

Teaching Guide					
Identifying Data 2022/2				2022/23	
Subject (*)	Introduction to computer science and programming Code			730G05008	
Study programme	Grao en Enxeñaría Naval e Oceá	inica		1	
		Desci	riptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fi	rst	Basic training	6
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Enxeñaría Industrial				
Coordinador	Prieto Guerreiro, Francisco		E-mail	francisco.prieto@	udc.es
Lecturers	Prieto Guerreiro, Francisco E-mail francisco.prieto@udc.es		udc.es		
Web			·		
General description	<ol> <li>Introduction to the students in the fundamental concepts of computer science and the world of computers.</li> <li>Study of the main features of current computers and their internal function design.</li> <li>Study of information technology and communications networks as well as its main applications to the world of engineering.</li> <li>Study and effective utilization of the basic tools of all computer.</li> </ol>				
	5 Study and use of a programming language (c language) that allows to solve problems through engineering solutions.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A3	Basic knowledge on the use and programming of the computers, operating systems, databases and computer programs with application in
	engineering
B1	That the students proved to have and to understand knowledge in an area of study what part of the base of the secondary education, and
	itself tends to find to a level that, although it leans in advanced text books, it includes also some aspects that knowledge implicates
	proceeding from the vanguard of its field of study
B2	That the students know how to apply its knowledge to its work or vocation in a professional way and possess the competences that tend to
	prove itself by the elaboration and defense of arguments and the resolution of problems in its area of study
B4	That the students can transmit information, ideas, problems and solutions to a public as much specialized as not specialized
B5	That the students developed those skills of learning necessary to start subsequent studies with a high degree of autonomy
B6	Be able to carrying out a critical analysis, evaluation and synthesis of new and complex ideas.
C1	Using the basic tools of the technologies of the information and the communications (TIC) necessary for the exercise of its profession and
	for the learning throughout its life.
C4	Recognizing critically the knowledge, the technology and the available information to solve the problems that they must face.
C5	Assuming the importance of the learning as professional and as citizen throughout the life.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results



Coñecer o funcionamento básico dos ordenadores, sistemas operativos e programas a nivel do usuario que permitan operar	A3	B1	C1
con equipamento informático de forma efectiva para recuperar, manipular e producir información.		B2	C4
		B4	C5
		B5	
		B6	
Analizar, prantexar e identificar solucions mediante a codificación de programas no ordenador empregando unha linguaxe de	A3	B1	C1
programación de alto nivel, que permitan resolver problemas de enxeñaría de forma efectiva.		B2	C4
		B5	C5
		B6	

Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic	
Os temas seguintes desenvolven os contidos descritos na	Estructura dos Computadores. (Tema 1, Tema 2)	
memoria de verificación do título, que son:	Sistemas Operativos. (Tema 4)	
	Introdución ás redes de comunicacions. (Tema 6)	
	Representación e almacenamento de datos e as suas aplicacions no ámbito da	
	enxeñaría. (Tema 3)	
	Algoritmia e Programación: Linguaxe C. (Tema 5 y Tema 7)	
Theme 1 Fundamental concepts of computer science.	1.1 Historical background.	
	1.2 Basic architecture of computers.	
	1.2.1 Von Neumann architecture.	
	1.2.2 CPU	
	1.2.3 Memory.	
	1.2.4 Input/output devices.	
Theme 2 New architectures	2.1 Parallelism and Supercomputing.	
	2.1 Parallelism in uniprocessor systems.	
	2.1.2 Evolution of modern supercomputers	
	2.2 Flynn's classification.	
	2.2.1 Matrix computers.	
	2.2.2 Vector computers.	
	2.2.3 Multi-processor/multi-core systems.	
Theme 3 Encoding of information	3.1-Encoding of information in a computer.	
	3.2 Binary representation.	
	3.2.1 Internal representation of the data.	
	3.2.2 Whole and floating point arithmetic.	
	3.2.3 Encoding of non-numerical information.	
	3.2.4 Other systems of representation: Octal and Hexadecimal.	
Theme 4 Operating systems.	4.1- General concepts of design and operation of an operating system.	
	4.2 Microsoft operating systems: Windows vs Linux.	
	4.3 Construction of the virtual machine in an operating system (coats of an operating	
	system)	
	4.3.1 Operating system kernel.	
	4.3.2 Memory management.	
	4.3.3 Management of input/output operations.	
	4.3.4 File system management.	
	4.3.5 Allocation of resources.	



Theme 5Programming languages.	5.1 Aspects of design and implementation in a programming language.
	5.2 Classification of programming languages.
	5.3 Low level languages.
	5.4 High level languages.
	5.5 Translators: Phases of operation.
	5.5.1 Assembly language
	5.5.2 Translators: Phases of operation
	5.5.2.1 Interpreters.
	5.5.2.2 Compilers.
Theme 6 Computer networks.	6.1 Historical background.
	6.2 Classification of computer networks.
	6.3 Functions and network services.
	6.4 Network architectures.
	6.4.1 Types of network.
	6.4.2 Network protocols.
	6.5 Internet network.
	6.5.1 IP addresses.
	6.5.2 TCP/IP network protocol.
	6.5.3 Internet architecture.
	6.5.4 NET internet services.
	6.5.5 Systems and technology of network connection: ADSL, Cable, Wifi/WiMax,
	PLC, FTTH.
	6.5.6 How to measure the performance of a network.
	6.5.7 Security and encryption.
Theme 7 C programming language.	7.1 Introduction to the c language.
	7.2 Types, identifiers and operators.
	7.3 Input/output console.
	7.4 Control statements.
	7.5 Arrays and strings.
	7.6 Functions: Pass parameters by value and reference (pointers).
	7.7Structures, unions, enumerations and user-defined types.
	7.8 Sorting and searching algorithms.
	7.9 Files.
	7.10 Dvnamic Data Structures

