| | | Teachin | g Guide | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Identifyi | ng Data | | | 2020/21 | | |
| Subject (*) | Advanced Structural Determination Code | | | 610509103 | | | |
| Study programme | Mestrado Universitario en Invest | igación Química | a e Química Indust | trial (Plan 2020) | · | | |
| | | Desc | riptors | | | | |
| Cycle | Period Year Type | | | Туре | Credits | | |
| Official Master's Degree | e 1st four-month period | Fi | rst | Obligatory | 3 | | |
| Language | SpanishGalicianEnglish | | · | | | | |
| Teaching method | Face-to-face | | | | | | |
| Prerequisites | | | | | | | |
| Department | Química | | | | | | |
| Coordinador | Rodriguez Gonzalez, Jaime | | E-mail | jaime.rodriguez@ | @udc.es | | |
| Lecturers | Rodriguez Gonzalez, Jaime | | E-mail | jaime.rodriguez@ | @udc.es | | |
| | Sanchez Andujar, Manuel | | | m.andujar@udc. | es | | |
| Web | http://www.usc.es/gl/centros/quir | nica/curso/mas | ter.html | · | | | |
| General description | This module is focused in the ad | vanced aspects | which are essenti | ial in subjects at highest | t level in Chemistry. Discussions | | |
| | will be focused in the most important tasks in the basic chemical research directed to own or interdisciplinary studies. The | | | | | | |
| | five main subjects in the module will be extended in 15 ECTS and they will be intensively given by the three associated | | | | | | |
| | universities during the first quarte | er. | | | | | |
| | These subjects will be simultaneously taught by the three universities during the months of September and October | | | | of September and October of each | | |
| | academic year. | | | | | | |
| Contingency plan | 1. Modifications to the contents | | | | | | |
| | There's not modifications | | | | | | |
| | 2. Methodologies | | | | | | |
| | *Teaching methodologies that ar | e maintained. N | lone | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | *Teaching methodologies that are modified. All by teams. | | | | | | |
| 3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students. By teams and e.mail. | | | | | | | |
| | 4. Modifications in the evaluation | ı | | | | | |
| | There's no modifications | | | | | | |
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| | Study programme competences |
|------|---|
| Code | Study programme competences |
| A1 | Define concepts, principles, theories and specialized facts of different areas of chemistry. |
| A2 | Suggest alternatives for solving complex chemical problems related to the different areas of chemistry. |
| А3 | Innovate in the methods of synthesis and chemical analysis related to the different areas of chemistry |
| A7 | Operate with advanced instrumentation for chemical analysis and structural determination. |
| A8 | Analyze and use the data obtained independently in complex laboratory experiments and relating them with the chemical, physical or |
| | biological appropriate techniques, including the use of primary literature sources |
| A9 | Promote innovation and entrepreneurship in the chemical industry and in research. |
| B1 | Possess knowledge and understanding to provide a basis or opportunity for originality in developing and / or applying ideas, often within a |
| | research context |
| B2 | Students should apply their knowledge and ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader (or multidisciplinary) |
| | contexts related to their field of study. |
| B4 | Students should be able to communicate their conclusions, and the knowledge and the reasons that support them to specialists and |
| | non-specialists in a clear and unambiguous manner |
| | |

| B5 | Students must possess learning skills to allow them to continue studying in a way that will have to be largely self-directed or autonomous. |
|-----|---|
| B7 | Identify information from scientific literature by using appropriate channels and integrate such information to raise and contextualize a |
| | research topic |
| B10 | Use of scientific terminology in English to explain the experimental results in the context of the chemical profession |
| B11 | Apply correctly the new technologies to gather and organize the information to solve problems in the professional activity. |
| C1 | CT1 - Elaborar, escribir e defender publicamente informes de carácter científico e técnico |
| C2 | CT2 - Traballar en equipo e adaptarse a equipos multidisciplinares. |
| C3 | CT3 - Traballar con autonomía e eficiencia na práctica diaria da investigación ou da actividade profesional. |
| C4 | CT4 - Apreciar o valor da calidade e mellora continua, actuando con rigor, responsabilidade e ética profesional. |
| | |

