		Teachin	ıg Guide			
Identifying Data					2018/19	
Subject (*)	Penetration Testing			Code	614530008	
Study programme	Máster Universitario en Ciberseguridade					
		Desc	riptors			
Cycle	Period Year Type				Credits	
Official Master's Degree	2nd four-month period	Fi	rst	Obligatory	5	
Language	SpanishGalician					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Computación					
Coordinador	Carballal Mato, Adrián E-mail adrian.carballal@udc.es			l@udc.es		
Lecturers	Carballal Mato, Adrián		E-mail	adrian.carballal@udc.es		
Web	www.munics.es					
General description	There is no better way to prove the	e strength of a	system than to atta	ack it. The Intrusion T	ests serve to reproduce access	
	attempts of an attacker using the	vulnerabilities	that may exist in a g	given infrastructure. I	n this course the fundamental	
	topics oriented to the intrusion tes	ts (pentesting)) will be covered, co	vering the different p	hases of an attack and exploitation	
	(from the recognition and control of	of access to th	e erasure of tracks)			

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A2	CE2 - Deep knowledge of cyberattack and cyberdefense techniques
А3	CE3 - Knowledge of the legal and technical standards used in cybersecurity, their implications in systems design, in the use of security
	tools and in the protection of information
A4	CE4 - To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks,
	databases, computer programs and information services
A7	CE7 - To demonstrate ability for doing the security audit of systems, equipment, the risk analysis related to security weaknesses, and for
	developing de procedures for certification of secure systems
B1	CB1 - To possess and understand the knowledge that provides the foundations and the opportunity to be original in the development and
	application of ideas, frequently in a research context
B2	CB2 - Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader
	context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization
В3	CB3 - Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of
	information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the
	application of their professional capabilities and judgements
B4	CB4 - Students will learn to communicate their conclusionsand the hypotheses and ultimate reasoning in their support to expert and
	nonexpert audiences in a clear and unambiguous way
B5	CB5 - Students will apprehend the learning skills enabling them to study in a style that will be selfdriven and autonomous to a large exten
B6	CG1 - To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information
	network or system security in every application area
B7	CG2 - Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information,
	network or system security
B9	CG4 - Ethical commitment. Ability to design and deploy engineering systems and management systems with ethical and responsible
	criteria, based on deontological behaviour, in the field of information, network or communications security
C4	CT4 - Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results

Identify the risks and vulnerabilities of an information system	AJ2	BJ6	
	AJ4	BJ9	
	AJ7		
Identify security mechanisms and their integration in organizations	AJ2		
	AJ3		
	AJ4		
	AJ7		
Use security tools	AJ2	BJ2	
	AJ4		
Facing "real" cases and "knowing what to do" in the shortest possible time	AJ4	BJ4	
	AJ7	BJ7	
Capacity for analysis and synthesis		BJ1	CJ4
		BJ3	
		BJ5	

	Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic	
Fundamentals	Ethical hacking	
	Vulnerabilities	
	Attack vectors	
	Types of Intrusion Test	
	Reach and objectives	
Recognition strategies	Passive vs. Active	
	Scapy	
	P0f	
	Netdiscover	
Offensive strategies	Vulnerability analysis	
	Exploitation of vulnerabilities	
	Elevation of privileges	
	Access maintenance	
Evasion methods	Countermeasures	
	Erased footprints	

	Plannir	ng		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A2 B9 C4	9	13.5	22.5
Occument analysis	A2 A3 A7 B6 B4	6	6	12
aboratory practice	A4 B1 B6 B7	26	52	78
Multiple-choice questions	B5 B6 B7	1.5	0	1.5
Case study	B2 B3 B5 B7	5	6	11
Personalized attention		0		0
ersonalized attention The information in the planning table is for guid	ance only and does no		heterogene	eity of the stud

