		Teachin	ng Guide		
Identifying Data 2020/21					2020/21
Subject (*)	English Literature and Literary Criticism Code			613G03032	
Study programme	Grao en Inglés: Estudos Lingüístic	cos e Literario	S		
		Desc	riptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Th	nird	Optional	4.5
Language	English				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Letras				
Coordinador	Gomez Blanco, Carlos Juan		E-mail	carlos.gomezb@u	udc.es
Lecturers	Gomez Blanco, Carlos Juan		E-mail	carlos.gomezb@u	udc.es
	Simal Gonzalez, Begoña			begona.simal@ud	dc.es
Web					
General description	Study of the most important school	ols of literary th	neory in relation v	with English literary texts.	
Contingency plan	tingency plan 1. Modifications to the contents				
	None				
	2. Methodologies				
	*Teaching methodologies that are	maintained			
	All				
	*Teaching methodologies that are	modified			
	No optional oral presentation of the	ne essay (writte	en version only).	Classes in Moodle or Tea	ıms.
	The subjective/objective test or ex	cam and the lit	erary analysis ex	ercises would be done in	Moodle (assignments,
	discussion forums): the former of	on the schedul	ed day, the latter	during the course.	
	3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students				
	Webmail, Moodle and Teams.				
	4. Modifications in the evaluation:				
	None (just technical adaptations to the online system).				
	*Evaluation observations:				
	Students with dispensation will do	the same ess	ay and exam. Th	e textual commentaries de	one in class will be replaced by
	similar exercises to be done the d	ay of the exan	n.		
	5. Modifications to the bibliograph	y or webgraph	ny		
	None				

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Coñecer e aplicar os métodos e as técnicas de análise lingüística e literaria.
A2	Saber analizar e comentar textos e discursos literarios e non literarios utilizando apropiadamente as técnicas de análise textual.
А3	Coñecer as correntes teóricas da lingüística e da ciencia literaria.
A10	Ter capacidade para avaliar criticamente o estilo dun texto e para formular propostas alternativas e correccións.
A11	Ter capacidade para avaliar, analizar e sintetizar criticamente información especializada.
A14	Ser capaz para identificar problemas e temas de investigación no ámbito dos estudos lingüísticos e literarios e interrelacionar os distintos
	aspectos destes estudos.
A15	Ser capaz de aplicar os coñecementos lingüísticos e literarios á práctica.
A16	Ter un coñecemento avanzado das literaturas en lingua inglesa.
B1	Utilizar os recursos bibliográficos, as bases de datos e as ferramentas de busca de información.
В3	Adquirir capacidade de autoformación.
B5	Relacionar os coñecementos cos doutras áreas e disciplinas.
B7	Ter capacidade de análise e síntese, de valorar criticamente o coñecemento e de exercer o pensamento crítico.



B8	Apreciar a diversidade.
В9	Valorar a importancia que ten a investigación, a innovación e o desenvolvemento tecnolóxico no avance socioeconómico e cultural da
	sociedade.
B10	Comportarse con ética e responsabilidade social como cidadán/á e profesional.

Learning outcomes	04: 1			
Learning outcomes		Study programme		
		mpeten		
Be acquainted with the basic schools of literary theory	A1	B8	C6	
	A2			
	A3			
Be aware of the importance of behaving fairly and correctly.		B8	C6	
		В9	C7	
		B10	C8	
Improve Spoken and Written English skills	A6			
Be aware of the importance of research			C6	
			C7	
			C8	
Learn to relate sources of different kinds	A1			
	A2			
	A3			
	A10			
	A11			
Improve selfteaching skills.	A15	В3		
Value diversity	A15			
Be more critical and aware concerning discourse.	A2			
	A10			
	A11			
	A15			
	A16			
Learn to use literary competence skills with texts.	7.10	B1		
Estantis use merary competence state with texter		B2		
		B3		
		B7		
Learn more about English Literature.	A16	B5		
Learn more about English Literature.	Alo	B8		
Learn to analyse and comment on literary and nonliterary discourse using literary analysis techniques properly.	A1	B7		
	A2			
	A15			
To know and apply the methods and techniques of linguistic and literary analysis	A1			
	A2			
	A15			
Be aware of the importance of behaving fairly and correctly.		B10		
use of information assets with this subject.	A14	B1		
		В3		
		В7		
		B9		

