Teaching Guide					
	Identifying Data			2018/19	
Subject (*)	Botanical Geography: Geobotan	у		Code	610G02026
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fourth		Optional	6
Language	SpanishGalician				·
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Bioloxía				
Coordinador	Cremades Ugarte, Javier	E-ma	ail	javier.cremades	@udc.es
Lecturers		E-ma	ail		
Web					
General description	Geobotany and Plant Geography	y are eminently integrative sc	iences tha	at aim at recognisir	ng and studying the relationships
	between plant communities and	the environment they live in.	In this cou	urse we will focus o	on the factors (present and
	historical) that determine the distribution of plants in Earth and also on the methods used to study them. We will also try				to study them. We will also try to
	understand how plant communiti	ies work, paying special atten	tion to the	e relationships amo	ong plants (autoecology) and plant
	communities (synecology). Final	ly, we will analyse some of th	e most re	levant plant and al	gae communities growing in
	Galicia and the Iberian Peninsula	а.			

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.
A2	Identificar organismos.
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar especímenes.
A6	Catalogar, avaliar e xestionar recursos naturais.
A11	Identificar e analizar material de orixe biolóxica e as súas anomalías.
A19	Analizar e interpretar o comportamento dous seres vivos.
A20	Muestrear, caracterizar e manexar poboacións e comunidades.
A22	Describir, analizar, avaliar e planificar o medio físico.
A24	Xestionar, conservar e restaurar poboacións e ecosistemas.
A27	Dirixir, redactar e executar proxectos en Bioloxía.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.
A32	Desenvolverse con seguridade no traballo de campo.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
В3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
B5	Traballar en colaboración.
B6	Organizar e planificar o traballo.
В7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
B8	Sintetizar a información.
В9	Formarse unha opinión propia.
B12	Adaptarse a novas situacións.
C1	Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, nas linguas oficiais da comunidade autónoma.
C3	Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e
	para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.



Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	amme
	CO	mpeten	ces
Understanding the relationship between plants and algae and their environment.	A1	B1	
	A19	B4	
	A22	B8	
	A27		
	A29		
Knowing the diversity of terrestrial and marine plant/algae communities.	A1	B1	
	A2	B4	
	A19		
	A27		
	A29		
Acquiring skills for the observation, description and identification of plant/algae communities.	A1	B1	СЗ
	A2	B2	
	A6	В3	
	A11	B4	
	A20	В7	
	A22	B8	
	A27		
	A29		
	A30		
	A32		
Acquiring skills for the critical management of bibliography and other sources of information.	A27	B1	C3
		B4	
		В8	
		В9	
Learning basic field and laboratory procedures for the reconnaisance and inventory of plant/algae communities.	A1	B1	C1
	A2	B2	С3
	A4	В3	
	A6	B4	
	A20	B5	
	A22	В6	
	A27	B7	
	A29	В8	
	A30	B12	
	A31		
	A32		
Encourage students to further research and study Plant Geography as an integrative science essential to their development		B1	C4
s field biologists.		В3	
		В9	
Understanding the diversity of plant/algae communities in their surroundings and their great floristic and biogeographic value.	A1	B1	C4
	A24	В9	
	A27		
	1	1	1

