		Teaching	Guide		
	Identifying D	ata			2022/23
Subject (*)	Chemistry			Code	610G02001
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía				
		Descrip	otors		
Cycle	Period	Yea	r	Туре	Credits
Graduate	1st four-month period	Firs	t	Basic training	6
Language	SpanishGalician				'
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
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Web				-	
General description	Chemistry in the Biology degree is a	subject of ba	sic training with co	ontents focusing on so	ome of the fundamental concepts
	of General Chemistry. Such knowledge and skills will establish the essential background for the students, allowing them to				
	take up the study of the different brar	nches of biolo	ogy where the che	mical phenomenon is	involved.

	Study programme competences		
Code	Study programme competences		
A26	Deseñar experimentos, obter información e interpretar os resultados.		
A30	Manexar adecuadamente instrumentación científica.		
A31	Desenvolverse con seguridade nun laboratorio.		
B1	Aprender a aprender.		
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.		
В3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.		
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.		

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programme	
	cor	npetend	es
To learn the most important parts of this discipline: Nomenclature, structure and reactivity of the major organic functional	A26	B1	
groups, and thermochemistry, kinetics of chemical reactions, chemical equilibrium, acid-base equilibrium and electrochemistry		В3	
and its importance in a biological medium.		B4	
To acquire sufficient knowledge and experimental skills to use, properly and safely, the most common material and	A26	B1	
compounds in a chemical laboratory.	A30	В3	
	A31	B4	
To be able to solve and explain problems related to the chemistry of functional groups, thermochemistry, kinetics of chemical	A26	B1	
reactions, chemical equilibrium, acid-base equilibrium and electrochemistry, and to interpret the results.		B2	
		В3	
		B4	
To be able to adequately express the concepts and ideas learned.		В3	

Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic	

1.0 0	
1. Organic Chemistry	? Introduction to Organic Chemistry
	? Alkanes
	? Alkenes and alkynes
	? Aromatic hydrocarbons
	? Alkyl halides
	? Alcohols, fenols and ethers
	? Aldehydes and ketones
	? Carboxylic acids and their derivatives
	? Amines and amides
	? Stereochemistry
2. Thermochemistry	? Concepts and basic terms in Thermochemistry
	? First law of Thermodynamics
	? Heats of reaction. Enthalpy
	? Thermochemical equations
	? Calorimetry
	? Standard enthalpy of formation: Hess's law
	? Spontaneous change and Entropy
	? Second law of Thermodynamics
	? Criteria for spontaneous change. Gibbs's free energy
3. Chemical equilibrium	? Chemical equilibrium
	? The equilibrium constant expression
	? Relationship between kinetics and equilibrium
	? Altering equilibrium conditions: Le Chatelier's principle
	? Relationship between the equilibrium constant and Gibbs's free energy
	? Standard state in Biochemistry
	? Coupling reactions in biological systems
4. Acid-base equilibrium	? Acid and base definitions. The Brønsted-Lowry's theory
	? Acid-base properties of water: concept of pH
	? Strong and weak acids and bases. Ionization constants
	? Solutions of salts: hydrolysis
	? The common-ion effect
	? Buffer solutions
	? Acid-base titrations. Acid-base indicators
	? pH control in biological systems
5. Electrochemistry	? Electrochemical processes and redox reactions
	? Chemical energy and Electrochemistry. Electrochemical cells
	? Standard electrode potentials
	? Thermodynamics of electrochemical reactions
	? Effect of the concentration on cell potential
	? pH measurement
	? Membrane potential
	? Redox systems involving protons
	? Redox indicators

6. Kinetics and Catalysis	? Definition of kinetics and objectives
	? Variables influencing the rate of chemical reactions
	? Rate of reaction and the rate law
	? Effect of the temperature on reaction rates. The Arrhenius equation
	? Relationship between kinetic constants and equilibrium constants
	? Theoretical models in chemical kinetics
	? Mechanisms of reaction: elementary and in-steps processes
	? Catalysis

