



## Teaching Guide

Identifying Data					2021/22
<b>Subject (*)</b>	Cybersecurity in Industrial Environments	<b>Code</b>	614530014		
<b>Study programme</b>	Máster Universitario en Ciberseguridade				
Descriptors					
Cycle	Period	Year	Type	Credits	
Official Master's Degree	2nd four-month period	First	Optional	3	
<b>Language</b>	SpanishGalician				
<b>Teaching method</b>	Face-to-face				
<b>Prerequisites</b>					
<b>Department</b>	Electrónica e SistemasEnxeñaría de Computadores				
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<b>Web</b>	campusvirtual.udc.gal/course/view.php?id=8502				
<b>General description</b>	The Industry 4.0 paradigm derived into the proliferation of industrial devices connected to networks and physical processes. This subject, besides reviewing traditional industrial systems (i.e., industrial control systems, access controls, communication and information management systems) is focused on the security of the Industry 4.0 technologies: IoT/IIoT, robotics, cloud/edge computing, augmented reality, blockchain or AGVs.				



<b>Contingency plan</b>	<p>1. Modifications to the contents</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- No changes will be performed.</li></ul> <p>2. Methodologies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- *Teaching methodologies that are maintained</li><li>- Supervised projects, mixed objective/subjective test.</li><li>- *Teaching methodologies that are modified</li><li>- Guest lectures: due to the exceptional situation, given the impossibility of being able to teach in a completely face-to-face way, virtual tools provided by the university will be used, which can be complemented with other tools.</li><li>- ICT practicals: the labs that require specific equipment will be replaced with simulated or virtualized ones. Eventually, alternative practices will be proposed that do not require such equipment. These practicals may be oriented towards autonomous work to address conciliation and/or connectivity problems.</li></ul> <p>3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Tutoring sessions (student attention) will be conducted electronically (e.g., through email, Teams, Moodle, FAITIC, Campus Remoto), which can be complemented with other tools. In some of such tools, prior appointments will be agreed.</li></ul> <p>4. Modifications in the evaluation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The evaluation will be carried out following the same methodology, but the exam will be performed online by using the available virtual tools. However, the evaluation weights will be modified as follows:</li></ul> <p>ICT practical: 40%; Supervised projects: 40%; Mixed objective/subjective test: 20%.</p> <p>5. Modifications to the bibliography or webgraphy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- There will be no modifications.</li></ul>
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Study programme competences / results	
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	CE1 - To know, to understand and to apply the tools of cryptography and cryptanalysis, the tools of integrity, digital identity and the protocols for secure communications
A2	CE2 - Deep knowledge of cyberattack and cyberdefense techniques
A3	CE3 - Knowledge of the legal and technical standards used in cybersecurity, their implications in systems design, in the use of security tools and in the protection of information
A4	CE4 - To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks, databases, computer programs and information services
A7	CE7 - To demonstrate ability for doing the security audit of systems, equipment, the risk analysis related to security weaknesses, and for developing de procedures for certification of secure systems
A8	CE8 - Skills for conceive, design, deploy and operate cybersecurity systems



A12	CE12 - Knowledge of the role of cybersecurity in the design of new industrial processes, as well as of the singularities and restrictions to be addressed in order to build a secure industrial infrastructure
A13	CE13 - Ability for analysing, detecting and eliminating software vulnerabilities and malware capable to exploit those in systems or networks
A15	CE15 - Ability to identify the value of information for an institution, economic or of other sort; ability to identify the critical procedures in an institution, and the impact due to their disruption; ability to identify the internal and external requirements that guarantee readiness upon security attacks
B1	CB1 - To possess and understand the knowledge that provides the foundations and the opportunity to be original in the development and application of ideas, frequently in a research context
B2	CB2 - Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization
B3	CB3 - Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the application of their professional capabilities and judgements
B7	CG2 - Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information, network or system security
B8	CG3 - Capacity for critical thinking and critical evaluation of any system designed for protecting information, any information security system, any system for network security or system for secure communication
B10	CG5 - Students will have ability to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations, within the scope of infrastructures, equipment or specific application domains, and designed for precise operating requirements
B11	CG6 - Ability to do research. Ability to innovate and contribute to the advance of the principles, the techniques and the processes within their professional domain, designing new algorithms, devices, techniques or models which are useful for the protection public, private or commercial of digital assets
C4	CT4 - Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society

## Learning outcomes

Learning outcomes	Study programme competences / results		
To know the essential concepts behind industrial network security	AJ1 AJ3 AJ12 AJ15		CJ4
To understand the different protection techniques and attacks to industrial systems and to know how to implement them	AJ2 AJ4 AJ8 AJ13	BJ2 BJ3 BJ7 BJ8 BJ10 BJ11	
To understand the main industrial network security issues and attacks, and to know the mechanisms to minimize them	AJ1 AJ4 AJ7 AJ12 AJ13	BJ3 BJ7 BJ8 BJ11	
Be able to understand the implications at a security level of the diverse Industry 4.0 technologies	AJ1 AJ3 AJ12 AJ15	BJ1 BJ3	

