

		Teaching Guide			
	ldentifying l	Data			2020/21
Subject (*)	Applications Security			Code	614530005
Study programme	Máster Universitario en Ciberseguridade				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degree	e 1st four-month period	First		Obligatory	6
Language	Spanish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Ciencias da Computación e Tecnolo	xías da InformaciónC	omputaciór	Tecnoloxías da Inf	ormación e as Comunicacións
Coordinador	Bellas Permuy, Fernando E-mail fernando.bellas@udc.es				
Lecturers	Bellas Permuy, Fernando	E	E-mail	fernando.bellas	@udc.es
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Web	faitic.uvigo.es				
General description	Developing secure applications is no	ot an easy task. Know	ledge of the	vulnerabilities that	usually affect applications, the
	techniques of authentication, authorization and access control, as well as the incorporation of security into the deve			on of security into the development	
	life cycle, is essential to be able to build and maintain applications successfully. In this course, all these aspects are studied				
in a practical way, with special emphasis on the development of web applications			applications and se	rvices.	



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Contingency plan	1. Modifications to the contents
	No changes.
	2. Methodologies
	*Teaching methodologies that are maintained
	- Guest lecture / keynote speech. If any student cannot attend theory classes, due to partial confinement or capacity problems, university video conferencing systems will be used, integrated with the online synchronous teaching systems. In the event of a confinement situation that prevents theory classes from being taught in person, they will be taught synchronously at the official timetable through the university online teaching systems and will be recorded and put them available.
	- ICT practicals. In general, the same solution as for theory classes will be used. If lab classes need to be taught through the university online teaching systems, only general explanations will be recorded, since it is the only content that makes sense to record. There will no changes to lab projects, since they are developed in the student?s personal computer by using freely available software.
	- Multiple-choice questions. If it is not possible to do the test in person, it will be replaced by an online test.
	*Teaching methodologies that are modified
	None.
	3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students
	- Moodle. All teaching resources (slides, examples, lab project specification, notifications, etc.) will be available at Moodle.  If theory or lab classes must be taught online, videos will be put available at Moodle.
	- University online teaching systems. If necessary, they will be used to teach theory and lab classes as commented above.  Personal attention will be preferably by the same media.
	- E-mail. To any questions.
	4. Modifications in the evaluation
	No changes.
	*Evaluation observations:
	5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A2	CE2 - Deep knowledge of cyberattack and cyberdefense techniques
A7	CE7 - To demonstrate ability for doing the security audit of systems, equipment, the risk analysis related to security weaknesses, and for
	developing de procedures for certification of secure systems

No changes.



A13	CE13 - Ability for analysing, detecting and eliminating software vulnerabilities and malware capable to exploit those in systems or networks
B2	CB2 - Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader
	context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization
B7	CG2 - Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information,
	network or system security
C4	CT4 - Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	/ progra	ımme
	cor	npeten	ces
To know the vulnerabilities that applications usually suffer (with special emphasis on web applications and services) and	AJ2	BJ2	CJ4
prevention mechanisms.	AJ7	BJ7	
	AJ13		
To know the techniques of authentication, authorization and access control in applications and services.	AJ2	BJ2	CJ4
	AJ7	BJ7	
	AJ13		

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic Sub-topic
Topic 1. Introduction.	1.1 Authentication, authorization and access control.
	1.2 Stateful applications and services.
	1.3 Stateless applications and services.
	1.4 Server-side and SPA web applications.
Topic 2. Vulnerabilities and prevention mechanisms in	2.1 Reference frameworks.
applications and services.	2.2 Vulnerabilities in the processing of input data.
	2.3 Vulnerabilities in authentication.
	2.4 Vulnerabilities in session management.
	2.5 Sensitive data exposure.
	2.6 Vulnerabilities in access control.
	2.7 Incorrect configuration.
	2.8 Monitoring and insufficient logging.
	2.9 Vulnerabilities in third-party libraries.
Topic 3. Secure software development life cycles.	3.1 Security from the analysis phase.
	3.2 Code revisions.
	3.3 SAST and DAST tools.
Topic 4. Authentication, authorization and access control.	4.1 Introduction.
	4.2 Authentication and authorization.
	4.2.1 HTTP authentication.
	4.2.2 JSON Web Token.
	4.2.3 OAuth2.
	4.2.4 OpenID Connect.
	4.2.5 Other standards.
	4.3 Access control.
	4.3.1 Role-based access control (RBAC).
	4.3.2 Attribute-based access control (ABAC).

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A2 A7 A13 B2 B7 C4	22.5	22.5	45

ICT practicals	A2 A7 A13 B2 B7 C4	19.5	73.5	93
Multiple-choice questions	A2 A7 A13 B2 B7 C4	2	8	10
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Lessons taught by the teacher through the projection of slides. Lessons have a totally practical approach, explaining the
keynote speech	theoretical concepts through the use of simple examples and case studies. Slides are available on the e-learning platform of
	the university.
ICT practicals	To experiment with the concepts studied in the course, students will perform two projects. The first one will be focused on the
	vulnerability analysis of a web application. Students will start from the source code of a web application and will have to detect
	the vulnerabilities, exploit them and fix them. The second project will be focused on authentication, authorization and access
	control. Students will start from the source code of an application, composed of a user interface and a service, and will have to
	implement authentication, authorization and access control, by following different strategies.
Multiple-choice	There will be a test to verify students have assimilated concepts correctly. The test will consist of a set of questions with
questions	several possible answers, being only one of them correct. Unanswered questions do not score, and wrong answers score
	negatively.

Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Methodologies Description		
ICT practicals	CT practicals The course will include several lectures to help students in the development of projects.		

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
ICT practicals	A2 A7 A13 B2 B7 C4	Completion of the two projects is mandatory.	60
Multiple-choice questions	A2 A7 A13 B2 B7 C4	There will be a test to verify students have assimilated concepts correctly.	40

## **Assessment comments**

To pass the course, it is necessary to obtain:

4 points at least (out of 10) in the evaluation of each project.4 points at least (out of 10) in the test.5 points at least (out of 10) in the final mark, which is calculated as follows: 0.60 \* (0.70 \* project1 + 0.30 \* project2) + 0.40 \* exam.Marks from projects and the test are saved from the first to the second call.

	Sources of information
Basic	Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP), https://www.owasp.org.Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE),
	https://cwe.mitre.org <i>&gt;.</i> Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE), https://cve.mitre.org.National Vulnerability
	Database (NVD), https://nvd.nist.gov.Common Attack Pattern Enumeration and Classification (CAPEC),
	https://capec.mitre.org.JSON Web Token (JWT), https://jwt.io.OAuth 2.0, https://oauth.net/2/.OpenID Connect,
	http://openid.net/connect/.Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP), https://www.owasp.org.Common
	Weakness Enumeration (CWE), https://cwe.mitre.org.Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures (CVE),
	https://cve.mitre.org.National Vulnerability Database (NVD), https://nvd.nist.gov.Common Attack Pattern Enumeration
	and Classification (CAPEC), https://capec.mitre.org.JSON Web Token (JWT), https://jwt.io.OAuth 2.0,
	https://oauth.net/2/.OpenID Connect, http://openid.net/connect/.
Complementary	

## Recommendations



Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.