

		Teaching Guide			
	Identifying	Data			2018/19
Subject (*)	Molecular Genetics			Code	610G02020
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía				
	-	Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Third		Obligatory	6
Language	Galician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Bioloxía				
Coordinador	Insua Pombo, Ana Maria E-mail ana.insua@udc.es				
Lecturers	Insua Pombo, Ana Maria		E-mail	ana.insua@udc.e	es
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Web					
General description	This course focuses on the concep	tual and methodologic	al bases ne	ecessary to understand	d the organization, expressior
	variation and manipulation of genetic material. It provides a molecular perspective to the knowledge adquired in "Genetics				
	(second year) and knowledge necessary to address "Population Genetics and Evolution", "Cytogenetics" and related				
	courses of third and fourth year.				

	Study programme competences / results		
Code	Study programme competences / results		
A5	Analizar e caracterizar mostras de orixe humana.		
A11	Identificar e analizar material de orixe biolóxica e as súas anomalías.		
A12	Manipular material xenético, realizar análises xenéticas e levar a cabo asesoramento xenético.		
A15	Deseñar e aplicar procesos biotecnológicos.		
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.		
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.		
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.		
B1	Aprender a aprender.		
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.		
B3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.		
B5	Traballar en colaboración.		
B7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.		

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
General knowledge and understanding of the molecular basis of the organization, expression, variation and manipulation of	A11	B1	
genetic material.	A12	B2	
	A15	B3	
	A29	B5	
		B7	



Knowledge of the basic methodologies used in Molecular Genetics.		B1	
	A11	B2	
	A12	B3	
	A15	B5	
	A29		
	A30		
	A31		
Ability to use sources of information of interest in Molecular Genetics.	A5	B1	
	A11	B2	
	A12	B3	
	A15		
	A29		
Ability to interpret and transmit Molecular Genetics information.	A29	B1	
		B2	
		B3	
		B5	
		B7	

	Contents
Торіс	Sub-topic
1 DNA REPLICATION	Semiconservative DNA replication: the Meselson and Stahl experiment. Modes of
	replication. Enzymology of the replication. DNA replication in Escherichia coli. DNA
	replication in eukaryotes. Telomere synthesis. Replication of mitochondrial and
	chloroplast DNA.
2 SYNTHESIS AND PROCESSING OF RNA	Classes of RNA. RNA polymerases. Promoters and transcriptional apparatus.
	Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination.
	Interrupted genes: exons and introns. Processing of eukaryotic pre-mRNA. Synthesis
	and processing of pre-rRNA. Synthesis and processing of pre-tRNA. RNA edition.
	Revision of gene concept.
3 TRANSLATION	The one gene-one enzyme hypothesis. The genetic code: characteristics and
	experiments to decipher the code. Initiation of translation. Elongation of the
	polypeptide chain. Termination of translation. Messenger RNA surveillance.
4 MUTATION AND DNA REPAIR	Molecular basis of spontaneous mutations: replication errors, unequal crossing over,
	spontaneous chemical changes. Molecular basis of induced mutations: chemical and
	physical agents. Repair mechanisms: direct reversal of damaged DNA, excision
	repair, mismatch repair, repair of double-strand breaks, translesion synthesis.
5 MOLECULAR MECHANISM OF GENETIC	The role of genetic recombination. Gene conversion. Models of homologous
RECOMBINATION	recombination: Holliday model and double-strand break model. Enzymes required for
	recombination. Site-specific recombination. Immunoglobulin gene rearrangements.
6 TRANSPOSABLE GENETIC ELEMENTS	Transposable elements in prokaryotes: insertion sequences, composite transposons
	and noncomposite transposons. Replicative and non replicative transposition.
	Transposable elements in eukaryotes: transposons and retrotransposon. Evolutionary
	significance of transposable elements.
7 RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY	Restriction enzymes. Cloning vectors. DNA libraries: construction and screening.
	Southern and northern blotting. PCR. Restriction maps. DNA sequencing.
	Site-directed mutagenesis.
8 APPLICATIONS OF RECOMBINANT DNA	Expression of eukaryotic genes in E. coli. DNA transfer to eukaryotic cells. Transgenic
TECHNOLOGY	animals. Transgenic plants. Gene therapy. Molecular markers. DNA fingerprinting.
	Genetic diagnosis. Synthetic genomes. Genome editing: CRISPR/Cas9 technology.



