		Teaching Gu	ide			
	Identifying	g Data			2017/18	
Subject (*)	Chemistry			Code	730G03005	
Study programme	Grao en enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías	Grao en enxeñaría en Tecnoloxías Industriais				
		Descriptors	3			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	First		FB	6	
Language	SpanishGalician		'			
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Enxeñaría Naval e IndustrialQuími	ica				
Coordinador	Rodriguez Guerreiro, Maria Jesus	Rodriguez Guerreiro, Maria Jesus E-mail maria.guerreiro@udc.es				
Lecturers	Fernandez Solis, Jose Maria		E-mail	jose.maria.fsoli	s@udc.es	
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Web		'				
General description	Matter of basic training of first coul	rse, in which they g	ive the foundat	ions of general chen	nistry, inorganic, organic and	
	applied to the engineering					

Study programme competences	
Code	Study programme competences

Learning outcomes					
Learning outcomes			Study programme		
			competences		
Capacity to comprise and apply the principles of basic knowledges of the general, organic and inorganic chemistry and his	A4				
applications in the engineering.					
Resolve problems of effective form.		B2			
Learn to learn.		B5			
Apply a critical thought, logical and creative.		B7			
Work of form collaborator.		B4			
Capacity to find and handle the information.		B1			
Capacity of oral communication and written.		B6			
Positive in front of the problems.		В3			
Value critically the knowledge, the technology and the available information to resolve the problems with which have to			C4		
confront.					
			C1		
Use the basic tools of the technologies of the information and the communications (TIC) necessary for the exercise of his					
profession and for the learning along his life.					
Manage for the exercise of an open citizenship, literate, critical, committed, democratic and solidarity, able to analyse the			C2		
reality, diagnose problems, formulate and implant solutions based in the knowledge and oriented to the very common.					
Assume like professional and citizen the importance of the learning along the life.			C5		

Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic	

The following lessons develop the established contents in the	-Basic concepts of Chemistry
Verification Memory, that are:	-Thermochemistry; Chemical Kinetics
verification Memory, that are.	-Chemical Equilibrium; Electrochemistry
	-Principles of Organic Chemistry
	-Bases of the Industrial Chemistry: balances of matter
	-Principles of Instrumental Analysis
	-Organic and Inorganic Chemistry applied to the engineering
Lesson 1 Basic concepts of General Chemistry:	Fundamental Principles of Chemistry. The atom: quantum mechanical description.
	Periodic table and periodic properties. Chemical link: types of link.
Lesson 2 Thermochemistry:	Introduction: first principle of thermodynamics. Heats of reaction, enthalpy.
	Thermochemistry: Law of Hess. Calorimetry. Second principle of thermodynamics:
	entropy. Third principle of thermodynamics: spontaneity of the reaction.
Lesson 3 Chemical Kinetics:	The rate of reaction. The rate law. Determination of the rate of reaction. Order of
	reaction. The collisions and of the state of transition theories. Activation energy.
	Reaction mechanisms. Catalysis: Catalysts.
Lesson 4 Chemical equilibrium in gaseous phase:	
	Nature of the chemical equilibrium. The equilibrium constant: applications.
	Heterogeneous equilibria. Factors that affect chemical equilibrium: Le Châtelier?s
	principle. Relation between equilibrium constants. Effect of changes in the
	temperature on the equilibrium constant.
Lesson 5 Acid-base equilibria:	Acid-base definitions. Autoionization of water. Concept of pH: determination.
	Dissociation of acids and bases. Acid-base properties of the salts. Acid-base
	reactions. Buffer solutions. Acid-basic titrations: indicators.
Lesson 6 Oxidation-reduction (redox) equilibria:	Methods of balancing redox equations. Electrochemical foundations: galvanic cells.
	Free energy and voltage of the battery. The Nernst equation. Redox titrations.
Lesson 7 Applications of the electrochemistry:	Primary commercial cells and accumulators. Fuel cells. Electrolytic cells. Industrial
	applications of the electrolysis: electrodeposition. Metallic corrosion.
Lesson 8 Principles of Instrumental Analysis:	Analytical Chemistry: concept and division. Classification of quantitative analytical
	methods. Instrumental analytical methods: classification. Parameters of validation of
	an analytical method. Evaluation of results.
Lesson 9 Principles of Organic Chemistry:	Naming organic compounds. Functional groups. Homologous series. Isomery.
,	Determination of molecular structures.
Lesson 10 Saturated, unsaturated and aromatic	Classification. Saturated hydrocarbons: naming, sources, synthesis and properties.
hydrocarbons:	Alkenes and alkynes: structure, nomenclature, synthesis and properties. Aromatic
nyarooalbono.	compounds: structure, nomenclature, obtaining and properties. Benzene.
Lesson 11 Other organic compounds:	Compounds of functional groups with simple link: alkyl halides, alcohols, phenols,
2000011 11. Other organic compounds.	ethers and amines. Compounds of functional groups with multiple links: carbonyl
	group compounds, carboxylic acids and his derivatives.
Lesson 12 Bases of the Industrial Chemistry. Balances of	
·	Prime Matters that uses the chemical industry. The energy in the chemical industry.
matter:	The chemical processes: examples. Diagrams of flow. The chemical products.
Lacon 40 Committee Charles and Table 21	Ecological and environmental considerations.
Lesson 13 Organic Chemistry applied to the engineering:	Coal. Oil. Natural gas. Biomass. Natural and synthetic polymers.
Lesson 14 Inorganic Chemistry applied to the engineering:	Metallurgy. Semiconductors. Industrial synthesis of an inorganic compound (industry
	of the chloride of sodium).

