		Teaching Guide			
	Identifying	g Data		2016/17	
Subject (*)	Alxebra		Code	770G01006	
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Electrónica Inc				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	2nd four-month period	First	FB	6	
Language	Galician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Matemáticas				
Coordinador	Suarez Peñaranda, Vicente E-mail vicente.suarez.penaranda@udc.es			penaranda@udc.es	
Lecturers	Cao Rial, María Teresa	E-mail	teresa.cao@udo	es s	
	Suarez Peñaranda, Vicente vicente.suarez.penaranda@udc.es		penaranda@udc.es		
Web		1	1		
General description	We described in this course basic	concepts of linear algebra an	d differential geometry, w	hose exposure can be develope	
	in step 3 are				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A6	Capacidade para a resolución dos problemas matemáticos que se poidan suscitar na enxeñaría. Aptitude para aplicar os coñecementos
	sobre: álxebra lineal; xeometría; xeometría diferencial; cálculo diferencial e integral; ecuacións diferenciais e en derivadas parciais;
	métodos numéricos; algorítmica numérica; estatística e optimización.
B1	Capacidade de resolver problemas con iniciativa, toma de decisións, creatividade e razoamento crítico.
B2	Capacidade de comunicar e transmitir coñecementos, habilidades e destrezas no campo da enxeñaría industrial.
В3	Capacidade de traballar nun contorno multilingüe e multidisciplinar.
B4	Capacidade de traballar e aprender de forma autónoma e con iniciativa.
В6	Capacidade de usar adecuadamente os recursos de información e aplicar as tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións na
	enxeñaría.
C1	Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, nas linguas oficiais da comunidade autónoma.

Learning outcomes					
Learning outcomes			Study programme		
	con	npetenc	es/		
		results			
Modeling and solving mathematical problems in the field of engenengineering.	A6	B1	C1		
		B2			
		В3			
		B4			
		В6			
Possessing own scientific mathematical skills, enabling it to ask and answer some math questions.	A6	B1	C1		
		B2			
		В3			
		B4			
		В6			
Create linear models that approximate problems to solve. Having ability to apply knowledge of Linear Algebra and Differential	A6	B1	C1		
Geometry.		B2			
		В3			
		B4			
		В6			

Understand mathematical models that explain the behavior of a fluid in a 1-dimensional space.	A6	B1	C1
		B2	
		В3	
		В6	
Knowing how to use numerical methods in solving some mathematical problems that arise.	A6	B1	C1
		B2	
		В3	
		B6	
Knowing the thoughtful use of tools symbolic and numeric computation.	A6	B4	
		В6	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
Path Integral	Paths in Rn. Reparameterizations. Line integrals of scalar functions. Applications of
	the integrals of scalar functions. Integrals of vector fields. Gradient type functions.
	Green theorem.
Surface integral	Cross product. Sufaces in R3. Area of a surface. Integral of a scalar function.
	Oriented surfaces. Integral of vector fileds. Divergence. Gauss Theorem. Curl. Stokes
	Theorem.
Diagonalization	Matrices: types and examples. Matrix operations. Matrix transpose. Symmetric and
	antisymmetric matrices. Determinant of a square matrix. Rank. Inverse matrix.
Vector spaces	The vector space Rn. Operations: vector addition, scalar multiplication. Vector
	subspaces. Direct sum. Linear combination, linear span. Linear independence.
	Spaning set. Basis and dimension. Theorems about basis. Coordinates, change of
	coordinates.
Linear maps	Linear maps. Properties of the linear maps. Kernel and Image of a linear map.
	Operations with linear maps. Matrix associated to a linear map.

	Plannir	ng		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	B2 B3 B4 C1	21	42	63
Document analysis	B4 B6	0	8	8
Problem solving	A6	20	20	40
Mixed objective/subjective test	A6 B1 B4 C1	6	6	12
Laboratory practice	A6 B6 B4	9	9	18
Personalized attention		9	0	9
(*)The information in the planning table is for	guidance only and does no	t take into account the l	neterogeneity of the stu	dents.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	We present the contents of the subject. Examples of applications are developed and related activities are proposed.
keynote speech	
Document analysis	We discuss the different notations in mathematics. The sources of information are commented: books, magazines, webpages.
Problem solving	
	With them we move from theory to practice. Specific problems of the subject developed in the lectures are solved.
Mixed	They are useful to determine the degree of knowledge that students get at classes and with their personal study. It may
objective/subjective	consist of an explanation of any content of the course, the answer of test questions, the resolution of theoretical and practical
test	issues and developing solutions to issues involving deep knowledge of the subject.
Laboratory practice	Its aim is to apply computer programs to solve problems commented in the lectures.

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
Problem solving	The personal attention allows to adapt the study to the level of knowledge and competence of each student. Individual	
Guest lecture /	attention of the students optimizes time spent studying and allows correct misconceptions.	
keynote speech		
Laboratory practice		

	Assessment		
Methodologies	Methodologies Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
Problem solving	A6	We will formulate practical issues in which students have to seek a solution to a given	20
		problem.	
Mixed	A6 B1 B4 C1	They are tests made for measuring the level of knowledge of the subject by students.	75
objective/subjective		They do not have a defined profile, as they can range from test questions in which the	
test		student must only choose one answer among the options proposed, or solving	
		problems involving an action strategy or theoretical questions that reflect the degree of	
		knowledge of the subject.	
Laboratory practice	A6 B6 B4	Students should know the functioning of a computer program that helps resolve	5
		mechanical problems raised previously.	

## **Assessment comments**

The final grade of the subject consists of three parts:

- i) Problem solving: It's made through written tests and the development of classes in the classroom, where the teacher assesses individually the degree of knowledge of the subject of each student. This part represents 20% of the grade.
- ii) performing laboratory practice, where students will learn to use the software that provides the teacher. This part represents 5% or qualification.
- iii) Mixed objective/subjective test. This part represents 75% of the grade for students, and it's broken down as follows: 35% lessons 1 and 2, 35% lessons 3,4 and 5, 5% tasks related to laboratory practices.

Part-time students with academic dispensation are valued paragraph i) in official examinations, and 5% corresponding with activities related to laboratory practices of paragraph iii) by a practical test.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Besada Morais, M. y outros (2008). Calculo vectorial e ecuacións diferenciais. Servizo publicacións da Universidade
	de Vigo
	- Granero Rodríguez, F. (1991). Álgebra y geometría analítica. McGraw-Hill
	- Grossman, S. (1995). Álgebra lineal con aplicaciones. McGraw-Hill
	- Guillem Borrell i Nogueras (2008). Introducción a Matlab y Octave. http://iimyo.forja.rediris.es/matlab/
	- Nakos, G. e outros (1999). Álgebra lineal con aplicaciones. Thomson
	- Roberto Benavent (2010). Cuestiones sobre Álgebra Lineal. Paraninfo
Complementary	- Ladra González y otros (2003). Preguntas test de álbegra lineal y cálculo vectorial. J.B.Castro Ambroa y Copybelér
	- Prieto Sáez, E y otros (1995). Matemáticas I: economía y empresa. Centro de estudios Ramón Areces

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Cálculo/770G01001	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Fisíca II/770G01007	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	
Ecuacións Diferenciais/770G01011	



## Other comments

<p&gt; The student must know the content of the subjects of Mathematics studied at ESO and high school. Those students from Profesional Learning should study the basic concepts related to applications, functions and integration of real functions of real variable, which are contained in the curricula of high school, and are not in Profesional Learning. &lt;/p&gt;

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.