

		Teachin	g Guide			
	Identifyi	ng Data			2021/22	
Subject (*)	Geology			Code	610G01006	
Study programme	Grao en Química				'	
	'	Descr	iptors			
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fir	st	Basic training	6	
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Física e Ciencias da Terra					
Coordinador	Lado Liñares, Marcos E-		E-mail	marcos.lado@uc	marcos.lado@udc.es	
Lecturers	Lado Liñares, Marcos		E-mail	marcos.lado@uc	dc.es	
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Web				'		
General description	The aim of this course is to provi	de the students	with basic knowl	edge on crystalline solid-	-state-matter, its structure and	
	symmetry. Also, an important pa	rt of this course	is focused on the	e natural processes that I	lead to the formation of minerals	
	and on the recognition of commo	n minerals base	ed on some of the	eir properties.		

Contingency plan

I.Adaptation in the case of transformation to non-presential teaching caused by COVID outbreaks.

1. Modifications to the contents

No changes in the contents will be considered

2. Methodologies

*Teaching methodologies that are maintained

Guest lectures

Problem solving

Mixed tests

*Teaching methodologies that are modified

Laboratory sessions (they will be cancelled, and the assessment of their contents will be incorporated to the problem-solving activities).

3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students

E-mail. Daily It will be used to answer questions and doubts, and to schedule virtual meetings to check the development of the projects.

Moodle. Daily. As a function of the students' needs. It contains mailing lists where to induce discussions on some relevant topic.

Teams: 2 synchronous sessions per week with big groups, and one synchronous session per week with each small group. The Teams sessions will be scheduled in the hours that have been assigned to the course by the Faculty.

4. Modifications in the evaluation

Laboratory sessions.- Their contribution to the final grade is eliminated, and the corresponding percentage will be added to the problem-solving activities. The percentage of the mixed test is reduced to 40%. Therefore the percentage of the activities included in the assessment will be the following:

Mixed test (40%)

Problem solving (60%)

*Evaluation observations:

The same observations included in this teaching guide will apply, with the exception of those regarding the compulsory presence of the students in the activities. The rules of presenciality will apply only to those sessions prior to the cancellation of the activities at the faculty.

5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy

There are no modifications in the bibliography or webgraphy.

II.Adaptation in the case that the number of students exceeds the maximum allowed occupancy of the classroom assigned for the lectures.

1. 1.In the event of capacity problems in the spaces designated for the realization of face-to-face activities, additional spaces will be provideded in which students will be able to follow the activities through the TEAMS platform. In the case of laboratory activities, the groups will be spit to adapt to the capacity of the laboratory.

	Study programme competences		
Code	Study programme competences		
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units		

АЗ	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them	
A6	Knowledge of chemical elements and their compounds, synthesis, structure, properties and reactivity	
A9	Knowledge of structural characteristics of chemical and stereochemical compounds, and basic methods of structural analysis and	
	research	
A12	Ability to relate macroscopic properties of matter to its microscopic structure	
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies	
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry	
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement	
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis	
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply	
A25	Ability to recognise and analyse link between chemistry and other disciplines, and presence of chemical processes in everyday life	
A27	Ability to teach chemistry and related subjects at different academic levels	
B1	Learning to learn	
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking	
B4	Working independently on own initiative	
B5	Teamwork and collaboration	
B6	Ethical, responsible, civic-minded professionalism	
B7	Effective workplace communication	
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)	
C2	Oral and written proficiency in a foreign language	
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life	
C6	Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving	
C7	Acceptance as a professional and as a citizen of importance of lifelong learning	

Learning outcomes				
Learning outcomes		Study programme competences		
The study of minerals, as natural inorganic chemical compounds, and mineral formation processes, provides knowledge on	A1	B1	C1	
the reactivity of chemical elements that result in natural compounds	А3	В3	C2	
	A6			
	A12			
Laboratory work includes the analysis of crystal forms and the identification of common minerals through a critical analysis of	A1	B1	C6	
its symmetry, the development and training of spatial perception and the students? abstraction capabilities.	A12	B4		
	A15	B5		
	A16	В7		
	A23			
	A25			
	A27			
The student will face practical and theoretical aspects of minerals and crystalline matter, and the relationship between atomic	A9		C1	
arrangement and macroscopic properties	A12		C2	
	A16			
	A20			
	A25			
The internal structure of each mineral class, crystal system and the most representative unit cells are analyzed	A1	В3	C1	
	А3	В7	C2	
	A6		СЗ	
	A16			
The student will be able to relate mineral properties (density, cleavage, hardness, piezoelectricity) and mineral chemical	A6	B1	C6	
composition, bonds and internal structure	A12		C7	

