



Teaching Guide

Teaching Guide				
Identifying Data				2020/21
Subject (*)	Plant Systematics: Cryptogamia		Code	610G02024
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía			
Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Second	Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishGalician			
Teaching method	Hybrid			
Prerequisites				
Department	Bioloxía			
Coordinador	Peña Freire, Viviana		E-mail	v.pena@udc.es
Lecturers	Barbara Criado, Ignacio Manuel Leira Campos, Antón Manoel Peña Freire, Viviana Pimentel Pereira, Manuel		E-mail	ignacio.barbara@udc.es m.leira@udc.es v.pena@udc.es m.pimentel@udc.es
Web				
General description	Systematic Botany: Cryptogams. We will study fungi, algae, bryophytes and ferns in an evolutionary context, paying special attention to their phylogenetic positions. This course integrates information from previous courses (Biochemistry, Plant Physiology, Plant Anatomy and Histology, etc) and it will useful for students seeking to develop a career in research, teaching, environmental assessment, agriculture, ethnobotany, etc.			



Contingency plan

1. Modifications in contents

No modifications are considered

2. Methodologies

*Teaching methodologies that will be maintained

- Keynote speech (included in assessment).
- Seminar (included in assessment).
- Laboratory practices (included in assessment).
- Fieldtrip (included in assessment).
- Personalized attention

* Teaching methodologies with modifications

- Keynote speech: transferred to online (Teams).
- Seminar: transferred to online (Teams)
- Laboratory practice: transferred to virtual mode providing online materials to students.
- Case study: cancelled. The corresponding qualification will be transferred to written exam.
- Fieldtrip: activity replaced by virtual exercises.

3. Personalized attention to students

- Teams:
 - Weekly sessions according to the academic calendar.
 - Attention and reply to questions raised in the ?equipo? Teams of the subject (video, audio or chat); also under demand from teachers.
 - Moodle
 - Daily. According to students requirements.
 - Repository of documents and help provider, notifications and communication with students (using ?Foro? section).
 - E-mail:
 - Daily.
 - Attention and reply to questions sent by the students.
 - Phone:
- Personalized attention, depending on requirements from both, students and teachers.

4. Modification in the assessment

-Methodology: Seminar

Qualification: 10% (of global qualification)

Description: Qualifications will be based on the work conducted by the student as well as on his/her participation in class.

Seminar will be conducted in Teams and they will be recorded.

-Methodology: Keynote speech

Qualification: 60% (of global qualification)

Description: assessment will be conducted through an exam consisting on Moodle questionnaires and a written exam (submitted as pdf or pictures). The assessment will be carried out in Teams and will be recorded. After submission, if any potential irregularity is detected during marking, teachers might ask for an additional assessment to the affected students by individual videoconference (Teams).

-Methodology: Laboratory practice

Qualification: 20% (of global qualification)

Description: Qualifications will be based on the quality, content and presentation of the questionnaire that the student will have to submit as pdf file.

-Methodology: Case study

Qualification: cancelled (the corresponding qualification is transferred to keynote speech)

Description: not applicable



-Methodology: Fieldtrip

Qualification: 20% (of global qualification)

Description: Qualifications will be based on the quality, content and presentation of the questionnaire that the student will have to submit as pdf file.

*Assessment observations:

Indications of teaching guide are maintained

5. Bibliography/webgraphy modifications

No modifications are considered



Study programme competences	
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.
A2	Identificar organismos.
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar espécimes.
A9	Identificar e utilizar bioindicadores.
A20	Muestrear, caracterizar e manexar poboacións e comunidades.
A22	Describir, analizar, avaliar e planificar o medio físico.
A27	Dirixir, redactar e executar proxectos en Bioloxía.
A32	Desenvolverse con seguridade no traballo de campo.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
B6	Organizar e planificar o traballo.
B7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
B8	Sintetizar a información.
B9	Formarse unha opinión propia.
B11	Debater en público.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme competences	
Acquire basic field- and laboratory work skills for the study of Cryptogams.		A4 A9	B1 B7 B8
Development of Cryptogams observation, description and identification skills, as well as assessment of Cryptogam species integration and presence in the natural environment.		A2 A4 A20 A22 A27 A32	B1 B4 B6 B11
Analyse Cryptogamic diversity: complexity, morphology, reproductive systems and adaptation to the environment.		A1 A2	B1 B3 B8 B9
Understand the variation across the life cycles of the different groups of Cryptogams.		A1	B1 B3 B8 B9
Encourage the student's interest in Cryptogamic variation and biology as key elements for a thorough understanding of biodiversity.			B3 B4 B6 B7 B8 B9
Understand the taxonomy of Cryptogams as a reflection of evolutionary relationships among the different groups.		A1 A2	B1 B3 B8 B9



Acquire skills for a correct and critical use of the bibliography.