| Learning outcomes | | | |
|--|-------|----------|------|
| Learning outcomes | Study | y progra | amme |
| | COI | mpeten | ces |
| Be able to propose a molecular structure of both organic and inorganic Compostos by using spectroscopic techniques or mass | AC1 | BC1 | CC1 |
| spectrometry techniques. | AC2 | BC2 | CC2 |
| | AC3 | BC4 | ССЗ |
| | AC7 | BC5 | CC4 |
| | AC8 | BC10 | |
| | AC9 | BC11 | |
| Be able to identify in a mass spectrum the base peak, molecular ion (main peak and isotope peaks) and some peak | AC8 | BC1 | |
| fragmentations. | | BC2 | |
| Be able to identify acronyms in the different ionization techniques. | | BC4 | |
| Be able to manually determine isotopic compositions of molecules using isotopomers and isotopologues. | | BC7 | |
| Be able to identify common elements such S, Cl, Br based on isotopic patterns. | | | |
| Be able to estimate the maximum number of carbons based on the M+1 peak | | | |
| Be able to get possible molecular formulaes for a given mass using de rule of 13. | | | |
| Be able to use the nitrogen rule in the number of possible formulas. | | | |
| Be able to determine the degree of unsaturation from an empirical formula (DBE) | | | |
| Be able to interpret NMR magnetization through pulse sequences. | | | |
| Be able to interpret basic concepts as relaxation processes in NMR. | | | |
| Be able to describe or outline basic experiment by NMR pulses and NMR acquisition parameters (SI, O1, SW, AQ, DW, | | | |
| FIDRES, P1, D1). | | | |
| Be able to interpret type of NMR data such absorption and dispersion. | | | |
| Be able to distinguish NMR in time scale (FID) and NMR frequency scale (NMR spectrum) and to describe the Fourier | | | |
| Transformation in NMR. | | | |
| Be able to describe the basic work-up of two-dimensional NMR experiments. | | | |
| Be able to identify molecular fragments by using an heteronuclear experiments (HSQC / HMQC). Use of the DEPT-135 Edited | | | |
| HSQC experiment. | | | |
| Be able to gather information from NOE experiments. | | | |
| Use of essential difractometric techniques for a X-RAy single crystal experiments in the structural determination of small | | | |
| molecules. | | | |

| Contents | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Topic | Sub-topic | |
| 1. The mass spectrometry | Basic principles. Ionization methods: ESI, APCI, MALDI Isotopic patterns | |
| | High resolution mass spectrometry. | |
| | Fragmentation in mass spectrometry | |
| Monodimensional NMR experiments. | Selective irradiation experiments, 1D-NOE and 1D-TOCSY. Edited heteronuclear | |
| Heteronuclear NMR spectroscopy. | experiments: INEPT and DEPT. Aplications in stereochemistry problems | |
| | Other nuclei: N-15 and F-19 NMR | |

| 3. Bidimensional NMR experiments. | Heteronuclear correlation experiments. HSQC and HMBC |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| | 2D-NMR experiments: COSY basic principles; TOCSY |
| | NOE experiments. NOESY and ROESY |
| | Heteronuclear 2D-experiments |
| 4 Monocrystal X-Ray difraction | Basic concepts. |
| | Resolution methods and refinament of the structural models: examples. |
| | Criterios de calidad del modelo. |
| | Computational tools for calculation and representation for structures. |

| | Planning | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Methodologies / tests | Competencies | Ordinary class | Student?s personal | Total hours |
| | | hours | work hours | |
| Seminar | A2 A3 A7 A8 A9 B2 | 12 | 30 | 42 |
| | B4 B5 B7 B11 C1 C3 | | | |
| | C4 | | | |
| Supervised projects | A8 B1 B7 B10 C2 C3 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| | C4 | | | |
| Mixed objective/subjective test | A1 A8 B7 B10 | 1 | 7 | 8 |
| Guest lecture / keynote speech | A1 A8 B1 B11 C1 | 9 | 9 | 18 |
| Personalized attention | | 2 | 0 | 2 |

| | Methodologies |
|----------------------|---|
| Methodologies | Description |
| Seminar | It is proposed to carry out 12 sessions of seminars-problems of small groups where the students will solve sets of proposed |
| | problems presented by the teacher in handouts. The students will have in advance the problem on the moodle platform, in that |
| | form student will individuially elaborate the answers before the classes. Seminars will be used also for the resolution of doubts |
| | theoretical explanations. Attendance is mandatory. |
| Supervised projects | This monitored activity will be directed in solving exercises, clarification of doubts about the theory or practice, readings or |
| | other proposed tasks, as well as presentations, discussions or comments made individually by students or in small groups. In |
| | many cases teachers will require from students writen answers in advance. Attendance at these classes is mandatory. |
| Mixed | Final test will contribute to the assessment of the level of knowledge and skills acquired by students. |
| objective/subjective | |
| test | |
| Guest lecture / | In these large group sessions the theoretical contents along with relevant illustrative examples are developed. The students |
| keynote speech | will have the material to be taught in advance, before conducting the activity. The active participation of students will be |
| | encouraged. |

