

		Teaching	Guide			
	Identifyir	ng Data			2022/23	
Subject (*)	Developmental Psychology (0 to	6 years olds)		652G01004		
Study programme	Grao en Educación Infantil					
		Descrip	otors			
Cycle	Period	Yea	r	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	1st four-month period	Firs	t	Basic training	6	
Language	SpanishGalician					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Psicoloxía					
Coordinador	Fernández Fernández, María Pila	ar	E-mail	pilar.fernandez1	@udc.es	
Lecturers	Dumitru , Adina Claudia E-mail adina.dumitru@		udc.es			
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Web						
General description	This subject and "Psychology of learning in educational contexts" make up the Basic Training Module of the Degree:					
	Educational processes, learning a	and personality d	levelopment from	0 to 6 years of age (R	egulation ECI/3854/2007,	
	December 27th).					
	The core of essential competencies deals with knowledge of the development of the evolutionary psychology of childhood					
	in the periods from 0 to 3 and 3 to 6 years, specifically in the psychomotor, cognitive, linguistic, social and					
	affective-emotional domains.					
	This subject is "English Friendly":					
	1. It is taught in an initial language (Galician or Spanish).					
	2. Learning materials will be provided in English for international students.					
	3. Tutorials may be conducted in English.					
	4. Exams and presentations may be done in English.					
	5. International students will have the opportunity to make classroom presentations in English.					

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A2	Coñecer os desenvolvementos da psicoloxía evolutiva da infancia nos períodos 0-3 e 3-6.
A3	Coñecer os fundamentos de atención temperá.
A4	Recoñecer a identidade da etapa e as súas características cognitivas, psicomotoras, comunicativas, sociais, afectivas.
A15	Coñecer os principios básicos dun desenvolvemento e comportamento saudables.
B1	Aprender a aprender.
B5	Traballar de forma colaborativa.
B11	Capacidade de busca e manexo de información.
B24	Recoñecemento e respecto á diversidade e á multiculturalidade.
C4	Desenvolverse para o exercicio dunha cidadanía aberta, culta, crítica, comprometida, democrática e solidaria, capaz de analizar a
	realidade, diagnosticar problemas, formular e implantar solucións baseadas no coñecemento e orientadas ao ben común.
C6	Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.
C7	Asumir como profesional e cidadán a importancia da aprendizaxe ao longo da vida.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results



To know, understand and value the scientific knowledge contributed by Developmental Psychology to the study of the	A2		
processes of behavioural change that occur in human beings as a result of processes of growth, development and significant			
life experiences (generically known as evolutionary change).			
To know and understand the psychological development of girls and boys at the early childhood education level, i.e. in the first	A2		
(0-3) and second childhood or temperate childhood (3-6 years).	A3		
	A4		
	A15		
To know and identify the main psycho-evolutionary characteristics of early childhood education pupils in their cognitive and	A2		
social-relational dimensions or domains and their interrelation and continuity.	A3		
	A4		
	A15		
To identify and analyse some of the psycho-evolutionary characteristics of pupils in the early childhood education stage,	A2	B1	
through observation, self-reports and clinical studies.	A4	B5	
		B11	
To plan and carry out tasks critically and creatively, as a result of divergent thinking.		B24	C6
To manage computer tools and use different web resources to search for information.		B1	C6
		B5	C7
		B11	
To produce tables, profiles and charts for the presentation of data, scores or information.		B1	
		B11	
To report systematically and in a planned way based on data obtained from the application of questionnaires or observation.	A4	B1	C6
		B5	
		B24	
To understand the interactive nature of the teaching/learning process in educational situations, and consequently value class		B1	
attendance as the context in which it will materialise.		B5	
		B24	
To value participation, dialogue and debate, with an attitude of respect, both towards turns and ideas, as well as active		B1	C6
involvement and commitment to learning.		B5	C7
		B24	
To become aware, actively commit themselves, take responsibility and evaluate their learning process, developing work		B1	C6
habits, effort, responsibility and attitudes of curiosity, scientific rigour as well as interest in learning.		B5	C7
		B24	
To develop techniques and attitudes favourable to cooperation, co-participation, commitment and exchange with other		B1	C6
classmates. To develop forms of conversation and exploratory thinking that favour the understanding and construction of		B5	C7
knowledge.		B24	
To recognise and value individual differences, rejecting discrimination based on differences in gender, social class, beliefs,		B5	
race and other individual and social characteristics. To accept and value diversity.		B24	
To develop attitudes in favour of sustainable development.			C4

	Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic		
1. DEVELOPMENT IN EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION	1. Developmental Psychology		
	1.1. Object of study of the Developmental Psychology		
	1.2. Processes and stages of development during infancy		
	1.3. Determinants of the development		
	1.4. Basic designs for developmental research		
	2. Early Childhood Education		
	2.1. Aims and objectives of early childhood education		
	2.2. Curriculum in early childhood education		
	2.3. Basic competencies in early childhood education		



2. PSYCHOMOTOR DEVELOPMENT	1. Introduction
	2. Physical development
	3. Psychomotor development in early childhood
	3.1. Systems for acting in the world: reflexes
	3.2. Systems for receiving information: The senses
	3.3. Systems for transmitting information: Crying and smiling
	3.4. Motor skills
	4. Psychomotor development in early childhood
	4.1. Progress in gross psychomotor skills
	4.2. Progress in fine psychomotor skills
	4.3. Establishment of lateral preference
	4.4. The body as a schema
	4.5. Muscle tone
	4.6. The structuring of space and time
3. COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT	1. Introduction
3. COONTIVE DEVELOT MENT	
	 Development of attention Memory Development
	4. Development of intelligence
	4.1 Sensorimotor intelligence.
	4.2 Pre-operational intelligence
4. LANGUAGE ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT	5. Educational implications for the stage 1. Introduction
4. LANGUAGE ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT	2. Language acquisition and development in the first two years of life
	2.1. Pre-linguistic stage
	2.2. Linguistic stage
	2.3 . Aspects favouring language acquisition
	3. Language development from the age of two 3.1. Introduction
	3.2. Acquisition of the sounds of language: phonological development
	3.3. Acquisition of word meaning: semantic development
	3.4. Acquisition of the rules of word organisation: morphosyntactic development
	3.5. Knowledge of language
	4. Educational implications for the stage
5. AFFECTIVE-EMOTIONAL AND PERSONALITY	1. Introduction
DEVELOPMENT	2. Personal, affective-emotional and social development in early childhood
	2.1. The construction of personal identity
	2.2. Affective-emotional development
	2.3. Social development
	3. Personal, affective-emotional and social development in second childhood
	3.1. Construction of personal identity
	3.2. Emotional and moral development
	3.3. Social development
	4. Educational implications for the stage

Planning						
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours		
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours			
Introductory activities	A2 B5 B24	3	0	3		
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A2 A4	15	0	15		
Objective test	A2 A4	2	0	2		



A2 A3 A4 A15 B1 B5	18	60	78
B11 B24 C4 C6 C7			
A2 A4 B1 B5 B11 C6	4	38	42
C7			
	10	0	10
	B11 B24 C4 C6 C7 A2 A4 B1 B5 B11 C6	B11 B24 C4 C6 C7 A2 A4 B1 B5 B11 C6 C7	B11 B24 C4 C6 C7 4 A2 A4 B1 B5 B11 C6 4 C7 4

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Introductory activities	Activities to be carried out before starting the teaching-learning process to find out the competencies, interests and motivation
	of the students to achieve the goals to be achieved. Presentation of the subject.
Guest lecture /	These are oral presentations accompanied by audiovisual media (face-to-face or virtually). Some questions will be addressed
keynote speech	to the students, to introduce and present the contents of each topic and facilitate their learning.
Objective test	A written test is used for the assessment of learning, the distinguishing feature of which is the possibility of determining
	whether or not the answers given are correct. The test may combine different types of questions: multiple choice, ordering,
	short answer, discrimination, completion and/or association questions. It can also be constructed with only one type of any of
	these questions.
Supervised projects	This methodology is designed to promote autonomous learning under the guidance of the teacher (face-to-face or virtually). It
	consists of orientation-execution and demonstration-practice activities so that students can significantly understand the
	information related to development in the 0 to 6 years stage and integrate it into their knowledge structure.
Research (Research	Teaching process (face-to-face or virtually) that aims at facilitating the expansive construction of knowledge using practical
project)	activities (psycho-evolutionary reports/research articles) based on the identification, analysis and study of some of the
	psycho-evolutionary characteristics of infant pupils through participatory observation, self-reports and clinical studies. All this
	will be done through a process of discussion in small groups.

Personalized attention				
Description				
Personalised attention will be given both in the classroom and in tutorials. Its purpose is to guide the learning process in the				
activities, and also the preparation of class reports.				
All of this will be done to facilitate the students' meaningful understanding of the information, integrating it into their knowledge				
structure and actively involving them.				

