



Teaching Guide

Identifying Data					2021/22
Subject (*)	Paleobiology	Code	610G02043		
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía				
Descriptors					
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	Fourth	Optional	6	
Language	SpanishEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Física e Ciencias da Terra				
Coordinador	Bao Casal, Roberto	E-mail	roberto.bao@udc.es		
Lecturers	Bao Casal, Roberto Blanco Calvo, Luis Alejandro Grandal D' Anglade, Aurora Moncunill Solé, Blanca	E-mail	roberto.bao@udc.es alejandro.blancoc@udc.es aurora.grandal@udc.es blanca.moncunill@udc.es		
Web	campusvirtual.udc.es/moodle/				
General description	<p>Paleobiology studies biological processes occurring at geological time scales. After introducing the main features of the fossil record, other aspects, such as the analysis of organic form, the role of the fossil record on the development of modern Evolutionary Theory, or the analysis of paleoecological and paleobiogeographical processes from an evolutionary perspective, are considered. An specific section is reserved for an overview of the evolution of biodiversity over geologic time, establishing the different relationships that allow us to understand our planet as a system.</p> <p>The subject has a strong conceptual focus, leaving more descriptive issues (Systematic Paleontology) for the workshops and laboratory sessions.</p>				



Contingency plan

SCENARIO A: OUTBREAK

1. Modifications to the contents

The contents will not be modified, but the description of the main fossil groups making up the labs will be adjusted to the limitations imposed by online teaching.

2. Methodologies

*Teaching methodologies that are maintained

Lectures

Workshops

Labs

Tests (but see below)

*Teaching methodologies to be modified

All teaching methodologies will be adapted to an online style. This means that lectures, workshops, and labs will be adapted to online delivery. Tests, which constitute the basis of the continuous assessment, will also be taken by the students online, unless monitoring of test cheating by the lecturers cannot be guaranteed (see below). If this is the case, the continuous assessment will be cancelled, and grading will rely on the results of the final exams of January and/or July.

3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students

Personalized attention will be provided online, preferentially via UDC's implemented Microsoft Teams. Moodle and Email will also be used.

4. Changes in assessment

Online testing on a continuous basis will be the preferred choice, unless monitoring of test cheating cannot be guaranteed. If this is the case, the continuous assessment will be cancelled, and grading will rely on the results of the final exams (January and/or July calls). More weight will be given to the lecture's contents in the final grade, as follows:

Lectures: 75%

Workshops: 10%

Labs: 15%

*Assessment observations:

It is mandatory to part-time students, according to the UDC norm "Norma que regula o réxime de dedicación dos estudantes de grao na UDC (arts. 2.3; 3.b e 4.5) (29/5/2012), that they have an 80% attendance to the course activities. All students in this condition should ask the lecturers in advance for an appointment to explain their specific situations.

5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy

None

SCENARIO B: MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF CLASSROOM EXCEEDED

In case that the maximum capacity of the classroom is exceeded, there will be an auxiliary classroom where the students will receive the corresponding online class in real time. This also applies to the workshops. In this case the materials used for the classroom activities will be shared by the two groups of students. For the case of the laboratory activities, since no auxiliary lab will be available, there will be an accordingly reduction in the number and/or content of the activities.



Study programme competences / results	
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.
A2	Identificar organismos.
A3	Recoñecer, obter, analizar e interpretar evidencias paleontolóxicas.
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar espécimes.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study programme competences / results		
	results		
To understand the concept of deep (geologic) time	A3 A29	B1	
To understand the processes of fossilization and the biases of the fossil record as an indicator of ancient biospheres	A2	B1	
To understand how biological processes occurring at geological time scales, such as evolution or mass extinctions, cannot always be understood as simple extrapolations of processes taking place at shorter time scales	A2	B1 B2	
To expand our understanding of Evolutionary Theory from a multidisciplinary perspective	A3	B1 B2	
To know the fossil groups that make up the fossil record and their practical uses	A1 A2 A3 A4	B1 B2	
To identify the main bioevents in the history of the Earth, their causes and aftermath	A2 A3	B1 B2	
To synthesize knowledge from a long array of subjects such as Geology, Ecology, Microbiology, Biochemistry, Botany or Zoology in the framework of an ever changing Earth	A2 A3 A29	B1 B2	

