		Teaching C	Guide				
	Identifying	g Data			2020/21		
Subject (*)	Chromosomes. structure. function and evolution Code			610441015			
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Bioloxía Molecular , Celular e Xenética						
		Descripto	ors				
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits		
Official Master's Degree	e 2nd four-month period	First		Optional	3		
Language	Spanish						
Teaching method	Hybrid						
Prerequisites							
Department	Bioloxía						
Coordinador	Mendez Felpeto, Josefina		E-mail	josefina.mendez	@udc.es		
Lecturers	Mendez Felpeto, Josefina		E-mail	josefina.mendez	@udc.es		
Web	http://xenomar.es	1					
General description	This material is an advanced approach to the study of the eukaryotic chromosome structural and dynamic point responsible						
	for packaging, transmission, maintenance and regulation of DNA function in different cellular contexts system. The						
	Contents aim to complete previous knowledge acquired by students in matters related to Genetics and Molecular Biology at						
	the undergraduate or graduate studies, helping to establish a conceptual view from up state of the art research.						
Contingency plan	1. Modifications to the contents. N	0					
	2. Methodologies						
	*Teaching methodologies that are maintained						
	*Teaching methodologies that are modified						
3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students, By Teams, e'mail and Moodle			mail and Moodle				
	4. Modifications in the evaluation. No						
	*Evaluation observations:						
	5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy. No						

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A2	Skills of using usual techniques and instruments in the cellular, biological and molecular research: that are able to use techniques and
	instruments as well as understanding potentials of their uses and applications.
А3	Skills of understanding the functioning of cells through the structural organization, biochemistry, gene expression and genetic variability.
A6	Skills of understanding the functioning of cells through the structural organization, biochemistry, gene expression and genetic variability.
A11	Skills of understanding the structure, dynamics and evolution of genomes and to apply tools necessary to his study.
B1	Analysis skills to understand biological problems in connection with the Molecular and Cellular Biology and Genetics.
B2	Skills of decision making for the problem solving: that are able to apply theoretical knowledges and practical acquired in the formulation of
	biological problems and the looking for solutions.
В3	Skills of management of the information: that are able to gather and to understand relevant information and results, obtaining conclusions
	and to prepare reasoned reports on scientific and biotechnological questions
B4	Organization and work planning skills: that are able to manage the use of the time as well as available resources and to organize the work
	in the laboratory.
B5	Correct oral and written communication on scientific topics in the native language and at least in another International diffusion language.

В6	Skills of team work: that are able to keep efficient interpersonal relationships in an interdisciplinary and international work context, with
	respect for the cultural diversity.
B7	Personal progress skills : that are able to learn from freelance way, adapting to new situations, developing necessary qualities as the
	creativity, skills of leadership, motivation for the excellence and the quality.
В9	Skills of preparation, show and defense of a work.
C1	Adequate oral and written expression in the official languages.
C2	Mastering oral and written expression in a foreign language.
C3	Using ICT in working contexts and lifelong learning.
C4	Acting as a respectful citizen according to democratic cultures and human rights and with a gender perspective.
C5	Understanding the importanceof entrepreneurial culture and the useful means for enterprising people.
C6	Acquiring skills for healthy lifestyles, and healthy habits and routines.
C7	Developing the ability to work in interdisciplinary or transdisciplinary teams in order to offer proposals that can contribute to a sustainable
	environmental, economic, political and social development.
C8	Valuing the importance of research, innovation and technological development for the socioeconomic and cultural progress of society.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
			ces
Understand the knowledge of genetics from the perspective of eukaryotic chromosome as a structural and dynamic system.	AR2	BR1	CC1
	AR3	BR2	CC2
	AR6	BR3	CC3
	AR11	BR4	CC4
		BR5	CC5
		BR6	CC6
		BR7	CC7
		BR9	CC8
Ability to understand the organization of genes, genomes and chromosomes from a comparative and focused on the	AR2	BR1	CC1
relationship between structural, functional and evolutionary aspects perspective.	AR3	BR2	CC2
		BR3	CC3
		BR4	CC4
		BR5	CC5
		BR6	CC6
		BR7	CC7
		BR9	CC8
Increase the theoretical knowledge in the analysis of the structure, function and evolution of chromosomes in eukaryotes.	AR2	BR1	CC1
	AR3	BR2	CC2
		BR3	CC3
		BR4	CC4
		BR5	CC5
		BR6	CC6
		BR7	CC7
		BR9	CC8
		DK9	000

Contents				
Topic Sub-topic				
Block 1 Structural organization of hereditary material.	The hereditary material DNA / RNA			
	Levels of organization. The eukaryotic chromosome			
	Chromosomes and chromosomal proteins			
	Maintaining the chromosomal organization of the human chromosome protozoa.			

