



Teaching Guide

Teaching Guide				
Identifying Data				2017/18
Subject (*)	Groundwater engineering		Code	632844207
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Enxeñaría da Auga (plan 2012)			
Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits
Official Master's Degree	1st four-month period	First	Optativa	6
Language	English			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	Enxeñaría Civil			
Coordinador	Juncosa Rivera, Ricardo	E-mail	ricardo.juncosa@udc.es	
Lecturers	Juncosa Rivera, Ricardo Padilla Benitez, Francisco Soriano Hoyuelos, Gemma	E-mail	ricardo.juncosa@udc.es francisco.padilla@udc.es gemma.soriano@udc.es	
Web				
General description	Basis of flow in porous and fractured media (physical hydrogeology) in both saturated and unsaturated conditions. Interactions of surface water and groundwater. Hydrogeochemical principles and rockwater interaction (chemical hydrogeology, transport in porous media), hydrodynamics test of aquifers (slug tests, pumping tests,?), constructive aspects of wells, development and exploitation of aquifers			

Study programme competences / results

Code	Study programme competences / results
A15	General vision and balanced of the basic aspects and application of underground hydrologic from the needs of civil engineering. Capacity to Project or interpret the different hydraulic trials of hydrodynamic characterization, interpret hydrogeological maps and know the constructive aspects of the water uptake
B1	To resolve problems effectively
B2	To apply critical thinking, logic and creativity
B3	To work individually with initiative
B4	To communicate effectively in work surroundings
B5	Continuous recycling of knowledge in a general perspective in a global situation of water engineering
B6	Understanding of the need to analyse history to understand the present
B7	Facility to integrate in multidiscipline teams
B8	Capacity to organize and plan
B9	Capacity for analysis, synthesis and structure of information and ideas
C1	To understand the importance of the enterprising culture and to know the means at the reach of the enterprising people
C2	To value knowledge critically, technology and available information to resolve problems that they will face
C3	To assume as a professional and citizen the importance of learning throughout life
C4	To value the importance of the investigation, innovation and technology development in the social ?economic advance and cultural in society
C5	To posses and understand knowledge that gives a base or oportunity to be original in the development and for applications of ideas, often in the context of investigation
C6	The students must be able to apply the acquired knowledge and their capacity to resolve problems in new surrandings or not well known within wider contexts (or multidiscipline) related with the study area
C7	The students must be able to integrate knowledge and to affront the complexity to formulate judgements from information that, been incomplete or limited, include reflexions about social responsibilities and ethics related to the application of the knowledge and judgments
C8	The students must be able to comunicate their conclusions, knowledge and the last reasons that support them, to spezialated publics and not spezialated in a clear and unambiguous way.
C9	The student must possess the learning ability with permits them to continues to study in a manner wich will be in a great measure self directed and individual



Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme competences / results	
Overview of basic and applied aspects of hydrogeology from needs of civil engineering. Ability to design and interpret the hydraulics tests and hydrodynamic characterization of medium, interpreting hydrogeological maps and constructive ways of sources		AC15	BC1 CC1
			BC2 CC2
			BC3 CC3
			BC4 CC4
			BC5 CC5
			BC6 CC6
			BC7 CC7
			BC8 CC8
			BC9 CC9

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic
Introduction to the Hydrologic Cycle	Components Evapotranspiration and potencial Evapotranspiration Infiltration and recharge Baseflow
Geologic materials	Continental environments: erosion, transportation and deposition Kind of depositis: fluvial, eolian, lacustrine and galcial Uplift, diagenesis and erosion Tectonism and the formation of fractures
Ground water movement	Basic concepts Darcy´s experimental law and field extensions Propierties: porosity and hydraulic conductivity Filed Mapping Flow in fractured rocks
Main equations of flow	Conservation of fluid mass The storage properties of porous media Boundary conditions and flow nets
Flow in the unsaturated zone	Richards ´s equation Unsaturated flow in fractured rocks
Solute and particle transport	Advection Basic concepts of dispersion: diffusion and mechanical dispersion
Principles of aqueous geochemistry	Aqueous systems Equilibrium versus kinetic descriptions Equilibrium models of reaction Kinetcis reactions Ground water composition
Chemical reactions	Homogeneous reactions: Acid-base reactions, complexion reactions, oxidation-reductions reactions Heterogeneous reactions: dissolution/precipitation, reactions on surfaces
Saline water/ Sweet Water interface	Saline intrusion Methods
Hydraulic testing	Conventional hydraulic testing Single borehole test hydraulic testing in fractured or low permeability rocks Others methods of testing



Ground water as a resource	Land subsidence Coastal aquifers drainage on slopes road drainage dams
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Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies / Results	Teaching hours (in-person & virtual)	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Seminar	A15 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	30	30	60
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A15 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	30	30	60
Personalized attention		30	0	30
(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.				

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description
Seminar	Practical lectures related to the theoretical aspects regarded at the magistral lectures
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Regular lectures where the main theoretical contents of the subjects are regarded

Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech Seminar	Personalized attention to be provided for the seminars

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies / Results	Description	Qualification
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A15 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	The knowledge of the concepts developed at the magistral lectures will be assessed and considered for the final mark	50
Seminar	A15 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9	The attendance to the seminars and the work being developed at the seminars will be considered for the final mark	50

Assessment comments

Sources of information



Basic	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Domenico, P.A. and Schwartz, F.W. (1990). Physycal and chemical hydrogeology. Wiley- Bear, J. (1972). Dynamics of fluids in porous media. American Elsevier- Bear, J. (1979). Hydraulics of groundwater. Mc Graw Series in water resources and environmental engineering- Feiter, C.W. (1999). Contaminant Hydrogeology. Prenice hall- Fieter, C.W. (2001). Applied hydrogeology. Prenice hall- Weight, Willis D. (2009). Hydrogeology field manual. Mc Graw Hill
Complementary	

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.