

Teaching Guide					
	Identifying Data 2022/23				
Subject (*)	Penetration Testing			Code	614530008
Study programme	Máster Universitario en Ciberseg	guridade			
		Desc	riptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degre	e 2nd four-month period	Fi	rst	Obligatory	5
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Department Ciencias da Computación e Tecnoloxías da InformaciónComputación				
Coordinador	Carballal Mato, Adrián E-mail adrian.carballal@udc.es				
Lecturers	Carballal Mato, Adrián E-mail adrian.carballal@udc.es		@udc.es		
Web	moovi.uvigo.es				
General description	There is no better way to prove t	he strength of a	a system than to atta	ack it. The Intrusion T	ests serve to reproduce access
	attempts of an attacker using the	vulnerabilities	that may exist in a g	jiven infrastructure. Ir	this course the fundamental
	topics oriented to the intrusion te	ests (pentesting)	) will be covered, co	vering the different pl	nases of an attack and exploitation
	(from the recognition and control	of access to th	e erasure of tracks)		

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A2	CE2 - Deep knowledge of cyberattack and cyberdefense techniques
A3	CE3 - Knowledge of the legal and technical standards used in cybersecurity, their implications in systems design, in the use of security
	tools and in the protection of information
A4	CE4 - To understand and to apply the methods and tools of cybersecurity to protect data and computers, communication networks,
	databases, computer programs and information services
A7	CE7 - To demonstrate ability for doing the security audit of systems, equipment, the risk analysis related to security weaknesses, and for
	developing de procedures for certification of secure systems
B1	CB1 - To possess and understand the knowledge that provides the foundations and the opportunity to be original in the development and
	application of ideas, frequently in a research context
B2	CB2 - Students will be able to apply their knowledge and their problem-solving ability in new or less familiar situations, within a broader
	context (or in multi-discipline contexts) related to their field of specialization
B3	CB3 - Students will be able to integrate diverse knowledge areas, and address the complexity of making statements on the basis of
	information which, notwithstanding incomplete or limited, may include thoughts about the ethical and social responsibilities entailed to the
	application of their professional capabilities and judgements
B4	CB4 - Students will learn to communicate their conclusions and the hypotheses and ultimate reasoning in their support to expert and
	nonexpert audiences in a clear and unambiguous way
B5	CB5 - Students will apprehend the learning skills enabling them to study in a style that will be selfdriven and autonomous to a large extent
B6	CG1 - To have skills for analysis and synthesis. To have ability to project, model, calculate and design solutions in the area of information,
	network or system security in every application area
B7	CG2 - Ability for problem-solving. Ability to solve, using the acquired knowledge, specific problems in the technical field of information,
	network or system security
B9	CG4 - Ethical commitment. Ability to design and deploy engineering systems and management systems with ethical and responsible
	criteria, based on deontological behaviour, in the field of information, network or communications security
C4	CT4 - Ability to ponder the importance of information security in the economic progress of society

 Learning outcomes
 Study programme

 Competences /
 competences /

 results
 results



Identify the risks and vulnerabilities of an information system	AJ2	BJ6	
	AJ4	BJ9	
	AJ7		
Identify security mechanisms and their integration in organizations	AJ2		
	AJ3		
	AJ4		
	AJ7		
Use security tools	AJ2	BJ2	
	AJ4		
Facing real cases and knowing what to do in the shortest possible time	AJ4	BJ4	
	AJ7	BJ7	
Capacity for analysis and synthesis		BJ1	CJ4
		BJ3	
		BJ5	

Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic	
Fundamentals	Ethical hacking	
	Vulnerabilities	
	Attack vectors	
	Types of Intrusion Test	
	Reach and objectives	
Recognition strategies	Passive vs. Active	
	Scapy	
	P0f	
	Netdiscover	
Offensive strategies	Vulnerability analysis	
	Exploitation of vulnerabilities	
	Elevation of privileges	
	Access maintenance	
Evasion methods	Countermeasures	
	Erased footprints	

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A2 B9 C4	9	13.5	22.5
Document analysis	A2 A3 A7 B4 B6	6	6	12
Laboratory practice	A4 B1 B6 B7	26	52	78
Multiple-choice questions	B5 B6 B7	1.5	0	1.5
Case study	B2 B3 B5 B7	5	6	11
Personalized attention		0		0
(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.				

