		Teaching	Guide		
	Identifyii	ng Data			2023/24
Subject (*)	Regulation of gene expression			Code	610441006s
Study programme	Máster Universitario en Bioloxía	Molecular, Celula	ar e Xenética (s	semipresencial)	
		Descri	otors		
Cycle	Period	Yea	ır	Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degree	e 1st four-month period	Firs	st	Obligatory	3
Language	SpanishEnglish				
Teaching method	Hybrid				
Prerequisites					
Department	Bioloxía				
Coordinador	Freire Picos, María Ángeles E-mail maria.freirep@udc.es				
Lecturers	Barreiro Alonso, Aida Inés E-mail aida.barreiro@udc.es			c.es	
	Freire Picos, María Ángeles maria.freirep@udc.es			c.es	
Web	ciencias.udc.es/bcm				
General description	This course is focussed on the m	echanisms of ge	ne expression	regulation in the nucleous a	and the cytoplasm as well as the
	cellular machineries involved in t	hose processes.			

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Skills of working in a sure way in the laboratories knowing operation handbooks and actions to avoid incidents of risk.
A2	Skills of using usual techniques and instruments in the cellular, biological and molecular research: that are able to use techniques and
	instruments as well as understanding potentials of their uses and applications.
А3	Skills of understanding the functioning of cells through the structural organization, biochemistry, gene expression and genetic variability.
A5	Skills of understanding the microorganisms' role as pathogenic agents and as biotechnological tools.
A6	Skills of understanding the functioning of cells through the structural organization, biochemistry, gene expression and genetic variability.
A9	Skills of understanding the structure and dynamics of proteins to individual and proteomic level, as well as the techniques that are
	necessary to analyze them and to study their interactions with other biomolecules.
A10	Skills of modifying genes, proteins and chromosomes with biotechnological applications
A11	Skills of understanding the structure, dynamics and evolution of genomes and to apply tools necessary to his study.
A13	Skills to become a professional in health, pharmacy, veterinary, animal production, biotechnology or food sectors.
B1	Analysis skills to understand biological problems in connection with the Molecular and Cellular Biology and Genetics.
B2	Skills of decision making for the problem solving: that are able to apply theoretical knowledges and practical acquired in the formulation of
	biological problems and the looking for solutions.
В3	Skills of management of the information: that are able to gather and to understand relevant information and results, obtaining conclusions
	and to prepare reasoned reports on scientific and biotechnological questions
B5	Ability to draft, represent, analyze, interpret and present technical documentation and relevant data in the field of the branch of knowledge
	of the master's degree in the native language and at least in another International diffusion language.
B6	Skills of team work: that are able to keep efficient interpersonal relationships in an interdisciplinary and international work context, with
	respect for the cultural diversity.
C2	Ability to know and use appropriately the technical terminology of the field of knowledge of the master, in the native language and in
	English, as a language of international diffusion in this field

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results

Skills of make presentations regarding the actual knowledge state in the field.	AR1	BR1	CC2
Skills of understanding the functioning of cells through the structural organization, biochemistry, gene expression and genetic	AR2	BR2	
variability	AR3	BR3	
Analysis skills to understand biological problems in connection with the Molecular and Cellular Biology and Genetics	AR5	BR5	
Skills of understanding the functioning of cells through the structural organization, biochemistry, gene expression and genetic	AR6	BR6	
variability	AR9		
Skills of decision making for the problem solving: that are able to apply theoretical knowledges and practical acquired in the	AR10		
formulation of biological problems and the looking for solutions.	AR11		
	AR13		
Skills to be critical with the results and the hypothesis as well as evaluation and interpretation of results .	AR1	BR1	CC2
	AR3	BR2	

Contents		
Topic	Sub-topic	
Topic 1	Introduction to techniques and methodology to study the regulation of gene	
	expression.	
Topic 2	The transcriptional machinery in eukaryotes. Transcripcional general factors (TFII) and	
	TAFs. The mediator complex and the complex SRB10 kinase.	
Topic 3	The complexes that remodel chromatin. ATP-hydrolyzing complexes. SWI/SNF and	
	ISWI complexes.	
Topic 4	SAGA complex and counterparts. Acetylation and regulation of gene expression:	
	HATs. The gene repression processes and deacetylation. The repression	
	mechanisms of gene methylation.	
Topic 5	Specific transcripcion factors. The signaling cascades and specific transcription	
	factors. Nuclear receptors and transcriptional control.	
Topic 6	New concepts in the regulation of gene expression. Transcripcion factories and other	
	models.	
Topic 7	RNA processing and nucleous-cytoplasm transport: the machinery of RNA cleavaje	
	and polyadenylation, transport across the Nuclear Pore Complex and factors involved.	
	Cytosolic polyadenylation.	
Topic 8	RNA secondary structures and protein-factors with RNA-binding domains in the	
	regulation of mRNA levels. mRNA stability.	
Topic 9	RNA and protein translation. Local protein translation. The 3´-UTRs in the translation	
	efficiency process. RNA Editing.	
Topic 10	micro and siRNAs in the regulation of Gene Expression: basic and applied aspects.	

