

		Teaching	g Guide			
	Identifyin	g Data			2021/22	
Subject (*)	Botanical Geography: Geobotany			Code	610G02026	
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía					
		Descr	iptors			
Cycle	Period	Ye	ar	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fou	Fourth Optional		6	
Language	SpanishGalician		,			
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Bioloxía					
Coordinador	Cremades Ugarte, Javier		E-mail	javier.cremades	s@udc.es	
Lecturers	Cremades Ugarte, Javier		E-mail	javier.cremades	s@udc.es	
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Web						
General description	Geobotany and Plant Geography	are eminently i	ntegrative science	s that aim at recognisi	ing and studying the relationships	
	between plant communities and the	he environment	they live in. In this	course we will focus	on the factors (present and	
	historical) that determine the distribution of plants in Earth and also on the methods used to study them. We will also try to					
	understand how plant communities work, paying special attention to the relationships among plants (autoecology) and plant					
	communities (synecology). Finally, we will analyse some of the most relevant plant and algae communities growing in					
	Galicia and the Iberian Peninsula.					



### Contingency plan

Three different scenarios are considered in this contingency plan: (i) Adoption of a hybrid teaching method (Scenario 1), (ii) adoption of a distance learning method under a complete lockdown (Scenario 2) and full face to face teaching but with capacity limitations in the spaces assigned to the activities (Scenario 3).

#### Scenario 1.

All fieldwork activities that require students transportation will be cancelled unless all Health and Safety regulations can be fulfilled. If cancelled, the percentage of the final grade assigned to these activities will be transferred to the final objective test.

A hybrid teaching method will be adopted for keynote lectures following the system approved by the Faculty of Sciences.

#### Scenario 2

1. Modifications to the contents

No changes will be necessary.

### 2. Methodologies

\*Teaching methodologies that are maintained

All methodologies will be kept unless they require that students work outdoors (fieldwork and case study). In that case, this activities will be cancelled (fieldwork) or transformed (case study).

\*Teaching methodologies that are modified

Keynote lectures: They will take place on an online environment using TEAMS.

Case study: all parts that require fieldwork will be substituted by vegetation data analysis using data provided by the teachers.

Laboratory practicals: They will be merged with the case study. They will also be related to the analysis of vegetation and plant chorology data.

3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students

\*Moodle

\*Email

\*Teams

Students will be able to use any of these tools to communicate with the teachers, with no specific temporalization. Moodle and Teams will be used by the teacher to make materials available to students.

# 4. Modifications in the evaluation

The final objective test will take place through Moodle or Microsoft Forms.

The percentage of the final grade assigned to fieldwork activities (5%) and the laboratory practicals (5%) will be transferred to the final objective test and the case studies, respectively. The final percentages will be as follows:

Final objective test: 55% of the total grade

Case studies: 45% of the final grade

## \*Evaluation observations:

All observations made in the ordinary teaching guide remain valid.

5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy

No modifications are made.

Scenario 3. Additional spaces will be assigned to the different activities. Some students will stay with the teacher and others will move to the new space. The students in the additional classroom will follow the session through TEAMS. In the case of laboratory practices, if the capacity is surpassed, groups will be split.

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.
A2	Identificar organismos.
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar especímenes.
A6	Catalogar, avaliar e xestionar recursos naturais.
A11	Identificar e analizar material de orixe biolóxica e as súas anomalías.
A19	Analizar e interpretar o comportamento dous seres vivos.
A20	Muestrear, caracterizar e manexar poboacións e comunidades.
A22	Describir, analizar, avaliar e planificar o medio físico.
A24	Xestionar, conservar e restaurar poboacións e ecosistemas.
A27	Dirixir, redactar e executar proxectos en Bioloxía.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.
A32	Desenvolverse con seguridade no traballo de campo.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
В3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
B5	Traballar en colaboración.
B6	Organizar e planificar o traballo.
B7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
B8	Sintetizar a información.
B9	Formarse unha opinión propia.
B12	Adaptarse a novas situacións.
C1	Expresarse correctamente, tanto de forma oral coma escrita, nas linguas oficiais da comunidade autónoma.
С3	Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa profesión e
	para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
C4	Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a
	realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme	
	con	npetence	s/
		results	
- Understanding the relationship between plants and algae and their environment.	A1	B1	
	A19	B4	
	A22	В8	
	A27		
	A29		
- Knowing the diversity of terrestrial and marine plant/algae communities.	A1	B1	
	A2	B4	
	A19		
	A27		
	A29		

