		Teachin	g Guide			
	Identifying Data				2019/20	
Subject (*)	Physical Chemistry 3 Code		Code	610G01018		
Study programme	Grao en Química					
		Descr	riptors			
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	Th	ird	Obligatory	6	
Language	SpanishEnglish				·	
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química					
Coordinador	Herrero Rodriguez, Roberto E-mail r.herrero@udc.es			S		
Lecturers	Barriada Pereira, José Luis E-mail jose.barriada@udc.es			idc.es		
	Herrero Rodriguez, Roberto			r.herrero@udc.e	s	
Web	campusvirtual.udc.es/moodle			'		
General description	Physical Chemistry consists in the	study of funda	amental physical	orinciples that govern th	e properties and behavior of	
	chemical systems. A chemical sys	tem can be sto	udied from a micro	oscopic or a macroscop	ic point of view. In this course of	
Physical Chemistry the methodology to study the macroscopic equilibrium is introduced (Chemical Therr					Chemical Thermodynamics)	
	The subjects taught in this course	he subjects taught in this course are the essential theoretical foundations for the subsequent subjects in Physical				
	Chemistry. They are also a framework for all other branches of chemistry that necessarily apply many of the concepts					
	studied in this course in the development of their specific programs.					

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
А3	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them
A5	Understanding of principles of thermodynamics and its applications in chemistry
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
B2	Effective problem solving
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme	
CCC		competences	
To know the principles of thermodynamics and their applications in chemistry	A1	B2	C3
	А3	В3	
	A5		
	A14		
	A15		
	A16		
	A21		
To solve complex problems through the use of spreadsheets.	A1	B2	C3
	A14	В3	
	A15		
	A16		
	A21		



To adquire skills in literature search of real and research applications about the subject contents of the course	A14	В3	C3
	A15		
	A16		
	A21		

Topic 1. Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics. 2. The principles of Thermodynamics. 2. The principles of Thermodynamics. 3. Thermodynamic potentials and evolution of systems Equilibrium conditions in closed systems: the Gibbs and Helmholtz functions. Thermodynamic relationships for a closed system. Applications: thermodynamic equations of state, the difference between the heat capacities, the Joule-Thoms coefficient. 4. Thermodynamics standard reaction functions Standard enthalpy: Kirchhoff's and Hess's law. Standard Entropy: the third law thermodynamics, conventional entropy determination. Standard Gibbs energy. It thermodynamics of systems of variable composition The chemical potential. Partial molar properties. Material equilibrium conditions equilibrium and chemical equilibrium. 6. Gas state thermodynamics The ideal gas: chemical potential and properties, ideal gas mixture. Real gases equation of state and fugacity, fugacity calculation.
2. The principles of Thermodynamics. First law: internal energy, enthalpy, heat capacities. Second law: entropy, calculate the entropy change in simple systems. 3. Thermodynamic potentials and evolution of systems Equilibrium conditions in closed systems: the Gibbs and Helmholtz functions. Thermodynamic relationships for a closed system. Applications: thermodynamic equations of state, the difference between the heat capacities, the Joule-Thoms coefficient. 4. Thermodynamics standard reaction functions Standard enthalpy: Kirchhoff's and Hess's law. Standard Entropy: the third law thermodynamics, conventional entropy determination. Standard Gibbs energy. Intermodynamic tables. 5. Thermodynamics of systems of variable composition The chemical potential. Partial molar properties. Material equilibrium conditions equilibrium and chemical equilibrium. The ideal gas: chemical potential and properties, ideal gas mixture. Real gases
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equation of state and fugacity, fugacity calculation.
7.Phase equilibria in systems of one component The phase rule. Phase diagram for one-component systems. Clapeyron and
Clausius-Clapeyron equations. Classification of phase transitions.
8. Solutions Ideal solution: Raoult's Law. Ideally dilute solution: Henry's Law. Mixing function
Nonideal solutions of nonelectrolytes: activity and activity coefficients, the
Gibbs-Duhem equation, excess functions. Solutions of electrolytes: the activity
coefficient of ionic species.
9. Phase equilibria in multicomponent systems Liquid-vapor equilibrium: ideal solution at constant T and P constant, fractional
distillation, azeotropic mixtures. Liquid-liquid equilibrium: miscibility. Solid-liquid
equilibrium: temperature-composition diagrams, simple eutectic, compound form
with congruent and incongruent melting, thermal analysis. Solution-crystalline s
equilibrium. Colligative properties: freezing point depression, boiling point eleva
osmotic pressure, vapor-pressure lowering. Nernst's distribution law.
10. Chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium in gas mixtures: the equilibrium constant, changes in chemical equilibrium constant equilibrium equilibrium equilibrium constant equilibrium
equilibrium-Le Chatelier's principle. Chemical equilibrium in solution. Chemical
equilibrium with pure solids and liquids.
11. Surface thermodynamics The interface: surface tension. Curved interfaces: capillary rise. Adsorption on s
physisorption and chemisorption, adsorption isotherms.
12. Electrochemical equilibrium Electrochemical systems. Thermodynamics of electrochemical systems: the
electrochemical potential. Galvanic and electrolytic cells. Nernst equation and
standard electrode potentials. Types of reversible electrodes. Liquid junction
potentials. Determination of thermodynamic parameters.