	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Supervised projects	A5 A6 A9 A10 A11 B3	2	20	22
	B5 B6			
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 B1 B2	7	7	14
Problem solving	A13 B1 B2	2	20	22
Objective test	A5 A6 A9 A10 A11	2	14	16
	A13 C2			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

Methodologies

2/5

Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	The students will prepare a scientific memory about a subject related to the mechanisms of gene expression regulation and
	will present it to the class. The teachers will monitor the entire process in persolalized tutorials.
Laboratory practice	Experimental work in the laboratory about genetic engineering and gene expression analysis.
Problem solving	Learning based on problem solving. The students will have to solve a problem with the aid of previous information about the subject.
Objective test	The exam will include questions based in multiple option selection and also problems. This will allow to modulate the final
•	qualification of each student

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Problem solving	Students will be oriented before and during the preparation scientific memory and the development of the practical course.
Laboratory practice	They will involve interpretation of results. The problems and case solving will also need an orientation from the teachers.
Supervised projects	
	Students with part-time dedication or waiver of presence should contact the teachers of the subject in the early going to
	establish a schedule of activities to acquire and evaluate in a complementary way the competences.
	Titorial schedules:
	Pfra. Esperanza Cerdán
	Tuesday, wednesday and Thursday from 12.30 to 14.30. Previous appointment ither by e-mail or Teams platform
	Pfra. Ma Angeles Freire
	Monday 13-15 or preferably by previous appointment ither by e-mail or Teams platform.

Assessment			
Methodologies Competencies /		Description	
	Results		
Problem solving	A13 B1 B2		25
		Half-presential students will have a specific activity combining the seminar contents	
		and the problem solving	
Objective test	A5 A6 A9 A10 A11	It will consist in an exam that may include multiple answer questions, or case solving	25
	A13 C2	and will allow to mudulate the student final evaluation note.	
Laboratory practice	A1 A2 A3 B1 B2	The collection and management of information from databases and scientific suits	25
		available on the web. A practical case will be carried out by the students.	
		It will also be a laboratory session focussed on a transcriptional regulation experiment.	
Supervised projects	A5 A6 A9 A10 A11 B3	Students prepare a portfolio about specific aspects of work of other scientists on an	25
	B5 B6	issue related to regulation of gene expression.	
		Half-presential students will have a specific activity combining the seminar contents	
		and the problem solving.	

Assessment comments

# Sources of information



#### Basic

- Lodish, Berk, et al (2013). Molecular and Cellular Biology 7th Ed. WH Freeman
- Meister, G. (2011). RNA Biology. Wiley-VCH
- Lodisch et al., (2005). Biología Molecular de la célula . Panamericana
- Watson, Baker, Bell et al., (2006). Biología Molecular del Gen, 5º Ed. Panamericana

