		Teaching	g Guide		
	Identifying Data				2020/21
Subject (*)	Probability. statistics and elements of biomathematics Code		Code	614522007	
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Bioinfor	rmática para Ci	iencias da Saúde		
		Descr	iptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degre	e 1st four-month period	Fir	st	Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Hybrid				
Prerequisites					
Department	Matemáticas				
Coordinador	Cao Abad, Ricardo		E-mail	ricardo.cao@udo	c.es
Lecturers	Cao Abad, Ricardo		E-mail	ricardo.cao@udo	c.es
Web	http://dm.udc.es/staff/ricardo_cao/	/			
	methods are suitable tools for qua students will complement their kno handling the statistical software R environment. It is intended, also, t processes and acquire basic train different statistical algorithms.	owledge of bas , using a large that students be ing in resampli	ic concepts in proba number of resource ecome familiar with ng techniques (boot	ability theory and statis is and introducing the the probabilistic mode (strap) as a tool for imp	stical inference; obtain ease in student to programming in this els of discrete time stochastic plementation and evaluation of
Contingency plan	Due to the incidence of the pande Microsoft Teams will be used for t residence, although they will also the capacity of the classroom is not Likewise, professors will be able to Unless the number of students en will be carried out in person. The teaching methodology and the attendance under which the subject be delivered telematically (exposit with electronic material (videos and the written exam could be modified).	elematic teach be able to go to ot exceeded ar o teach from the rolled prevents e evaluation cr oct is taught. In tory and interact and notes in elect	ing. Students will be to the master's class and so is contemplate their homes, university respect for interperties set out in this the event that it is notive) with synchronic terronic format). The	e able to receive their or rooms if their personaled by the university in the offices or from the national distance, the te teaching guide will be decessary to suspend to to us sessions and tutological percentages of qualific	classes from their places of all situation requires it, as long as which they have enrolled. naster's classroom at UDC. sts that are part of the evaluation used regardless of the degree of the face-to-face teaching, this will rials through Teams combined cation of the practical work and

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A5	CE5 - Development of skills in the management of statistical techniques and their application to data sets from the bioinformatics field.
A6	CE6 - Ability to identify software tools and most relevant bioinformatics data sources, and acquire skill in their use
A10	CE10 - Draft a bioinformatics research project, anticipating obstacles and possible alternative strategies to resolve them.
B1	CB6 - Own and understand knowledge that can provide a base or opportunity to be original in the development and/or application of ideas, often in a context of research
B4	CB9 - Students should know how to communicate their findings, knowledge and latest reasons underpinning them to specialized and non-specialized audiences in a clear and unambiguous way
B5	CB10 - Students should possess learning skills that allow them to continue studying in a way that will largely be self-directed or autonomous.
C3	CT3 - Use the basic tools of the information technology and communications (ICT) necessary for the exercise of their profession and lifelong learning
C6	CT6 - To assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available to solve the problems they face to.



C8 CT8 - Rating the importance that has the research, innovation and technological development in the socio-economic and cultural progress of society