	Diamin			
	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Laboratory practice	A4 B3 C5	10	10	20
Objective test	A4 B1 B2 B5	8	12	20

Guest lecture / keynote speech	A4 C1 C2 C4	30	15	45
Problem solving	A4 B2 B4 B5	18	27	45
Supervised projects	A4 B6 B7 C1	2	16	18
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies				
Methodologies	Description			
Laboratory practice	Understanding reading of the practice. Realise the experimental work. Pose and resolve the numerical calculations associated as well as the questions that pose. Examine and value the results. Draft and present the final report of the practices.			
Objective test	Tests written divide in two parts (theoretical and of problems) used for the evaluation of the learning of the student.			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Has a expositive function complemented with the use of audiovisual means and the introduction of some questions headed to the students, with the purpose of transmit knowledges and facilitate the learning. The student takes aim, poses doubts and questions. Includes a conference or technical visit to charge specialists in a particular chemical industry.			
Problem solving	Methodology carried out in average group (20 students): presentation and resolution of numerical problems bulletins and of theory exercises bulletins. The student, of individual form or in reduced group, poses doubts and /or questions, participating of active form in the classroom.			
Supervised projects	Treats of the realization, in groups of students, of studies directed that, each group, has to expose in the classroom and deliver to the professor for his correction.			

	Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description			
Problem solving	In the personalized attention will treat to amend possible deficiencies in the previous chemical training of the student and to			
Supervised projects	resolve doubts and punctual questions that, usually, prevent him the general follow-up of the matter.			
Laboratory practice				
	It will realize a follow-up of the work of the student in the laboratory, will take in consideration his suggestions and will loan him			
	help to clear the doubts.			
	In the average group problem solving sessions, they will be helped to clarify concepts and resolve possible doubts.			
	In the supervised projects preparation will facilitate them the assistance that require for his preparation and exhibition.			

Assessment				
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification	
Objective test	A4 B1 B2 B5	To half of 1st four-month period will realize an eliminatory partial examination of the matter given until this moment (theory and problems). At the end of the 1st four-month period will realise a final examination of all the subject (the students that have surpassed said partial will not have to repeat in the final examination).		

Problem solving	A4 B2 B4 B5	Resolution of numerical problems bulletins, including likewise the resolution of theory exercises bulletins in specific sessions. It values the assistance of the student, his active participation in the classroom, his interest and attitude.	10
Supervised projects	A4 B6 B7 C1	Elaboration and presentation in group of a supervised or directed project. It values, in addition to the presentation, the realised work by the students in Word format and the elaborated transparencies for his exhibition in the classroom in PowerPoint format.	10
Laboratory practice	A4 B3 C5	Realization, active participation in each one of the practices and delivery of the corresponding final report. It values the interest and attitude of the student.	10

Assessment comments

This section indicates what marks in each methodology. The objective test describes as it is the examination and the punctuation of each one of the parts of theory and of problems. The minimum note in each part of the exam (theory or problems in the partial or final, or in the second part of the subject) so that you can take into account the scores of laboratory practices, problem solving and supervised work has to be 3.0 over 7.0. To obtain approved in the matter has to fulfil that the sum of the notes of the objective test, laboratory practice, problem solving of and supervised projects was at least 5,0.

Any of the theoretical subjects neither of the problems proposed in the partial examination will be able to leave in white, having to be recovered in the final examination with independence of the note obtained.

The supervised projects, to realize in groups of 5 students, will constitute a summary of the subject proposed by the professor, with an extension in the order of 5-6 pages in Word format. For his presentation in the classroom, previously will elaborate of 8 to 10 transparencies in PowerPoint format. The participants in each work have to belong to the same average group of the class.

All the groups that present a supervised project in a determinate session, will have to be presents in the classroom from the beginning to the end of the same.

In order to be qualified, the student will perform all laboratory practices, participate in the elaboration and exhibition of the supervised work and attend the conferences organized in this subject. These methodologies and the conferences are mandatory.

The student that have been missing to some practice of laboratory or that have not surpassed the examination of recovery of the practice, in case to repeat the matter has to go back to realize all again.

Will take into account, in the measure of the possible, the circumstances of the repeat students.

The students with enrols to partial time will have to realise the activities or compulsory methodologies (laboratory practice, supervised projects and assistance to conferences), in this case will remain exempt of 80% of the assistance to the face-to-face classes. Nevertheless, it recommends them that they do also the activity problem solving; in this case would remain exempt of 70% of the assistance to the face-to-face classes.

Sources of information

Basic

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Complementary

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Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously



Calculus /730G03001

Engineering Drawing/730G03002

Physics I /730G03003

Computting/730G03004

Linear Algebra/730G03006

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Materials Science/730G03007

Thermodynamics /730G03014

Environmental Engineering/730G03017

Materials Engineering/730G03030

Other comments

Since it treats of a matter that gives in the 1st four-month period of first course of the career, is indispensable that the student handle with fluency concepts and basic knowledges of Mathematics, Physical and Chemistry of the high school diploma. Previously to study this matter considers of big importance to know the chemical nomenclature (that is to say, appoint and formulate the chemical elements and more common inorganic and organic compounds).

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.