Planning					
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours	
		hours	work hours		
Problem solving	A1 A5 A14 A15 A21	11	33	44	
	B2 B3				
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A3 A5 B3	30	60	90	
ICT practicals	A14 B3 B2 C3	0.5	1.5	2	

Critical bibliographical	A16 C3	0.5	1.5	2
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A3 A5 A14 A21 B2	8	0	8
	В3			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A3 A5 A14 A15	4	0	4
	A21 B2 B3			
Personalized attention		0	0	0
(*)The information in the planning table is	s for guidance only and does not ta	ake into account the l	neterogeneity of the st	udents.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	Seminars in small groups where it will be shown the application of the theoretical contents from the lectures into problem
	solving
Guest lecture /	Lectures, where the theoretical concepts will be introduced
keynote speech	
ICT practicals	Practical exercises where students will solve complex problems using computer programs
Critical	Students will be taught to do bibliographic search. They will be asked to perform searches about topics related with the
bibliographical	subject.
	Reading of papers related with topics from the subject will be also proposed
Mixed	Students will be asked to solve a collection of problems which combines the theoretical concepts and their application. Two of
objective/subjective	these tests will be done in the semester.
test	
Mixed	A final test will be done at the end of the semester. Students will be asked solving problems on their own
objective/subjective	
test	

Personalized attention			
Vlethodologies	Description		
	These works are proposed in the class and students must solve them supported by individual tutorials with the teacher.		
	Part-time students and those with special academic leave permission will have access to the materials of the subject in the		
	moodle application. They could ask for presential or email tutorials when necessary while they prepare for the final test.		

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description Quali	
Mixed	A1 A3 A5 A14 A15	nal examination of the contents of the subject based on the autonomous, individual	
objective/subjective	A21 B2 B3	resolution of problems.	
test		The final qualification obtained it will be the best of the following results:	
		20% of the tests done in the semester + 80% of the final test	
		OR	
		100% of the final test	



Mixed	A1 A3 A5 A14 A21 B2	The tests will be done along the semester. It will be assessed the individual	20
objective/subjective	В3	contribution to the resolution of all activities. These tests do not eliminate contents to	
test		be evaluated in the final test. The qualifications obteined can contribute up to a 20% of	
		the final qualification (10% each test)	

Assessment comments

The student who engages in any of the two tests will be considered to have attended on the subject at the time of the final mark. The qualifications obtained will correspond to January (first opportunity).

Exceptionally, the rating of both opportunities will be made with the final test, scoring 10 out of 10, for those student with special academic leave permission.

The rating of the second opportunity will be made only with a final test, scoring 10 out of 10.

Honors grade: priority is given in the first opportunity. Honors grade may only be granted in the second opportunity if their number have not be exhausted in the first opportunity final qualifications. Should it be more candidates to honors grade than honors available, allocation will be done through a extraordinary exam.

	Sources of information			
Basic	§LEVINE, I.N. (2004). Fisocoquímica.5ª Ed Vol 1 y 2. McGraw-Hill. §ATKINS, P.W. Química Física. (Cualquier			
	edición)			
Complementary	§ DENBIGH, K. (1985). Equilibrio Químico. AC. Madrid. § McQUARRIE, D.A., SIMON, J.D. (1997). Physical			
	Chemistry. Univ. Science Books § DÍAZ PEÑA, M., ROIG MUNTANER, A. (1988). Química Física. Alhambra. §			
	KLOTZ, I.M., ROSENBERG, R.M. (1981) Termodinámica Química. AC. § AVERY, H.E., SHAW, D.J. (1978). Cálculos			
	básicos en Química Física.Reverté. § AVERY, H.E., SHAW, D.J. (1974). Cálculos superiores en Química			
	Física.Reverté. § LABOWITZ, L.C., ARENTS, J.S. (1986). Fisicoquímica: Problemas y soluciones. AC. § GANDÍA, V.			
	(1977). Problemas de Termología. Artes Gráficas Soler S.A. § METZ, C.R. (1991). Teoría y problemas de Química			
	Física. McGraw-Hill (Schaum)			

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Mathematics 1/610G01001	
Mathematics 2/610G01002	
Physics 1/610G01003	
Physics 2/610G01004	
General Chemistry 2/610G01	008
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Experimental Physical Chemi	stry/610G01019
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Experimental Physical Chemi	stry/610G01019
Advanced Physical Chemistry	v/610G01020
	Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.