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	COI	mpeten	ces
G2 - Capacidade de aplicación de algoritmos de resolución dos problemas e manexo do software adecuado.	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6		
	AJ10		
G1 - Capacidade para iniciar a investigación e para participar en proxectos de investigación que poden culminar na	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
elabouración duhna teses de doutoramento.	AJ6	BJ4	CJ6
	AJ10	BJ5	CJ8
G3 - Capacidade de traballo en equipo e de xeito autónomo	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6	BJ4	CJ6
		BJ5	CJ8
G4 - Capacidade de formular problemas en termos estatísticos, e de resolvelos utilizando as técnicas axeitadas.	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6		CJ6
	AJ10		
G6 - Capacidade de identificar e resolver problemas	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6	BJ5	
	AJ10		
G10 - Capacidade de integrarse nun equipo multidisciplinar para a análise experimental	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6	BJ4	CJ6
	AJ10	BJ5	CJ8
G11 - Adquirir destreza para o desenvolvemento de software	AJ5	BJ5	CJ3
7. Adamii doolo 22 para o doodii oloono ilo do dolli aro	AJ6		
G12 - Capacidade de análise estatística crítica das mostras, os plantexamentos e resultados	AJ5	BJ1	CJ6
	AJ10	BJ5	CJ8
G14 - Representar un problema real mediante un modelizado estatístico axeitado.	AJ5	BJ1	
The state of the s	AJ6	BJ5	
	AJ10		
G15 - Deseñar un plano de observación ou recollida de datos que permita abordar o problema de interese	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6	BJ5	CJ6
	AJ10		
E2 - A adquisición dos coñecementos de estatística e investigación de operacións necesarios para a incorporación en	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
equipos multidisciplinares pertencentes a diferentes sectores profesionais.	AJ6	BJ4	CJ6
	AJ10	BJ5	CJ8
E4 - Coñecer as aplicacións dos modelos da estatística e a investigación de operacións.	AJ5	BJ1	CJ6
2 . 25255. 25 aprilado o to trocado da colationa o a involligación do operaciónio.	AJ10	BJ4	500
	7.010	BJ5	
E5 - Coñecer algoritmos de resolución dos problemas e manexar o software axeitado.	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
20 Conocci algorianos de resolución dos problemas e manexal o soltware axellado.	AJ6	BJ5	CJ6
	AJ0	533	CJ8
F12 - Realizar inferencias respecto aos parámetros que aparecen no modelo	AJ10	BJ1	CJ3
E12 - Realizar inferencias respecto aos parámetros que aparecen no modelo.			
	AJ6	BJ4	CJ6
C40. Trotomonto do dotos o gráfico pototástico dos recultados eleidos	AJ10	BJ5	CJ8
E19 - Tratamento de datos e análise estatística dos resultados obtidos.	AJ5	BJ1	CJ3
	AJ6	BJ4	
	AJ10	BJ5	

E27 - Obter os coñecementos precisos para unha análise crítica e rigurosa dos resultados.		BJ1	CJ6
	AJ10	BJ4	CJ8
		BJ5	
E28 - Complementar a aprendizaxe dos aspectos metodolóxicos con apoio de software.	AJ6	BJ5	CJ3
	AJ10		CJ6
			CJ8
E78 - Fomentar a sensibilidade cara os principios do pensamento científico, favorecendo as actitudes asociadas ao	AJ5	BJ1	CJ6
desenvovemento dos métodos matemáticos, como: o cuestionamento das ideas intuitivas, a análise crítica das afirmacións, a	AJ10	BJ4	CJ8
capacidade de análise e síntese ou a toma de decisións racionais		BJ5	
E82 - O estudiante será capaz de comprender a importancia da Inferencia Estatística como ferramenta de obtención de	AJ5	BJ1	CJ6
información sobre a población en estudo, a partir do conxunto de datos observados dunha mostra representativa de esta.	AJ10	BJ4	CJ8
Para iso deberá recoñecer a diferenza entre estatística paramétrica e non paramétrica.		BJ5	
E84 - Ser quen de manexar diverso software (en particular R) e interpretar os resultados que proporcionan nos	AJ5	BJ4	CJ3
correspondentes estudos prácticos.	AJ6	BJ5	
	AJ10		
E86 - Soltura no manexo da teoría da probabilidade e as variables aleatorias.	AJ5	BJ1	CJ6
	AJ10	BJ4	
		BJ5	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
Basic concepts of probability and statistics revisited.	a. Probability. Random variables and main discrete and continuous distributions.
	Multivariate distributions.
	b. Statistical inference: estimation, hypothesis testing and confidence intervals.
R statistical programming language revisited.	a. Introduction to R. First steps. Internal functions. Help in R. Functions, loops,
	vectors. Statistical functions. Plots.
	Recursivity. R studio.
	b. Main probability distributions in R.
	c. Introduction to simulation in R.
	d. Descriptive statistics in R.
	e. Hipothesis testing and confidence intervals with R.
3. Linear statistical models.	a. The simple linear regression model. Basic assumptions. Estimation. Testing.
	Prediction. Model diagnostics.
	b. The multivariate linear regression model. Basic assumptions. Estimation. Testing.
	Prediction. Model diagnostics.
	c. Basic models in experimental desing. One-way and two-way Analysis of Variance
	(ANOVA), with or without interaction. Basic assumptions. Estimation. Testing. Model
	diagnostics.
	d. The multiple testing problem. False discovery rate.
4. Introduction to stochastic processes.	a. Simple random walk.
	b. Poisson process and renewal processes. Birth-death processes.
	c. Markov processes. Markov Chains.
5. Introduction to resampling methods.	a. The uniform Bootstrap. Computing the bootstrap distribution: exact distribution and
	aproximated distribution using Monte Carlo. Examples. Aplication of the bootstrap for
	estimating the precision and the bias of an estimator.
	b. Variations of the uniform Bootstrap. Parametric Bootstrap, symmetrized Bootstrap
	and smoothed Bootstrap. Discussion and examples.
	c. Bootstrap methods to construct confidence intervals: percentile method, percentil-t
	method, simmetrized percentil-t method. Examples. Simulation studies .

