		Teachin	g Guide			
	Identifying Data			2017/18		
Subject (*)	Medicinal Chemistry Code 610509116		610509116			
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Investigación Química e Química Industrial (Plan 2017)					
		Desc	riptors			
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits	
Official Master's Degre	ee Yearly	Fi	rst	Optativa	3	
Language	SpanishEnglish		·		·	
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química					
Coordinador	Riveiros Santiago, Ricardo		E-mail	ricardo.riveiros@udc.es		
Lecturers	Riveiros Santiago, Ricardo		E-mail	ricardo.riveiros@udc.es		
Web						
General description	This subject aims that the students a	cquire the b	pasic concepts in the f	ield of medicinal che	emistry and drug design, and also	
	know the required steps for drug development, ranging from the discovery of an active compound in the laboratory to its					
	integration into the market. The subject will also address the major current methodologies in finding lead compounds that					
	are employed in both industrial and academic level, and its optimization for the development of a drug. This includes from					
	structure-based desigh, virtual screening, to fragment-based design of compounds. The most relevant aspects in the					
	quantification oof the structure-relationships (QSAR) will be also described. Each of the contents of this subject will be					
	illustrated by representative examples.					

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Define concepts, principles, theories and specialized facts of different areas of chemistry.
A2	Suggest alternatives for solving complex chemical problems related to the different areas of chemistry.
А3	Innovate in the methods of synthesis and chemical analysis related to the different areas of chemistry
A4	Apply materials and biomolecules in innovative fields of industry and chemical engineering.
B1	Possess knowledge and understanding to provide a basis or opportunity for originality in developing and / or applying ideas, often within a
	research context
B2	Students should apply their knowledge and ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary)
	contexts related to their field of study.
B4	Students should be able to communicate their conclusions, and the knowledge and the reasons that support them to specialists and
	non-specialists in a clear and unambiguous manner
B7	Identify information from scientific literature by using appropriate channels and integrate such information to raise and contextualize a
	research topic
B10	Use of scientific terminology in English to explain the experimental results in the context of the chemical profession
B11	Apply correctly the new technologies to gather and organize the information to solve problems in the professional activity.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	mme
	COI	mpetend	es
To know the main concepts in medicinal chemistry and drug design: therapeutic targets, enzimatic inhibitors, agonists,	AC1	BC1	
antagonists, optimal pharmacological properties, etc.		BC2	
	AC3	BC4	
	AC4	BC7	
		BC10	
		BC11	

To know the required steps for drug development, starting from the discovery of an active compound in the laboratory till its	AC1	BC1	
integration into the market.	AC2	BC2	
	AC3	BC4	
	AC4	BC7	
		BC10	
		BC11	
To know the main methodologies for the seaching of active molecules (hits) and their optimization for the development of a	AC1	BC1	
new drug. Since the design based on the 3D structure of the therapeutic target, the real and virtual screening of libraries or the	AC2	BC2	
fragment based design.	AC3	BC4	
	AC4	BC7	
		BC10	
		BC11	

	Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic		
Chapter 1. General aspects, definitions and concepts	Drug discovery: historical perspective. Drug activity phases. Enzymatic catalysis.		
	Definitions and concepts: agonist, antagonist, transition state analogs, reversible		
	inhibition (competitive, non-competitive), irreversible inhibition, suicide substrates.		
	Examples.		
Chapter 2. Therapeutic targets	Therapeutic targets: classification and their main characteristics. Enzymes. Membrane		
	transporters. Voltage-gated ion channels. Non-selective cation channels. Receptors		
	with intrinsic ion channels. Receptors with intrinsic enzymatic activity. Receptors		
	coupled to various cytosolic proteins. G-protein-coupled receptors. Nuclear receptors.		
Chapter 3. Strategies for drug discovery I. Structure-based	Evolution of the structure-based design in drug discovery. Practical aspects of the		
design	determination of the three dimensional structure of a target-X-ray crystallography for		
	the structure-based design. Applications of NMR spectroscopy in the rational design.		
	Docking. Molecular dynamics simulations. QM/MM. Examples.		
Chapter 4. Strategies for drug discovery II. Virtual screening	Basics of the virtual screening candidates. Available databases. Applications:		
and fragment-based design	identifying ligands for a target or potential targets of a ligand. Basics of the		
	fragment-based design. Screening of candidates by X-ray crystallography. Other		
	biophysical screening methods. Examples.		
Chapter 5. Hit Compound optimization. QSAR studies	Molecular modifications based on isosteric replacement. Conformational restriction		
	and steric hindrance in medicinal chemistry. Homo and heterodimeric ligands.		
	Prodrugs. Quantification of Structure-Activity Relationship (QSAR).		

