

		Teachin	g Guide				
	2020/21						
Subject (*)	Chemistry Code			730G03005			
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica	Grao en Enxeñaría Mecánica					
	- ·	Descr	iptors				
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits		
Graduate	1st four-month period	Fir	rst	Basic training	6		
Language	SpanishGalician		· · · · ·		·		
Teaching method	Hybrid						
Prerequisites							
Department	Enxeñaría Naval e IndustrialQuími	ca					
Coordinador	Rodriguez Guerreiro, Maria Jesus		E-mail	maria.guerreiro@	udc.es		
Lecturers	Fernandez Solis, Jose Maria		E-mail	jose.maria.fsolis@	oudc.es		
	Rodriguez Guerreiro, Maria Jesus			maria.guerreiro@	@udc.es		
Web							
General description	Matter of basic training of first cour	se, in which th	ney give the foun	dations of general chemis	try, inorganic, organic and		
	applied to the engineering						
Contingency plan	1. No changes will be made to the contents.						
	2. Teaching methodologies that are maintained: Master's session, supervised work, problem solving and mixed test.						
	3. Teaching methodologies that are	e modified: Th	e laboratory prac	ctices will not be carried ou	ut in a face-to-face way. It will be		
	tried to give them in a virtual way a	and if it is not p	oossible, the eval	uation of the knowledge re	elated to this methodology will		
	be incorporated to the mixed test.						
	4. Mechanisms of personalized att	ention to stude	ents: Through en	nail or the Teams platform	according to the needs of the		
	student.						
	5. Modifications in the Evaluation:	The same eva	luation that appe	ears in the teaching guide	without a contingency plan will		
	be applied to both full-time and par	rt-time student	ts with academic	dispensation, with the exc	ception that the marks for		
	activities that are not taught, such	as laboratory	practices, will be	incorporated into the marl	k for the mixed test, as indicated		
	in point 3.						
	If the laboratory practice activity ca	innot be taugh	nt, the score of th	e mixed test would be 8.0	points, so in order to pass the		
course it will be necessary to obtain a minimum of 3.5 points in the exam out of 8.0 to value the other ac 6. Modifications to the bibliography: No changes will be made					e the other activities.		
	7. If the circumstances that have occurred are not of total confinement, but of a greater precaution than the normal situation						
of presence, teaching may be given outside the classroom through the Teams platform to guarantee the he				guarantee the health of the			
	teachers and students.						

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A4	FB4 - Capacidade para comprender e aplicar os principios de coñecementos básicos da química xeral, química orgánica e inorgánica e
	as súas aplicacións na enxeñaría.
B1	CB01 - Que os estudantes demostren posuír e comprender coñecementos nunha área de estudo que parte da base da educación
	secundaria xeral e adoita encontrarse a un nivel que, aínda que se apoia en libros de texto avanzados, inclúe tamén algúns aspectos que
	implican coñecementos procedentes da vangarda do seu campo de estudo
B2	CB02 - Que os estudantes saiban aplicar os seus coñecementos ao seu traballo ou vocación dunha forma profesional e posúan as
	competencias que adoitan demostrarse por medio da elaboración e defensa de argumentos e a resolución de problemas dentro da súa
	área de estudo
B3	CB03 - Que os estudantes teñan a capacidade de reunir e interpretar datos relevantes (normalmente dentro da súa área de estudo) para
	emitiren xuízos que inclúan unha reflexión sobre temas relevantes de índole social, científica ou ética
B4	CB04 - Que os estudantes poidan transmitir información, ideas, problemas e solucións a un público tanto especializado como leigo
B5	CB05 - Que os estudantes desenvolvan aquelas habilidades de aprendizaxe necesarias para emprenderen estudos posteriores cun alto
	grao de autonomía