9 GENOMICS	Physical and genetic mapping. Whole genome sequencing. Genome annotation. DNA
	microarrays. RNA sequencing. Reverse Genetics. Comparative genomics. Prokaryotic
	and eukaryotic genomes. Metagenomics.
10 REGULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION IN BACTERIA	Jacob and Monod?s operon model for the regulation of lac genes in E. coli. Positive
	control of the lac operon. The arabinose operon of E. coli: positive and negative
	control. The triptophan operon of E. coli: negative control and attenuation.
	RNA-mediated regulation.
11 REGULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION IN	Changes in chromatin structure. DNA methylation. Transcriptional control.
EUKARYOTES	RNA processing control. Control of mRNA stability. Control at the level of translation.
	RNA interference. Epigenetics.
12 GENETIC CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT	Basic events of development. Drosophila development stages. Maternal-effect,
	segmentation and homeotic genes in Drososphila. Homeobox genes in other
	organisms. General aspects of Caenorhabditis elegans development. Genetic control
	of flower development in Arabidopsis.
PRACTICE 1: DNA EXTRACTION	Genomic DNA extraction. Agarose gel electrophoresis for DNA. DNA quantification.
PRACTICE 2: PCR	PCR amplification of the CHD gene. Analysis of an intron polymorphism for bird
	sexing.
PRACTICE 3: DOT-BLOT	Nucleic acids hybridization: detection of microsatellite sequences by dot-blot
PRACTICE 4: BIOINFORMATICS.	Analyses and comparison of nucleic acid sequences. Primer design.

	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A5 A11 A12 A15 B2	28	42	70
	B3 B7			
Seminar	A5 A11 A12 A15 A29	8	12	20
	B1 B2 B3 B5 B7			
Laboratory practice	A5 A11 A12 A15 A30	15	7.5	22.5
	A31 B1 B2 B3 B5 B7			
Supervised projects	A5 A11 A12 A15 A29	0	29.5	29.5
	B1 B2 B3 B5 B7			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A5 A11 A12 A15 A29	6	0	6
	B1 B2 B3 B7			
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	The teacher explains the main contents of each lesson.	
Seminar	Resolution/discussion of questions and problems related to the subject.	
Laboratory practice	The student conducts laboratory experiences following a protocol, under the supervision of the teacher.	
Supervised projects	Solving of a practical case related to Bioinformatics, as well as, three questionnaires with exercises and questions related to some aspect of the subject. Both activities are done in groups. The practical case shall be delivered in writing.	
Mixed objective/subjective	Different types of questions (essay, multiple-choice, short answer, and multiple-matching) and problem solving.	
test		

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	



Supervised projects	Individually or in group, students can attend tutorial sessions to consult any doubts that might arise from the different activities.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
Supervised projects	A5 A11 A12 A15 A29	Assessment will be based on the proportion of correct answers, the clarity of the	30
	B1 B2 B3 B5 B7	explanations, the quality of the presentation, and the reasoning used in answers. The	
		practical case represents 20% of the final grade and will be graded at the group level	
		by means of the delivered written (10%) and at the individual level (10%).	
		Questionnaires represent 10% of the final grade and will be graded at the individual	
		level only. Individual evaluations will be carried out through a short answer test	
		(phrase, word, number or symbol), which could be face to face or via Moodle.	
Mixed	A5 A11 A12 A15 A29	The degree of general knowledge and understanding of the subject will be assessed.	70
objective/subjective	B1 B2 B3 B7	It will consist of two parts.	
test		One is related to the theoretical content and represents 60% of the score.	
		The other is related to the laboraroty practices and represents 10% of the score.	

