		Teachin	g Guide		
	Identifying	g Data			2018/19
Subject (*)	Chemistry of Biomolecules	Chemistry of Biomolecules		Code	610509115
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Investigación Química e Química Industrial (Plan 2017)				
		Descr	iptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degre	e Yearly	Fir	rst	Optional	3
Language	GalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Pazos Chantrero, Elena	Pazos Chantrero, Elena E-mail elena.pazos@udc.es			idc.es
Lecturers	Pazos Chantrero, Elena E-mail elena.pazos@udc.es			idc.es	
Web	www.usc.es/gl/centros/quimica/curso/master.html				
General description	This subject is intended for students to acquire a thorough understanding of the structure, function and applications of the			e, function and applications of the	
	major biomolecules, mainly proteins, carbohydrates and nucleic acids. It starts from the idea that students have enough			dea that students have enough	
	knowledge of chemistry to understand various aspects of the molecular behavior of different types of biomole			rent types of biomolecules. The	
	course will not only deal with structural aspects and the different biological functions of biomolecules, but the study on the				
	different synthetic strategies for the	eir manipulatio	on will also be add	lressed, as well as the	techniques used to modulate and /
	or modify their biological activity in order to get new tools in biomedical research.				

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Define concepts, principles, theories and specialized facts of different areas of chemistry.
A2	Suggest alternatives for solving complex chemical problems related to the different areas of chemistry.
А3	Innovate in the methods of synthesis and chemical analysis related to the different areas of chemistry
A4	Apply materials and biomolecules in innovative fields of industry and chemical engineering.
A9	Promote innovation and entrepreneurship in the chemical industry and in research.
B1	Possess knowledge and understanding to provide a basis or opportunity for originality in developing and / or applying ideas, often within a
	research context
B2	Students should apply their knowledge and ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary)
	contexts related to their field of study.
B4	Students should be able to communicate their conclusions, and the knowledge and the reasons that support them to specialists and
	non-specialists in a clear and unambiguous manner
B5	Students must possess learning skills to allow them to continue studying in a way that will have to be largely self-directed or autonomous.
B7	Identify information from scientific literature by using appropriate channels and integrate such information to raise and contextualize a
	research topic
B10	Use of scientific terminology in English to explain the experimental results in the context of the chemical profession
B11	Apply correctly the new technologies to gather and organize the information to solve problems in the professional activity.
C1	CT1 - Elaborar, escribir e defender publicamente informes de carácter científico e técnico
C3	CT3 - Traballar con autonomía e eficiencia na práctica diaria da investigación ou da actividade profesional.
C4	CT4 - Apreciar o valor da calidade e mellora continua, actuando con rigor, responsabilidade e ética profesional.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	amme
	со	mpeten	ces
Learning of the biogenetic rules and the function of biomolecules		BC5	
	AC3	BC10	
	AC4	BC11	

Acquisition of advanced knowledge in the chemistry of the most important biomolecules (proteins, nucleic acids and sugars).	AC1	BC1	CC4
	AC9	BC2	
		BC4	
		BC7	
Learning the more relevant aspects related to the isolation and characterization of biomolecules as well as their synthetic	AC2	BC2	CC1
manipulation	AC4	BC5	CC3
		BC7	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
Chapter 1. Introduction and historical aspects.	Different components of the cell. Organization. Structure and function of main
	biomolecules
CHAPTER 2. Peptides and proteins. Structural aspects.	Amino acids and peptides. Proteins and functions. Primary, secondary, tertiary and
Synthesis and modification. Design of functional proteins.	quaternary structure. Biosynthesis. Chemical synthesis. Modification by chemical
Metalloproteins: types, methods of study, examples and	methods. Applications.
applications	
CHAPTER 3. UNIT 3. Nucleic acids: Structure, DNA	Structure of the Nucleotides. Structure and function of the different nucleic acids.
synthesis. Sequencing, PCR, DNA Recognition. DNA beyond	Supramolecular chemistry of nucleic acids. Biosynthesis. Synthesis and manipulation
biology: processing and storage of information; nanomaterials.	of nucleic acids by chemical methods. The interaction with small molecules and metal
	complexes.
CHAPTER 4. Carbohydrates and their derivatives. Structural	Monosaccharides, nomenclature, structure and chemistry. Oligosaccharides and
and synthesis. Glycoconjugates and its role in cellular	polysaccharides, nomenclature, structure. Structural determination of oligo-and
communication. Glycocode. Glycotherapy	polysaccharides. Biosynthesis, chemical synthesis and biological synthesis of
	oligosaccharides. Glycosides and glycosidase inhibitors: types, incidence in nature,
	methods of synthesis and biological applications. Glycolipids. Types of structures.
	Natural incidence. Biosynthesis. Functions. Glycoproteins. Types of structures.
	Natural incidence. Biosynthesis. Functions. The glycocode concept. Future prospects
	and scope thereof. Glycotherapy and Glycoconjugates known functions.