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A3 B1 C1 C4 C6	30	30	60
Mixed objective/subjective test	A3 B1 B2 B5 B6 C1	3	0	3
Laboratory practice	A3 B1 B2 B4 B5 B6	26	28	54
	C1 C4 C5			
Supervised projects	A3 B1 B2 B4 B5 B6	0	20	20
	C1 C4 C5			
Personalized attention		13	0	13
(*)The information in the planning table is fo	r quidance only and does not	take into account the	heterogeneity of the stu	dents

Methodologies Description



Guest lecture /	The contents of the course will be developed both theoretically and practical in Keynote sessions.
keynote speech	
Mixed	The objective test will be divided into two parts, a theoretical part and a practical one. This test will try to check if the student
objective/subjective	has acquired the skills set as target in this subject.
test	
Laboratory practice	Study and use of a programming language (C language) that allows to resolve various engineering problems through
	computer solutions.
Supervised projects	In the keynote sessions and laboratory practices will be raised practical problems of greater complexity to be solved as
	independent student work, both individually and in students groups. In that resolution the participation of students is
	encouraged as a self-learning tool valuing their effort and their results aimed to the final evaluation of the subject.

Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	The student will have tutorials to clarify their doubts about the themes exposed in classes, about resolution of laboratory
Guest lecture /	exercises and coursework or on any matter-related scope and approach.
keynote speech	
Laboratory practice	

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		
Supervised projects	A3 B1 B2 B4 B5 B6	In the keynote sessions and laboratory practices will be raised practical problems of	40
	C1 C4 C5	greater complexity to be solved as independent student work, both individually and in	
		students groups. In that resolution the participation of students is encouraged as a	
		self-learning tool valuing their effort and their results with a view to the final evaluation	
		of the subject. Its realization and presentation correct and on time to the teacher will	
		be required to pass the course. These practices will have a maximum value of 40 $\%$ of	
		the final grade.	
Mixed	A3 B1 B2 B5 B6 C1	The objective test will be divided into two parts, a theoretical part and a practical one.	40
objective/subjective		This test will try to check if the student has acquired the skills set as target in this	
test		subject. It will be necessary to obtain a minimal note of 1 point in each part (max 2	
		points each part) and to be submitted all practices correctly and on time in order to	
		pass the course.	
Laboratory practice	A3 B1 B2 B4 B5 B6	Study and use of a programming language (C language) that allows to resolve various	20
	C1 C4 C5	engineering problems through computer solutions. Its realization and presentation	
		correct and on time to the teacher will be required to pass the course. These practices	
		will have a maximum value of 20 % of the final grade.	

Assessment comments



Students with academic exemption, as they are not required to attend activities in which attendance may be required, also present and defend the obligatory works and practices before the teacher in face-to-face or virtual tutorials, in the same periods as the rest of the students . The qualification of all students, both in the first and in the second opportunity, as well as in the extra opportunity, will be based on the need to obtain at least a minimum mark of 1 point in the theoretical part and another point in the practical part of the exam (maximum of 2 points in each part, with a total of 4 points) and having correctly presented and defended no time before the teacher all the obligatory practices and / or assignments in order to pass the course. The fraudulent performance of the tests or evaluation activities will directly imply the failure grade '0' in the subject for the corresponding opportunity,

thus invalidating any grade obtained in all the evaluation activities for the extraordinary opportunity. Students who have not submitted, defended and approved all the practices and/or compulsory assignments for the first opportunity, must do so for the

second opportunity and complete an additional exercises bulletin for said opportunity.

Sources of information			
Basic	- Herbert Shildt (). C. Manual de Referencia . Ed. McGraw-Hill		
	- F. Prieto (). Libro de apuntes elaborado por el profesor de la asignatura.		
	- J. Angulo (). Estructura de Computadores. Ed. Paraninfo		
	- Prieto, Lloris, Torres. (). Introducción a la informática. Ed. McGraw-hill		
	- Steven Chapra (). Introducción a la computación para ingenieros . Ed. McGraw-Hill		
	- Behrouz A. Forouzan (). Transmisión de datos y redes de comunicaciones. Ed. McGraq-Hill		
	- Jose R. Garcia-Bermejo (). Programación esctructurada en C. Ed. Prentice Hall		
	- Gerardo G. /César Vidal (). Lenguaje C. Aplicaciones a la Programación. Reprografía del Noroeste		
	- James L. Antonakos / Kenneth C. (). Programación Estructurada en C. Prentice Hall		
Complementary			

Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

Given that the subject is taught in the second semester of the first year of Naval and Oceanic Engineering, prior knowledge necessary to pursue this course consist of the knowledge of the subjects of Informatics taught in Scientific and technological secondary education options. If the student comes from another secondary education option is especially recommended its study to acquire a minimum knowledge bases. 

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.