		Teaching Guide				
	Identifyir	-			2021/22	
Subject (*)	Green Chemistry		Code		610500021	
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Ciencia	as, Tecnoloxías e Xestión A	mbiental (plan 2012)			
	<u>'</u>	Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits	
Official Master's Degre	ee 2nd four-month period	First		Optional	3	
Language	Spanish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Química					
Coordinador	Martinez Cebeira, Montserrat	E-n	nail	monserrat.mart	nez.cebeira@udc.es	
Lecturers	Martinez Cebeira, Montserrat	E-n	nail	monserrat.mart	nez.cebeira@udc.es	
Web						
	The general objectives of this course are: - Define sustainable chemistry and give an overview of the historical developments that led to the development of green chemistry and other related discoveries. - Establish the principles of sustainable chemistry and define in practice chemical processes associated with sustainable chemistry. - Define the tools and the general areas of sustainable chemistry. - Recognize the toxicity / hazard as a physical / structural property that can be designed and manipulated. - Provide examples of application of green chemistry. - Become familiar with current trends in sustainable chemistry.					
Contingency plan	 (i) Adaptation to be made in the example. 1. Modifications to the contents 2. Methodologies *Teaching methodologies that are *Teaching methodologies that are 	e maintained				
	Mechanisms for personalized attention to students Modifications in the evaluation					
	*Evaluation observations: 5. Modifications to the bibliograph (ii) Adaptation planned in the cen In the event of capacity problems will be reserved in which students	ter for cases in which the c	or the rea	alization of face-to-fa	ace activities, additional spaces	

Study programme competences / results



Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Coñecemento das realidades interdisciplinares da Química e do Medio Ambiente, dos temas punteiros nestas disciplinas e das
	perspectivas de futuro.
А3	Capacitar ao alumno para o desenvolvemento dun traballo de investigación nun campo da Química ou do Medio Ambiente, incluíndo os
	procesos de caracterización de materiais, o estudo das súas propiedades fisicoquímicas e biolóxicas e dos procesos que poden sufrir no
	medio natural.
A5	Capacitación para o deseño de vías de síntese e retrosíntese de novos compostos.
A6	Coñecemento do comportamento de diferentes especies químicas e dos procesos aos que poden estar sometidas unha vez liberadas no
	medio ambiente, incluíndo as súas relacións entre distintos compartimentos ambientais.
A10	Relacionar a presenza de especies químicas no medio natural cos conceptos de toxicidade e biodisponibilidade.
A11	Coñecer as distintas técnicas experimentais e computacionales orientadas á caracterización de mecanismos de reacción.
A16	Comprender a problemática asociada aos resíduos, os modos de xestionalos e as principais tecnoloxías de tratamento de resíduos.
A17	Coñecer a problemática asociada coa enerxía e as súas fontes, as tecnoloxías máis empregadas actualmente e as de futuro.
A19	Coñecemento e interpretación da lexislación, normativa e procedementos administrativos básicos sobre medios acuosos, chans e
	atmosferas. Comprensión das bases científicas e económicas da sustentabilidade.
B1	Posuír e comprender coñecementos que acheguen unha base ou oportunidade de ser orixinais no desenvolvemento e/ou aplicación de
	ideas, a miúdo nun contexto de investigación.
B2	Que os estudantes saiban aplicar os coñecementos adquiridos e a súa capacidade de resolución de problemas en contornas novas ou
	pouco coñecidos dentro de contextos máis amplos (ou multidisciplinares) relacionados coa súa área de estudo.
В3	Que os estudantes sexan capaces de integrar coñecementos e enfrontarse á complexidade de formular xuízos a partir dunha información
	que, sendo incompleta ou limitada, inclúa reflexións sobre as responsabilidades sociais e éticas vinculadas á aplicación dos seus
	coñecementos e suizos.
B6	Ser capaz de analizar datos e situacións, xestionar a información dispoñible e sintetizala, todo iso a un nivel especializado.
B8	Comprender, a un nivel especializado, as consecuencias do comportamento humano na contorna ambiental.
C1	Ser capaz de traballar en equipos, especialmente nos interdisciplinares e internacionais.
C2	Ser capaz de manter un pensamento crítico dentro dun compromiso ético e no marco da cultura da calidade.
C3	Ser capaz de adaptarse a situacións novas, mostrando creatividade, iniciativa, espírito emprendedor e capacidade de liderado.
C5	Dominar a expresión e a comprensión de forma oral e escrita dun idioma estranxeiro.
C9	Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.
C11	Valorar a importancia que ten a investigación, a innovación e o desenvolvemento tecnolóxico no avance socioeconómico e cultural da
	sociedade.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme	
	con	npetenc	es/
		results	
Know the principles and concepts of sustainable chemistry	AC1	BC1	CC2
	AC5	BC2	CC3
	AC6		CC5
	AC17		CC9
Knowing the fundamentals for waste minimization and deepen the idea of environmental efficiency	AC1	ВС3	CC2
	AC3	BC6	CC5
	AC10	BC8	CC9
	AC16		
Knowing the importance of catalysis in sustainable processes	AC3	BC1	CC2
	AC5	BC2	CC3
	AC11	ВС3	
	AC19		

