		Teaching Gu	ide		
	Identifying Data			2019/20	
Subject (*)	Philosophy of Law Code			612G01026	
Study programme	Grao en Dereito				
		Descriptors	3		
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Third		Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Dereito PrivadoDereito Público				
Coordinador	Serna Bermudez, Pedro		E-mail	pedro.serna@u	dc.es
Lecturers	Ballesteros Soriano, Alfonso		E-mail	alfonso.balleste	ros@udc.es
	Rivas Pala, Pedro			pedro.rivas@ud	c.es
	Seoane Rodriguez, Jose Antonio			jose.antonio.sed	pane@udc.es
	Serna Bermudez, Pedro			pedro.serna@u	dc.es
Web				'	
General description	In this course we will consider legal	positivism in a his	storical perspe	ctive from Th. Hobbes	s to H. Kelsen. Legal positivism
	dominates legal thought and it is so	metimes taken for	granted in col	lege. However, Weste	ern Legal Systems and legal
	thought have radically changed since 1945 and legal positivism has shown to be unable of a proper description		of a proper description of law. The		
	simultaneous process of constitution	nalization and glo	balization is tal	ken into account, as w	vell as argumentation and
	Inclusive Legal Positivism as a way to overcome legal positivism.				

	Study programme competences / results		
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Code	Study programme competences / results		
A2	Knowledge of the role of law as a regulatory system of social relations		
A3	Grasping the systematic nature of the legal system		
A4	Appreciating the interdisciplinary nature of legal problems		
A5	Knowing the constitutional principles and values.		
A6	Understanding the different manifestations of law in its historical evolution and in its current reality.		
A8	Basic knowledge of legal argumentation.		
A10	Ability to interpret and critically assess the legal system.		
A11	Ability to understand and write legal documents.		
A12	Management of legal oratory (ability to express themselves properly in public).		
A14	Ability to draft legal norms.		
B1	Knowledge in an area of study that is based on general secondary education, and is usually found at a level that, although supported by		
	advanced textbooks, includes also some aspects that involve knowledge from the forefront of his field of study.		
B2	Ability to know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and possess the skills that are usually		
	demonstrated through the elaboration and defense of arguments and the resolution of problems within their area of study.		
В3	Ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to make judgments that include a reflection on social,		
	scientific or ethical relevant issues.		
B5	Acquisition and assessment of those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy		
В6	Learning to learn.		
В8	Critical, logical, and creative thinking.		
В9	Working autonomously on own initiative with a lifelong learning approach.		
B11	Ethical and social responsibility.		
C1	Adequate oral and written expression in the official languages.		
C4	Exercising an open, educated, critical, committed, democratic and supportive citizenship for the sake of the common good.		
C6	Critically assess the knowledge, technology and information available to solve the problems they face.		
C7	Assume as a professional and citizen the importance of lifelong learning.		



Valuing the importance of research, innovation and technological development for the socioeconomic and cultural progress of society.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	amme
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
Achieving a global vision on modern law and on the radical changes of contemporary legal systems.	A2	В9	C4
	А3	B1	C6
	A4	B2	C7
	A6	В3	
	A10	B5	
	A12		
Developing conceptual and hermeneutical tools for an independent approach to the common understanding of law.	A2	В6	C4
	A5	B8	C6
	A6	B11	C8
	A8	B1	
	A11	B2	
	A14	В3	
Developing legal argumentation in a critical and creative manner.	A4	B8	C1
	A8		C4
	A10		C6
	A11		
	A12		
Knowing current debates on justice and developing a deep personal perspective on them.	A2	B6	C1
	A4	B8	C4
	A6	B11	C6
	A8	B2	C7
	A10		C8
	A12		

	Contents
Topic Sub-topic	
Philosophy of Law as Understanding and Critique of	1. Thinking of law. Methodological approach.
Contemporary Law	2. The dominant legal thought. Legal positivism.
2. Legal Positivism and Legal Modernity	1. Th. Hobbes: the origins of Legal Positivism.
	2. Codification. Code Napoleon.
	3. J. Bentham.
	4. Thibaut and Savigny: Romanticism or Historicism?
	5. J. Austin?s Analytical Jurisprudence.
	6. Legal Positivism and Exegesis School.
	7. XIXth Century?s Jurisprudence of Concepts and Jurisprudence of Interests.
	8. H. Kelsen?s Pure Theory of Law.
3. Interpretation and Adjudication. Critical Assessment	1. Legal positivism in action. Interpretation and adjudication.
	2. Scientificism as an ideology and the valorative character of legal science.
4. Western Legal System?s since 1945. Constitutionalization	1. Constitutionalization and Neo-constitutionalism: beyond formalism.
and Globalization	2. Globalization: beyond the State.
5. Overcoming Legal Positivism	1. Theories of argumentation.
	2. Critical theories.
	3. Inclusive legal positivism.

6. Reframing Philosophy of Law for the XXIst Century	1. Hermeneutics.
	2. Ontology.
	3. Justice.
7. Justice and Rights	1. Doing the right thing.
	2. The great happiness principle. Utilitarianism.
	3. Do we own ourselves? Libertarianism.
	4. Hired help. Markets and morals.
	5. What matters is the motive. Immanuel Kant.
	6. The case for equality. John Rawls.
	7. Arguing affirmative action.
	8. Who deserves what? Aristotle.
	9. What do we owe one another? Dilemmas of loyalty.
	10. Justice and the common good.