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic

1. Concepts	1.1 What is literature? And English literature? 1.2 What is Literary Theory? What is it for?1.3 Writers and critics: who does the text belong to? 1.4 Validation: the literary canon. 1.5 Mediation agents (audiences, publicity, translators, critics, scholars, etc). 1.6 Centre and periphery: standards y alternatives. 1.7 A brief view of the history of literary theory: from Matthew Arnold, the Cambridge critics and the New Critics up to ecocriticism.
2. Text, author and reader	 2.1 "Meaning" and "significance" (Hirsch) 2.2 Objectivity: authorial intention and reception. Is the author dead? 2.3 Open / closed (Eco). 2.4 Related sources: I. A Richards, Hirsch, Roland Barthes, Umberto Eco, W. Iser, Wayne C. Booth, Estructuralismo, Stanley Fish.
3. The authorial persona	 3.1 Implied authors and narrators. A study of the processes of communication. Tellability. Identity. Narrators and narratees. Voice and point of view. 3.2 Poetic voice and alter ego. 3.3 Playwrights and their characters (the problem of satire in the theatre) 3.4 Drama and the theatre: performance texts. 3. 5 Sources: E. M. Forster and E. Muir on the novel; Wayne C. Booth and the Chicago School; Speech Act theories (Grice and M- L- Pratt in particular); Chatman's and Genette's studies on narratology.
4. Form and content. The literary language	 4.1 Does a literary language exist? 4.2 Does form mean? Is literature useful? Fiction/Non fiction. 4.3 Semiotics: Saussure and Peirce. 4.4 Metaphor, metonymy: a structuralist explanation of modernism and realism. 4.5 Phonocentrism: from Structuralism to Poststructuralism. Text as communication or pleasure. 4.6 Sources: Liberal humanists, Formalists and Marxists, Fowler, Lodge, Deconstruction, Barthes.
5. Text, history, culture and nature	 5.1 Historiography and the historical novel. 5.2 The universal versus the contextual. 5.3 The concepts of culture and ideology. 5.4 Gender: theories and evolution. Gay studies. 5.5 Power and subversion. 5.6 Postcolonial theories and Critical Race Studies. 5.7 Ecocriticism
6. Literary analysis from different perspectives.	6.1 Reading Aphra Behn's The Rover6.2 Reading Conrad's Heart of Darkness6.3 A few short texts and extracts (photocopies or pdfs)

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A3 A15 A1 A2	12	11	23
	A3 A10 A11 A14 A15			
	A16 B8 B9 B10 B1 B3			
	B5 B7 B8 B9 B10 C6			
	C8			
Workbook	A1 A2 A3 B3 B5 B7	0	35	35
	C6 C7 C8			

Supervised projects	A1 A2 A3 A6 A15 A1	1	11	12
	A2 A3 B1 B2 B3 B7			
	B8 B9 C6 C7 C8			
Oral presentation	A1 A2 A3 A6 A15 B1	4	10	14
	B2 B3 B7 B8 B9 B10			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A2 A3 A6 A7	0	4	4
Document analysis	A1 A2 A3 A6 A7 A15	10	7	17
Directed discussion	A1 A2 A3 A6 A7 A15	2.5	3	5.5
	B5 B7			
Personalized attention		2	0	2
(*)The information in the planning table	is for quidance only and does not take	e into account the	heterogeneity of the st	idents

Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description	
Guest lecture /	The teacher will introduce basic concepts, and data about Schools and authors.	
keynote speech		
Workbook	Reading primary sources through photocopies, website pages and books from the library. As far as the two literary texts (Behn	
	e Conrad), there exist copies in the library.	
Supervised projects	An academic essay in between 6 and 8 pages long (double spaced, works cited list included). The subjects will be indicated	
	during the course.	
Oral presentation	A a brief oral presentation done by one-three students concerning a) the two main literary texts, b) a literary theory question or	
	source	
Mixed	An evaluatory test that may include two or three different kinds of exam such as a multiple choice test, a textual commentary	
objective/subjective	and a brief essay on one of the two literary texts.	
test		
Document analysis	The students work with sources of different kinds.	
Directed discussion	Debate in class. Always after an oral presentation. Often done when analysing texts in class.	

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
Oral presentation	The students will be guided in order to write or present orally an essay. They'll be in touch by EMail or UDC Moodle when	
Supervised projects	pervised projects necessary.	

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Mixed	A1 A2 A3 A6 A7	Evaluation at the end of the course. 40 per cent (4 points). Students must obtain a	40
objective/subjective		minimum of 1.6 points in this exam so that it may compute and they may pass (and	
test		then the average must be 5 out of 10).	
Document analysis	A1 A2 A3 A6 A7 A15	Commentaries done in class (4 points)	40
Supervised projects	A1 A2 A3 A6 A15 A1	An essay done individually. It must be original and personal, and any borrowings	20
	A2 A3 B1 B2 B3 B7	quoted correctly. 1 point.	
	B8 B9 C6 C7 C8	From 6 to 8 double-spaced pages. The essay must be delivered before the classes	
		are over.	

