		Teachin	g Guide				
	Identifying	g Data			2016/17		
Subject (*)	Programming II			Code	614G01006		
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Informática			'	'		
		Desc	riptors				
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fi	rst	FB	6		
Language	SpanishEnglish				'		
Teaching method	Face-to-face						
Prerequisites							
Department	Computación						
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General description	The subject belongs to the block of courses of Languages and Programming of the degree's Fundamental Training Module.						
	It has a strong relationship with the subjects of Databases, Algorithms and Software Design. It is also related to						
	mathematical subjects, especially Discrete Mathematics. Regarding professional profile, many areas of computing require						
	the ability to work with data structures that are studied in this subject.						

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A3	Capacidade para comprender e dominar os conceptos básicos de matemática discreta, lóxica, algorítmica e complexidade computacional
	e a súa aplicación para a resolución de problemas propios da enxeñaría.
A4	Coñecementos básicos sobre o uso e a programación dos ordenadores, sistemas operativos, bases de datos e programas informáticos
	con aplicación na enxeñaría.
B1	Capacidade de resolución de problemas
В3	Capacidade de análise e síntese
C3	Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e
	para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C6	Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
Understanding the mechanisms of dynamic memory management.	A4	B1	C6
Understanding the mechanisms of abstraction in the design of data structures.	A4	B1	C3
		В3	C6
Building specifications, designing the abstract type from them, using appropriate data structures.	А3	B1	СЗ
	A4	В3	C6

Using appropriate data structures and program algorithms to solve real problems.		B1	C3
	A4	В3	C6
Assuming the need for a good specification and a good design as steps prior to coding.	A4	В3	C6
Internalizing good programming practices.	A4	В3	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic Sub-topic
Dynamic Memory Management	Program memory organization.
	Definition of pointer variables.
	Dynamic memory allocation and deallocation.
	Pointer assignment and comparison operations.
Introduction to Abstract Data Types	Abstraction in programming: Concept, Evolution of abstract data types in computer
	programming, ADT and Object Oriented Programming.
	Modularity in programming languages.
	Abstract Data Type (ADT): Definition and concept, Differences between datatype, data
	structure and ADT, construction of ADT, Advantages of data abstraction.
Listas	Informal specification of List ADT.
	Implementation of List ADT.
	Ordered list ADT: specification and implementation.
	Multilists and multiordered lists: concept, representations and usage.
Stacks	Informal specification of Stack ADT.
	Implementation of Stack ADT.
	Application on computer science.
Queues	Informal specification of Queue ADT.
	Implementation of Queue ADT.
	Queue variations. Priority queues.
	Application on computer science.
Trees	Tree definition and terminology.
	Binary Tree ADT: Informal specification, Implementation.
	Binary Tree traversals.
Binary Search Trees	Binary Search Trees.
	AVL Trees.

	Plannir	ng		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A3 A4 B1 B3	30	30	60
Problem solving	A3 B1 B3 C6	10	14	24
Laboratory practice	A4 B1 B3 C3 C6	20	26	46
Objective test	A3 A4 B1 B3	3	15	18
Personalized attention		2	0	2

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	The teacher will make a brief description of the topics and basic objectives pursued, in order to provide students with an
keynote speech	overview of the subject. In addition they will establish relationships with other concepts previously acquired to build a timeline,
	and set out the recommended bibliography. They will then develop the theoretical contents using the guest lecture
	methodology.

Problem solving	In order to reinforce the theoretical concepts, practical cases will be presented, which initially will be resolved by the teacher to
	guide students. As the theoretical development advance, students will solve problems organized into working groups. This
	activity, as well as discussion and active participation in class, will be assessed as part of the final mark.
	When the examples used in the classes of problems or theoretical explanations involve coding or pseudocode, they will be
	developed showing the successive steps of top-down design. The reason is twofold: a) to get the student used to employ this
	method and b) to avoid being lost in the details of the particular syntax and language features, instead of paying attention to
	the understanding and design of the solution.
	Additional exercises will be assigned as extra-classroom activities. The student must solve them and comment/correct them
	with the teacher during group and/or individual tutoring . The purpose is to encourage the participation of students and
	promote, as far as possible, open dialogue and evaluation of solutions. After each topic, several self-assessment tests will be
	provided using virtual teaching resources, so that the students can verify their learning progress.
Laboratory practice	Practical classes require the students to program data structures in a high-level language. Regular delivery milestones will be
	proposed to encourage continued study. The practical project assignment will detail the nature of the problem to solve and its
	specifications, which must be strictly observed. Subsequently, the role of the teacher will be to oversee the practice sessions,
	solving doubts and correcting misunderstandings, bad programming habits and syntax errors, etc.
Objective test	Summative evaluation of the student through a final exam at the end of the semester, which will be very useful for
	demonstrating whether the student has acquired the skills of abstraction and design of ADTs and is sufficiently trained to use
	the precise skills to solve practical cases involving the application of such structures.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	Lectures, problem-solving sessions and practical sessions will be developed in response to student progress in understanding
Laboratory practice	and assimilation of the contents. Overall progress will be made compatible with specific attention to those students who have
Objective test	more difficulties in the learning task and with additional support to those that present greater ease and wish to increase their
	knowledge.
	Individual tutoring should not be used to extend the contents with new concepts, but to clarify the concepts already discussed in class. The teacher will use them as an interaction that allows him to draw conclusions about the degree of assimilation of the subject by students.

Assessment				
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification	
	Results			
Problem solving	A3 B1 B3 C6	Various practical tasks to perform in small group tutorials will be proposed. The	10	
		results obtained and the methods applied to reach the solution will be scored.		
Laboratory practice	A4 B1 B3 C3 C6	The practical work are mandatory according to the conditions in each problem assignment. Students must pass the practical assignments to pass the subject.	20	
Objective test	A3 A4 B1 B3	Compulsory fulfillment. Students must pass the exam to pass the subject.	80	
Others				

Assessment comments



Practical work

- Changes in practice pairs will not be allowed throughout the course.
- Only students with a mark

of FAIL or ABSENT in the first opportunity are allowed to deliver practical works according to the practical definition proposed for second opportunity.

- According to article 14, paragraph
- 4 of existing regulations*, all students who plagiarize the work of others or provide a copy of their practical work will be marked with FAIL, and therefore a failing grade.

First and second opportunity

- The grade for practical

and group tutorial activities will be valid only for the academic year in which they are made.

Part-time enrollment

- Students with part-time

enrollment must submit the assessment activities under the specific conditions and deadlines. The student will have to communicate their situation to teachers.

Absent

- A student will have the

status of "Absent" if he does not attend the exam in the official evaluation period.

Advanced opportunity in

December

- Student evaluation is

based only on a written exam.

* Normativa de evaluación, revisión y reclamación de las calificaciones de los estudios de grado y máster universitario, aprobadas por

Consello de Goberno de la Universidade da Coruña el 19 de diciembre de

2013. http://www.udc.es/export/sites/udc/normativa/_galeria_down/academica/avaliacionrevrecl.pdf

	Sources of information
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	http://wiki.gleducar.org.ar/index.php/Manual_de_FreePascal_(Parte_1)http://wiki.gleducar.org.ar/index.php/Manual_de
	FreePascal(parte_final)

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Programming I/614G01001
Computer Science Preliminaries/614G01002
Discrete Mathematics/614G01004
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Algorithms/614G01011
Databases/614G01013
Programming Paradigms/614G01014
Software Design/614G01015
Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.