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description

Guest lecture /	Transmission of information and key knowledge of each one of the topics. The participation of students is encouraged at
keynote speech	certain times. As part of the methodology, a critical approach to the discipline will lead students to reflect and discover the
	relationships between different concepts, form a critical mentality to face the problems and the existence of a method,
	facilitating the learning process in the student .
	To fight against the possible passivity of the student, in small moments small questions, that reflect on the student, are
	presented, complementing those aspects with bibliographical references that allow him to enrich the knowledge acquired. This
	exchange with the student, as part of the master class, allows us to control the degree of assimilation of knowledge on the part of him.
	The magisterial lessons include, as much knowledge extracted from the references of the asginatura, as those resulting from
	our own professional experiences, fomenting the capacity of the critical analysis. At all times it is sought that a certain part of
	the content does not require the student to memorize them. This methodology will attempt to achieve a high degree of motivation in the student.
Document analysis	Reading and critical examination of the main ethical documents of computer science. They serve as a general introduction to
	the topics. They provide a historical and systematic explanation of its meaning. They are of great importance in the context of the other methodologies used in the subject.
Laboratory practice	The laboratory practices allow to maximize the feedback, reinforcement and assimilation of the objectives. Practical
	developments begin with a basic practice and their difficulty increases gradually. At all times, the student presents the set of
	ideas and techniques that allow the practical development of the knowledge transmitted in master classes. In the practices
	several sections are proposed that expose a battery of difficulties treated during the study of the subject. The interrelation
	between the different sections will be sought, providing a context of full exercise, in order to achieve the student's vision as a
	whole, revealing the links between the questions that may seem very distant. In all practical classes, virtual machines are used
	on computers as a basic tool for solving exercises. The student can select and install the tools that he deems most appropriate
	in each case. In this way, you will be required, from the beginning, to face the decision making, analyzing the advantages and
	disadvantages in each and every one of the cases. At this initial point, personalized advice will be essential, allowing a realistic
	analysis of the decisions made, facilitating the feedback of new parameters not considered a priori.
Multiple-choice	This test will be oriented to determine if the student has assimilated the different objectives of the subject.
questions	
Case study	The ethical and legal analysis of information technology has specific characteristics. With the case study, it is intended to
	examine the structure and content of the problems present in the cases, both individually and in groups. It is a form of content
	learning and also methodological, in which the student learns to analyze, deliberate and reach reasonable and reasonable
	conclusions with ethical and legal arguments. It is very useful for exercising the abilities and argumentative abilities.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	Laboratory practices: If you guide the student individually in the development of each of the laboratory practices. Although in
	the development of the first practice there are large differences in the needs of each student, they are progressively
	homogenizing in terms of their personalized attention needs. Without a doubt, the identification of this parameter is
	fundamental to determine that the totality of the students progresses during the development of the subject. We will also make
	small groups work together in practical developments.
	Personalized attention: Any technological question exposed by the student, in person, tutorials, email, etc.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		

Laboratory practice	A4 B1 B6 B7	Cada alumno de prácticas de laboratorio deberá pasar unha proba. Nela o profesor expón pequenas tarefas que os alumnos deberán resolver sobre as máquinas virtuais do laboratorio de prácticas.	30
Multiple-choice questions	B5 B6 B7	Esta proba inclúe os contidos e, en xeral, todo aspecto relacionado cos obxectivos da materia. Nela exponse diversas cuestións relacionadas tanto cos contidos das sesións maxistrais como das prácticas de laboratorio, dándolle un maior peso ás primeiras.	70

Assessment comments	

Sources of information		
Basic	- Pablo Gonzalez Perez, Germán Sánchez Garcés, Jose Miguel Soriano de la Cámara (2013). Pentesting con Kali.	
	0xWORD	
	- Mike Schiffman (2001). Hacker's Challenge. Osborne	
	- Julio Gomez López, Miguel Angel de Castro Simón, Pedro Guillén Núñez (2014). Hackers, Aprende a atacar y a	
	defenderte. RA-MA	
	- David Puente Castro (2013). Linux Exploiting. 0xWORD	
	- Pablo Gonzalez Perez (2016). Metasploit para Pentesters. 0xWORD	
Complementary		

	Recommendations
S	subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Information Security/614530003	
Secure Networks/614530006	
Subj	jects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Cibersecurity Concepts and Laws/614530001	
Cybersecurity in Industrial Environments /614530	0014
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Final Year Dissertation/614530017	
Information Security Mangement/614530002	
	Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.