B6	B3 - Ser capaz de concibir, deseñar ou poñer en práctica e adoptar un proceso substancial de investigación con rigor científico para
	resolver calquera problema formulado, así como de comunicar as súas conclusións ?e os coñecementos e razóns últimas que as
	sustentan? a un público tanto especializados como leigo dun xeito claro e sen ambigüidades
B7	B5 - Ser capaz de realizar unha análise crítica, avaliación e síntese de ideas novas e complexas
C1	C3 - Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa
	profesión e para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C2	C4 - Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a
	realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común.
C4	C6 - Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.
C5	C7 - Asumir como profesional e cidadán a importancia da aprendizaxe ao longo da vida.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	imme
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
Capacity to comprise and apply the principles of basic knowledges of the general, organic and inorganic chemistry and his	A4	B1	C1
applications in the engineering.		B2	C2
		B3	C4
		B4	C5
		B5	
		B6	
		B7	

	Contents
Торіс	Sub-topic
The following lessons develop the established contents in the	I Structure of the matter. Energy and kinetical of the chemical reactions
Verification Memory, that are:	II Chemical equilibrium: types and applications
	III Applications of the electrochemistry. Principles of instrumental analysis
	IV Bases of the industrial chemistry. Balances of matter
	V Organic and inorganic chemistry applied to the engineering
Lesson 1 Basic concepts of General Chemistry:	Fundamental Principles of Chemistry. The atom: quantum mechanical description.
	Periodic table and periodic properties. Chemical link: types of link.
Lesson 2 Thermochemistry:	Introduction: first principle of thermodynamics. Heats of reaction, enthalpy.
	Thermochemistry: Law of Hess. Calorimetry. Second principle of thermodynamics:
	entropy. Third principle of thermodynamics: spontaneity of the reaction.
Lesson 3 Chemical Kinetics:	The rate of reaction. The rate law. Determination of the rate of reaction. Order of
	reaction. The collisions and of the state of transition theories. Activation energy.
	Reaction mechanisms. Catalysis: Catalysts.
Lesson 4 Chemical equilibrium in gaseous phase:	
	Nature of the chemical equilibrium. The equilibrium constant: applications.
	Heterogeneous equilibria. Factors that affect chemical equilibrium: Le Châtelier?s
	principle. Relation between equilibrium constants. Effect of changes in the
	temperature on the equilibrium constant.
Lesson 5 Acid-base equilibria:	Acid-base definitions. Autoionization of water. Concept of pH: determination.
	Dissociation of acids and bases. Acid-base properties of the salts. Acid-base
	reactions. Buffer solutions. Acid-basic titrations: indicators.
Lesson 6 Oxidation-reduction (redox) equilibria:	Methods of balancing redox equations. Electrochemical foundations: galvanic cells.
	Free energy and voltage of the battery. The Nernst equation. Redox titrations.
Lesson 7 Applications of the electrochemistry:	Primary commercial cells and accumulators. Fuel cells. Electrolytic cells. Industrial
	applications of the electrolysis: electrodeposition. Metallic corrosion.



Lesson 8 Principles of Instrumental Analysis:	Analytical Chemistry: concept and division. Classification of quantitative analytical
	methods. Instrumental analytical methods: classification. Parameters of validation of
	an analytical method. Evaluation of results.
Lesson 9 Principles of Organic Chemistry:	Naming organic compounds. Functional groups. Homologous series. Isomery.
	Determination of molecular structures.
Lesson 10 Saturated, unsaturated and aromatic	Classification. Saturated hydrocarbons: naming, sources, synthesis and properties.
hydrocarbons:	Alkenes and alkynes: structure, nomenclature, synthesis and properties. Aromatic
	compounds: structure, nomenclature, obtaining and properties. Benzene.
Lesson 11 Other organic compounds:	Compounds of functional groups with simple link: alkyl halides, alcohols, phenols,
	ethers and amines. Compounds of functional groups with multiple links: carbonyl
	group compounds, carboxylic acids and his derivatives.
Lesson 12 Bases of the Industrial Chemistry. Balances of	Prime Matters that uses the chemical industry. The energy in the chemical industry.
matter:	The chemical processes: examples. Diagrams of flow. The chemical products.
	Ecological and environmental considerations.
Lesson 13 Organic Chemistry applied to the engineering:	Coal. Oil. Natural gas. Biomass. Natural and synthetic polymers.
Lesson 14 Inorganic Chemistry applied to the engineering:	Metallurgy. Semiconductors. Industrial synthesis of an inorganic compound (industry
	of the chloride of sodium).