Block 2. Chromatin and chromosome dynamics	Chromosome dynamics. Control of the cell cycle and mitosis. Euchromatin and
	heterochromatin. The Histone variants and histone code. Chromosomes and function:
	polytechnics and lampbrush chromosomes.
Block 3. Chromosomes and evolution.	Karyotypes in different taxa. Comparative analysis. Cytotaxonomy and evolutionary
	aspects.

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A6 A11 B1 C5 C6 C7	4	4	8
Seminar	A3 B3 B4 B5 B6 B9	2	20	22
	C1 C2 C3			
Objective test	B2 B7 C4 C8	1	15	16
Laboratory practice	A2 A3 C8	7	7	14
Oral presentation	B1 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9	1	11	12
	C3			
Personalized attention		3	0	3

	Methodologies			
Methodologies	Description			
Guest lecture /	Professor transmit theoretical knowledge in keynote sessions related to the thematic blocks of matter. The contents shall			
keynote speech	comply with the previous knowledge acquired by students in their undergraduate studies or degree.			
Seminar	Students will develop and produce a single seminar dossier with more specific knowledge than provided in lectures. It will be			
	presented to the rest of his colleagues in the field corresponding to the schedule.			
	A report it will be given in writing to the teacher and will be presented orally in class.			
Objective test	Students will take an individual exam that will assess the knowledge acquired at the end of the course.			
Laboratory practice	Methodologies for working with chromosomes are made.			
	Activities to apply the adquired knowledge to chromosome techniques			
Oral presentation	Referred to the seminar dossier prepared singly or jointly by the students. If the work is done in groups, each student will			
	present a part of the seminar.			
	They quality of the report/seminary will be assessed in terms of content and references. Both the submitted writen report and			

Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practice	Personal attention is understood as an orientation focused on improving and increasing the previous basic knowledge of		
Oral presentation	students, learning to discern the most appropriate literature to the subject of the seminars and improve the standard of		
Seminar	scientific methodology.		
	The teacher will help the students solving doubts that may arise in performing the activities entrusted to it.		
	It will take in the timetable of tutorials available to the teacher.		

oral presentation will contribute to the assessment.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification

Laboratory practice	A2 A3 C8	They include the development of own basic and applied research in practical	10
		situations chromosomes.	
		Ability A and B	
Oral presentation	B1 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9	Students will prepare a written seminar that will be presented orally to the rest of his	10
	C3	teammates on a specific aspect of the subject.	
		Ability A,B	
<u> </u>	A0 A44 B4 05 00 07		_
Guest lecture /	A6 A11 B1 C5 C6 C7	Students must attend the teacher's explanations, assistance will be evaluated	5
keynote speech		positively.	
		AbilityA 1,3,6,9,11 and B 1,3,4,5,6,7,9	
Seminar	A3 B3 B4 B5 B6 B9	Students will present a written seminar part of the art. Quality, consistency and	35
	C1 C2 C3	timeliness of scientific content will be assessed.	
		It is a mandatory activity.	
		Ability A D	
		Ability A,B	
Objective test	B2 B7 C4 C8	The objective examination or test will show students the knowledge acquired on the	40
		core issues of matter	
		It is a mandatory activity.	
		Ability A,B	

Assessment comments

Os alumnos semipresenciais deberán asistir a Práctica/Visita de poder asistir deberán facer un traballo metodolóxico sobre cromosomas que será indicado po la profesora Ademais de traballar nun seminario específico para solventar a non asistencia as sesións maxistrais e as presentacions orais.

A proba obxectiva e obligatoria.

Os alumnos NO PRESENTADOS serán aqueles que non asistan a ninguha das 5 metodoloxías propostas.