Artículos e textos especializados iránse actualizando na plataforma. Baker, S.P. & Drant, P.A. 2007, "The SAGA continues: expanding the cellular role of a transcriptional co-activator complex", Oncogene, vol. 26, no. 37, pp. 5329-5340. Bhaumik, S.R. & Dreen, M.R. 2002, "Differential requirement of SAGA components for recruitment of TATA-box-binding protein to promoters in vivo", Molecular and cellular biology, vol. 22, no. 21, pp. 7365-7371. Cho, E.J. 2007, "RNA polymerase II carboxy-terminal domain with multiple connections", Experimental & mp; molecular medicine, vol. 39, no. 3, pp. 247-254. Daniel, J.A. & Daniel, J.A. & P.A. 2007, "Multi-tasking on chromatin with the SAGA coactivator complexes", Mutation research, vol. 618, no. 1-2, pp. 135-148. Gao, R., Mack, T.R. & Drock, A.M. 2007, "Bacterial response regulators: versatile regulatory strategies from common domains", Trends in biochemical sciences, vol. 32, no. 5, pp. 225-234. Gao, R. & Dry; Stock, A.M. 2009, "Biological Insights from Structures of Two-Component Proteins", Annual Review of Microbiology, Kim, H.J., Seol, J.H., Han, J.W., Youn, H.D. & D, Cho, E.J. 2007, "Histone chaperones regulate histone exchange during transcription", The EMBO journal, vol. 26, no. 21, pp. 4467-4474. Koch, F., Jourquin, F., Ferrier, P. & Dr, Andrau, J.C. 2008, "Genome-wide RNA polymerase II: not genes only!", Trends in biochemical sciences, vol. 33, no. 6, pp. 265-273. Li, X.Y., Bhaumik, S.R., Zhu, X., Li, L., Shen, W.C., Dixit, B.L. & Dixit, B.L. & amp; Green, M.R. 2002, "Selective recruitment of TAFs by yeast upstream activating sequences. "EN-GB">Implications for eukaryotic promoter structure", Current biology: CB, vol. 12, no. 14, pp. 1240-1244. Malik, S. & Dynamic regulation of pol II transcription by the mammalian Mediator complex", Trends in biochemical sciences, vol. 30, no. 5, pp. 256-263. Ng, H.H. & Dir, Bird, A. 2000, "Histone deacetylases: silencers for hire", Trends in biochemical sciences, vol. 25, no. 3, pp. 121-126. Wu, J.I., Lessard, J. & Crabtree, G.R. 2009, "Understanding the words of chromatin regulation", Cell, vol. 136, no. 2, pp. 200-206.

### Complementary

-Cheng B. and David H. Price Properties of RNA Polymerase II Elongation Complexes Before and After the P-TEFb-mediated Transition into Productive Elongation. JBC. 282, 21901?21912. 2007. -Sims, R.J.; Belotserkovskaya R. and Reinberg, D. Elongation by RNA polymerase II: the short and long of it?. Genes & Dev.18, 2437-2468.2004. -Wäle S. and Kehlenbach RH. The part and the whole: Functions of Nucleoporins in nucleocytoplasmic transport. Trends in Cell Biol 20: 461-469. 2010. -Simpson, G.G., Dijwel, P.P., Quesada, V., Henderson, I. and Dean, C. ?FY is an RNA 3'end-processing factor that interacts with FCA to control the Arabidopsis floral transition.? Cell 13, 777-797. 2003. -Ghazy, M.A., He, X., Singh, B.N., Hampsey, M. and Moore C.>The essential N terminus of the Pta1 scaffold protein is required for snoRNA transcription termination and Ssu72 function but is dispensable for pre-mRNA 3´-end processing.? Mol. Cell Biol 29, 2296-2307. 2009. -Graber, J.H., McAllister, G.D. and Smith, T.F.? Probabilistic prediction of Saccharomyces cerevisiae mRNA 3'-processing sites.? Nucleic Acids Res. 1851-1858. 2002. -Bently, D. ?Rules of engagement: co-transcriptional recruitment of pre-mRNA processing factors.? Curr. Opin. Cell Biol. 17, 251-256. 2005. -Murchison, E. P. and Hannon, G.J. ?miRNAs on the move: miRNA biogenesis and the RNAi machinery?Current Opinion in Cell Biology 16, 223?229.2004. -Wang, Y., Chih Long Liu, John D. Storey, Robert J. Tibshirani, Daniel Herschlag, and Patrick O. Brown. ?Precision and functional specificity in mRNA decay?. PNAS 99, 5860?5865. 2002. -James E.C. Jepson Robert A. Reenan ?RNA editing in regulating gene expression in the brain.? Biochimica et Biophysica Acta 1779, 459?470.2008. Wu, H., Neilson, J.R., Kumar, Manocha, M., Shankar, P., Sharp, P.A. and Manjunath, miRNA Profiling of Naý"ve, Effector and Memory CD8 T Cells>.? PloS One 10 | e1020.

## Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Molecular Techniques/610441002

Advanced Cellular Biology/610441003

Molecular Microbiology /610441011

Protein Structure and Dynamics/610441012

Bioinformatics and Biomolecular models /610441021

Subjects that continue the syllabus

#### Other comments

Students need to have previous formation in Genetics and Molecular Biology..Is important that the students attend to the personal tutorials (on line and in person when they came to the practical part) to guide their works and to solve doubts. .Green

Campus Science Faculty Program. To

contribute to achieving an immediate sustainable environment and comply with

point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences

(2020)", the documentary work carried out in this area:A. They

will be requested mainly in virtual format and computer support.B. To do on

paper:- Plastics

will not be used.-

Double-sided prints will be made.- Recycled

paper will be used.- Drafts will be avoided.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.