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Importance of using alternative solvents with low toxicity, renewable raw materials and non-classical reaction conditions in	AC1	BC3	CC1
industrial processes	AC3	BC6	CC2
	AC5		CC3
	AC11		CC9
	AC17		CC11
	AC19		
Design development not harmful processes according to the principles of sustainable chemistry	AC1	BC1	CC1
	AC3	BC2	CC2
	AC5	BC3	CC3
	AC17	BC6	CC5
		BC8	CC9
			CC11

Topic opic 1. Principles and Concepts of Sustainable Chemistry opic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	Introduction. Definition of sustainable chemistry. Sustainable development and green chemistry. The Twelve Principles of green chemistry Atom economy. Definition. Examples. Toxicity. Measuring toxicity. Associated risks. Measuring and controlling environmental performance. Waste minimization techniques. Introduction to catalysis. Catalyst types
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opic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	Toxicity. Measuring toxicity. Associated risks. Measuring and controlling environmental performance. Waste minimization techniques.
opic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	Measuring and controlling environmental performance. Waste minimization techniques.
opic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	Waste minimization techniques.
opic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	·
opic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	Introduction to catalysis, Catalyst types
	Heterogeneous catalysts. Introduction. Zeolites. Industrial applications
	Homogeneous catalysis. Transition-metal catalysis.
	Asymmetric catalysis. Introduction. Basic concepts. Examples.
	Phase-transfer catalysis.
	Biocatalysis.
	Photocatalysis.
opic 3. Alternate solvents with low toxicity	Introduction.
	Solvent free systems.
	Supercritical fluids.
	Water as reaction solvent.
	Ionic liquids.
	Fluorous biphase solvents.
opic 4. Renewable Resources	Basic concepts.
	Energy from renewable resources.
	Chemicals from renewable feedstocks
opic 5. Non-conventional reaction conditions and alternative	Photochemical reactions.
nergy sources	Chemistry using microwaves.
	Sonochemistry.
	Electrical control control control
	Electrochemical synthesis.
opic 6. Industrial case studies	Designing Greener Processes.

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	

Supervised projects	A5 A11 A17 B1 B6 B8	3	12	15
	C2 C3 C1			
Laboratory practice	A3 A5 A11 B1 B6 C11	7	14	21
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	1	2	3
	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2			
Objective test	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	2	2	4
	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2			
Multiple-choice questions	A1 A6 A10 A16 A17	0	2	2
	B6 C11			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A3 A5 A11 A17	8	20	28
	A19 B2 B3 C5 C9			
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	Students will develop a work a recent scientific paper or examples of sustainable chemical processes, directly related to the
	subject of course, that could expose it in public. In this work, previously agreed with the teacher, the student it shall indicate
	the highlights, and the understanding of it through a short summary. It will evaluate the ability to summarize, arrange and
	present the concepts of the subject presented. There will also be questions after exposure in order to assess both the
	knowledge acquired by the student as well as their critical ability.
Laboratory practice	The student will be able to develop a set of experiments based on the material resources and the availability of laboratories
	according to the coordination schedule or computational examples of the aspects developed in the guest lecture. It may also
	analyse and manage information available at a specialized level of sustainable processes either in the literature or in a
	research laboratory (e.g. CICA) and prepare a scientific report.
Mixed	It will be A written test consisting of a series of questions developed by the students to evaluate the level of skills acquired
objective/subjective	during the course the student.
test	
Objective test	Periodically, in the lectures, the student will conduct several short tests for continuous assessment.
Multiple-choice	On a regular basis, self-assessment tests (Moodle) will be carried out, which consist of formulating a direct question with
questions	various options or response alternatives that provide possible solutions, of which only one is valid.
Guest lecture /	The course consists of a series of classroom sessions where the general principles of each topic will be presented. The
keynote speech	literature and material to more adequately follow classes will be previously available in Moodle. Some of these classes are
	also devoted to the resolution of proposed questions in advance to students so that it can work on them before the relevant
	meeting. Also, periodically, you can make some short tests to the continued evaluation of the student.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	Personalized care sessions are programmed to guide students in making the ward work and resolve potential issues
Laboratory practice	associated.
	Students a appretiation part-time and academic exemption will be attended in tutorial hours (by appointment). The student in
	this situation must speak with the responsible Teacher in the first week of the course to replace the face-to-face regimen with
	other qualifying activities.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		

