		Teaching G	uide		
	Identifyii	ng Data			2022/23
Subject (*)	Sustainability and Conservation	Sustainability and Conservation of Faunal			610G02034
Study programme	Grao en Bioloxía				'
		Descriptor	'S		
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fourth		Optional	6
Language					·
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Bioloxía				
Coordinador	Llaneza Rodríguez, Luís Aladino		E-mail	luis.llaneza@udc.es	
Lecturers	Llaneza Rodríguez, Luís Aladino		E-mail luis.llaneza@udc.es		dc.es
Web					
General description	The objective of this subject is to	provide students w	th the theoretic	al bases of the cons	ervation and sustainable
	management, in relation to issue	s of basic science a	nd other issues	related to decision n	naking, using an approach to
	applied problem solving.				

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A1	Recoñecer distintos niveis de organización nos sistemas vivos.
A4	Obter, manexar, conservar e observar especímenes.
A6	Catalogar, avaliar e xestionar recursos naturais.
A9	Identificar e utilizar bioindicadores.
A18	Levar a cabo estudos de produción e mellora animal e vexetal.
A20	Muestrear, caracterizar e manexar poboacións e comunidades.
A22	Describir, analizar, avaliar e planificar o medio físico.
A23	Avaliar o impacto ambiental. Diagnosticar e solucionar problemas ambientais.
A24	Xestionar, conservar e restaurar poboacións e ecosistemas.
A26	Deseñar experimentos, obter información e interpretar os resultados.
A27	Dirixir, redactar e executar proxectos en Bioloxía.
A28	Desenvolver e implantar sistemas de xestión relacionados coa Bioloxía.
A29	Impartir coñecementos de Bioloxía.
A32	Desenvolverse con seguridade no traballo de campo.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B2	Resolver problemas de forma efectiva.
В3	Aplicar un pensamento crítico, lóxico e creativo.
B4	Traballar de forma autónoma con iniciativa.
B5	Traballar en colaboración.
В6	Organizar e planificar o traballo.
В7	Comunicarse de maneira efectiva nunha contorna de traballo.
В8	Sintetizar a información.
В9	Formarse unha opinión propia.
B10	Exercer a crítica científica.
B11	Debater en público.
B12	Adaptarse a novas situacións.
B13	Comportarse con ética e responsabilidade social como cidadán e como profesional.

Learning outcomes

Learning outcomes	Study	/ programme
	COI	mpetences
Análise de problemas relacionados ca sostenibilidade e a conservación da biodiversidade	A1	B1
	A4	В3
	A6	B4
	A9	В6
	A20	B7
	A22	B9
	A23	B10
	A26	B12
	A29	B13
Análise interdisciplinar dos problemas de xestión dos recursos vivos e os ecosistemas	A1	B1
	A6	B2
	A9	B3
	A18	B4
	A20	B5
	A22	В6
	A23	B7
	A24	В8
	A27	В9
	A28	B10
	7.20	B11
		B12
Flat and the decrease of a decrease decrease of the black of the second		B13
Elaboración de propostas de plans de xestión da biodiversidade, dos ecosistemas e dos recursos explotados	A1	B1
	A4	B2
	A9	B3
	A22	B4
	A23	B5
	A24	B6
	A27	B7
	A28	B8
	A29	В9
		B10
		B11
		B12
		B13
Desenvolvemento de proxectos relacionados ca sostenibilidade e a conservación biolóxica	A1	B1
	A4	B2
	A6	B3
	A9	B4
	A18	B5
	A20	B6
	A22	B7
	A23	B8
	A24	B9
	A26	B10
	A28	B12
	A32	B13