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic
SECTION-1.	HISTORY AND CONCEPT OF PALEOBIOLOGY
Lesson 1. An introduction to Paleobiology	1.1 Introduction 1.2 Theoretical and methodological aspects 1.3 Divisions of Paleobiology
SECTION-2.	TAPHONOMY
Lesson 2. The concept of fossil. Taphonomy	2.1 Introduction 2.2 The concept and types of fossils 2.3 Biostratigraphy 2.4 Diagenesis of fossils 2.5 Ichnofossils 2.6 Time-averaging 2.7 Fossil-lagerstätten 2.8 The quality of the fossil record
SECTION-3.	MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS



Lesson 3. Size and Shape in Fossils	9.1 Introduction 9.2 The analysis of morphometrical variability 9.3 Types of growth 9.4 Population variability 9.5 Ecophenotypic variability 9.6 Sexual dimorphism 9.7 Taphonomical variability
Lesson 4. Ontogeny and Heterochrony	10.1 Introduction 10.2 Biogenetic and von Baer's Law 10.3 Heterochrony and its types 10.4 Heterochrony and allometry 10.5 Heterochronoclines 10.6 Dissociated heterochrony 10.7 Evolutionary consequences of heterochrony
Lesson 5. Morphodynamics and the Evolution of Form	11.1 Introduction 11.2 Constructional morphology. Phylogenetic factor. Functional factor. Fabricational factor. Other factors 11.3 Research methods in morphodynamics. Biomechanical analysis. Theoretical morphology
SECTION-4.	EVOLUTIONARY PALEONTOLOGY
Lesson 6. Classification and Phylogeny	12.1 Introduction 12.2 Methods of classification. Essentialism, evolutionary, phenetic, and cladistic classification 12.3 Fossils and Phylogeny. Stratocladistics. Phylogenetic trees
Lesson 7. Speciation	13.1 Introduction 13.2 Species concepts 13.3 Modes of speciation 13.4 The problem of species concept in Paleontology
Lesson 8. Modes of evolution	14.1 Introduction 14.2 Darwinism and the Synthetic Theory of Evolution 14.3 Modes of evolution and the fossil record. Phyletic gradualism and punctuated equilibria 14.5 Evolutionary trends 14.6 Species selection 14.7 Coordinated stasis
Lesson 9. Paleobiogeography	16.1 Introduction 16.2 Dispersal biogeography 16.3 Paleogeography and paleoclimatology 16.4 Vicariance biogeography 16.5 Biogeographic patterns and extinctions
Lesson 10. Evolutionary Paleocology	17.1 Introduction 17.2 Phanerozoic trends in global diversity. Explanatory hypotheses 17.3 Law of constant extinction. Red Queen Hypothesis and alternative explanatory hypotheses 17.4 Clade interactions
SECTION-5.	BIOSTRATIGRAPHY
Lesson 11. Time and Geology	4.1 Dating methods 4.2 The geologic time scale
SECTION-6.	HISTORY OF LIFE



Lesson 12. The origin and early evolution of Earth and Life	5.1 Origins of the Solar System and Earth. 5.2 Origin and evolution of the Atmosphere. 5.3 Origin of the Hydrosphere. 5.4 Origin and evolution of the continents. 5.5 The first life forms.
Lesson 13. The diversification of Life	6.1 The Ediacaran Fauna and other life forms. 6.2 The Cambrian Explosion. 6.3 Evolution of life forms during the Paleozoic. 6.4 Terrestrialization.
Lesson 14. Mass extinction events	7.1 Mass extinctions. Causes and their aftermath. 7.2 The end-Permian extinction. 7.3 The end-Cretaceous extinction.
Lesson 15. Climate and Life	8.1 Climatic evolution of the planet Earth. 8.2 Global glaciations. Methods of study. 8.3 The Snowball Earth hypothesis. 8.4 The influence of climatic change on the Quaternary faunas and floras.