A27

B6

B8

B9

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic
Lectures. Part I: Fungi. Systematics and Evolution	<p>Lesson 1.- General features of fungi and fungi-like organisms. Fungal nutrition and life history. Ecological and economical importance. Origin and classification.</p> <p>Lesson 2.- General features of Acrasiomycota, Myxomycota and Plasmodiophoromycota. Reproduction and life history.</p> <p>Lesson 3.- General features of Oomycota. Reproduction and life history.</p> <p>Lesson 4.- Fungi sensu stricto. General features of Chytridiomycota, Zygomycota, Ascomycota and Basidiomycota. Reproduction and life history.</p> <p>Lesson 5.- Lichens, Fungi imperfectae (Deuteromycetes) and related groups. Ecological and economical importance. Summary and phylogeny of Fungi sensu lato.</p>
Lectures. Part II: Algae. Systematics and Evolution	<p>Lesson 6.- General features of algae. Algal biology, reproduction and life history. Ecological and economical importance. Origin and classification.</p> <p>Lesson 7.- Prokaryotic algae. Cyanophyta: characters, habitat and classification.</p> <p>Lesson 8.- Eucaryotic algae. Rhodophyta: characters, reproduction, life history, habitat and classification.</p> <p>Lesson 9.- Eucaryotic algae. Ochrophyta: characters, reproduction, life history, habitat and classification (Chrysophyceae, Xanthophyceae, Bacillariophyceae and Phaeophyceae).</p> <p>Lesson 10.- Eucaryotic algae. Haptophyta, Cryptophyta, Dinophyta and Euglenophyta: characters, reproduction, life history, habitat and classification.</p> <p>Lesson 11.- Eucaryotic algae. Chlorophyta and Streptophyta: characters, reproduction, life history, habitat, classification and examples of Prasinophyceae, Chlorophyceae and Ulvophyceae (Chlorophyta) and Charophyceae, Zygnematophyceae and Coleochaetophyceae (Streptophyta). The origin of embryophytes.</p>
Lectures. Part III: The colonization of drylands. Systematics and Evolution of embryophytes	<p>Lesson 12.- Introduction to embryophytes. The origin of land plants. Adaptation to drylands.</p> <p>Lesson 13.- Non vascular embryophytes; bryophytes s. lat.: characters, reproduction, life history, habitat and classification. Differential features of Anthocerophyta, Marchantiophyta and Bryophyta).</p> <p>Lesson 14.- Introduction to vascular plants. Telomatic theory.</p> <p>Lesson 15.- Euphyllophytina p.p. (Monilophytes, former Pteridophyta) and Lycophytina: features, reproduction, life history, habitat and examples of Lycopsidea, Psilophytopsida, Psilotopsida, Equisetopsida, Marattiopsida and Polypodiopsida. Phylogeny of ferns sensu lato.</p>
THEORETICAL TEACHING (SEMINARS)	<p>Seminar 1.- Fungi sensu lato: questions about reproduction, life history, definitions, etc. (2 hours).</p> <p>Seminar 2.- Algae: questions about reproduction, life history, definitions, etc. (2 hours).</p> <p>Seminar 3.- Embryophytic plants: questions about reproduction, life history, definitions, etc. (1 hour).</p> <p>Seminar 4.- General summary of the course and open questions for the students. (2 hours).</p>