Objective test	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	There will be some short tests of multiple choice or short-answer, according to the	20
	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2	specified in section metodology.	
Supervised projects	A5 A11 A17 B1 B6 B8	Process evaluation of student learning will to take place continuously, both classroom	30
	C2 C3 C1	activities as non-face tutored. Besides, it will be considered in the evaluation of	
		students the compulsory course attendance, assessed through active participation in	
		the sessions and targeted academic papers that could be presented through an oral	
		exposure. The continuous assessment of student during the semester will be up a	
		point in the overall assessment.	
Laboratory practice	A3 A5 A11 B1 B6 C11	Attendance to practical classes is necessary and active participation will contribute to	10
		the final grade.	
Mixed	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	The student also may be assessed through a written exam.	30
objective/subjective	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2		
test			
Multiple-choice	A1 A6 A10 A16 A17	Self-assessment tests will be carried out, according to what is indicated in the	10
questions	B6 C11	methodology section.	

Assessment comments

To pass the subject it will be necessary to get at least 5 points 8maximun 10 points) between the different assessment activities.

Since the qualification is based on the model of continuous assessment, specifically it assesses student progression throughout the four-month period with a maximum of 1 point that may be added to the final grade.

Students who do not attend and do not participate in scheduled activities will score zero points in this section on two occasions, unless the student has recognized a part-time academic and attendance waiver of exemption or specific modalities of learning or supporting diversity. Students will be evaluated by the mixed test (20%), supervised projects (30%), multiple-choice questions (20%) and the objective test performed during programmed personalized attention (30 %).

In the case of exceptional, objectified and appropriately justified circumstances, the Professor may fully or partly exempt the student to perform the process of continuous assessment. The student that is in this circumstance must pass a specific test that leaves no doubt about achieving academic skill in both oportunities.

The student will have a rating of not submitted when making less than 25% of academic activities scheduled.

The students evaluated on the 2nd opportunity will only be able to opt for the Honor Roll if the maximum number of these for the corresponding course was not fully covered on the 1st opportunity.

The fraudulent performance of any exercise or test required of the student for the evaluation of the subject will be subject to disciplinary responsibilities, as set out in the Norms of Evaluation, Review and Claim of University Degree and Master's Qualifications (Article 14) and in the UDC Student Statute (Article 35, point 3).

	Sources of information
Basic	 - Lancaster, M. (2002). Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text Royal Society of Chemistry: Cambridge, UK - Anastas, P. T.; Warner, J. C. (1998). Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice Oxford University Press: Oxford, UK - Cabildo Miranda, M. P.; Cornago Ramírez, M. P.; Escolástico León, C.; Esteban Santos, S.; Farrán Mor (2006). Procesos Orgánicos de Bajo Impacto Ambiental. Química Verde UNED: Madrid
Complementary	 - Anastas, P. T., Farris, C. A., Eds. (1994). Benign by Design. Alternative Synthetic Design for Polution Prevention. ACS Symposium Series 577. American Chemical Society: Washington - Tundo, P., Anastas, P., Eds. (2000). Green Chemistry. Challenging Perspectives Oxford University Press: Oxford UK - Anastas, P. T., Williamson, T. C., Eds. (1996). Green Chemistry. Designing Chemistry for the Environment. ACS Symposium Series 626. American Chemical Society: Washington - Anastas, P. T., Williamson, T. C., Eds. (1998). Green Chemistry. Frontiers in Benign Chemical Syntheses and

Recommendations



Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
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Subjects that continue the syllabus
Subjects that continue the synabus

Other comments

It is necessary to work the subject continuously. If the students found some difficulties about the tasks assigned, it is recommended to go to the individual tutorials with the teacher to solve these problems. Geen Campus Faculty of Sciences program to help achieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with the following points of the "Environmental Declaration of Faculty of Sciences (2020)":-Point 8: Promote curricular greening, incorporating an environmental dimension as well as teaching and research activities.-Point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary works that are requested in this subject:(a) They will be requested mostly in virtual format and computer support(b) If done on paper:-Plastics will not be used-Double-sided prints will be made-Recycled paper will be used-The realization of drafts will be avoided

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.