	Sources of information
Basic	ELGIN, S.C.R. and WORKMAN, J.L. 2000. Chromatin Structure and Gene Expression. Oxford University Press, New
	York.LI, W.H. 1997. Molecular Evolution. Sinauer, MA.LIMA-DE-FARIA, A. 2008. Praise of Chromosome "Folly".
	World Scientific/Imperial College Press.LYNCH, M. 2007. The origins of Genome Architecture. Sinauer Associates,
	Sunderland, MA.NEI, M. & KUMAR, S. 2000. Molecular Evolution and Phylogenetics. Oxford University Press,
	NY.REECE, R.J. 2004. Analysis of Genes and Genomes. Ed. Wiley & Sons.SUMNER, A.T. 2003. Chromosomes:
	Organization and Function. Blackwell Publishing. VAN HOLDE, K.E. 1988. Chromatin. Springer-Verlag, NY. VERMA,
	R.S. & BABU, A. 1995. Human Chromosomes: Principles and Techniques.2ª Ed. McGraw-Hill.WEINGARTEN, C.N.
	2009. Sex Chromosomes: Genetics, Abnormalities and Disorders. Springer.WOLFFE, A.P. 1998. Chromatin: Structur
	& Function. Academic Press, San Diego, CA. ZLATANOVA, J. & LEUBA, S.H. 2004. Chromatin Structure and
	Dynamics: State-of-the-Art. Elsevier, Amsterdam.



Complementary

Annunziato AT (2005) Split decision: what happens to nucleosomes during DNA replication? J. Biol. Chem. 280:12065-12068Arents G, Moudrianakis E (1995) The histone fold: a ubiquitous architectural motif utilized in DNA compaction and protein dimerization. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A 92:11170-11174Brown DT (2001) Histone variants: are they functionally heterogeneous. Genome Biol. 2:1-6Luger K, Mäder AW, Richmond RK, Sargent DF, Richmond TJ (1997) Crystal structure of the nucleosome core particle at 2.8 A resolution. Nature 389:251-260Cairns BR (2005) Chromatin remodeling complexes: strength in diversity, precision through specialization. Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev. 15:185-190 Downey M, Durocher D (2006) Chromatin and DNA repair: the benefits of relaxation. Nat. Cell Biol. 8:9-10Eirín-López JM, Ausió J (2009) Origin and evolution of chromosomal sperm proteins. Bioessays in press Eirín-López JM, Frehlick LJ, Ausió J (2006) Protamines, in the footsteps of linker histone evolution. J. Biol. Chem. 281:1-4 Eirín-López JM, González-Romero R, Dryhurst D, Méndez J, Ausió J (2009) Long-term evolution of histone families: old notions and new insights into their diversification mechanisms across eukaryotes. In: Pontarotti P (ed) Evolutionary Biology: Concept, Modeling, and Application. Springer-Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg, p in pressGrigoryev SA (2004) Keeping fingers crossed: heterochromatin spreading through interdigitation of nucleosome arrays. FEBS Lett. 564:4-8Henikoff S (2005) Histone modifications: Combinatorial complexity or accumulative simplicity? Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A 102 Henikoff S, Ahmad K (2005) Assembly of variant histones into chromatin. Annu. Rev. Cell. Dev. Biol. 21:133-153Kasinsky HE, Lewis JD, Dacks JB, Ausió J (2001) Origin of H1 histones. FASEB J. 15:34-42Kimmins S, Sassone-Corsi P (2005) Chromatin remodelling and epigenetic features of germ cells. Nature 434:583-589Lewis JD, Saperas N, Song Y, Zamora MJ, Chiva M, Ausió J (2004) Histone H1 and the origin of protamines. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A 101:4148-4152Malik HS, Henikoff S (2003) Phylogenomics of the nucleosome. Nat. Struct. Biol. 10:882-891Ramakrishnan V, Finch JT, Graziano V, Lee PL, Sweet RM (1993) Crystal structure of globular domain of histone H5 and its implications for nucleosome binding. Nature 362:219-223Strahl B, Allis CD (2000) The language of covalent histone modifications. Nature 403:41-45van Holde KE, Zlatanova J (1995) Chromatin higher order structure: chasing a mirage? J. Biol. Chem. 270:8373-8376Vignali M, Workman JL (1998) Location and function of linker histones Nat. Struct. Biol. 5:1025-1028Woodcock CL, Dimitrov S (2001) Higher-order structure of chromatin and chromosomes. Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev. 11:130-135Recursos Webhttp://www.udc.es/grupos/xenomar/chromevol/Welcome.htmlhttp://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/http://www.timetree.org/ http://tolweb.org/tree/phylogeny.htmlhttp://research.nhgri.nih.gov/histones/http://www.ebi.ac.uk/msd-srv/oca/oca-docs/ oca-home.htmlhttp://www.chromdb.org/http://www.ensembl.org/index.htmlhttp://swissmodel.expasy.org/

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Genetic Variation Mechanisms/610441005

Proteomics/610441013

Human Genetics/610441016

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Protein Structure and Dynamics/610441011

Genomics /610441014

Bioinformatics and Biomolecular models /610441020

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Stem Cells and Cell Therapy/610441009

Genetic Toxicology /610441017

Project/610441022

Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.