



Teaching Guide

Teaching Guide				
Identifying Data				2021/22
Subject (*)	Biochemistry II	Code	610G02012	
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía			
Descriptors				
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Second	Basic training	6
Language	Spanish			
Teaching method	Face-to-face			
Prerequisites				
Department	Bioloxía			
Coordinador	Gonzalez Siso, Maria Isabel	E-mail	isabel.gsiso@udc.es	
Lecturers	Cerdan Villanueva, Maria Esperanza Freire Picos, María Ángeles Gonzalez Siso, Maria Isabel Vizoso Vázquez, Ángel José	E-mail	esper.cerdan@udc.es maria.freirep@udc.es isabel.gsiso@udc.es a.vizoso@udc.es	
Web	ciencias.udc.es/bcm			
General description	The subject contents provide to the student the basic information for knowing and understanding the biochemical reactions,enzyme catalysis and metabolism. Studying in the second year of Biology degree will allow the student to achieve the basic knowledge to understand the molecular mechanisms governing many responses in the live organisms.			
Contingency plan	(i) Adaptation to be made in the event of a sudden absence: 1. Modifications to the contents No modifications in contents. 2. Methodologies *Teaching methodologies that are maintained all of them are maintained but on line. *Teaching methodologies that are modified: The presential classes as well as those in reduced groups, will be by Teams. The practical course will consist in video- visualizations related to the practical course and activities to be delivered. The reduced groups activities will be worked via Teams platform. 3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students Attention to students will be either by e-mail or by the Teams platform. 4. Modifications in the evaluation *Evaluation observations: Partial exams and Finals will be on line. 5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy No modifications since all the information is available in the Moodle. (ii) In case of capacity problems in the spaces designated for the realization of face-to-face activities, additional spaces will be reserved in which students can follow the activities through the TEAMS platform. In the case of practical activities, the groups will be divided according to the capacity of the laboratory.			

Study programme competences

Code	Study programme competences
A8	Illar, analizar e identificar biomoléculas.
A10	Avaliar actividades metabólicas.
A26	Deseñar experimentos, obter información e interpretar os resultados.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.
B1	Aprender a aprender.



B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
B3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
B5	Traballar en colaboración.
B7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
B10	Exercer a crítica científica.
B11	Debater en público.
B13	Comportarse con ética e responsabilidade social como cidadán e como profesional.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme competences	
Understand and describe the mechanisms by which the Enzymes act in biological catalysis. To design, combining and using the methodology of the practical course and theoretical classes, systems to purify and analyse enzymes. To know the importance of the pathways to obtain energy in the biological systems to maintain life. To know the main metabolic pathways in the cell and its regulation. Develop the capability to relate the different metabolic pathways.		A8	B1
		A10	B2
		A26	B3
		A29	B4
		A30	B5
		A31	B7
			B10
			B11
			B13

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic
1. Biological Enzymes as catalysts.	Structural features that give them advantages over chemical catalysts. Coenzymes and metallic ions. Reaction mechanisms. Antibodies as catalysts. Ribozymes.
2. Kinetics of chemical reactions.	Monosubstrate reactions and Michaelis-Menten kinetics Transformation of the Michaelis- Menten equation. Bisubstrate reaction kinetics. Irreversible inhibitors; binding, examples and applications. Reversible Inhibition: types of inhibition. Kinetics in the presence of inhibitors.
3. Regulation of enzymatic activity.	Importance of regulation in metabolism. Allosteric enzymes. Covalent modification. Isoenzymes. Zymogens or proenzymes.
4. Methodology for determination of enzyme activities.	Direct and indirect assays. Purification of enzymes: specific activity, yield and purification factor. Importance and current applications of enzymology.
5. Introduction to Metabolism.	Anabolic and catabolic pathways. Compartmentalization. Need for coordination and interaction between the different routes, and variability among species. Levels of obtaining energy. Methodology for the study of metabolic pathways. Levels of study.
6. Transport of metabolites across cell membranes.	Types of transport depending on the energy sources. Structural data. Examples with specific metabolites
7. Obtaining chemical energy.	Oxidation reduction in energy production. Coenzymes involved. Generation of ATP: substrate-level phosphorylation, oxidative phosphorylation and photosynthetic phosphorylation and energy production systems. Detailed study of oxidative phosphorylation and photosynthetic phosphorylation.
8: Glycolysis and catabolism of hexoses.	Location of the routes. Stages and pathway regulation. Fermentations. Relationship with the pentose phosphate pathway.
9: TCA cycle	Location of the route. Conversion of pyruvate to acetyl-CoA. Study of the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex and interaction with other routes. Anaplerotic routes, importance of mitochondrial shuttles and balances.



