



Teaching Guide				
Identifying Data				2019/20
Subject (*)	Computational Hydrodynamics		Code	730496202
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Enxeñaría Naval e Oceánica (plan 2018)			
Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits
Official Master's Degree	1st four-month period	Second	Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	Enxeñaría Naval e Industrial			
Coordinador	Fariñas Alvariño, Pablo	E-mail	pablo.farinias@udc.es	
Lecturers	Fariñas Alvariño, Pablo	E-mail	pablo.farinias@udc.es	
Web				
General description	Parametric design of ship propellers and forms. This subject will provide the necessary knowledge to study the ship's hydrodynamics as well as the propeller design under a particular vessel wake. The hydrodynamics fundamentals are based on the potential field theory and the finite volume method.			

Study programme competences	
Code	Study programme competences
A3	A02 - Coñecemento avanzado da hidrodinámica naval para a súa aplicación á optimización de carenas, propulsores e apéndices.
B1	CB06 Posuí e comprender coñecementos que acheguen unha base ou oportunidade de ser orixinais no desenvolvemento e/ou aplicación de ideas, a miúdo nun contexto de investigación
B2	CB07 Que os estudiantes saibam aplicar os coñecementos adquiridos e a súa capacidade de resolución de problemas en ámbitos novos ou pouco coñecidos dentro de contextos más amplos (ou multidisciplinares) relacionados coa súa área de estudio
B3	CB08 Que os estudiantes sexan capaces de integrar coñecementos e enfrentarse á complexidade de formular xuízos a partir dunha información que, sendo incompleta ou limitada, inclúa reflexións sobre as responsabilidades sociais e éticas vinculadas á aplicación dos seus coñecementos e xuízos
B5	CB10 Que os estudiantes posúan as habilidades de aprendizaxe que lles permitan continuar estudiando dun modo que haberá de ser en boa medida autodirixido ou autónomo.
C2	C1 Capacidade pra desenrolar a actividade profesional nun entorno multilingue
C3	ABET (a) An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering.
C4	ABET (b) An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data.
C7	ABET (e) An ability to identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems.
C12	ABET (j) A knowledge of contemporary issues.
C13	ABET (k) An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes			Study programme competences
Technical skill on ships hydrodynamics			AJ2 BC1 CC2 BC2 CC3 BC3 CC4 BC5 CC7 CC12 CC13



Technical skill to develop computational hydrodynamic models in naval and ocean engineering environment.	AJ2	BC1	CC2
		BC2	CC3
		BC3	CC4
		BC5	CC7
			CC12
			CC13

Contents			
Topic	Sub-topic		
The blocks or the following contents develop the established topics in the "Memoria de Verificación".	<p>Finite Volume Method. CFD.</p> <p>Convective Interpolation Schemes. Free surface.</p> <p>P-V Coupling. Boundary layer and wake.</p> <p>Introduction to Hydrofoils Theory and application to marine propellers.</p> <p>Test cases in naval and ocean engineering</p>		
Conservation laws	<p>Interpolation schemes for convective transport</p> <p>Non usual boundary conditions</p>		
Métodos de acoplamiento presión velocidad	<p>Methods SIMPLE/ER/C y PISO for staggered grid</p> <p>Methods SIMPLE/ER/C y PISO for collocated grids.</p>		
Sistemas de ecuaciones lineales	<p>Sparse matrix algorithms</p> <p>Methods point to point, line to line y plano a plano.</p> <p>Errores de alta y baja frecuencia. Métodos multimalla.</p> <p>El método del gradiente conjugado.</p> <p>Programación de casos</p>		
Transient problems	<p>Explicit, implicit and fully implicit schemes for 1D transient diffusion problems.</p> <p>Extension to 3D cases.</p> <p>Transient convection diffusion problems.</p> <p>Transient P-V coupling.</p> <p>Test cases.</p>		
Mathematics background	<p>Singular integrals</p> <p>Trigonometric functions</p> <p>Glauert integrals</p> <p>Hilbert transform</p>		
2D potential flow theory. Fundamentals.	<p>Complex potential</p> <p>Stream function</p> <p>Potential function</p> <p>Source</p> <p>Sink</p> <p>Vortex</p>		
Thin foils theory	<p>Thickness effect</p> <p>Angle of attack effect</p> <p>Camber effect</p> <p>Zero lift angle</p> <p>Ideal angle of attack</p>		
Thin foil theory correction in the near leading edge region	<p>Flux around the apex of a parabola</p> <p>Velocity correction in high curvature regions</p> <p>Velocity prediction along the full foil wall</p>		