PRACTICAL TEACHING (FIELD TRIPS)	2 field trips. A first one focused on the marine algae growing in two coastal localities of A Coruña and one focused on terrestrial cryptogams growing in an area close to the Faculty of Sciences.
PRACTICAL TEACHING (LAB SESSIONS)	<p>Lab session 1.- Observation, description, identification and preservation of Fungi sensu lato.</p> <p>Lab session 2.- Observation, description, identification and preservation of Lichens.</p> <p>Lab session 3.- Observation, description, identification and preservation of Brown seaweeds and Diatoms.</p> <p>Lab session 4.- Observation, description, identification and preservation of Red seaweeds.</p> <p>Lab session 5.- Observation, description, identification and preservation of Green algae and Bryophytes s. l.</p> <p>Lab session 6.- Observation, description, identification and preservation of ferns.</p>
PRACTICAL TEACHING (PRACTICAL CASES)	<p>Practical case 1.- Write a descriptive report of a natural environment of the seashore (mainly seaweeds and lichens), as well as a representative herbarium of the plants collected in the area.</p> <p>Practical case 2.- Write a descriptive report of a natural environment of a forest (mainly lichens, fungi, bryophytes s. lat. and ferns), as well as a representative herbarium of the plants collected in the area.</p>

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class hours	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 B1 B3 B8 B9	21	42	63
Seminar	A1 B1 B3 B7 B8 B9 B11	7	21	28
Laboratory practice	A9 B1 B7 B8	12	6	18
Case study	A2 A4 A20 A22 A27 A32 B1 B4 B6	0	26	26
Field trip	A2 A20 A22 A27 A32	6	6	12
Personalized attention		3	0	3
(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.				

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech	The lecturer will introduce all the basic concepts and ideas to the students using presentations and documents that will be available to them beforehand.
Seminar	During the seminars, the student will autonomously analyse some of the contents of the course, using what they learnt during the lectures, as well as using the bibliography suggested by the lecturer. The work of the different students will be assessed and discussed by the group.
Laboratory practice	The student will conduct macro- and microscopic descriptions of the Cryptogams available to him in the lab. They will have to complete a questionnaire that will be assessed by the lecturer. The students will also improve their identifications skills through the use of taxonomic keys, guides and floras.
Case study	The student will write a report (in pdf) on the Cryptogam flora growing in two areas of their interest, one in or near the sea-shore (focused in marine algae) and another in a forest (focused in mosses, fungi and ferns). The student will have to collect specimens belonging to the different groups studied in the course, and they will have to prepare a Herbarium that will be assessed (together with the report) by the lecturer.



Field trip	Two compulsory field trips (guided by the lecturers) will take place at the beginning of the term. The students will visit some areas of interest due to their Cryptogamic flora. During the field trips the lecturers will analyse with the students the different specimens found. The students will write a report (pdf) of the activities conducted in the field trips that will be assessed by the lecturers.
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Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Seminar Laboratory practice Case study Field trip	Guidance will be available to the students in order to solve possible doubts or problems that might arise during the course. Ideally, the student should make appointments with the lecturers by e-mail

Assessment

Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Seminar	A1 B1 B3 B7 B8 B9 B11	Qualifications will be based on the work conducted by the student as well as on his/her participation in class. Attendance to the seminars is compulsory. Competencies: A1, B1, B3, B7, B8, B9, B11	10
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 B1 B3 B8 B9	Assessment will be conducted through a written exam that will include essay questions, short-answer questions and a multiple choice questionnaire. A1, A2, B1, B3, B8 and B9	40
Laboratory practice	A9 B1 B7 B8	Qualifications will be based on a questionnaire that the student will have to complete during each lab session. Participation will also be considered. Competencies: A9, B1, B7, B8	20
Case study	A2 A4 A20 A22 A27 A32 B1 B4 B6	Qualifications will be based on the content and quality of the report written by the student. An oral exam will also be conducted in order to assess the quality of the herbarium that must be presented together with the report. Competencies: A2, A4, A20, A22, A27, A32, B1, B4, B6	20
Field trip	A2 A20 A22 A27 A32	Qualifications will be based on the report written by the student. Attendance and participation will also be considered. Competencies: A2, A20, A22, A27, A32.	10

Assessment comments



Students must pay special attention to the planning section of this teaching guide.

It is essential that students understand that to be successful in the course they should work around 150 hours (50 of them presential, either face to face or telematic). Non presential activities include (but are not limited to) studying for the final exam and preparation of reports. All students that participate in more than 30% of the activities of the course will obtain a qualification. To pass the course in the first opportunity, students must participate at least in 70% of the activities of the course. All students must obtain at least 4,5 points out of 10 in the written exam (and at least 4 in the different parts of the written text) and 4 out of 10 points in the rest of the activities. The final (overall) grade of the course must be above 5 points (out of 10).