10. Gluconeogenesis.	Definition and localization, metabolic need for this route. Gluconeogenesis from: pyruvate, lactate, amino acids and triglycerides. Glyoxylate cycle.
11. "Dark Phase" of photosynthesis. Relationship with gluconeogenesis.	The Calvin cycle. Photorespiration. Regulation. The C4 pathway of tropical plants. The crassulacean acid metabolism. Sucrose metabolism and starch.
12. Glycogen metabolism.	The reserve polysaccharide glycogen. Biosynthesis and degradation of muscle and liver glycogen. Regulation. The role of the liver in the maintenance of blood glucose. Congenital anomalies of glycogen metabolism
13. Lipid Metabolism.	Lipid catabolism: lipolysis, beta-oxidation. Biosynthesis of fatty acids, triglycerides, membrane lipids and steroids. Regulation of lipid metabolism. Metabolism of ketone bodies.
14. Metabolism of amino acids.	Digestion and degradation of intracellular proteins. Nitrogen removal of amino acids: transamination, deamination. Urea cycle. Ammonia transport to the liver. Fate of the carbon skeleton of amino acids. Amino acid biosynthesis: origin of nitrogen and carbon skeleton. regulation
15. Derivatives of amino acids.	Amino acid precursor functions: Amines with biological activity, glutathione, porphyrins. Metabolism of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides. regulation
16. Integration of metabolism.	Metabolic profiling of major organs. Key connections between routes: glucose-6-phosphate, pyruvate and acetyl CoA. Metabolic adaptations to stress. Fasting, exercise.
17. Hormonal regulation of metabolism.	Hormones as chemical messengers. Second messengers. Metabolic targets of hormone action. Hormone receptors. Adenylate cyclase system. Phospholipase system. Receptor dimerization

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class hours	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A10 B1 B3 B4 B7 B10 B11 B13	28	56	84
Problem solving	A10 A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B11 B13	8	16	24
Laboratory practice	A8 A26 A30 A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B13	15	22.5	37.5
Mixed objective/subjective test	A8 A10 A26 B2 B3 B7 B13	2	0	2
Personalized attention		2.5	0	2.5
(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.				

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Oral presentation supplemented with the use of media and the introduction of some questions to the students, in order to impart knowledge and facilitate learning. The master class is also known as "conference" , "expository method" or "maxistral lesson." The latter method is usually reserved for a special kind of lesson taught by a teacher in special occasions, containing original preparation involved and based on the use of the word and images as a means of transmission of information to the audience.
Problem solving	Technique by which you have to solve a specific problem situation, from the previous theoretical resources, and may have more than one possible solution.
Laboratory practice	Methodology that allows students actually learn -as through conducting practical activities, such as demonstrations exercises, experiments and research.



Mixed objective/subjective test	Exam that integrates objective test, short questions and resolution of cases and issues.
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Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech Problem solving Laboratory practice Mixed objective/subjective test	The personalized attention will be just along the course and at the request of the student. The way of working to acquire skills and prepare the exams, the orientation of problem solving and interpretation of results of practical work, as well as any other questions that arise from the student shall be guided by this personal attention. Students with part-time dedication or waiver of assistance should contact the teachers of the subject in the early going to establish a schedule of activities to acquire and conveniently evaluate the skills of matter.