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies / Results	Teaching hours (in-person & virtual)	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A29 A3 B1 B2	21	66	87
Workshop	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	7	12	19
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	14	18	32
Objective test	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	2	8	10
Personalized attention		2	0	2

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture / keynote speech	Lectures will be devoted to topics related to principles and problems in paleontology, as well as to the history of life on Earth. Students are expected to take their own notes. Reading assignments from specific topics delivered during the lectures are also expected to be completed.
Workshop	The workshops are intended to introduce to the students the basic concepts of taphonomy and systematics by means of the direct observation of fossils. The students will prepare their own handouts and solve specific quizzes. Attendance to the workshops is mandatory to pass the subject.
Laboratory practice	Laboratory sessions will be devoted to the recognition of the basic morphological features of the main groups of fossils, as well as on the identification of important taxa from the Iberian Peninsula. Students will be required to take their own notes and answer the lab quizzes. Attendance to the lab sessions is compulsory to pass the course.
Objective test	Grading is primarily based on the idea of continuous assessment and so, the final exam IS NOT REQUIRED for those students being successful during this continuous assessment. Students failing specific parts or the whole subject are required to make the final exam for the parts they failed

Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description



Workshop Laboratory practice Guest lecture / keynote speech Objective test	Attendance to tutorials is expected, especially for those aspects showing greater difficulty, such as quizzes solving, tests, or workshop/laboratory observations. Part-time students not capable of attending to the workshops and/or lab sessions are eligible to get an exemption of these compulsory tasks in the scheduled programme. They will however be required to perform the tasks associated to the workshops and labs in a different schedule adapted to their job obligations.
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Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies / Results	Description	Qualification
Workshop	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	Continuous assessment using quizzes involving multiple choice, matching, true-false questions, fill in the blank questions or short answer and essay questions. These quizzes make up 10% of the final grade	10
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	Continuous assessment using quizzes involving multiple choice, matching, true-false questions, fill in the blank questions, short answer, essay questions and/or fossil identifications with real specimens	25
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A29 A3 B1 B2	Continuous assessment will take place using in-class quizzes and participation during classes. All quizzes can involve multiple choice, matching, true-false questions, fill in the blank questions or short answer and essay questions. Quizzes make up 65% of the final grade.	65
Objective test	A1 A2 A3 A4 A29 B1 B2	As stated in Step 5, grading is primarily based on the idea of continuous assessment and so, the FINAL EXAM IS NOT REQUIRED for those students being successful during this continuous assessment. For the rest of students a final exam will be carried out for the specific parts of the subject (i. e., lectures 65%, workshops + lab sessions 35%) that they failed	0
Others			

Assessment comments



Students

are required to obtain a final grade of at least 5.0 out of 10 to pass this subject. However, all the activities making up the assessment (lectures, workshops and lab sessions) can be compensated among them getting a grade of at least 4.0. Students passing any of the parts (lectures and workshops + lab sessions) are given the opportunity to keep this mark for the two grading opportunities (January and July), being only examined of those parts which they failed. However, all the teaching-learning process of this subject is based on the idea of being developed in the current term. This means that for successive terms the student is supposed to fulfill all the assignments scheduled for those specific terms.

Under

exceptional justified reasons, such as part-time learning, or students with special educational needs, specific assessments could be undertaken.

The

grade ?no show? will be given only to those students who have not participated in more than 20% of the assessed activities during the term.

The

before mentioned instructions also apply for part-time students.

Students

from former terms, if attending the December?s advance call, will be examined under the rules of the 2020-21 academic year (please check the corresponding syllabus).