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
1. CONSERVATION BIOLOGY	Management of living natural resources. Concepts.
2. BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM FUNCTION.	Definition and levels of biodiversity. Taxonomic Diversity. Biodiversity and ecosystem functioning
3.ECOSYSTEM SERVICES AND THEIR VALUATION.	Environmental economics / ecological economics. Goods and services provided by ecosystems. Economic valuation of ecosystem services.
4. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FOR THE	Sustainability. Sustainable development. Socioeconomic and legal bases. Property
CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE OF	rights. The tragedy of the commons. Components and managment models
BIODIVERSITY	ngino. The regesty of the commence compensate and managine it measure
5. SUSTAINABLE EXPLOITATION.CONCEPTS AND BASIC	Logistic model.Growth rates. Carriying capacity. Avoiding overexploitation. Monitoring
MODELS OF ANIMAL POPULATIONS.	and adaptative managment. Management of the carriying capacity.
6. MARINE FISHING AS A MODEL FOR EXPLOITATION OF	The socio-economic importance of marine fisheries. Trends in global fisheries:
RESOURCES	historical development and current status. Status of fish stocks.
7. ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF FISHING.	Human activities affecting marine ecosystems. Direct effects on stock. Direct effects
	on habitat. Effects on communities and ecosystems
8. AQUACULTURE: ALTERNATIVE OR EXPLOITATION	Population Growth vs productive systems. The marine aquaculture. Ecological effetcs
DRIVER?	of aquaculture. Alternatives for sustainable aquaculture.
9. METHODS FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF EXPLOITED	Objectives.Data collection. Estimations of abundance. Direct methods for
POPULATIONS.	assessment. Indirect methods.
10. MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES FOR EXPLOITED	Components of the fisheries management systems. Scientific information for
RESOURCES.	preventive management. Regulatory measures. Major fisheries management
	strategies. Experiences on achievements and problems of regulatory measures.
11. EXTERNAL THREATS TO ANIMAL DIVERSITY.	Habitat changes. Presence of non-native organisms . Environmental pollution.
	Overexploitation. Global changes.
12. INTRINSIC THREATS TO ANIMAL DIVERSITY.	Problems of small populations. Minimum viable population. Genetic variability and
	effective population.
13. METHODS FOR POPULATION CONSERVATION ASSESSMENT.	Monitoring populations. Predictive Models
14. STRATEGIES FOR CONSERVATION OF	In situ conservation vs ex situ conservation
POPULATIONS AND SPECIES.	
15. STRATEGIES FOR COMMUNITIES CONSERVATION.	Protected areas. Priority areas for protection. Approaches to the designation of
	protected areas. Design. Management.
16. RESTORATION AND CONSERVATION.	Spatial and temporal scales of degradation of natural habitats. Habitat degradation
	and loss of biodiversity. Elements for effective restoration. Risks and limitations in the
	process of environmental restoration.
	·

	Planning			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A6 A9 A18 A23	21	63	84
	A24 A28 B1 B3 B7 B8			
	B9 B10			
Seminar	A4 A26 A29 B2 B4 B5	7	21	28
	B6 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11			
	B12 B13			
Objective test	A6 A9 A24 B2 B3 B4	4	0	4
	B6 B8 B10 B13			

A6 A20 A22 A23 A24	14	14	28
A26 A27 A32 B1 B2			
B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8			
B9 B10 B11 B12			
B6 B8 B9 B13	1	0	1
	5	0	5
	A26 A27 A32 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11 B12	A26 A27 A32 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11 B12	A26 A27 A32 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11 B12

(\*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Presentation of 16 topics with the main contents of the subject. Each of them will last 50 minutes. Attendance is not
keynote speech	compulsory but it is recommended.
Seminar	There will be talks/discussions by a guest speaker. There will also be analysis and discussion of a scientific article or
	audiovisual document related to the subject. There will also be exercises to reinforce the theoretical content of some of the
	topics presented in the lectures. Attendance is not compulsory but highly recommended.
Objective test	This is a test with short-answer questions on basic concepts of the subject and theoretical/practical problems to be solved by
	the student.
Case study	
	A visit to old lignite mines in Galicia is planned, where an ecological restoration process with its advantages and limitations is
	seen in situ. Different problems of conservation and sustainable management of animal resources will be posed, which each
	student will solve individually or in pairs. At the end of the case studies there will be a short exam. Attendance is compulsory.
Introductory activities	The first hour of the course will be devoted to explaining the subject matter, how the assessment will be carried out, selecting
	the topics on which the students will do individual work (when this activity is proposed) and resolving any doubts related to the
	subject.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	During the keynote speech, seminars and case studies, the students could request any doubt be explained or debated.
keynote speech	If for duly justified reasons, in accordance with current regulations, a student is unable to attend a lecture, case study and/or
Seminar	seminar session, he/she will be assisted by means of personalised support tutorials, in a time and manner agreed by the
Case study	lecturer and the student, to help him/her cope with specific tests or alternative activities that will be added to the "objective
	test".