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Introductory activities	B1	1	0	1
Guest lecture / keynote speech	B1 B3	13	26	39
Seminar	B1 B2 B3 B4	10	30	40
Laboratory practice	A26 A30 A31 B1 B2	15	15	30
	B3 B4			
Supervised projects	A26 B1 B2 B3 B4	8	20	28
Objective test	A26 B1 B2 B3 B4	3	9	12
Personalized attention		0	0	0

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Introductory activities	Initial session to introduce the subject, where students will be informed about the contents of the course, the teaching
	methodology -for large and small groups- and the assessment criteria.
Guest lecture /	The theoretical content will be discussed at the keynote sessions, through multimedia presentations given by the teaching
keynote speech	staff. The presentations, covering the basic content and additional material will be available for the students at the Moodle
	platform, including self-assestment tests.
Seminar	The seminars will address the analysis and resolution of some of the previously proposed exercises. In order to make the most
	of these sessions, it is very important that students work the exercises prior to their resolution in the classroom. The proposed
	exercises, and the data tables, will be available in advance at the Moodle platform.
Laboratory practice	Students will carry out 7 laboratory practices related to the theoretical contents that are addressed in the classroom and that
	will last 2 hours each. The students will have the script of the work that will be perfored during each session and the previous
	materials (readings, videos, etc.) that will be reviewed before starting the experimentation. The teaching staff will explain the
	most relevant theoretical aspects of each practice. Students must previously read the script before entering the laboratory, and
	bring it with them.
	Each student will individually write a report/notebook of the practices, where he/she will include the objective and theoretical
	background of the practice, a scheme/picture of the employed material, the performed experiments, observations, and
	obtained results, as well as extract conclusions and answer the proposed questions. This report will be sent to the
	corresponding teacher using the Moodle platform, in .pdf format, for its evaluation.
Supervised projects	The main target of these sessions is the follow-up of the comprehension of the subject by the students. For this purpose, 8
	sessions of 1 hour of tutoring in small groups are scheduled. Students must prepare each tutorial in advance, studying the
	corresponding contents and solving the exercises of the previous bulletins that will be available at the Moodle platform.
	Students must upload the solutions of a serie of proposed exercises to Moodle previously to the tutorials. In the tutorials the
	proposed exercises will be solved and discussed on the board, preferably by the students. Brief short tests by surprise and/or
	through the Moodle platform can be carried out during these tutorials and they will contribute to the final assessment.
Objective test	The degree of concepts assimilation and problem solving skills of the students will be assessed by means of a written exam.

Personalized attention

Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	In addition to the follow-up work in group tutoring sessions, students can apply for individual tutoring, in the schedule set by
	the teachers, face to face or via Teams.
	In the specific case of part-time Students with exemption of attendance, seminars and supervised work will be led through individual and/or group tutoring schedule to be agreed with the teachers.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Laboratory practice	A26 A30 A31 B1 B2 B3 B4	The completion of laboratory practices is mandatory. The score of the practices represents 25% of the overall score. The submitted report, the attitude and the work done in the lab will be assessed. To pass the subject is necessary to obtain a minimum score of 5 in this part.	25
Supervised projects	A26 B1 B2 B3 B4	The score of the supervised work represents 25% of the overall score. The individual work of the student with the previous questionnaires will be assessed as well as the active participation of the student in the tutorials, the attendance and the qualifications of the short tests in class and via Moodle.	25
Objective test	A26 B1 B2 B3 B4	The objective test consists of a number of practical or theoretical-practical exercises, similar to those solved in seminars and tutorials. To pass the subject is necessary to obtain a minimum score of 4,5 in this part.	50

Assessment comments	
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To pass the subject it is necessary to obtain an overall rating equal to 5 points or higher (out of 10) in one of the two calls (January and July). A score below 4,5 on the objective test and/or 5 in the laboratory practices implies failing the subject.

The completion of all the

laboratory practices is mandatory to pass the subject. Nevertheless, the student may miss 2 of the 7 sessions. If the student

does not justify the absence, the grade for that practice will be 0 and he/she

will not be able to recover it. If the absence is justified, whenever possible,

the experiments will be performed with another group, and if not possible, they

will not be taken into account in the evaluation. When the final grade of the laboratory practices is lower

than 5, the teacher will return the report, indicating the sources of error,

which must be corrected by the student and delivered for a new assesstment by

the teacher. The qualification of this second review will be definitive and will be applied for the calculation of the global qualification, both in the first and in the second opportunity.