| Personalized attention | | |
|--|---|--|
| Methodologies | Description | |
| Supervised projects | Students who have special difficulties with any aspects of the subjects, should contact the hours of tutoring with the teacher to | |
| Seminar receive the necessary support. | | |
| | | |

| Assessment | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|---------------|
| Methodologies | Competencies | Description | Qualification |
| Supervised projects | A8 B1 B7 B10 C2 C3 | The continuous grading of the student will be assessed through questions and | 20 |
| | C4 | problems, in addition to the attendance and participation in the class. | |

| Mixed | A1 A8 B7 B10 | Exame escrito con exercicios integrados das diferentes técnicas de RMN, masas e | 55 |
|----------------------|--------------------|---|----|
| objective/subjective | | RX expliacadas nas clases presenciais. | |
| test | | | |
| Seminar | A2 A3 A7 A8 A9 B2 | Resolution of problems, practical cases and presentations that will be delivered to the | 25 |
| | B4 B5 B7 B11 C1 C3 | student previously. The explanations and examples explained in the class will be | |
| | C4 | followed. | |

Assessment comments

The completion of the set of activities related to seminars and supervised projects by the students is fundamental to successfully overcome the subject. In the seminary classes we will mainly work on solving problems. The problems and the calendar of classes in which these problems will be solved will be available to the students in the virtual classroom of the subject. Students should try to solve them autonomously, delivering the solution in the virtual classroom in advance of the classes. Subsequently, the solutions will be analyzed in the classes. The seminars will also propose brief exercises to be solved at the moment, which will serve to focus on the topics discussed and which will be taken into account in the evaluation. It is recommended that students use the recommended bibliography. The faculty will advise the sections of each book that are most appropriate for each topic. In case of finding difficulties, students can raise their doubts both in the classes and in the tutorials.

| | Sources of information |
|---------------|--|
| Basic | - Gross, J. H. (2004). Mass Spectrometry. Springer |
| | - Günther, H. (1995). NMR Spectroscopy, Basic principles, concepts, and applications in Chemistry. 2nd Ed. John |
| | Wiley |
| | - Crews, P, Rodríguez, J., Jaspers, M. (2010). Organic Structure Analysis. 2nd Ed. Oxord University Press; New York |
| | - Lifshin, Eric (1999). X-ray Characterization of Materials. Wiley-VCH |
| | - Clegg, William (1998). Crystal Structure Determination. Oxford University Press |
| Complementary | - Glusker, Jenny P. and Trueblood, Kenneth N. (1985). Crystal Structure Analysis, a Primer. Oxford University Press, |
| | (2 ed.) |
| | - Donald E. Sands (1988). Introducción a la cristalografía. Ed. Reverté |
| | - Silvestein R. M.; Webster, F. X., Kiemle, D. J. (2005). Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds. 7th Ed. |
| | Wiley |
| | - Hesse, M. (1995). Métodos Espectroscópicos en Química Orgánica. Madrid, Síntesis |
| | - Smart, Lesley and Moore, Elaine A. (2012). Solid state chemistry : an introduction. CRC Press, (4 ed.). |

| Recommendations |
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| Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before |
| |
| Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously |
| |
| Subjects that continue the syllabus |
| |
| Other comments |

Other comments

The accomplishment of the activities of the block a) evaluation is very important for the student to successfully overcome the Subject. In the seminar classes you will mainly work on solving problems. The problems and the calendar in which these problems will be solved will be available to students in the web site of the course (Moodle). Students should try to solve all problems autonomously, delivering the solution in the virtual classroom in advance of classes. Solutions will be analyzed in the classes. Seminars will contain short exercises to be solve in the same class. Discussion and the way to solve each problem will be taken into account in the final grade. Students are encouraged to follow the recommended literature for each chapter. In case of difficulties, the students can raise their doubts in both classes and tutorials.



(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.