- Acquiring skills for the observation, description and identification of plant/algae communities.	A1	B1	C1
- Acquiring skills for the observation, description and identification of plant/argae communities.	A2	B2	C3
	A6	B3	US
	A11	В4	
	A20	B7	
	A20	B8	
	A27	БО	
	A29		
	A30		
	A32		
Acquiring skills for the critical management of bibliography and other sources of information.	A27	B1	C3
	,	B4	
		B8	
		В9	
Learning basic field and laboratory procedures for the reconnaisance and inventory of plant/algae communities.	A1	B1	
	A2	B2	
	A4	В3	
	A6	B4	
	A20	B5	
	A22	В6	
	A27	В7	
	A29	В8	
	A30	B12	
	A31		
	A32		
Encourage students to further research and study Plant Geography as an integrative science essential to their development		B1	C4
as field biologists.		В3	
		В9	
Understanding the diversity of plant/algae communities in their surroundings and their great floristic and biogeographic value.	A1	B1	C4
	A24	В9	
	A27		
	A29		

Contents					
Topic	Sub-topic				
Lectures 1: Introduction	1. Geobotany and Plant Geography. Links with other biological sciences.				
Lectures 2: Phytochorology and Phytocoenology (Plant	2. Plant geographical distribution areas; typology. Cosmopolitism. Edemicity. Migration				
Geography and Ecology)	routes and relict elements. Chorology. Molecular methods in the study of plant				
	chorology and biogeography.				
	3. Biogeographic areas. Typology of land phytocoenosis (plant communities). The				
	Holarctic Kingdom. Delimitation and bioclimatic characterization. Biogeographic units				
	in the North Atlantic. Oceanographic delimitation and characterization.				
	4. Vegetation structure. Physical structure; vertical and horizontal structure. Biological				
	structure. Vegetation dynamics. Plant succession and vegetation series. Potential				
	vegetation (climax community). Degradation and secondary succession. Progressive				
	and regressive series.				
	5. Methodology for the study and classification of plant communities. Historic				
	background. Physiognomic method. Sigmatism.				

Lectures 3: Land vegetation	6. The Holarctic Kingdom. Vegetation of the Eurosiberian, Mediterranean and		
	Macaronesian regions.		
	7. The Iberian Peninsula. Eurosiberian region; chorological provinces. Delimitation and		
	bioclimatic characterization. Relevant and characteristic plant communities.		
	Mediterranean region; chorological provinces. Delimitation and bioclimatic		
	characterization. Relevant and characteristic plant communities.		
	8. Vegetation in Galicia; characterization. Forests, characteristics and phytosociology.		
	Class Pino-Juniperetea. Class Querco-Fagetea. Class Quercetea ilicis.		
	9. Forests, characteristics and phytosociology. Class Cytisetea scopario-striatii. Class		
	Calluno-Ulicetea and Class Cisto-Lavanduletea.		
	10. Plants at the margins. Coastline vegetation. Hygrophilous and hydrophylous		
	vegetation. Saxicolous vegetation. Ruderal plant communities.		
Lectures 4: Introduction to marine vegetation	11. Vegetation in the sea. Introduction, main features and differences with the land.		
	Divisions in the marine environments. Ecological factors that influence on the		
	distribution of the marine phytobenthos. Physical, chemical and biological factors		
	affecting the marine phytobenthos.		
	12. Phytobenthonic ecology. Biological forms, life cycles and adaptations to the		
	marine environment. Main features of the phytobenthonic communities.		
	13. Biogeography of marine organisms. Vertical and horizontal dimensions in the		
	distribution of marine vegetation. Succession in marine plant communities.		
	14. Benthic marine vegetation in the North Atlantic and the Mediterranean. Benthic		
	vegetation in Galicia. Coastline typology and main vegetation units.		
Seminars	- Introduction to the analysis of floristic inventories.		
	- Ordination and classification of inventories from marine (algae) and land plant		
	communities.		
	- Analysis of the physical, biological and chorological structure in marine (algae) and		
	land plant communities.		
	- Methodology of phenological studies.		
Laboratory sessions	- Field sessions to work in the recognison and in situ analysis (floristic inventories) of		
	plant and algae communities.		
	- Lab sessions working on the identification of the samples collected in the field.		
Case studies	- Comprehensive study of the flora and vegetation of a previously selected territory.		
	- Phenological studies on selected plants from "Monte da Fraga"		

Planning						
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours		
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours			
Case study	A1 A2 A4 A6 A11 A19	3	40	43		
	A20 A22 A24 A27					
	A29 A30 A31 A32 B1					
	B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7					
	B8 B9 B12 C1 C3 C4					
Field trip	A32 B1 B2 B3 B5 B6	12	0	12		
	B7					
Laboratory practice	A2 A4 A11 A29 A30	6	0	6		
	A31 B1 B4 B5 B7 C3					
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A19 A22 A24 A27	21	52	73		
	A29 B1 B3 B4 B7 C3					