To pass the course in the second opportunity (July) all students (depending on the grades obtained in the first opportunity) must take a written exam and/or a lab test. The obtained qualifications will be kept only during the academic term (January-July). On a case by case basis, those students that, for justified reasons, are

not able to participate in all the programmed activities will be given alternative options to pass the course.

Students with officially recognised academic exemption or who participate in equality and diversity support programs are welcome to participate in this subject. The teachers will adapt the different compulsory activities in order to enable these students to fulfill the aims of the course.

This course has the following key dates:

Lab course: between September 28 and October 28, 2020

Field course: September 29 and October 20, 2020

Open Lab sessions: October 26 and November 3, 6, 17 and 20, 2020

Field course (pdf) report submission (deadline): October 29, 2020

Case study (pdf) report submission (and herbarium exam): December 16, 2020

Sources of information

Basic	<p>A principio de curso os profesores porán a disposición do estudantado unha lista de referencias máis completa, especialmente referida a grupos concretos dentro da materia BIBLIOGRAFÍA BÁSICA PARA TEORÍA: ABBAYES, H. des, M. CHADEFAUD, J. FELDMANN, Y. de FERRÉ, H. GAUSSEN, P.-P. GRASSÉ & A.R. PRÉVOT (1989) Botánica, vegetales inferiores. Reverté, Barcelona. BOLD, H.C., C. J. ALEXOPOULOS & T. DELEVORYAS (1989) Morfología de plantas y hongos. Omega, Barcelona. CARRIÓN, J.S. (2003) Evolución vegetal Editorial: DIEGO MARIN, ed. 497 Págs. DÍAZ GONZÁLEZ, T.E. M^a C. FERNÁNDEZ-CARVAJAL ÁLVAREZ & J.A. FERNÁNDEZ PRIETO (2004) Curso de Botánica. Trea Ciencias. FONT-QUER, P. (1993) Diccionario de Botánica. Labor, Barcelona. GORENFLOT, R. (1975) Précis de botanique, 1 Protocaryotes et Thallophytes eucaryotes. Doin, Paris. GORENFLOT, R. & M. GUERN (1989) Organisation et biologie des thallophytes. Doin, 235 p. IZCO, J., E. BARRENO, M. BRUGUÉS, M. COSTA, J. DEVESA, F. FERNÁNDEZ, T. GALLARDO, X. LLIMONA, E. SALVO, S. TALAVERA & B. VALDÉS (1997) Botánica. McGraw-Hill, Madrid. PEARSON, L.C. (1995) The diversity and evolution of plants. C.R.C. Press, New York. RAVEN et al. (1991) Biología de las plantas. RODRÍGUEZ IGLESIAS, F. (Ed.) Galicia Naturaleza. Botánica I. Hércules de Ediciones, S.A., A Coruña. SCAGEL, R.F., R.J. BANDONI, G.E. ROUSE, W.B. SCHOFIELD., J.R. STEIN & T.M.C. TAYLOR (1987) El Reino Vegetal. Omega, Barcelona. SCAGEL, R.F., R.J. BANDONI, J.R. MAZE, G.E. ROUSE, W.B. SCHOFIELD & J.R. STEIN (1991) Plantas no vasculares. Omega, Barcelona. STRASBURGER, E., F. NOLL, H. SCHENCK & A.F.W. SCHIMPER. (2004) Tratado de Botánica (actualizado por P. SITTE et al.) Omega, Barcelona. BIBLIOGRAFÍA BÁSICA PARA PRÁCTICAS: EGEA FERNANDEZ, J.M^a & P. TORRENTE PAÑOS (1997) Manual de Teoría y Prácticas de Botánica. DM Librero Editor. GUERRA MONTES, J., J.S. CARRIÓN, M. ABOAL, J.M. EGEA & R.M. ROS (1988) Guiones de clases prácticas de Botánica. Promociones y publicaciones Universitarias, Barcelona. MANOBENS, R. M^a (1988) Botánica, instruccions per als recol·lectors de plantes: l'herbari. Preparació i documentació. Generalitat de Catalunya.</p>
Complementary	

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before



Introduction to Botany: General Botany/610G02023
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Plant Systematics: Phanerogamia/610G02025
Other comments
Se ben non é imprescindible, é moi importante que o alumno teña aprobada a materia de Iniciación á Botánica do primeiro curso do Grao.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.