Methodologies		
Methodologies	Description	



Guest lecture /	Transmission of information and key knowledge of each one of the topics. The participation of students is encouraged at
keynote speech	certain times. As part of the methodology, a critical approach to the discipline will lead students to reflect and discover the
	relationships between different concepts, form a critical mentality to face the problems and the existence of a method,
	facilitating the learning process in the student.
	To fight against the possible passivity of the student, in small moments small questions, that reflect on the student, are
	presented, complementing those aspects with bibliographical references that allow him to enrich the knowledge acquired. This
	exchange with the student, as part of the master class, allows us to control the degree of assimilation of knowledge on the part
	of him.
	The magisterial lessons include, as much knowledge extracted from the references of the course, as those resulting from our
	own professional experiences, fostering the capacity of the critical analysis. At all times it is sought that a certain part of the
	content does not require the student to memorize them. This methodology will attempt to achieve a high degree of motivation
	in the student.
Document analysis	Reading and critical examination of the main ethical documents of computer science. They serve as a general introduction to
	the topics. They provide a historical and systematic explanation of its meaning. They are of great importance in the context of
	the other methodologies used in the subject.
Laboratory practice	The laboratory practices allow to maximize the feedback, reinforcement and assimilation of the objectives. Practical
	developments begin with a basic practice and their difficulty increases gradually. At all times, the student presents the set of
	ideas and techniques that allow the practical development of the knowledge transmitted in master classes. In the practices
	several sections are proposed that expose a battery of difficulties treated during the study of the subject. The interrelation
	between the different sections will be sought, providing a context of full exercise, in order to achieve the student's vision as a
	whole, revealing the links between the questions that may seem very distant. In all practical classes, virtual machines are used
	on computers as a basic tool for solving exercises. The student can select and install the tools that he deems most appropriate
	in each case. In this way, you will be required, from the beginning, to face the decision making, analyzing the advantages and
	disadvantages in each and every one of the cases. At this initial point, personalized advice will be essential, allowing a realistic
	analysis of the decisions made, facilitating the feedback of new parameters not considered a priori.
Multiple-choice	This test will be oriented to determine if the student has assimilated the different objectives of the subject.
questions	
Case study	The ethical and legal analysis of information technology has specific characteristics. With the case study, it is intended to
	examine the structure and content of the problems present in the cases, both individually and in groups. It is a form of content
	learning and also methodological, in which the student learns to analyze, deliberate and reach reasonable and reasonable
	conclusions with ethical and legal arguments. It is very useful for exercising the abilities and argumentative abilities.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description



Laboratory practice	Laboratory practices: If you guide the student individually in the development of each of the laboratory practices. Although in
	the development of the first practice there are large differences in the needs of each student, they are progressively
	homogenizing in terms of their personalized attention needs. Without a doubt, the identification of this parameter is
	fundamental to determine that the totality of the students progresses during the development of the subject. We will also make
	small groups work together in practical developments.
	Personalized attention: Any technological question exposed by the student, in person, tutorials, email, etc.
	Plagiarism is regarded as serious dishonest behavior. If any form of plagiarism is detected in any of the tests or exams, the
	final grade will be FAIL (0), and the incident will be reported to the corresponding academic authorities for prosecution.
	All calls (first call, second call and end-of-program call) will perform an unique final assessment for both practical and theoretical.

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		
Laboratory practice	A4 B1 B6 B7	Each student of laboratory practices will have to pass several tests. In it, the teacher	60
		explains small tasks that students must solve in the virtual machines of the practice	
		laboratory. It is necessary to obtain an average grade among all the laboratory	
		practices greater than 4 to make average.	
Multiple-choice	B5 B6 B7	This test includes the contents and, in general, all aspects related to the objectives of	40
questions		the subject. It establishes several topics related both to the content of the master	
		sessions and to the laboratory practices, giving more weight to the first one. It is	
		necessary to obtain an average grade higher than 4 to do average.	

Assessment comments

Contingency plan

In case of non-attendance teaching (either for part of the students or the whole), and if applicable:

- The contents of the subject will not be modified. In any case, the offer of resources will be extended by means of support material in the telematic platforms (FAITIC, MOODLE and TEAMS), but without meaning an increase in the subject.

- Neither the model nor the evaluation barometer will be modified except for subsequent rectoral resolution. In the case that both the practice and the exam cannot be done in person, both will be done using the available ICT platforms.

- In the case that the registration numbers do not respect the capacity, it must be taken into account that the students will attend classes in the classroom until the capacity is full and the rest of the students will follow the class synchronously by connecting the videoconference rooms to the synchronous online teaching systems of UVIGO and UDC. Attendance and non-attendance will be articulated on a weekly basis.

- Online access to the documentary sources of the subject (books, manuals, etc.).

	Sources of information
Basic	- Pablo Gonzalez Perez, Germán Sánchez Garcés, Jose Miguel Soriano de la Cámara (2013). Pentesting con Kali.
	0xWORD
	- Mike Schiffman (2001). Hacker's Challenge. Osborne
	- Julio Gomez López, Miguel Angel de Castro Simón, Pedro Guillén Núñez (2014). Hackers, Aprende a atacar y a
	defenderte. RA-MA
	- David Puente Castro (2013). Linux Exploiting. 0xWORD
	- Pablo Gonzalez Perez (2016). Metasploit para Pentesters. 0xWORD
Complementary	



Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Information Security/614530003
Secure Networks/614530006
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
Cibersecurity Concepts and Laws/614530001
Cybersecurity in Industrial Environments /614530014
Subjects that continue the syllabus
Final Year Dissertation/614530017
Information Security Mangement/614530002
Other comments

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.