Seminar	A6 A19 A27 A29 B1	7	7	14
	B5 B6 B7 B8 C3			
Personalized attention		2	0	2
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(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Case study	The students (in pairs or small groups) will identify and mapthe different plant communities in an area chosen by the teachers.
	Subsequently, they will write a report including all their findings as well as a complete inventory of the different communities.
	This report will be submitted as the final task of the course.
Field trip	Short fieldwork sessions will be conducted in nearby areas practice the different basic methods of vegetation analysis. Special
	attention will be paid to frequent vegetation types in Galicia: forests, coastal shrublands, etc.
Laboratory practice	The students will use the laboratory sessions for the study and identification of the samples taken while conducting their case
	study.
Guest lecture /	The teachers will introduce the basic concepts of the course presentations and other resources that will be available to the
keynote speech	students.
Seminar	During the seminars, the students will become familiar with some basic computer methods for vegetation ordination,
	classification and analysis. In these seminars, the students will use the data generated by them in the field and also data
	provide by the teachers. Seminars are oriented to the completion of the case study.

Personalized attention				
Methodologies	Description			
Guest lecture /	Guidance will be available to the students in order to solve possible doubts or problems that might arise during the course.			
keynote speech	Ideally, the student should make appointments with the lecturers by e-mail.			
Seminar				
Case study				
Laboratory practice				
Field trip				

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	ies / Description	
	Results		
Guest lecture /	A1 A19 A22 A24 A27	The students will take a written exam to demonstrate that they have acquired the	50
keynote speech	A29 B1 B3 B4 B7 C3	contents of the course.	
Case study	A1 A2 A4 A6 A11 A19	Different aspects will be considered in the assessment of the case study report: its	40
	A20 A22 A24 A27	structure, the quality of the data generated and of the data analysis and discussion.	
	A29 A30 A31 A32 B1	Presentation will also be assessed by the teachers.	
	B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7		
	B8 B9 B12 C1 C3 C4		
Laboratory practice	A2 A4 A11 A29 A30	Attendance and participation will be valued.	5
	A31 B1 B4 B5 B7 C3		
Field trip	A32 B1 B2 B3 B5 B6	Attendance and participation will be valued.	5
	В7		

In order to pass the course in the first opportunity, the student will have to participate in at least 70% of the programmed activities. In addition to this, the student will have to obtain a score of 4/10 in the final exam. In the second opportunity (july), the student will take a new written exam (60% of the final grade) and they will also take a practical exam involving plant and community identification and work with community inventories (40% of the final grade). In the cases where the student has successfully completed the report in the first opportunity, this practical exam can be waived (depending on the quality of the report).

Qualifications obtained in one course will not be kept for the following one. In order to be qualified as "non presentado" the student must not have participated in activities that are worth more than 30% of the final grade of the course. Part-time students or students who participate in equality and diversity

support programs are welcome to participate in this subject. The teachers will adapt the different compulsory activities in order to enable these students to fulfill the aims of the course.

Where appropriate, in the evaluation of students with part-time dedication or with the exception of attendance, 10% of the evaluation reserved for the evaluation of field trips and / or laboratory practices will be incorporated into the evaluation of the written objective test.

If fraud is committed in any of the tests or activities of the continuous assessment, the student will be graded with FAIL "0" in the subject in the corresponding call.

Sources of information	
Basic	BIBLIOGRAFÍA BÁSICA E COMPLEMENTARIABellot, Francisco (Ed.) (1978) El tapiz vegetal de la Península Ibérica
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	grasses of the world. North Holland Publishing Company, Amsterdam, 272 pp. Huetz de Lemps, A. (1983) La
	vegetación de la tierra. Akal, Madrid. 263 pp.Ozenda, P. (1994) Végétation du Continent Européen. Delachaux et
	Niestlé, Lausanne & Paris. 271 pp. Peinado Lorca, M.; Rivas-Martínez, S. (Eds.) (1987) La vegetación de
	España. 4ª ed. Colección Aula Abierta - Univ. Alcalá de Henares, Madrid. 544 pp.Polunin, O.; Walters, M. (1989) Guía
	de la vegetación de Europa. 1ª ed. en Español. Ediciones Omega S.A., Barcelona. 236 + 170pl pp.Smith, R.L. (1990)
	Ecology and Field Biology. 4 <sup>a</sup> ed. Harper Collins Publishers, New York.
Complementary	

# Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Introduction to Botany: General Botany/610G02023
Plant Systematics: Cryptogamia/610G02024
Plant Systematics: Phanerogamia/610G02025
Ecology I: Individuals and Ecosystems/610G02039
Ecology II: Populations and Communities/610G02040

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus



Other comments

The number of locations where field trips will take place will depend on the number of students and the availability of means of transport to carry them out.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.