Small group assignments are focused on solving problems related, in general, to practical aspects of mineralogy. The student	A15	B1	C1
should be able to present it in a synthetic manner, and to establish the interactions between the problem and other disciplines	A16	B5	C2
	A20	В6	C7
	A24	В7	
The student will learn to recognize crystalline matter, to analyze its structure, and to describe its internal symmetry	A1	B1	C1
	А3	В3	C2
	A6	B4	
The student will become familiar with the international standard terminology both in crystallography and mineralogy studies	A1	B1	C1
	А3	B4	C2
	A16	В7	

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic Sub-topic
Crystallography and symmetry of crystalline matter	1. Introduction to crystallography and mineralogy. Definition of crystal and mineral.
	Main properties of crystalline matter. Fundamentals of crystal chemistry: coordination.
	2. Crystal systems: Orthorhombic, tetragonal, hexagonal, monoclinic, triclinic and
	isometric.
	3. Point symmetry: symmetry elements, symmetry class.
	4. Morphology of crystal forms: crystallographic axis, axis relations, faces, Miller
	indices.
	5. Crystallographic projections (spheric and stereographic).
	6. Planar symmetry: 2-dimensional order and planar lattices. Planar symmetry and
	groups.
	7. Space symmetry: 3-dimensional order. Bravais lattices. Space symmetry (glide
	planes and screw axes). Space groups. Relations between point groups and space
	groups.
	8. Molecular symmetry and Schoenflies notation.
Geological processes, mineral formation, and types of rocks	9. Formation of chemical elements.
	10. Formation of minerals.
	11. Types of rocks: igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic.
	12. The most aboundant minerals in Earth crust: silicates.
Chemical and physical properties of crystalline matter	13. Physical properties of minerals: cleavage and fracture, hardness, piezoelectricity,
	pyroelectricity, magnetic properties.
	14. Optical properties: X-ray diffraction, color, luster and streak, refraction,
	luminescence and phosphorescence).

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class hours	Student?s personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A3 A6 A9 A12 A20	26	60	86
	A25 B1 B3 B6 C1 C2			
	C7			
Laboratory practice	A12 A15 A16 A23	15	22.5	37.5
	A27 B1 B3 B4 B5 B7			
	C1 C2 C6			
Problem solving	A15 A20 A23 A24 B7	9	13.5	22.5
	C1 C2 C3 C7			

Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A3 A6 A9 A12 A15	2	0	2
	A16 A20 A23 A25 B1			
	B3 B7 C1 C2			
Introductory activities	B1 B3 C7	1	0	1
Personalized attention		1	0	1
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(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Methodologies Description		
Guest lecture /	50-min sessions that will cover the theoretical aspects of the course using audiovisual contents		
keynote speech			
Laboratory practice	Hands-on activities where the students will learn to identify crystal groups, symmetry operations, and point groups based on		
	model structures. These activities will include also the recognition of the most representative minerals and rocks.		
Problem solving	These sessions will be focused on the individual work of students solving problems related to crystal lattices, structure, origin		
	and properties of minerals and rocks, and the identification of combinations of symmetry elements in point groups.		
Mixed	A written test that will be conducted in order to verify the knowledge and competences that the student developed during the		
objective/subjective	course.		
test			
Introductory activities	An introductory session during the first day of the course, where the methodology, contents, assessment criteria and time		
	schedule of the different activities will be discussed.		

	Personalized attention		
Methodologies	Description		
Problem solving	ersonalized attention will be provided through individual meetings between the professor and the students, in dates		
	previously selected.		
	Moreover, telematic tools, including e-mail, and Moodle and Microsoft Teams platforms, will be used to solve questions and		
	doubts related to the course.		
	Special attention will be provided to those students that can experience more difficulties during the learning process and to		
	part-time students.		