Planning					
Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours		
Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours			
A4 B3 C5	10	5	15		
A4 B1 B2 B5	4	6	10		
A4 C1 C2 C4	30	39	69		
A4 B2 B4 B5	18	18	36		
A4 B6 B7 C1	2	16	18		
	2	0	2		
	Competencies / Results A4 B3 C5 A4 B1 B2 B5 A4 C1 C2 C4 A4 B2 B4 B5	Competencies / ResultsTeaching hours (in-person & virtual)A4 B3 C510A4 B1 B2 B54A4 C1 C2 C430A4 B2 B4 B518A4 B6 B7 C12	Competencies / ResultsTeaching hours (in-person & virtual)Student?s personal work hoursA4 B3 C5105A4 B1 B2 B546A4 C1 C2 C43039A4 B2 B4 B51818A4 B6 B7 C1216		

(") The information in the	e planning table is for	guidance only and does	not take into account the i	neterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies					
Methodologies Description					
Laboratory practice	Understanding reading of the practice. Realise the experimental work. Pose and resolve the numerical calculations associated				
	as well as the questions that pose. Examine and value the results. Draft and present the final report of the practices.				
Mixed	Tests written divide in two parts (theoretical and of problems) used for the evaluation of the learning of the student.				
objective/subjective					
test					
Guest lecture /	Has a expositive function complemented with the use of audiovisual means and the introduction of some questions headed to				
keynote speech	the students, with the purpose of transmit knowledges and facilitate the learning. The student takes aim, poses doubts and				
	questions. It can include a conference given by specialists or a technical visit to a particular chemical industry.				
Problem solving	Methodology carried out in average group (20 students): presentation and resolution of numerical problems bulletins and of				
	theory exercises bulletins. The student, of individual form or in reduced group, poses doubts and /or questions, participating of				
	active form in the classroom.				



Supervised projects	It involves the realization, in small groups of 5 students, of directed studies that each group must expose in the classroom and
	deliver to the teacher for correction.
	The supervised projects will constitute a summary of the proposed subject by the teacher, with an extension in the order of 5-6
	pages in Word format. For their presentation in the classroom, 8 to 10 transparencies in PowerPoint format will be prepared
	beforehand. The participants in each work must belong to the same average group of the class.
	All the groups that present a supervised Project in a determinate sesión, will have to be presents in the classroom from the
	beginning to the end of the same.

Description
In the personalized attention will treat to amend possible deficiencies in the previous chemical training of the student and to
resolve doubts and punctual questions that, usually, prevent him the general follow-up of the matter.
It will realize a follow-up of the work of the student in the laboratory, will take in consideration his suggestions and will loan him
help to clear the doubts.
In the average group problem solving sessions, they will be helped to clarify concepts and resolve possible doubts.
In the supervised projects preparation will facilitate them the assistance that require for his preparation and exhibition.
The students that request and was them conceded academic dispense, will be able to remain exempt of the 80 % of the
face-to-face classes assistance (Guest lecture and problems solving). They will realise mandatory the laboratory practices
and will participate in the training of group of work sessions, preparation and presentation/exhibition of the supervised project
what involves the assistance to the 20 % of the face-to-face classes.
1

Assessment					
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification		
	Results				
Mixed objective/subjective test	A4 B1 B2 B5	To half of 1st four-month period will realize an eliminatory partial examination of the matter given until this moment (theory and problems). At the end of the 1st four-month period will realise a final examination of all the subject (the students that have surpassed said partial will not have to repeat in the final examination).	70		
Problem solving	A4 B2 B4 B5	Resolution of numerical problems bulletins, including likewise the resolution of theory exercises bulletins in specific sessions. It values the assistance of the student, his active participation in the classroom, his interest and attitude.	10		
Supervised projects	A4 B6 B7 C1	Elaboration and presentation in group of a supervised or directed project. It values, in addition to the presentation, the realised work by the students in Word format and the elaborated transparencies for his exhibition in the classroom in PowerPoint format.	10		



 Laboratory practice
 A4 B3 C5
 Realization, practices active participation, delivery of the corresponding final report and the practices examination. The interest and attitude of the student and the practices examination is valued.