The attendance to the supervised work is mandatory to pass the subject. Students who attend less than 50% of those tutorials will obtain a qualification lower than 50% in this section for both assessment opportunities in January and July, regardless of their qualification obtained in the short tests during tutorials or via Moodle. In the second opportunity of July, in order to obtain the global qualification, the qualification obtained during the course in this section will be maintained.

In the specific case of students with recognition of part-time dedication and academic assistance waiver, the mark of the tutored work will be replaced by that obtained in the personal tutorials, counting as 25% of the overall grade in the first and the second opportunities. In case of exceptional, and appropriately justified circumstances, the teacher may fully or partly exempt any student to perform the continuous evaluation process. In such case the students will undergo a specifically designed test, in any of the opportunities scheduled. In this specific case, the student will perform the laboratory practices in the group with the schedule that best fits his/her situation.

"Not attended" assessment mark will be applied when the students attend less than 25% of the planned academic activities (supervised work and practices), and do not assist to the objective test.

Fraudulent performance of tests or evaluation activities, after verification, will directly imply a qualification of failure (0) in the corresponding oportunity.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Petrucci, R.H.; Herring, F.G.; Madura, J.D.; Bissonnette, C. (2017). Química general: Principios y aplicaciones
	modernas (11ª Ed). Madrid: Pearson
	En xeral, calquera manual de Química Xeral actualizado é axeitado para o estudo da asignatura. Existen edicións
	anteriores do Petrucci (8ª Ed. QX240, 10ª Ed. QX-243) e outros libros recomendados a disposición dos alumnos na
	biblioteca, incluindo versións en inglés Petrucci (QX-241 and QX-242), Chang (QX-387); Brown (QX-180).



## Complementary

- Chang, R.L.; Goldsby, K.A. (2017). Química (12ª Ed). México: McGraw-Hill
- Atkins, P.; Jones, L. (2012). Principios de Química. Los caminos del descubrimiento (5ª Ed). Madrid: Ed. Médica Panamericana
- Reboiras, M. D. (2007). Química, La ciencia básica. Madrid: Thomson
- Brown, T.L.; LeMay Jr. H.E.; Bursten, B.E.; Murphy, C.J.; Woodward, P.M. (2014). Química. La ciencia central (12ª Ed). México: Pearson
- Reboiras, M. D. (2007). Problemas resueltos de: Química, la ciencia básica. Madrid: Thomson
- Paterno Parsi, A.; Parsi, A.; Pintauer, T.; Gelmini, L.; Hilts, R. W. (2011). Complete Solutions Manual: General Chemistry, Principles and Modern Applications. Scarbough: Pearson Canada
- Paterno Parsi, A.; Parsi, A.; Pintauer, T.; Gelmini, L.; Hilts, R. W. (2011). Selected Solutions Manual: General Chemistry, Principles and Modern Applications. Toronto: Pearson
- Rodríguez Yunta, M. J.; Campayo Pérez, L.; Cano Benjumea, M. C.; Sanz Plaza, A. M. (2013). Problemas de Química para Estudiantes de Biología. Madrid: Síntesis
- López Cancio, J. A. (2010). Problemas de Química. Madrid: Prentice Hall
- Quiñoá, E. (2005). Nomenclatura y representación de los compuestos orgánicos. Una guía de estudio y autoevaluación. Madrid: McGraw-Hill

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Mathematics/610G02003	
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Biochemistry I/610G02011	
Biochemistry II/610G02012	
	Other comments

In order to successfully study the subject, it is imperative that the student has a previous knowledge of chemistry and mathematics, according to the level in secondary and high school, such as: chemical nomenclature, balance of chemical reactions, stoichiometric calculations, identification of acid-base character of common compounds, oxidation states calculation of elements in chemical species, logarithms, exponential and basic differential and integral calculus. With the aim of

reducing the paper consumption, and following the guidelines of the faculty's

?Green Campus?, it is highly recommended to send the report in .pdf format.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.