	Planning	J		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A4 A3 B1 B2	12	29	41
	B4 B7 B10 B11			
Seminar	A1 A2 A4 A3 B1 B2	7	18	25
	B4 B7 B10 B11			
Objective test	A1 A4 A3 B10 B1	2	5	7
Personalized attention		2	0	2
(*)The information in the planning table is for	guidance only and does not	take into account the	heterogeneity of the stud	dents.

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description

Guest lecture /	It will be held 12 sessions of lectures by videoconference in one group, where the theoretical contents of the course will be
keynote speech	associated with illustrative examples. It will consist mainly in PowerPoint presentations. Copies of these presentations will be
	available for the students in advance via the Moodle platform of the course. This will allow the students to study ahead the
	contents of the course and to facilitate the monitoring of explanations.
Seminar	Seven sessions in small group seminars are scheduled. In these seminars, students will solve practical exercises
	(interpretation and processing information using specialized software and internet, evaluation of scientific papers, etc.), will
	prepare reports related to the different subjects and will present them during the class, followed by a discussion section with
	the professor and the rest of students. Students will have in advance the information they need via the Moodle platform.
	Attendance at these classes is mandatory.
Objective test	It will be an objective test that will cover the entire contents of the subject.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Seminar	Students must review the theoretical concepts introduced in each chapter using the reference manual and the material
	provided by the professor. Those students, which have significant difficulties to do the proposed activities, should contact with
	the professor during the tutorials, in order to analyze the problems and to receive the necessary support.
	The professor will analyze with those students who do not successfully pass the evaluation, and so wish, their difficulties in
	learning the course content. Additional material (questions, exercises, tests, etc.) to strengthen the learning of the course
	might also provided.
	Students with appreciation a part-time academic and attendance waiver of exemption may complete the seminars in individual
	and/or group tutoring schedule to be agreed with the teachers. The activities undertaken in these tutorials will be similar to
	those of students in ordinary regime and consideration for the final assessment.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Seminar	A1 A2 A4 A3 B1 B2	Continuous assessment will be the 40% of the final assessment of the subject. It will 40	
	B4 B7 B10 B11	have two components: interactive classes in small group (seminars) and interactive	
		classes in very small group (tutorials). Seminars and tutorials will include solving of	
		proposed exercises and practical cases (10%), writing reports (10%), oral	
		presentations [(works, reports, problems, practical cases), 10%] and oral questions	
		along the course (10%).	
Objective test	A1 A4 A3 B10 B1	The objective test will focus on the entire contents of the subject.	60

Assessment comments

The student's final qualification will be calculated applying this formula:

Final qualification = 0.4 x N1 + 0.6 x N2

N1 is the numeric qualification corresponding to the continuous assessment (scale 0-10) and N2 is the numeric qualification corresponding to the objective test (scale 0-10).

To access to the objective test the student must assist in, at least, 80% of the mandatory classroom teaching activities (seminars and tutorials).

Students who study the subject for a second time will have the same system of class attendance and assestment than those who study the course for first time

In the case of students with recognition of part-time dedication and academic assistance waiver, the qualification of the continuous assessment will be replaced by that obtained in the personal tutorials.

Students who attend fewer than 25% of planned academic activities and do not assist to the objective test, will be qualified as "Not presented".

	Sources of information
Basic - Camille Georges Wermuth (2008). The practice of medicinal chemistry, 3rd Ed. Amsterdam: Elsevie	
	- Graham L. Patrick (2013). An introduction to medicinal chemistry, 5th Ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press
Complementary	- E. J. Corey, B. Czakó, L. Kürti (2007). Molecules and medicine. New Jersey: John Wiley and Sons
	- K. C. Nicolaou, T. Montagnon, Eds. (2008). Molecules that changed the world. Weinheim: Wiley-VCH
	- Edward R. Zartler & Dichael J. Shapiro, Eds. (2008). Fragment-based drug discovery, a practical approach.
	Chichester: John Wiley & Dons
	- Celerino Abad Zapatero (2013). Ligand efficiency indices for drug discovery. Amsterdam: Elsevier

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments
sic knowledge in the visiualization of the three dimensional structure of biomolecules using visualization programs such as Pymol, Mercury, etc.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.

Management of databases such as Protein Data Bank (PDB), Expasy, etc. is also recommended.