10

Assessment comments

This section indicates what marks in each methodology. The objective test describes as it is the examination and the punctuation of each one of the parts of theory and of problems. The minimum note in each part of the exam (theory or problems in the partial or final, or in the second part of the subject) so that you can take into account the scores of laboratory practices, problem solving and supervised work has to be 3.0 over 7.0. To obtain approved in the matter has to fulfil that the sum of the notes of the objective test, laboratory practice, problem solving of and supervised projects was at least 5,0.

Any of the theoretical subjects neither of the problems proposed in the partial examination will be able to leave in white, having to be recovered in the final examination with independence of the note obtained.

In order to be qualified, the student will perform all laboratory practice and participate in the elaboration and exhibition of the supervised work in this subject. These methodologies are mandatory. The students that do not approve the laboratory practice, will not be able to examine of the subject in the January and/or June announcements. Likewise, the students that have been missing to some practice and that present documentary justification of his fault, will have to do a practice pending examination during the last week of 1st four-month period.

To the student that surpass the subject first part (Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry) in the partial examination or in the announcement of january or, well, that surpass the subject second part(Industrial and Organic Chemistry) in the announcement of january, will save him the approved part note during the corresponding academic course. In case to repeat the subject will have to examine of the two parts again.

The student that have been missing to some practice of laboratory or that have not surpassed the examination of recovery of the practice, in case to repeat the matter has to go back to realize all again.

Will take into account, in the measure of the possible, the circumstances of the repeat students.

The students with enrols to partial time will, or with academic dispense, have the same evaluation criteria that the other students, so much in the first as in the second opportunity of examination. Said students will have to realise the activities or compulsory methodologies (laboratory practice and supervised Project), in this case will remain exempt of 80% of the assistance to the face-to-face classes. Nevertheless, it recommends them that they do also the activity problem solving; in this case would remain exempt of 70% of the assistance to the face-to-face classes.

Sources of information



Basic	- BERMEJO, F.; PAZ, M.; BERMEJO, A.; PAZ, A. (1996). 1000 Problemas Resueltos de Química General y sus
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	Aplicaciones Modernas . Madrid. Pearson Educación, S. A.
Complementary	- SOLOMON, T. W. G. (1999). Fundamentos de Química Orgánica. México. Limusa Noriega
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	- VEGA, J. C. (2000). Química Orgánica para estudiantes de Ingeniería. México. Alfaomega.
	- WILLIS, C. J. (1993). Resolución de Problemas de Química General. Barcelona. Reverté, S. A.
	- SKOOG, D. A.; WEST, D. M.; HOLLER, F. J., CROUCH, S. R. (2005). Fundamentos de Química Analítica. Madrid.
	Thomson

	Recommendations	
Su	bjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Subje	ects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Calculus /730G03001		
Engineering Drawing/730G03002		
Physics I /730G03003		
Computting/730G03004		
Linear Algebra/730G03006		
	Subjects that continue the syllabus	
Materials Science/730G03007		
Thermodynamics /730G03014		
Environmental Engineering/730G03017		
Materials Engineering/730G03030		
Other comments		



Since it treats of a matter that gives in the 1st four-month period of first course of the career, is indispensable that the student handle with fluency concepts and basic knowledges of Mathematics, Physical and Chemistry of the high school diploma. Previously to study this matter considers of big importance to know the chemical nomenclature (that is to say, appoint and formulate the chemical elements and more common inorganic and organic compounds).

To help to achieve some immediate surroundings sustained and fulfil with the aim of the number 5 action: "Teaching and healthy and sustainable investigation environmental and social" of the "Green Campus Ferrol Action Plan":

- 1.- The delivery of the documentary works that realise in this matter:
 - 1.1. They will request in virtual format and/or computer support.
 - 1.2. Will realise through Moodle, in digital format without need to print them.
 - 1.3. In case to realise them in paper:
 - They will not employ plastic.
 - Will realise impressions to double expensive.
 - Will employ paper recycled.
 - Will avoid the impression of drafts.

2.- It has to do a sustainable use of the resources and the negative impacts prevention on the natural half.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.