

		Teaching Guide			
	Identifyin	g Data			2021/22
Subject (*)	Introduction to Machine Learning			Code	730497240
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Enxeñaría Industrial (plan 2018)				'
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degre	e 2nd four-month period	Second		Optional	4.5
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Ciencias da Computación e Tecn	oloxías da Información	Computació	n	
Coordinador	Bellas Bouza, Francisco Javier E-mail francisco.bellas@udc.es				
Lecturers	Bellas Bouza, Francisco Javier E-mail francisco.bellas@udc.es			@udc.es	
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Web		'		'	
General description	This course provides an introduct	ion to the computationa	l automatic	learning techniques r	most commonly used in the field
	of industrial engineering. It will pro	ovide an overview of the	field of ma	chine learning to und	lerstand what types of problems
	are solved and with what technique	ues, with the aim of pro	viding the st	udent with a general	knowledge on the scope of
	application of them.				

Contingency plan

- 1. Modifications to the content
- No changes will be made
- 2. Methodologies

Teaching methodologies that are maintained

- Supervised work
- Objective test

Teaching methodologies that are modified

- Oral presentation: using Microsoft Teams or equivalent institutional application
- ICT Practical sessions: using Microsoft Teams or equivalent institutional application, and using appropriate programming software that will be provided to students
- Master class: carried out through Microsoft Teams or equivalent institutional application, also leaving the students or their content in video format for later viewing
- 3. Mechanisms for personalized attention to students
- Email: Daily. Used to make queries, request virtual meetings to resolve doubts and perform or follow up on the work being protected.
- Moodle: Daily. According to the needs of the students, who have forums in which they can export questions in general to the rest of the group.
- Teams: 1 class per week for big group to advance in the theoretical concepts and for the ICT sessions, using the hours originally scheduled in the School calendar. In addition, this tool will be used for the resolution of personalized questionnaires with students, preferably during class hours. This contact can be through chat or call, which is more appropriate to resolve the query.
- 4. Modifications in the evaluation
- No changes will be made on the first or second evaluation period.

Evaluation observations:

- Keep to the percentages of all methodology in the assessment, including objective testing, which is performed equally online in the final minutes of each online theory class. In this case, the link to the questionnaire is provided in the Teams meeting, which takes place in the main class.
- 5. Modifications of the bibliography or webgraphy
- No changes will be made

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A8	ETI8 - Ability to design and project automated production systems and advanced process control.
B1	CB6 - Possess and understand knowledge that provides a basis or opportunity to be original in the development and / or application of
	ideas, often in a research context.
B2	CB7 - That students know how to apply the knowledge acquired and their ability to solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments
	within broader (or multidisciplinary) contexts related to their area of ??study.

В3	CB8 - That students are able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgments based on information that, being
	incomplete or limited, includes reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and
	judgments.
B4	CB9 - That the students know how to communicate their conclusions -and the knowledge and ultimate reasons that sustain them- to
	specialized and non-specialized audiences in a clear and unambiguous way.
B5	CB10 - That students have the learning skills that allow them to continue studying in a way that will be largely self-directed or autonomous.
B6	G1 - Have adequate knowledge of the scientific and technological aspects in Industrial Engineering.
B13	G8 - Apply the knowledge acquired and solve problems in new or unfamiliar environments within broader and multidisciplinary contexts.
B14	G9 - Be able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgments based on information that, being incomplete or limited,
	includes reflections on social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgments.
B15	G10 - Knowing how to communicate the conclusions -and the knowledge and ultimate reasons that sustain them- to specialized and
	non-specialized publics in a clear and unambiguous way.
B16	G11 - Possess the learning skills that allow to continue studying in a self-directed or autonomous way.
C1	ABET (a) - An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering.
C3	ABET (c) - An ability to design a system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economic,
	environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability, and sustainability.
C6	ABET (f) - An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.
C7	ABET (g) - An ability to communicate effectively.
C8	ABET (h) - The broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and
	societal context.
C9	ABET (i) - A recognition of the need for, and an ability to engage in life-long learning.
C11	ABET (k) - An ability to use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Stud	y progra	amme
	со	mpeten	ces
Coñecer as principais técnicas de clasificación supervisada e non supervisada, e o seu uso práctico	AJ8	BJ1	CJ1
		BJ2	CJ3
		BJ6	
		BJ13	
Know the non-resolved problems in autonomous robotics	AJ8	BJ1	CJ1
		BJ4	CJ3
		BJ6	CJ11
		BJ13	
		BJ14	
Know the problems of sensing and actuation in systems that operate in the real world and real time	AJ8	BJ1	CJ1
		BJ4	CJ3
		BJ6	CJ11
		BJ13	
		BJ14	
Know the problems of knowledge representation in autonomous robotics		BJ1	CJ1
		BJ4	CJ6
		BJ5	CJ7
		BJ6	CJ8
		BJ14	
		BJ16	