Cavitation	Pressure coefficient Cavitation number Pressure coefficient along the whole foil wall Bucket diagrams
Tridimensional effects. Application to appendices and forward body.	Tridimensional potential field Velocity field induced by a 3D differential vortex element Free vortex vorticity Bound and free vorticity relation
Lifting line. Control surfaces (rudders).	Induced velocities over a tridimensional foil Prandtl lifting line equation
Application to ship propellers	The open water case Prandtl lifting line theory adaptation to the ship propeller design case Induction coefficients
Optimum propeller performance	Goldstein factors Betz diagram

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class hours	Student?s personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	50	0	50
Problem solving	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	10	0	10
Supervised projects	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	0	45	45
Case study	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	0	43	43
Objective test	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	1	0	1
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Exposición oral complementada co uso de medios audiovisuais e a introducción dalgunas preguntas dirixidas ós estudiantes, coa finalidade de transmitir coñecementos e facilitar o aprendizaxe.
Problem solving	Técnica mediante a que ha de resolverse unha situación problemática concreta, a partir dos coñecementos que se traballaron, que poden ter máis dunha posible solución.
Supervised projects	Metodoloxía deseñada para promover o aprendizaxe autónomo dos estudiantes, baixo la tutela do profesor e en escenarios variados (académicos e profesionais). Está referida prioritariamente ó aprendizaxe do ¿cómo facer as cousas? Constitúe unha opción basada na asunción polos estudiantes da responsabilidade polo seu propio aprendizaxe. Este sistema de enseñanza se basa en dous elementos básicos: o aprendizaje independente dos estudiantes e o seguimiento dese aprendizaxe polo profesor titor.
Case study	Metodoloxía donde o suxeito se enfrenta ante á descripción dunha situación específica que plantexa un problema que ha de ser comprendido, valorado e resolto por un grupo de persoas, a través de un proceso de discusión. O alumno se sitúa ante un problema concreto (caso), que lle describe una situación real da vida profesional, e debe ser capaz de analizar unha serie de feitos, referentes a un campo particular do coñecemento ou da acción, para chegar a unha decisión razonada a través dun proceso de discusión en pequenos grupos de traballo.
Objective test	Is the exam.



Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	<p>Is the support for the homework to be developed by the students.</p> <p>Class attendance is not compulsory and will not be scored. Therefore, there will be no differences between part/full time students. All of them will need to attain the same requirements to pass this subject. Students with "dispensa académica" will be constrained by the same requirements than full time students.</p>

Assessment

Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Objective test	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	Is the exam.	60
Supervised projects	A3 B1 B2 B3 B5 C2 C3 C4 C7 C12 C13	It is compulsory, under professor demand, to deliver the proposed home tasks and simulations on time along this course. The delivered tasks and simulations will be assessed by the professor and will be considered for the final qualification.	40

Assessment comments

In order to pass this subject it is compulsory attain a qualification above four over ten in the exam. It is also necessary to deliver the required homework (EACH/ALL OF THE REQUIRED TASKS) in the correct manner and within the limiting established time. In case the homework be not delivered in the correct way and/or time the possibility to pass this subject will be lost.

The students presence will not required and is not scored. Therefore there will be no difference between the partial time and full time students. All of them will develop the same work/requirements in order to pass the subject. The same requirements will be applied to students with "dispensa académica".

Sources of information

Basic	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- J. Kerwin (). Hydrofoils and propellers. MIT- SNAME (). Principles of naval arch. (Propulsion). SNAME- J.N. Newman (1977). Marine Hydrodynamics. MIT press- G. Pérez (). Detailed design of ships propellers. FEIN- Apuntes de clase ()..- Maliska, C.K. (1995). Transferencia de calor e mecánica de fluidos computacional.. LTC editora- Versteeg H.K.; Malalasekera W. (1995). Computational fluid dynamics, the finite volume method. Longmann- Hildebrand F.B. (1976). Advanced calculus for applications. Prentice Hall
Complementary	

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Numerical Methods/730496215

Computational Continuous Media Mechanics/730496214

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments



In order to attain a sustainable environment and satisfy the action number five: ?Docencia e investigación saudable e sustentable ambiental e social? of the "Plan de Acción Green Campus Ferrol":

All documents developed along this subject will:

- 1.- Be developed in electronic format.
- 2.- Be released through the Moodle platform, and avoiding printed documents.

In case the paper format be necessary:

- 1.- Plastics will be avoided.
- 2.- Both faces of paper will be used.
- 3.- Recycled paper will be used.
- 4.- Avoid printed test drafts.

A sustainable use of resources and facilities must be considered in order to avoid negative impacts over the natural environment.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.