Assessment comments

To pass the course, the score must be 5 or higher but with at least a 4 in each part of the test. If the sum of the score of all activities is higher than 5 but the score on one part of the text is lower than 4, the final score is 4.9 (failing score).

The grade of Non Attendance (NP) will be applied to the students that do no attend the official exam.

Preferably, first class honors will be awarded in January among students with a score of 9 or higher.

A mid-term exam will be held. A score of 5 or higher will be maintained until July.

In July there will be the opportunity to retake only the mixed objective/subjective test. January score of supervised projects will be maintained.

In the case of justified exceptional circumstances, additional measures may be taken, so that the student can pass the subject, such as flexibility in the delivery date of supervised projects, flexibility in practice schedules or a global assessment test of the learning results.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A (2013). Conceptos de Genética . Pearson/Prentice Hall, Madrid
	- Pierce, B.A. (2010). Genética: un enfoque conceptual. Médica Panamericana, Madrid



Complementary	- Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., Walter, P. (2010). Biología molecular de la célula. Omega,
	Barcelona
	- Benito, C., Espino, F.C. (2013). Genética: conceptos esenciales. Médica Panamericana, Madrid
	- Brooker, R.J. (2018). Genetics: analysis and principles (6th ed.). McGraw-Hill, New York
	- Brown, T.A. (2008). Genomas (3ª ed.). Médica Panamericana, Buenos Aires
	- Cox, M.M., Doudna, J.A., O'Donnell (2012). Molecular biology: principles and practice. W.H. Freeman, New York
	- Craig, N.L., Cohen-Fix, O., Green, R., Greider, C., Storz, G., Wolberger, C. (2014). Molecular biology: principles of
	genome function. Oxford University Press, Oxford
	- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Carroll, S.B., Doebley, J. (2015). Introduction to genetic analysis (11th ed.). W.H.
	Freeman, New York
	- Hartwell, L.H., Goldberg, M.L., Fischer, J.A., Hood, L., Aquadro, C.F. (2015). Genetics: from genes to genomes (5th
	ed.) . McGraw-Hill, New York
	- Herráez, A. (2012). Biología molecular e ingeniería genética. Elsevier, Ámsterdam
	- Krebs, J.E., Goldstein, E.S., Kilpatrick, S.T. (2012). Lewin genes: fundamentos. Médica Panamericana, Madrid
	- Lewin, B. (2008). Genes IX. McGraw-Hill. México
	- Lodish, H., Berk, A., Kaiser, C.A., Krieger, M., Bretscher, A., Ploegh, H., Amon, A., Scott, M.P. (2016). Biología
	celular y molecular (7ªed) . Médica Panamericana, Madrid
	- Perera, J., Tormo, A., García, J.L. (2002). Ingeniería genética. Vol. I: Preparación, análisis, manipulación y clonaje
	de DNA. Síntesis, Madrid
	- Perera, J., Tormo, A., García, J.L. (2002). Ingeniería genética. Vol. II. Expresión de DNA en sistemas heterólogos.
	Síntesis, Madrid
	- Russell, P.J. (2010). iGenetics: a molecular approach (3rd ed.) . Benjamin Cummings, San Francisco
	- Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2012). Genetics (6th ed.). John Wiley and Sons, New York
	- Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M., Losick, R. (2014). Molecular biology of the gene.
	Pearson, Boston
	Consultar a plataforma Moodle para fontes de información adicionais.

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before Biology: Basic Levels of Organisation of Life I (Cells)/610G02007 Biochemistry I/610G02011 Biochemistry II/610G02012 Microbiology/610G02015 Genetics/610G02019

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Population Genetics and Evolution/610G02021

Cytogenetics/610G02022

**Other comments** 

Recommendations:Attend class and follow the development of the course regularly.Check Moodle and email regularly to obtain the materials and know the schedule of activities.Attend tutorials to resolve any questions or difficulties that may arise.Consult the recommended bibliography.Keep up-to-date with course work.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.