If academic fraud is detected in any of the activities included in the continuous assessment of the course, the student/s involved will be qualified with "Fail (0)" in the corresponding opportunity (January or July) of the terms's call

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Sources of information

<p>Basic</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - PROTHERO, D. R. (2013). Bringing Fossils to Life. An Introduction to Paleobiology. Columbia University Press, New York - FOOTE, M. & MILLER, A.I. (2007). Principles of Paleontology. W. H. Freeman, New York - FREEMAN, S. & HERRON, J.C. (2013). Evolutionary Analysis. Preason Prentice Hall - BENTON, M. J. & HARPER, D. A. T. (2020). Introduction to Paleobiology and the Fossil Record. Wiley-Blackwell - COWEN, R. (2013). History of Life. Blackwell Science, Oxford. - LEVIN, H. L. (2010). The Earth through Time. John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, New Jersey - WICANDER, R. & MONROE, J. S. (2015). Historical Geology. Evolution of Earth and Life through Time. Thompson Learning, Belmont - REGUANT, S. (2005). Historia de la Tierra y de la Vida. Editorial Ariel, Barcelona - BRIGGS, D. E. G. & CROWTHER, P. R. (2003). Palaeobiology II. Blackwell Science - STANLEY, S. M. (2009). Earth System History. Freeman and Company, New York - BENTON, M.J. (2020). Cowen?s History of Life. Wiley - MARTIN, R. (2012). Earth's Evolving Systems: The History of Planet Earth. Jones & Bartlett Learning, Sudbury <p>RECURSOS</p> <p>WEB</u>http://www.palaeos.comhttp://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/exhibit/geology.htmlhttp://tolweb.org/tree/phylogeny.h</p> <p>tmRECURSOS</p> <p>WEBhttp://www.palaeos.comhttp://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/exhibit/geology.htmlhttp://tolweb.org/tree/phylogeny.html</p>
<p>Complementary</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DOMÈNECH, R. & MARTINELL, J. (1996). Introducción a los Fósiles. Masson - BRENCHLEY, P. J. & HARPER, D. A. T. (1998). Palaeoecology: Ecosystems, Environments and Evolution. Chapman & Hall, London - CLARKSON, E. N. K. (2001). Invertebrate Palaeontology and Evolution. Blackwell Science, Oxford - LEVINTON, J. S. (2001). Genetics, Paleontology, and Macroevolution. Cambridge University Press - SKELTON, P. (1993). Evolution. A Biological and Palaeontological Approach. Addison Wesley Longman - FUTUYMA, D. J. & KIRKPATRICK, M. (2017). Evolution. Oxford University Press - (-). Fósil. Revista de Paleontología. http://www.fossil.cl - ANGUIA, F. (2002). Biografía de la Tierra. Editorial Aguilar, Madrid - GOULD, S. J. (1992). La Flecha del tiempo : mitos y metáforas en el descubrimiento del tiempo geológico. Alianza Editorial, Madrid - GOULD, S. J. (1993). El Libro de la Vida. Editorial Crítica, Barcelona - JAIN, S. (2016). Fundamentals of Invertebrate Palaeontology: Macrofossils. Springer - JAIN, S. (2019). Fundamentals of Invertebrate Palaeontology: Microfossils. Springer - MILSOM, C. & RIGBY, S. (2010). Fossils at a Glance. Wiley-Blackwell - BOTTJER, D. J. (2016). Paleocology: Past, Present and Future. Wiley <p>
</p>

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before



Geology/610G02004

Physical Geography/610G02006

Genetics/610G02019

Population Genetics and Evolution/610G02021

Plant Systematics: Cryptogamia/610G02024

Plant Systematics: Phanerogamia/610G02025

Zoology I/610G02031

Zoology II/610G02032

Ecology I: Individuals and Ecosystems/610G02039

Ecology II: Populations and Communities/610G02040

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Animal Biodiversity and the Environment/610G02033

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Developmental Biology/610G02010

Functional Adaptations of Animals in the Environment/610G02037

Other comments



Students having specific questions or wanting to discuss class materials are always welcome during the lecturer's office hours. It is highly recommended that they communicate any kind of problem affecting their class performance, ability to take tests or class attendances, especially in the case of foreign students. This

subject follows the Green Campus Faculty of Sciences program on sustainability

(https://ciencias.udc.es/images/Facultade/Green_Campus/Declaraci%C3%B3n_Ambiental_FCiencias.pdf)

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ability to take an exam, or your class attendance.



(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.