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	ompetencies / Description	
	Results		
Supervised projects	A2 A3 A4 A15 B1 B5	Report and presentation of the individual and group work carried out for the	20
	B11 B24 C4 C6 C7	development of orientation-implementation and demonstration-practice activities.	
		This report will be delivered through the virtual platform Moodle of the University of A	
		Coruña.	
		In assessment mode B, this work will be assessed using questions in the objective	
		test.	
Objective test	A2 A4	A written test is used for the assessment of learning, the distinctive feature of which is	50
		the possibility of determining whether or not the answers given are correct. The	
		objective test can combine different types of questions: multiple choice, ordering, short	
		answer, discrimination, completion and/or association questions. It can also be	
		constructed with only one type of any of these questions. The acquisition of the key	
		concepts of the subject will be assessed. The exam will take place via Moodle.	
		Students will have to bring a portable device with a Moodle connection.	



Research (Research	A2 A4 B1 B5 B11 C6	The aim is to identify, analyse and study some of the psycho-evolutionary	30
project)	C7	characteristics of a small sample of pupils and draw up psycho-educational	
		reports/articles, based on participatory observation or the application of tests, based	
		on the data obtained (or provided that it is not possible to go to the schools). This will	
		be done through a process of discussion in small working groups.	
		This report will be delivered through the virtual platform Moodle of the University of La	
		Coruña.	

Assessment comments



1st CALL. 1st OPPORTUNITY Depending on the continuous attendance or not of the classes, there are two ways of following the subject "Developmental psychology from 0 to 6 years" which determine two different modes of evaluation: Mode A or Continuous Evaluation, and Mode B or Final Evaluation. ? Mode A. Continuous Evaluation. In this modality, a procedural type of evaluation will be carried out, consisting of a series of activities and practices of each subject carried out in groups with periodic monitoring of the same. Therefore, class attendance will be compulsory (at least 85% of the classroom hours, i.e., only a maximum of 4 modules may be missed in the four months with or without justification, otherwise the student must opt for mode B), with the active and continuous participation of the students in the group work in the classroom being essential (otherwise it will be counted as an absence). This assessment will be carried out based on: a) a written presentation of the group activities of each of the subjects (tutored work), which will account for a maximum of 20% of the qualification. b) a written presentation of the group activities indicated (research/research project), which will account for a maximum of 30% of the qualification. c) an objective test, with a minimum mark of 5. To pass the subject students must present all the proposed activities (tutored work and research) and obtain 50% of the qualification in each of them. They will also have to participate in the non-classroom work for at least 85% of the hours worked (participation qualified by the members of the collaborative group). The final qualification will be the sum of the scores obtained in each of the elements of the evaluation second to their respective weight (this gualification at the individual level can be affected by the qualifications that the members of the group make for the work carried out by each member). ? Mode B. Final Evaluation. For those students who do not attend 85% of the classroom hours. repeating students or students with recognition of part-time dedication and academic dispensation of exemption from attendance, the qualification will be determined by a final written test of the theoretical contents, and the completion and delivery of the research work of the subject. This test will have 70 % of the weight in the evaluation. The research work will weigh 30%. 1st CALL. 2nd OPPORTUNITY - Mode A. The part of the subject in which 50% of the qualification was not achieved will have to be repeated. - Mode B. The evaluation will be carried out as indicated for the 1st opportunity. OTHER CALLS In the remaining exams, the Mode B. Final Assessment will be followed, i.e. a written test of the theoretical-practical contents of

the subject of the corresponding academic year.



Sources of information

	Sources of information
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	Madrid: Editorial Médica Panamericana BERGER, K.S. e THOMPSON, R.A. (1997). Psicología del desarrollo:
	Infancia y adolescencia. Madrid: Editorial Médica PanamericanaBERK, L.E. (1999). Desarrollo del niño y del
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	Infantil. Aspectos evolutivos e intervención psicopedagógica. Madrid: Biblioteca NuevaBURMAN, E. (1994). La
	deconstrucción de la Psicología Evolutiva. Madrid. Aprendizaje VisorCARPINTERO, E. e BELTRÁN, J. (2013).
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	(Material Audiovisual)CÓRDOBA, A.I.; DESCALS, A. e GIL, M.D. (Coords.)(2006). Psicología del desarrollo en la
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	desarrollo humano. Madrid: Siglo XXIDELVAL, J. e ENESCO, I. (1991). La aventura de crecer (material
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	Psicología del desarrollo: addenda, guía didáctica y prácticas. Madrid: UNEDGIMÉNEZ-DASI, M. e MARISCAL, S.
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	HillGÓMEZ ALBO, A. (2010). Unha viaxe pola infancia. Vigo: In Indo EdiciónsGUTIERREZ, F. e VILA, J.O. (coords.)
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	GAZQUEZ, J.J. e PÉREZ FUENTES, M.C. (2007-2008). Psicología del desarrollo en la escuela (2 Vols.). Granada:
	Grupo Editorial Universitario
Complementary	



Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

The activities and practices will be delivered telematically (through the Moodle virtual platform) to contribute to sustainable development, prevent negative impacts on the environment, and avoid the depletion of natural resources.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.