		Assessment		
Methodologies	Methodologies Competencies Description		Qualification	
Mixed	A1 A3 A6 A9 A12 A15	A test designed to assess the theoretical background of the adquired during the	60	
objective/subjective	A16 A20 A23 A25 B1	course. The minimum grade to pass the test will be 5 points out of 10		
test	B3 B7 C1 C2			
Problem solving	A15 A20 A23 A24 B7	The assessment will consist on a booklet with problems that the student needs to	10	
	C1 C2 C3 C7	solve		
Laboratory practice	A12 A15 A16 A23	The assessment will include questions to be aswered during the laboratory work and a	30	
	A27 B1 B3 B4 B5 B7	test about crystalline structures		
	C1 C2 C6			

Assessment comments
Assessment confinents

The course will be divided in two halves: one focusing on Crystallography, and one focusing on Mineralogy. Half of the abovementioned percentages of the different activities will correspond to each of this halves. The requisite to pass each of the activities included in the assessment is to obtain a minimum grade of 5 out of 10 points in each of those activities for each half of the course. Otherwise, the student will not pass the course. In those cases when the average of all grades of the different activities is higher than 5, but the student did not obtain a minimum of 5 in all the activities, the grade that will be assigned in the official records will be 4.

Once all the activities have been passed, the final grade of the course will be the sum of the different grades obtained in the tests and activities. The mixed test will yield 50% of the final grade. Laboratory work will account for 30% of the final grade, and problem solving will result in the other 20% of the final grade. Nevertheless, it will be strictly necessary to obtain 5 points out of 10 in each of the activities: the mixed test, the laboratory work, and the problem-solving activities. The attendance to lectures, laboratory work, and the completion of exercises are compulsory in order to be evaluated. Unjustified absence to one of the laboratory sessions or one small group activity will imply the discualification from the course. The student will be assessed as NOT PRESENTED only if he/she did not participate in any of those activities whose contribution to the final grade is higher than 10%. The tests of May-June (first opportunity) and July (second opportunity) will be evaluated similarly in terms of percentages and requirements to pass the course. The qualification obtained in the laboratory work and group activities will be preserved until the second opportunity, while the mixed test qualification in the second opportunity will replace the one obtained in the first one. Honors will be given only to students whose evaluation is conducted during the course and pass the tests in any of the two opportunities, until the maximum number of Honors dictated by the institution regulations is reached. Part-time students are not obligated to attend to lectures and small-group activities, although they must attend to laboratory work. The percentage of the final grade corresponding to small-group activities will be replaced by the corresponding increase in the percentage of the mixed objective/subjective test, both in the first and second opportunities.

In the extraordinary call of December, the evaluation criteria of the teaching guide for the 2020-21 academic year will be applied.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Borchardt-Ott, W. (2012). Crystallography: An Introduction. Springer
	- KLEIN, C. y HURLBUT, C.S. Jr (1996). Manual de mineralogía basado en la obra de J. Dana. Reverté
	- Phillips, F.C. (1972). Introduccion a la Cristalografía. Paraninfo
	- Gay P. (1977). Introduccion al estado cristalino. EUNIBAR
	Recursos na web: http://www.uned.es/cristamine/ (curso de Cristalografía y Mineralogía de la UNED)
	http://www.ucm.es/info/crismine/TEXTOS_MONOGRÁFICOS.htm (Facultad de Ciencias Geológicas de la UCM)
	http://161.116.85.21/crista/castella/index_es.htm (Cristalografía de Màrius Vendrell, UB) http://webmineral.com/(Sitio
	con abundantes recursos relacionados con la cristalografía y mineralogía) http://www.iucr.org/ (Sitio da Unión
	Internacional de cristalografía)
Complementary	- Amorós, J.L. (1990). El cristal. Morfología, estructura y propiedades físicas. Atlas
	- Galán, E. y Mirete, S. (1979). Introducción a los minerales de España. IGME
	Recursos na web: Jiménez, J. y Velilla, N. Óptica mineral. Universidad de Granada (consultado en xulio de 2017).
	http://www.ugr.es/~minpet/pages/docencia/opticamineral/paginas/default.htm Tindle, A. 2010.Andy Tindle?s Pages.
	The Open University(consultado en xulio de 2017). http://www.open.ac.uk/earth-research/tindle/
	http://www.uned.es/cristamine/mineral/metodos/prop_micr.htm
	http://www.nature.com/news/specials/crystallography-1.14540

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments



(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.