
Social change				
Socialization				
Stratification				
Social structure				
Institutions				
Theory				
To understand the role of theory in sociology, such that the student will be able to:				
Define theory and describe and illustrate its role in building sociological knowledge.				
Compare and contrast basic theoretical orientations in reference to social phenomena.				
Understand and show how theories reflect the historical and social contexts of the times and cultures in which they were				
developed.				
Methods				
To understand the role of evidence and qualitative and quantitative methods in sociology, such that the students will be able				
to:				
Identify basic methodological approaches and describe the general role of methods in building sociological knowledge.				
Compare and contrast the basic methodological approaches for gathering data.				
Design a research study in an area of choice and explain why various choices were made.				
Critically assess a published research.				
Understand ethical codes that govern the conduct of sociologists and how sociological knowledge may be applied to people				
and lives.				
	1	1	1	

Contents				
Topic	Sub-topic			
1) An invitation to sociology	The goal of this theme is to introduce you to some basic concepts in sociological			
	analysis, to some fundamental arguments about the constitution of society and the			
	individuals who comprise it.			
2) Sociological thinking	The aim of this theme is to introduce you to sociology?s founders and describe the			
	way they theorized about modern society. It also provides a more up-to date overview			
	of the development of sociological theorizing through the analysis of some key			
	introductory ideas: roles, institutions, social stratification.			
3) Research methods	This lesson looks at the stages normally involved in research work and particularly at			
	the various research methods commonly employ in the sociological work.			
4) Economics and Sociology	This track is intended as a general introduction to economic sociology. It is focused on			
	the role that social relations, confidence and social institutions play in the economy.			

5) Sociology of markets	Sociologist primarily view markets as institutions, while economists focus on the issue of price formation, mainly by constructing models. This track analyses two main types of markets, labour and financial markets, from a sociological point of view and gives the students an overview of the main approaches that analyse them as social institutions.
6.) Sociology of consumption	Lesson deliverd only in the spanish program
7)Market and Welfare State	Lesson deliverd only in the spanish program
8) Globalisationand the NewEconomy	Lesson deliverd only in the spanish program
9)Contemporary social problems	Lesson deliverd only in the spanish program

Planning			
Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
	hours	work hours	
A3 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9	17	34	51
A10 B1 B3 B5 B10 C4			
C5 C6 C7			
A5 A10 A12 B1 B2 B3	2.5	17.5	20
B4 C1			
A4 B9 C8	25	50	75
	4	0	4
	Competencies A3 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 A10 B1 B3 B5 B10 C4 C5 C6 C7 A5 A10 A12 B1 B2 B3 B4 C1	Competencies Ordinary class hours A3 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 17 A10 B1 B3 B5 B10 C4 C5 C6 C7 A5 A10 A12 B1 B2 B3 2.5 B4 C1 A4 B9 C8 25	hours work hours A3 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 A10 B1 B3 B5 B10 C4 C5 C6 C7 A5 A10 A12 B1 B2 B3 B4 C1 A4 B9 C8 bours vork hours 17 34 17 34 17 34 17 34 17 34 17 35 36 17.5

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Oral presentation (using audiovisual material and student interaction) designed to transmit knowledge and encourage learning
keynote speech	Presentations of this type are variously referred to as ?expository method?, ?guest lectures? or ?keynote speeches?. (The
	term ?keynote? refers only to a type of speech delivered on special occasions, for which the lecture sets the tone or
	establishes the underlying theme; it is characterised by its distinctive content, structure and purpose, and relies almost
	exclusively on the spoken word to communicate its ideas.)
Objective test	Mixed test consisting of essay-type and objective test questions. Essay section consists of open (extended answer) questions,
	objective test may contain multiple-choice, ordering and sequencing, short answer, binary, completion and/or
	multiple-matching questions.
Workshop	Applied learning situation incorporating a range of supervised learning and testing techniques (presentation, simulation,
	debate, problem solving, guided practice, etc.) with a strongly practical focus.

Personalized attention				
Methodologies	Description			
Workshop	Class sessions will be a mix of lecture and discussion or other in?class activities. This mixed?method approach is designed to			
	constantly engage with course material, focus on learning outcomes, and recognize the various ways in which people learn.			
	Lectures will be concise and relevant, helping to outline new content or grasp difficult concepts.			
	Other tools designed to facilitate learning include class discussion, active learning exercises, video and other multimedia, and			
	written reactions. Such opportunities allow you to work with fellow students and grapple with the material presented in lectures			
	and readings on a deeper level, often applying concepts to your own life experiences.			

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification

Workshop	A4 B9 C8		40
		Each theme comprises one or more ?practical sessions? consisting of an in?class	
		writing exercise. They will generally be either answering and discussing questions	
		related to the selected readings or answering a series of questions about the film or	
		video watched at the class session.	
		Each assignment is worth a possible total of 10 points. A missed practice is worth 0	
		points.	
		Final practice grade is the average of the six assignments.	
		Practices will account for 40% of the course grade.	
Objective test	A5 A10 A12 B1 B2 B3	The final exam will be comprised of a combination of multiple-choice and	60
	B4 C1	short-answer questions drawn from readings, videos and lectures.	

Assessment comments

The grade course is the weighed up sum of the final exam and workshop parts.

To pass the course it is necessary: 1 -. Approve the final exam on the proposed themes. You must obtain a minimum of 5 out of 10 on the exam to pass the course. This exam accounts for 60% of the grade, but (regardless of the grade earned) is not enough to pass the course. In addition, mandatory, you must: 2 -. Deliver all practical proposals promptly. Each practice will be assessed from 1 to 10. The final note of the practices will be the arithmetic mean of all of them. Each practice undelivered rated at zero, computing as such in calculating the average. If properly excused absence,

thus keeping the score of the workshop.

the teacher will contact the student.3.-class participation and exposure in public practice will be considered and taken into account. In case the student would woul make the practical part and did not pass the objective, the student will go to the second opportunity (the objective test), If any student would call for early evaluation criteria, the criteria to evaluate the second opportunity will be maintained. **COMPUTING GRADES** Point totals Grades 10+ ?Matricula de Honor? (exceptional) 8,8 - 10 ?Excelente? 6,8 - 8,75

?Notable?

5 - 6,75



?Aprobado?

Sources of information

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Hacer
Ao longo do curso as profesoras poderán incluír bibliografía por temas
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- KRUGMAN, P. (1994). Vendiendo Prosperidad: Sensatez e insensatez económica en una era de expectativas
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Barcelona, Anagrama
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- VELASCO, R (1996). Los economistas en su laberinto. Madrid, Santillana
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Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously Subjects that continue the syllabus

Análise Económico das Organizacións/611G02023

Investigación de Mercados/611G02024

Coportamento do Consumidor. Productos e Marcas/611G02037

Políticas Sociais e Medioambientais da Empresa/611G02038

Other comments



(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.