Know the problems to tackle when an autonomous robotic control system is developed	BJ1	CJ3
	BJ2	CJ6
	BJ3	CJ7
	BJ13	CJ8
	BJ14	CJ9
	BJ15	CJ11

Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic	
Introduction	Preliminary concepts.	
	Types of problems: classification, regression, clustering, anomaly detection, etc.	
	Forms of learning: supervised, unsupervised, reinforcement, etc.	
Classification and clustering methods	Introduction	
	Supervised classification algorithms	
	Unsupervised classification algorithms (clustering)	
Data processing methods	Data Preparation	
	Dimensionality reduction	
Regression methods for modeling and prediction	Introduction	
	Main techniques	
	Artificial Neural Networks	
Experimental methodology and result analysis	Methods for estimating error	
	Results analysis	
	Model comparison	

Planning			
Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
	hours	work hours	
B2 B3 B4 B13 C1 C3	0	37	37
B1 B5 B15 B14 B6 C7	3	9	12
C9 C11			
A8 B13 B14 B16 B6	10.5	21	31.5
C11			
B1 B14 B6	1	0	1
B1 B6 C6 C8	17	10	27
	4	0	4
	Competencies B2 B3 B4 B13 C1 C3 B1 B5 B15 B14 B6 C7 C9 C11 A8 B13 B14 B16 B6 C11 B1 B14 B6	Competencies Ordinary class hours B2 B3 B4 B13 C1 C3 0 B1 B5 B15 B14 B6 C7 3 C9 C11 A8 B13 B14 B16 B6 10.5 C11 B1 B14 B6 1 B1 B6 C6 C8 17	Competencies Ordinary class hours Student?s personal work hours B2 B3 B4 B13 C1 C3 0 37 B1 B5 B15 B14 B6 C7 C9 C11 3 9 C8 C11 21 21 B1 B14 B6 1 0 B1 B6 C6 C8 17 10

	Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description		
Supervised projects	Programming exercises in which some of the techniques seen in the theory classes will be implemented on real engineering		
	problems, using the programming language selected by the teachers. These exercises will be carried out by the students		
	autonomously and their progress will be tutored by the teachers.		
Oral presentation	Theoretical work or works about a specific topic from the contents that will be orally presented and discussed with other		
	students		
ICT practicals	In person computer sessions in which teachers explain the use and programming of automatic learning techniques as seen in		
	theory, so that students acquire sufficient skills to use them autonomously.		
Objective test	A multiple-choice or test-type questionnaire that is completed online at the end of the master theory sessions, with the aim of		
	assessing the degree of participation, attention and understanding of the concepts explained by the teacher. Tools like		
	Moodle, Microsoft Forms or Kahoot could be used.		