Contents

Topic	Sub-topic
Lectures 1: Introduction	1. Geobotany and Plant Geography. Links with other biological sciences.
Lectures 2: Phytochorology and Phytocoenology (Plant	2. Plant geographical distribution areas; typology. Cosmopolitism. Edemicity. Migration
Geography and Ecology)	routes and relict elements. Chorology. Molecular methods in the study of plant
	chorology and biogeography.
	3. Biogeographic areas. Typology of land phytocoenosis (plant communities). The
	Holarctic Kingdom. Delimitation and bioclimatic characterization. Biogeographic units
	in the North Atlantic. Oceanographic delimitation and characterization.
	4. Vegetation structure. Physical structure; vertical and horizontal structure. Biological
	structure. Vegetation dynamics. Plant succession and vegetation series. Potential
	vegetation (climax community). Degradation and secondary succession. Progressive
	and regressive series.
	5. Methodology for the study and classification of plant communities. Historic
	background. Physiognomic method. Sigmatism.
Lectures 3: Land vegetation	6. The Holarctic Kingdom. Vegetation of the Eurosiberian, Mediterranean and
	Macaronesian regions.
	7. The Iberian Peninsula. Eurosiberian region; chorological provinces. Delimitation and
	bioclimatic characterization. Relevant and characteristic plant communities.
	Mediterranean region; chorological provinces. Delimitation and bioclimatic
	characterization. Relevant and characteristic plant communities.
	8. Vegetation in Galicia; characterization. Forests, characteristics and phytosociology.
	Class Pino-Juniperetea. Class Querco-Fagetea. Class Quercetea ilicis.
	9. Forests, characteristics and phytosociology. Class Cytisetea scopario-striatii. Class
	Calluno-Ulicetea and Class Cisto-Lavanduletea.
	10. Plants at the margins. Coastline vegetation. Hygrophilous and hydrophylous
	vegetation. Saxicolous vegetation. Ruderal plant communities.
Lectures 4: Introduction to marine vegetation	11. Vegetation in the sea. Introduction, main features and differences with the land.
	Divisions in the marine environments. Ecological factors that influence on the
	distribution of the marine phytobenthos. Physical, chemical and biological factors
	affecting the marine phytobenthos.
	12. Phytobenthonic ecology. Biological forms, life cycles and adaptations to the
	marine environment. Main features of the phytobenthonic communities.
	13. Biogeography of marine organisms. Vertical and horizontal dimensions in the
	distribution of marine vegetation. Succession in marine plant communities.
	14. Benthic marine vegetation in the North Atlantic and the Mediterranean. Benthic
	vegetation in Galicia. Coastline typology and main vegetation units.
Seminars	- Introduction to the analysis of floristic inventories.
	- Ordination and classification of inventories from marine (algae) and land plant
	communities.
	- Analysis of the physical, biological and chorological structure in marine (algae) and
	land plant communities.
Laboratory sessions	- Field sessions to work in the recognison and in situ analysis (floristic inventories) of
-	plant and algae communities.
	- Lab sessions working on the identification of the samples collected in the field.
Estudo de casos	-Estudo integral da flora e vexetación dun territorio previamente seleccionado.

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	

Case study	A1 A2 A4 A6 A11 A19	3	40	43
	A20 A22 A24 A27			
	A29 A30 A31 A32 B1			
	B2 B3 B5 B6 B7 B8			
	B9 B12 C1 C3 C4			
Field win	A24 A20 D4 D0 D2 D5	40	0	40
Field trip	A31 A32 B1 B2 B3 B5	12	0	12
	B6 B7 B8 B9 B12 C1			
	C3 C4			
Laboratory practice	A2 A4 A11 A29 A30	6	0	6
	A31 B1 B4 B5 B7 B8			
	C1 C3			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A19 A22 A24 A27	21	52	73
	A29 B1 B3 B4 B7 C1			
	C3			
Seminar	A6 A19 A27 A29 B1	7	7	14
	B5 B6 B7 B8 C1 C3			
Personalized attention		2	0	2
(*)The information in the planning table i	s for quidance only and does not take	into account the h	neterogeneity of the st	udents

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Case study	The students (in pairs or small groups) will identify and mapthe different plant communities in an area chosen by the teachers.
	Subsequently, they will write a report including all their findings as well as a complete inventory of the different communities.
	This report will be submitted as the final task of the course.
Field trip	Short fieldwork sessions will be conducted in nearby areas practice the different basic methods of vegetation analysis. Specia
	attention will be paid to frequent vegetation types in Galicia: forests, coastal shrublands, etc.
Laboratory practice	The students will use the laboratory sessions for the study and identification of the samples taken while conducting their case
	study.
Guest lecture /	The teachers will introduce the basic concepts of the course presentations and other resources that will be available to the
keynote speech	students.
Seminar	During the seminars, the students will become familiar with some basic computer methods for vegetation ordination,
	classification and analysis. In these seminars, the students will use the data generated by them in the field and also data
	provide by the teachers. Seminars are oriented to the completion of the case study.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Case study	Guidance will be available to the students in order to solve possible doubts or problems that might arise during the course.
Field trip	Ideally, the student should make appointments with the lecturers by e-mail.
Seminar	
Guest lecture /	
keynote speech	