Assessment

Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Problem solving	A10 A29 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B11 B13	Student's work in reduced groups and controls.	20
Laboratory practice	A8 A26 A30 A31 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 B10 B13	Participation in the clases and exam.	15
Mixed objective/subjective test	A8 A10 A26 B2 B3 B7 B13	The knowledgements aquired by the students in both, the master clases and the problem solving will be evaluated.	65

Assessment comments



PRACTICAL WORK: Attendance at laboratory practices is mandatory to pass the subject. For their qualification the attendance and work in practices will be valued (5/15 points) and the competences acquired by means of an exam of practices (10/15 points). The assistance may be validated, upon request, by the one already completed in the immediately preceding course.

REDUCED GROUPS: The attendance and participation in small groups (problem solving) are valued through the work of the student in the groups, elaboration of programmed schemes and controls.

QUALIFICATION IN CONTINUOUS EVALUATION:

Apart from the practical work and the reduced groups assessments, two partial exams (Enzymology and Metabolism) will be programmed. In them it will be possible to release parts of the subject and therefore, if passed, it will not be necessary to repeat them in the final mixed test of official examinations (first and second opportunity)

To be able to pass the subject it will be necessary to reach at least 50% of the score corresponding to the mixed test. From this value, the scores corresponding to the rest of the activities are added. Below this value, the maximum score after the sum of the activity scores may not be greater than 4.

Students who do not attend the tests of the official evaluation period will have the grade of No Presented.

In July evaluation, the qualifications of the parts passed in the January exam (Enzymology / Metabolism / Practices) can be kept and the student will present only to the pending parts.

GLOBAL EVALUATION:

Students who renounce the continuous evaluation must request a global evaluation at least 15 days before the official date of the call (January / July). In this evaluation the notes of the activities are not taken into account and a global exam has to be done (Theory, Problems and Practical work). Students with part-time dedication or exemption of attendance, officially requested in the enrollment, will be evaluated in this modality.

MH will be distributed preferably among students who meet the requirements in the evaluation of January.

For students who request the early December call, the regulations will apply, according to which the teaching guide for the current course governs.

Implications of PLAGIARISM in the qualification: The regulations will be applied according to which the fraudulent performance of the tests or evaluation activities will directly imply the qualification of failure.

Sources of information

Basic	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Feduchi, Blasco, Romero y Yáñez (2011). Bioquímica, conceptos esenciales. Panamericana- Lehninger, Nelson y Cox (2006). Principios de Bioquímica. Omega- Stryer, Berg y Tymoczko (2009). Bioquímica 6ª Edn. Reverte- Tymoczko, Berg, Stryer (2014). Bioquímica curso básico. Reverté <p>No moodle da asignatura incluíranse e actualizaranse ligazóns a páxinas web e outras fontes bibliográficas. Plan de continxencia: Non se modifican por estar dispoñibles no Moodle da asignatura.</p>
Complementary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Melo y Cuamatzi (2004). Bioquímica de los procesos metabólicos. Reverté-UAM Xochimilco <p>
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Recommendations



Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Chemistry/610G02001 Biochemistry I/610G02011
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Biochemistry and Molecular Biology/610G02013 Biochemical Foundations of Biotechnology/610G02014
Other comments
<p>We inform that to be honored with "matrícula" the best qualified students in the first opportunity (January) will have preference. Drinks or food are not allowed in the classroom. We recommend the assistance to the reduced groups and the personal tutorials to increase the student's success.</p> <p>Green</p> <p>Campus Science Faculty Program To contribute to achieving an immediate sustainable environment and comply with point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary work carried out in this area:</p> <p>a. They will be requested mainly in virtual format and computer support.</p> <p>b. To do on paper:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Plastics will not be used.- Double-sided prints will be made.- Recycled paper will be used.- Drafts will be avoided.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.