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	B2 B5 C3 C4	12	24	36
Problem solving	B4 B7 B10 B11	3	17.5	20.5
Case study	A2 A4 C1	0	1	1
Oral presentation	B1 B4 B7 B10 B11 C1	4	0	4
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A4 A3 A9 B1 B2	1.5	10	11.5
	B5			
Personalized attention		2	0	2

Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description	
Guest lecture /	There will be 12 magisterial sessions in a group where the theoretical contents of the subject will be included, along with	
keynote speech	relevant illustrative examples. They will mainly consist of presentations in Power Point. Students will have a copy of all the files	
	in Moodle, so that the students can prepare the classes in advance, as well as facilitate the follow-up of explanations.	
	Interactive participation of students will be encouraged at all times. Active participation in these classes is not mandatory, but it	
	is highly recommended	

Problem solving	It is proposed to carry out 7 sessions of problem seminars in small groups, where students will solve the problems proposed by the teacher in the corresponding newsletters. Students will have enough time in advance for such newsletters through the Moodle of the subject so that they can be developed individually before the start of these classes. These classes will also
Case study	resolve any questions that may arise. Participation in these classes is mandatory In the seminar sessions, the case studies proposed by the teacher will also be solved. Students will have access for such
	cases enough time in advance through the Moodle of the subject.
Oral presentation	Oral presentation by the student of works, reports, etc., including also discussions between the teacher and the students.
Mixed	The final exam will cover all the contents of the course
objective/subjective	
test	

	Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description		
Problem solving	Tutoring scheduled by the professor and coordinated by the Centre. It will be 2 hours per student and will involve the		
	supervision of proposed work, clarifying doubts, etc. Attendance at these classes is mandatory		

Assessment				
Methodologies Competencies		Description	Qualification	
Mixed	A1 A4 A3 A9 B1 B2	Or final exam (N2) will cover all subjects. It will weigh 55% on a subject rating.	55	
objective/subjective	B5			
test				
Case study	A2 A4 C1	Within the seminars, a series of evaluable activities will be carried out: Resolution of	5	
		practical cases, written work and reports		
Oral presentation	B1 B4 B7 B10 B11 C1	The student will present, orally during the development of the subject, one or more of	5	
		the results obtained within the activities proposed in the seminars		
Problem solving	B4 B7 B10 B11	It will consist of two parts: theoretical-practical classes (seminars) and interactive	30	
		classes in very small groups (tutorials). Within the continuous assessment (N1) this		
		part will weigh 30% in the course mark		
Guest lecture /	B2 B5 C3 C4	The student's participation in the expositive sessions will be assessed, through	5	
keynote speech		questions asked by the teacher or through the discussion with the classmates.		

Assessment comments

The evaluation of this course will be done by means of the continuous assessment and completion of a final exam. Access to the exam will be conditioned on the participation in at least 80% of the mandatory classroom teaching activities (seminars and tutorials).

Continuous assessment (N1) will be 45% of the qualification and the final exam (N2) will cover all the contents of the course.

The student's score will result of applying the following formula:

Final score = 0.45 x N1

+ 0.55 x N2, N1 and N2 are the marks corresponding to the continuous assessment (0-10 scale) and the final exam (0-10 scale), respectively.

The repeaters will have the same system of class attendance than those who study the course for first time.

	Sources of information				
Basic	- Dr. Norbert Sewald, Prof. em. Dr. Hans-Dieter Jakubke, (2009). Peptides: Chemistry and Biology. John-Wiley				
	- Gutte, B. (1995). Peptides: Synthesis, Structures and Application. Academic Press				
	- Brändén, C-I; Tooze, J. (1999). Introduction to Protein Structure. Garland Science				
	- Taylor, M.E.; Drickamer, K. (2011). Introduction to Glycobiology. Oxford University press				
	- Davies, B.G.; Fairbanks. A.J. (2004). Carbohydrate Chemistry. Oxford Science publications				
	- Alberts et all (2002). Molecular Biology of the Cell. Garland Science				
	- Chris R. Calladine, Horace R. Drew, Ben F. Luisi and Andrew A. Travers (2004). Understanding DNA, The Molecule				
	& how It Works. Elsevier				
	- Vranken, D-V; Weiss, G.A. (2012). Introduction to Bioorganic Chemistry and Chemical Biology. Garland Science				
	- Blackburn, M.: Gait, M.J.; Loakes, D.; Williams, D.M. (2006). Nucleic Acids in Chemistry and Biology. Rayal Society				
	of Chemistry				
	- Peng G. Wang, C. R. Betozzi. Marcel Dekker (2001). Glycochemistry, Principles, Synthesis and Applications				
	- D. Serge (1997). The Molecular and Supramolecular Chemistry of Carbohydrates. A chemical introduction to				
	glicoscience Oxford Science publications				
	- Driguez, H; Thiem (1997). Glycoscience, Synthesis of Substrate Analogs and Mimetics J. Springer-Verlag				
Complementary					

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Advanced Structural Determination/610509103

Structure and Reactivity of Organic Compounds /610509114

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

The Chemistry of Natural Products/610509118

Molecular Biology/610509117

Medicinal Chemistry/610509116

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

The students should review the

theoretical concepts introduced in each chapter using the reference manual and the material provided by the professor. Those students, which have significant

difficulties when working the proposed activities, should contact with the

professor during the tutorials, in order to analyze the problem and to receive

the necessary support. The professor will analyze

with those students who do not successfully pass the evaluation their difficulties in learning. Additional material

(questions, exercises, tests, etc..) to strengthen the learning of the course

might be also provided.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.