## Contents

Topic	Sub-topic
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Introduction	Industrial security policies  Implications of industrial and critical infrastructure cybersecurity  Practical cases
Physical access control systems for industrial premises	Proximity systems  Remote access systems  Biometric systems
Industrial control systems	Communication architecture  Traditional systems  Cyber-Physical Systems
Industry 4.0 systems	Introduction to Industry 4.0  IIoT/IloT systems  Security for other Industry 4.0 technologies (e.g., augmented reality, cloud/edge computing, blockchain, AGVs)
Industrial information management systems	Traditional databases  ERP  PLM  MES
Industrial communication systems	Communication architectures  Wired communication technologies  Wireless communication technologies

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies / Results	Teaching hours (in-person & virtual)	Student's personal work hours	Total hours
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A2 A3 A12 A15 B1 B7 B8 C4	9	9	18
ICT practicals	A1 A2 A4 A7 A8 A13 B2 B7 B8 B10 B11	10	10	20
Supervised projects	A13 B2 B3 B7 B8 B10	0	20	20
Mixed objective/subjective test	B2 B3 B7	1	15	16
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

Methodologies	
Methodologies	Description



Guest lecture / keynote speech	Lectures given by the professors about the main theoretical concepts related to cybersecurity on industrial environments.
ICT practicals	Guided and supervised practical assignments based on the use of ICT.
Supervised projects	Supervised project carried out by the student including both theoretical and practical parts.
Mixed objective/subjective test	Written test to assess the knowledge acquired during the course.

### Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects Guest lecture / keynote speech ICT practicals	The subject professors will provide individual and personalized assistance to the students during the course, solving their doubts and questions. In the same way, the professors will guide the students during the practical assignments and the supervised project.  Doubts will be solved during the lectures and during the scheduled tutoring hours. Such a schedule will be flexible to attend part-time student doubts.

### Assessment

Methodologies	Competencies / Results	Description	Qualification
Supervised projects	A13 B2 B3 B7 B8 B10	Supervised project mixing practical and theoretical parts.	30
ICT practicals	A1 A2 A4 A7 A8 A13 B2 B7 B8 B10 B11	ICT practical resolution and report writing about the obtained results.	30
Mixed objective/subjective test	B2 B3 B7	Written test on the theoretical and practical content of the course.	40

### Assessment comments

#### FIRST CALL

Two evaluation alternatives may be selected: continuous and single.

The continuous evaluation will imply solving ICT practicals, developing a supervised project and carrying out a mixed test that will be evaluated according to the percentages indicated above (30, 30, 40) or, if it is necessary, according to the percentages indicated in the contingency plan. It is necessary to obtain a five over ten to pass the subject. In addition, it is necessary to obtain at least two points over four on the mixed test to pass the subject. In case of opting for the continuous evaluation, every student that delivers some kind of work (ICT practical, supervised project or mixed test), cannot be evaluated as "not presented".

In the case of the single evaluation, all the marks come from a single mixed test that will include a theoretical and a practical part. Such a test will be performed at the end of the bimester and it will be necessary to obtain at least a five over ten to pass the subject.

The selection of the evaluation alternative must be indicated to the professors not later than the third week of the course.

Part-time students that choose any of the evaluation systems would be provided with scheduling flexibility.

#### SECOND CALL AND EXTRA CALLS

The student who opted in the previous call for the continuous evaluation will have the opportunity to maintain the marks obtained during the ICT practicals and the supervised project. Such student will carry out a mixed test, establishing the final mark according to the same percentages applied for the first call. The rest of the students (including part-time students) will be evaluated as if they selected the single evaluation alternative, so they will take a single mixed test that will evaluate both theoretical and practical parts.

#### OTHER COMMENTS

No marks will be preserved from one course to another.

In case of detecting plagiarism, the student will be evaluated as failed (0) and the situation will be communicated to the master direction and to the corresponding authorities to take the appropriate measures.



## Sources of information

<b>Basic</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Eric Knapp, Joel Thomas Langill (2014). Industrial Network Security. Elsevier</li><li>- Junaid Ahmed Zubairi (2012). Cyber Security Standards, Practices and Industrial Applications: Systems and Methodologies. IGI Global</li><li>- Tyson Macaulay (2012). Cybersecurity for Industrial Control Systems: SCADA, DCS, PLC, HMI, and SIS. Auerbach Publications</li><li>- Josiah Dykstra (2015). Essential Cybersecurity Science: Build, Test, and Evaluate Secure Systems. O'Reilly</li><li>- Pascal Ackerman (2017). Industrial Cybersecurity. Packt</li></ul>
<b>Complementary</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Peng Cheng, Heng Zhang, Jiming Chen (2016). Cyber Security for Industrial Control Systems: From the Viewpoint of Close-Loop. CRC Press</li></ul>

## Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.