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification

Case study	A1 A2 A4 A6 A11 A19	Different aspects will be considered in the assessment of the case study report: its	40
	A20 A22 A24 A27	structure, the quality of the data generated and of the data analysis and discussion.	
	A29 A30 A31 A32 B1	Presentation will also be assessed by the teachers.	
	B2 B3 B5 B6 B7 B8		
	B9 B12 C1 C3 C4		
Field trip	A31 A32 B1 B2 B3 B5	Attendance and participation will be valued.	5
	B6 B7 B8 B9 B12 C1		
	C3 C4		
Laboratory practice	A2 A4 A11 A29 A30	Attendance and participation will be valued.	5
	A31 B1 B4 B5 B7 B8		
	C1 C3		
Guest lecture /	A1 A19 A22 A24 A27	The students will take a written exam to demonstrate that they have acquired the	50
keynote speech	A29 B1 B3 B4 B7 C1	contents of the course.	
	C3		

Assessment comments

In order to pass the course in the first opportunity, the student will have to participate in at least 70% of the programmed activities. In addition to this, the student will have to obtain a score of 4/10 in the final exam. In the second opportunity (july), the student will take a new written exam (60% of the final grade) and they will also take a practical exam involving plant and community identification and work with community inventories (40% of the final grade). In the cases where the student has successfully completed the report in the first opportunity, this practical exam can be waived (depending on the quality of the report).

Qualifications obtained in one course will not be kept for the following one. In order to be qualified as "non presentado" the student must not have participated in activities that are worth more than 30% of the final grade of the course. Part-time students or students who participate in equality and diversity

support programs are welcome to participate in this subject. The teachers will adapt the different compulsory activities in order to enable these students to fulfill the aims of the course.

Sources of information

Basic

BIBLIOGRAFÍA BÁSICA E COMPLEMENTARIABellot, Francisco (Ed.) (1978) El tapiz vegetal de la Península Ibérica. 4ª ed. Blume, Madrid. 423 pp.Braune, W. & Dp. Guiry (2011) Seaweeds: A colour guide to common benthic green, brown and red algae of the world?s oceans. Gantner Verlag.Braun-Blanquet,J (1979) Fitosociología. 4ª ed. Blume, Madrid. 544 pp.Cabioc'h, J., J. Floc'h, A. Toquin, C.F. Le, Ch.-F. Bouduresque, A. Meinesz & Dr. Verlague (2006) Guía de las algas del Atlántico y del Mediterráneo. Omega, Madrid.Cox, C.B. & Doore, P.D. (2010) Biogeography: an ecological and evolutionary approach. 8th ed. Hoboken, NJ. Wiley. Crawley, Michael J (1986) Varios artículos In: Plant Ecology. (Ed: Crawley, Michael J) Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, 1-50; 253-291. Dawes, C.J. (1997) Marine Botany. John Wiley & Drs., Inc., New York. Ehrendorfer, F. (1986). Geobotánica. In: Strasburger, Tratado de Botánica. 7ª ed. española. Marín, Barcelona, 757-914.Feldmann, J. (1989) Las Algas, 97-324. In: Abbayes, H. des, M. Chadefaud, J. Feldmann, Y. de Ferré, H. Gaussen, P.-P. Grassé & Drévot. Botánica vegetales inferiores. Ed. Reverté, Barcelona. Good, R. (1974) The geography of the flowering plants. 4ª ed. Longman, London. 557 pp.Green, E.P. & Dr. Short (2003) World Atlas of Seagrasses. UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre. University of California Press, Berkely. 298 pp.Hartog, C. den (1970) The Sea grasses of the world. North Holland Publishing Company, Amsterdam, 272 pp. Huetz de Lemps, A. (1983) La vegetación de la tierra. Akal, Madrid. 263 pp.Ozenda, P. (1994) Végétation du Continent Européen. Delachaux et Niestlé, Lausanne & Dris. 271 pp. Peinado Lorca, M.; Rivas-Martínez, S. (Eds.) (1987) La vegetación de España. 4ª ed. Colección Aula Abierta - Univ. Alcalá de Henares, Madrid. 544 pp.Polunin, O.; Walters, M. (1989) Guía de la vegetación de Europa. 1ª ed. en Español. Ediciones Omega S.A., Barcelona. 236 + 170pl pp.Smith, R.L. (1990): Ecology and Field Biology. 4a ed. Harper Collins Publishers, New York.



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Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Introduction to Botany: General Botany/610G02023
Plant Systematics: Cryptogamia/610G02024
Plant Systematics: Phanerogamia/610G02025
Ecology I: Individuals and Ecosystems/610G02039
Ecology II: Populations and Communities/610G02040

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

O número e localidades onde se realizarán as saídas ó campo estarán en función do número de alumnos matriculados e a dispoñibilidade de medios de transporte para efectualas.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.