	Planning	9		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 B6	40	42	82
	B3 C4 C6			
Workbook	A2 A4 A5 A6 A10 B8	0	15	15
	B1 B2 B5 C7			
Seminar	A3 A4 A5 A8 A10 A11	15	18	33
	A12 A14 B8 B11 B2			
	B3 B5 C1 C4 C8			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A2 A3 A5 A6 A8 A10	3	9	12
	B8 B9 B2 B3 C1 C6			
Personalized attention		8	0	8

Methodologies		
Methodologies Description		
Guest lecture / keynote speech	The contents will be explained through lectures. (Methodology related with this capacities: A4, A6, A8 y A14).	
Workbook	Readings are essential in order to develop a critical thought through classic and contemporary works. (Activity related with capacities: A4, A6, A10, B1, B3, B4 y C6).	
Seminar	Philosophy is best learned through active conversation with others. It is therefore important that you be a regular participant in classroom discussions. (Methodology related with this capacities: A4, A5, A8, A10, B3, B6, C1, C4 y C6).	
Mixed objective/subjective	The exam will consist of questions about the lecture-style classes, including reading related with the different topics. (Activity related with capacities: B1, B3, C1 y C6).	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Students can attend office hours in order to solve any doubts or difficulties related with the subject.
keynote speech	
Workbook	
Seminar	

test

Assessment

3/5

Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	
	Results		
Mixed	A2 A3 A5 A6 A8 A10	The exam will consist of questions about the lecture-style classes and the readings	70
objective/subjective	B8 B9 B2 B3 C1 C6	related with the different topics.	
test			
Seminar	A3 A4 A5 A8 A10 A11	Your participation grade will be based on the quality and regularity of your	30
	A12 A14 B8 B11 B2	contributions to our classroom discussions.	
	B3 B5 C1 C4 C8		

Assessment comments

1 E

out of 3 is required in Seminar (30%). That mark will be added to the Long answer mark if it the latter is at least 3,5 out of 7 (70%).

For those officially recognized with partial attendance to the course, assessment of Seminar (30%) will consist of an essay and the answer of oral questions of the professor the day of the final examination.

For those that do not pass Seminar and Long answer assessment, the alternative assessment in paragraph two is also possible in July.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Pedro Serna (2006). Filosofía del Derecho y paradigmas epistemológicos. México, D.F.: Porrúa
	- Michael J. Sandel (2011). Justicia. ¿Hacemos lo que debemos?. Barcelona: Debate
	PARTE TEÓRICA (Sesións maxistrais)Pedro Serna, Filosofía del Derecho y paradigmas epistemológicos, México,
	D.F.: Porrúa, 2006.PARTE PRÁCTICA (Seminarios e sesións de grupo reducido)Michael J. Sandel, Justicia
	¿Hacemos lo que debemos? (2009), traducción de Juan Pedro Campos Gómez, Barcelona, Debate, 2011.P.
	Mercado, ?Derechos insostenibles?, en J. A Estevez Araújo (ed.), El libro de los deberes, Madrid, Trotta,
	2013. M. Balaguer, ?La maternidad subrogada y el cuerpo de la mujer?, en M. Balaguer, Hij@s del
	mercado. La maternidad subrogada en un estado social, Madrid, Cátedra, 2017.L. Peña, ?La deuda histórica del nor
	con el sur del planeta?, en L. Peña, Estudios republicanos, Madrid, Plaza y Valdés, 2009.M. Sandel, ?De qué maner
	los mercados desplazan a la moral?, en M. Sandel, Lo que el dinero no puede comprar. Los límites morales de los
	mercados, Barcelona, Debate, 2018.
Complementary	N. Bobbio, El positivismo jurídico, trad. de R. de Asís, Madrid, Debate, 1993. K. Larenz, Metodología de la ciencia de
	derecho, trad. de M. Rodríguez Molinero, Barcelona, Ariel, 1994. L. Lombardi Vallauri, Corso de Filosofia del Diritto,
	Padova, Cedam, 1982. A. Ollero, ¿Tiene razón el Derecho?, Madrid, Congreso de los Diputados, 1996. P. Serna
	(dir.), De la argumentación jurídica a la hermenéutica Revisión crítica de algunas teorías contemporáneas, segunda
	edición, Granada, Comares, 2005 (reimpr. 2009).Ch. Perelman, La lógica jurídica y la nueva retórica, Madrid, Civitas
	1979. A. Aarnio, Lo racional como razonable, Madrid, CEC, 1991.R. Alexy, Teoría de la argumentación jurídica,
	Madrid, CEC, 1989.R. Alexy, La institucionalización de la justicia, edición y presentación a cargo de J. A. Seoane,
	traducción de J. A. Seoane, E. R. Sodero y P. Rodríguez, Granada, Comares, 2ª ed., 2010. Obras clásicas de
	referenciaKarl Olivecrona, El Derecho como hecho, 2ª ed., Barcelona, Labor. Gustav Radbruch, Introducción a la
	Filosofía del Derecho, México, FCE. Hans Kelsen, Teoría pura del Derecho, 2ª ed., México, UNAM. H. L. A. Hart, El
	concepto de Derecho, Buenos Aires, Abeledo-Perrot.John Finnis, Ley natural y derechos naturales, Buenos Aires,
	Abeledo-Perrot.John Rawls, Teoría de la justicia, México, FCE. Robert Nozick, Anarquía, Estado y utopía, México,
	FCE.

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before



Spain in the Historical and Legal Context of Europe/612G01002

Constitutional Law: Sources of Law and Fundamental Rights/612G01003

Jurisprudence/612G01006

Natural and Civil Legal Person Law/612G01007

Criminal Law: General /612G01010
Obligations and Tort Law/612G01016
Public International Law/612G01019

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Law and Biomedicine/612G01040

Legal Reasoning Theory and Practice/612G01041

Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.