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	ies / tests Competencies		Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Oral presentation	A5 A6 A10 B1 B4 B5	24	36	60
	C8			
ICT practicals	A5 A6 A10 B4 B5 C3	18	36	54
	C6			
Multiple-choice questions	A5 B1 B5 C8	1	9	10
Problem solving	A5 A6 A10 B1 B4 B5	4	16	20
	C3 C6 C8			
Personalized attention		6	0	6

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description		
Oral presentation	Presentation using the computer.		
ICT practicals	Datasets statistical analysis using R.		
Multiple-choice	Multiple-choice test on concepts.		
questions			
Problem solving	oblem solving Deciding statistical tools and strategies for problem solving. Linear model formulation. Design of Experiments. Formulation of		
	resampling plans.		

Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description	
ICT practicals	Attendance and participation in lectures.	
Problem solving	Written multiple choice test.	
	Participation in workshops and seminars.	
	Practicals to be performed by the student.	

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Methodologies Competencies Description		Qualification
Oral presentation	A5 A6 A10 B1 B4 B5	Oral presentation of the original wok mentioned in the "Problem solving"	10
	C8	item.	
ICT practicals	A5 A6 A10 B4 B5 C3	Computer lab using the open statistical software R.	30
	C6		
Problem solving	A5 A6 A10 B1 B4 B5	Original work on some of the topics of the course concerning some interesting setup in	30
	C3 C6 C8	Bioinformatics.	
Multiple-choice	A5 B1 B5 C8	Comprehension Test	30
questions			

Assessment comments

The assessment will be carried out using a test on R labs, an individual student work, as well as a written concept test. The concept test score will be 30% of the total qualification, the test on R labs will correspond to 30% of the global score, while the remaining 40% will correspond to the individual student work, that has to be presented orally. One fourth of the score of this individual work (10% of the total score) corresponds to its oral presentation.

To pass the subject is necessary to obtain a score of at least 5 out of 10 overall.

On July opportunity, students could avoid those test with scores of at least 4 out of 10 in January tests. Only students that didn't take any test will be qualified as NON ATTENDANT in the first opportunity (January-February). In July (2nd opportunity) only students that didn't take the final exam will be qualified as NON ATTENDANT.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Cao Abad, R., Francisco Fernández, M., Naya Fernández, S., Presedo Quindimil, M.A., Vázquez Brage, M (2001).
	Introducción a la Estadística y sus Aplicaciones. Pirámide
	- Ewens, W.J. and Grant, G.R. (2005). Statistical Methods in Bioinformatics. Springer
	- Peña Sánchez de Rivera, D. (2000). Estadística: Modelos y Métodos. Alianza Editorial
	- Ross, S.M. (1995). Stochastic Processes. Wiley
	- Efron, B. and Tibshirani, R.J. (1993). An Introduction to the Bootstrap. Chapman and Hall
	- Davison, A.C. and Hinkley, D.V. (1997). Bootstrap Methods and their Application. Cambridge University Press
Complementary	

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Introduction to databases/614522002
Genomics/614522006
Fundamentals of bioinformatics/614522008
Introduction to programming/614522001
Foundations of Artificial Intelligence/614522003
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Data structures and algorithmics for biological sequences/614522013
Advanced processing of biological sequences/614522020
Computational intelligence for high dimensional data/614522024
Master thesis/614522025
Computational intelligence for bioinformatics/614522012
Advanced statistical methods in bioinformatics/614522009
Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.