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Seminar	A4 A26 A29 B2 B4 B5	En todos os seminarios avaliarase a participación activa, e a realización dun traballo	30
	B6 B7 B8 B9 B10 B11	breve sobre o tema tratado. Os alumnos que non asistan aos seminarios e, polo	
	B12 B13	tanto, non estean presentes nas sesións de discusión nin realicen os exames curtos,	
		obterán unha cualificación de 0 puntos na actividade realizada ese día. A nota obtida	
		dos seminarios manterase invariable para o cómputo da nota final, no caso dos	
		alumnos que teñan que acudir á segunda oportunidade (xullo).	
Objective test	A6 A9 A24 B2 B3 B4		50
	B6 B8 B10 B13	Trátase dunha proba con 10-20 preguntas de respostas curtas, cada unha delas	
		cualificada sobre 10.	

Case study	A6 A20 A22 A23 A24	Os estudos de casos son de caracter obrigatorio. Ao finalizar o estudo de casos	20
	A26 A27 A32 B1 B2	haberá un exame na plataforma Moodle . A nota obtida nesta proba manterase	
	B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8	invariable para o cómputo da nota final, no caso dos alumnos que teñan que acudir á	
	B9 B10 B11 B12	segunda oportunidade (xullo).	
Others			

## **Assessment comments**

The assessment of the subject will take into account knowledge of the theoretical programe, practical activities such as "case studies" as well as discussions and short exams in the seminars. In order to pass the course, the stipulated assessment criteria must be met and a minimum of 5.0 points must be obtained. For the final grades of both opportunities, students who do not appear for the objective tests on the official dates indicated will be considered as "exam not taken".

Students who do not achieve the overall mark of 5.0 points or who do not achieve 5.0 points out of 10 in the objective test (regardless of the marks obtained in the seminars and practicals) will be considered as "Failed".

If, for duly justified reasons, in accordance with the regulations in force, a student was unable to attend any session of the case studies and/or seminars, he/she must (in the case of case studies) or may (in the case of seminars) take specific tests or alternative activities which will be added to the "objective test". The mark achieved in these specific tests or alternative activities will be added to the mark already obtained in the case studies and seminars in which he/she participated.

The fraudulent performance of the evaluation tests or activities, once verified, will directly imply a failing grade of "0" in the subject in the corresponding opportunity, in compliance with the established in

Article 14 of the Rules for the assessment, review and appeal of qualifications

for university degree and master's degree courses, and the UDC Student Statute

For those students who apply for the December call, the teaching guide of the previous academic year will be applied.

	Sources of information
Basic	- Tellería, JL (2012). Introducción a la Conservación de las Especies. Tundra Ediciones. Valencia.
	- King, M (2006). Fisheries Biology, Assessment and Management. Blackwell Publishing
	- Chaparro, L (2014). Sin mala espina. Guía de consumo responsable de pescado y de marisco. Libros en Acción
	- Jennings S, MJ Kaiser & DReynolds (2001). Marine fisheries ecology Blackwell Science.
	- Primack RB (1993). Essentials of conservation biology Sinauer Associates
	- Pullin AS (2002). Conservation biology. Cambridge University Press.
	- Akçakaya HR, MA Burgman & Computer (1999). Applied population ecology. Principles and computer
	exorcices using RAMAS Ecolab (2nd edition). Snauer Associates.
	- Gibbs JP, ML Hunter Jr. & Sterling (1998). Problem-solving in conservation biology and wildlife
	management. Blackwell Science.
	- Van Dyke, F. (2008). Conservation Biology. Springer
Complementary	

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Genetics/610G02019	
Zoology I/610G02031	
Zoology II/610G02032	
Animal Biodiversity and the Environment/610G02033	
Ecology II: Populations and Communities/610G02040	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	



## Other comments

Because the subject synthesize knowledge from other many different subjects in the fields of Biology, especially Ecology and Animal Biodiversity and Environment, and that there is no text that meets all course content, it is recommended that students attend the keynote speech. It is essential for students to make use of the Virtual Platform of the UDC. To complement this, for each of the themes, several references will be recommended, all them available in the UDC library. We recommend to have a knowledge of English at an intermediate level of reading. We recommend to have knowledge of basic computer tools at user level. Green Campus Programme of Faculty of Science In order to help achieving an immediate sustainable environment and comply with points 6 and 8 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Science (2020)", the documentary work to be carried out in this subject: a. They will be requested mainly in virtual format and computer support. b. If on paper: Plastics shall not be used. Double-sided printing shall be used. Recycled paper shall be used. Drafts shall be avoided.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.