Guest lecture /	Oral exposition by the teachers of the theory of the subject.
keynote speech	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Oral presentation	During the ICT practical classes, the student will be allowed to ask the teacher any questions that arise about the
ICT practicals	programming of the learning methods.
Supervised projects	
	Supervised projects: It is recommendable the use of a personal assistance in these activities to resolve conceptual doubts or
	procedures than can appear during the resolution of the practical problems. Also, the personal assistance will be focused on in
	the explanation, by the student, of the proposed solution.
	Oral presentation: the students' progress in their theoretical work must be supervised by the teachers, both in terms of
	contents and format.

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies	Description Qua	
Oral presentation B1 B5 B15 B14 B6 C7 The oral presentation, the participation in the discussion and the written		The oral presentation, the participation in the discussion and the written inform will be	30
	C9 C11	considered in the final qualification. It is mandatory to pass this methodology	
		independently in order to pass the whole subject.	
Supervised projects	B2 B3 B4 B13 C1 C3	Different programming projects will be proposed along the course that must be carried	60
		out in an autonomous way by the student and that will be presented and explained to	
		the teachers afterwards. It is mandatory to pass this methodology independently in	
		order to pass the whole subject.	
Objective test	B1 B14 B6	Understanding the concepts explained by the teacher in the master sessions implies	10
		that students participate in the classes in an active way, raising questions and making	
		the most of personal interaction. This understanding is valued in the final grade of the	
		course through the online questionnaires that are made in the final minutes of each	
		master session.	

Assessment comments

The evaluation of this subject is based on the pass of the two main methodologies, Supervised Projects and Oral Presentation, in an independent way. The first is focused on the practical demonstration of the knowledge and skills acquired to solve engineering problems through automatic learning techniques, and the second on the realization and exposition of a work on a specific topic within the theoretical topics. Thus, in case the student does not pass the subject in the ordinary call, he/she will have to repeat the necessary activities of the method(s) that were not passed in the extraordinary call. As an example, if a student passed the Oral Presentation but failed in the supervised projects, he/she will have to repeat the projects necessary to reach the passing grade, normally that/those that individually were not passed

Early assessment (December): students who choose this call have to carry out Supervised Projects and Oral Presentation methodologies but not the Objective test. The value of this methodology will be added to the Supervised Projects value, which will value 70%. At the beginning of the academic period (September), the students must let the professors know they'll attend the early assessment to get enough time to accomplish the work Students with part-time enrollment may accumulate 10% of the grade corresponding to class attendance in the other activities, both in theory and in practice in the case of not being able to attend classes regularly in person. This modification must be requested to the subject teachers at the beginning of the course. Likewise, in the case of not being able to carry out an oral presentation with the rest of the students, an alternative date must be arranged with the teachers.

Sources of information

Basic	- Marsland, Stephen (2014). Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective. Chapman and Hall/CRC Press
	- Gonzalo Pajares Martínez, Jose Manuel de la Cruz García (2010). Aprendizaje automático : un enfoque práctico.
	Ra-Ma
	- Ethem Alpaydin (2014). Introduction to Machine Learning. MIT Press
	- Christopher M. Bishop (2010). Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer
	A Whirlwind Tour of Python by Jake VanderPlas (O?Reilly):Libro en HTMLCódigo fuente de los ejercicios
Complementary	- Andreas C. Müller, Sarah Guido (2016). Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Guide for Data Scientists.
	O'Reilly Media
	- Sebastian Raschka, Vahid Mirjalili (2019). Python machine learning : aprendizaje automático y aprendizaje profundo
	con Python, scikit-learn y TensorFlow. Marcombo
	- Aurelien Geron (2017). Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and
	Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems. O'Reilly Media
	- Kevin P. Murphy (2010). Machine Learning, a probabilistic perspective. MIT Press

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Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Machine Vision for Industrial Applications/730497239
Industrial Process Design and Optimization Project/730497236
Machine Design and Construction/730497226
Kinematics and Dynamics of Industrial Robots/730497228
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Other comments
The documents to be deliver in this subject:- Virtual format or digital support will be requested They'll be done on the Virtual Campus without printing

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.

them.In case they?re done in paper:- Don't use plastics.- Use double-sided printing.- Use recycled paper.- Avoid printing drafts.