Assessment comments

In this subject, what is evaluated is the student's literary competence at analysing texts using various literary perspectives. A general knowledge of the literary schools is also valued, but to a lesser degree. The final mark must be 5 or more to pass. Also 1.6 out of 4 in the exam, and 2.4 out of 6 in the continuous evaluation are required. The subject is taught by two teachers and the assessment is split 60 % / 40%. You need also at least 2.2 and 1.5 points respectively to sum and find the average mark. The evaluation of Dr Gómez is as follows: essay (2 points), commentaries or document analysis (2) and part of the exam or test (2). The evaluation of Dr Simal is: document analysis (2) and part of the exam (2). Essays must be original, not copied. We can use "Turnitin" to check them for wrong

citations, plagiarism or any other type of fraud. Should this occur, the rules

for plagiarism will be applied. (Normas de avaliación, revisión e reclamación das

cualificacións dos estudos de grao e mestrado universitario). "Turnitin"recognises papers previously turned in by other people (or the student him/herself) at this university or other universities, as well as other

material found on Internet. Those students that do not do commentaries in class, essays etc, have no continuous evaluation marks, so they will have to recover at least two out of 5 points in the second opportunity examination. They may obtain 5 out of 5 in the first opportunity exam (not easy to do), but they would not pass the subject yet. English is the only language used in class and exams. Mistakes must be avoided. Plagiarism is also forbidden. Borrowing ideas from the teacher and books is understandable, but students must try to do their own research. Their input is essential. When a student for whatever justified reason (illness, exemption, etc) cannot do the continuous evaluation pratices he or she must tell the teacher in advance, otherwise he or she will have to wait for the second opportunity evaluation to make up for such parts. He/she may submit a second piece of written work before the first opportunity exam so that the activity can count as 2 points out of 10. Those

students who attend and participate in the continuous assessment activities

will be eventually considered "No Presentados" (absent from

examination) only if they have done less than 25% of the required activities.

Those students that have been officially given a dispensation (exemption), in accordance with the regulations of this university, must tell the teacher in advance, during the first two weeks of the course. Such students will be assessed in either of the opportunities according to the criteria for the July opportunity. In July the second opportunity evaluation takes place. Those students that have not done or passed the continuous evaluation parts will be given the chance to do so by doing the essays or commentaries necessary. A second 5 point exam is also done at that time for those that failed it earlier or did not take it. That is, the second (July) opportunity will consist of a 50% final exam and 50% activities repeating or replacing the continuous assessment work. Those students sitting the December exam (final exam brought forward) will be assessed according to the criteria for the July opportunity.

	Sources of information
Basic	Esta bibliografía é de fontes teóricas de consulta. Se facilitarán fotocopias varias durante o curso para traballar con
	elas.Ademáis, se deben ler varios textos literarios para explorar as aproximacións críticas explicadas:Aphra Behn,
	The Rover.Joseph Conrad, Heart of Darkness.POSTCOLONIAL STUDIES, CRITICAL RACE STUDIES,
	ECOCRÍTICA:Helena María Viramontes, "The Cariboo Cafe" (relato)William Sanders, "The Undiscovered"
	(relato)Selección de poemas (Kipling, Divakaruni, Hong)Extractos de Aravind Adiga's The White TigerExtractos de
	Karen Tei Yamashita's Through the Arc of the Rainforest



Complementary

Guerin, Wilfred L., et al. (1992). A Handbook of Critical Approaches to Literature. 3rd ed. New York: Oxford University Press Barry, Peter (2002). Beginning Theory: An Introduction to Literary and Cultural Theory. Manchester: Manchester University Press, 1995 (2002). Culler, Jonathan (2000). Breve introducción a la teoría literaria. Barcelona: Crítica. (Literary Theory: A Very Short Introduction). Elam, Keir. The Semiotics of Theatre and Drama. London: Routledge. Tyson, Lois (2006). Critical Theory Today: A User-Friendly Guide. London: Routledge Ryan, Michael (2010). Cultural Studies: A Practical Introduction. UK: Wiley-Blackwell, 2010. Eagleton, Terry (1996). Literary Theory. Oxford: Blackwell Bertens, Hans (2014). Literary Theory: The Basics. . London: Routledge. Third edition. Lodge David, ed. (2000). Modern Criticism and Theory: A Reader . London: Longman Belsey, Catherine (2002). Post-Structuralism: A Very Short Introduction.. Oxford: OUP, 2002. Peck, John, and Martin Coyle, eds (1995). Practical Criticism. (How to Study Literature series). Basingstoke: Macmillan Selden, Raman, Peter Brooker and Peter Widdowson (1997). Practising Theory and Reading Literature. Hempstead: Prentice Hall Europe Pearce, Lynne (1994). Reading Dialogics . London: Edward Arnold Eagleton, Terry (1998). The Eagleton Reader . Oxford: Blackwell Glotfelty, Cheryll and Harold Fromm (1996). The Ecocriticism Reader: Landmarks in Literary Ecology.. Athens: The U of Georgia P. Leich, Vincent B. ed., et al (). The Norton Anthology of Theory and Criticism. New York: Norton Kermode, Frank & Dh Hollander eds. (1973). The Oxford Anthology of English Literature. London: OUP. Said, Edward W (1983). The World, the Text, and the Critic. Cambridge (MA): Harvard UP Gates, Henry Louis, ed. (1986). ?Race,? Writing and Difference. Chicago: The U of Chicago P

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Introdución aos Estudos Literarios/613G03005
Literatura Inglesa 1/613G03010
Literatura Inglesa 2/613G03017
English Literature (16th and 17th Centuries)/613G03021
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.