

		Teaching Guide			
	Identifying	Data		2023/24	
Subject (*)	Green Chemistry Code			610500021	
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Ciencias	, Tecnoloxías e Xestión Amb	ental (plan 2012)		
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year	Туре	Credits	
Official Master's Degree	2nd four-month period	First	Optional	3	
Language	Spanish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Martinez Cebeira, Montserrat	E-mail	monserrat.mart	rtinez.cebeira@udc.es	
Lecturers	Martinez Cebeira, Montserrat	E-mail	monserrat.mart	artinez.cebeira@udc.es	
Web					
	addition, this subject is only teacher The sustainable chemistry is based generation of hazardous substance green chemistry will be presented The general objectives of this cour - Define sustainable chemistry and chemistry and other related discove - Establish the principles of sustain	I on the design of chemical pr es. In this course the principle se are: I give an overview of the histo pries.	s, fundamentals and sor	ne examples of applications of	

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Coñecemento das realidades interdisciplinares da Química e do Medio Ambiente, dos temas punteiros nestas disciplinas e das perspectivas de futuro.
A3	Capacitar ao alumno para o desenvolvemento dun traballo de investigación nun campo da Química ou do Medio Ambiente, incluíndo os procesos de caracterización de materiais, o estudo das súas propiedades fisicoquímicas e biolóxicas e dos procesos que poden sufrir no medio natural.
A5	Capacitación para o deseño de vías de síntese e retrosíntese de novos compostos.
A6	Coñecemento do comportamento de diferentes especies químicas e dos procesos aos que poden estar sometidas unha vez liberadas no medio ambiente, incluíndo as súas relacións entre distintos compartimentos ambientais.
A10	Relacionar a presenza de especies químicas no medio natural cos conceptos de toxicidade e biodisponibilidade.
A11	Coñecer as distintas técnicas experimentais e computacionales orientadas á caracterización de mecanismos de reacción.
A16	Comprender a problemática asociada aos resíduos, os modos de xestionalos e as principais tecnoloxías de tratamento de resíduos.
A17	Coñecer a problemática asociada coa enerxía e as súas fontes, as tecnoloxías máis empregadas actualmente e as de futuro.
A19	Coñecemento e interpretación da lexislación, normativa e procedementos administrativos básicos sobre medios acuosos, chans e atmosferas. Comprensión das bases científicas e económicas da sustentabilidade.
B1	Posuír e comprender coñecementos que acheguen unha base ou oportunidade de ser orixinais no desenvolvemento e/ou aplicación de ideas, a miúdo nun contexto de investigación.



B2	Que os estudantes saiban aplicar os coñecementos adquiridos e a súa capacidade de resolución de problemas en contornas novas ou
	pouco coñecidos dentro de contextos máis amplos (ou multidisciplinares) relacionados coa súa área de estudo.
B3	Que os estudantes sexan capaces de integrar coñecementos e enfrontarse á complexidade de formular xuízos a partir dunha información
	que, sendo incompleta ou limitada, inclúa reflexións sobre as responsabilidades sociais e éticas vinculadas á aplicación dos seus
	coñecementos e suizos.
B6	Ser capaz de analizar datos e situacións, xestionar a información dispoñible e sintetizala, todo iso a un nivel especializado.
B8	Comprender, a un nivel especializado, as consecuencias do comportamento humano na contorna ambiental.
C1	Ser capaz de traballar en equipos, especialmente nos interdisciplinares e internacionais.
C2	Ser capaz de manter un pensamento crítico dentro dun compromiso ético e no marco da cultura da calidade.
C3	Ser capaz de adaptarse a situacións novas, mostrando creatividade, iniciativa, espírito emprendedor e capacidade de liderado.
C5	Dominar a expresión e a comprensión de forma oral e escrita dun idioma estranxeiro.
C9	Valorar criticamente o coñecemento, a tecnoloxía e a información dispoñible para resolver os problemas cos que deben enfrontarse.
C11	Valorar a importancia que ten a investigación, a innovación e o desenvolvemento tecnolóxico no avance socioeconómico e cultural da
	sociedade.

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study	y progra	amme
	con	npetend	es/
		results	
Know the principles and concepts of sustainable chemistry	AC1	BC1	CC2
	AC5	BC2	CC3
	AC6		CC5
	AC17		CC9
Knowing the fundamentals for waste minimization and deepen the idea of environmental efficiency	AC1	BC3	CC2
	AC3	BC6	CC5
	AC10	BC8	CC9
	AC16		
Knowing the importance of catalysis in sustainable processes	AC3	BC1	CC2
	AC5	BC2	CC3
	AC11	BC3	
	AC19		
Importance of using alternative solvents with low toxicity, renewable raw materials and non-classical reaction conditions in	AC1	BC3	CC1
industrial processes	AC3	BC6	CC2
	AC5		CC3
	AC11		CC9
	AC17		CC11
	AC19		
Design development not harmful processes according to the principles of sustainable chemistry	AC1	BC1	CC1
	AC3	BC2	CC2
	AC5	BC3	CC3
	AC17	BC6	CC5
		BC8	CC9
			CC11

Contents		
Торіс	Sub-topic	



Topic 1. Principles and Concepts of Sustainable Chemistry	Introduction.
	Definition of sustainable chemistry.
	Sustainable development and green chemistry.
	The Twelve Principles of green chemistry
	Atom economy. Definition. Examples. Toxicity. Measuring toxicity. Associated risks.
	Measuring and controlling environmental performance.
	Waste minimization techniques.
Topic 2. Catalysis and Green Chemistry	Introduction to catalysis. Catalyst types
	Heterogeneous catalysts. Introduction. Zeolites. Industrial applications
	Homogeneous catalysis. Transition-metal catalysis.
	Asymmetric catalysis. Introduction. Basic concepts. Examples.
	Phase-transfer catalysis.
	Biocatalysis.
	Photocatalysis.
Topic 3. Alternate solvents with low toxicity	Introduction.
	Solvent free systems.
	Supercritical fluids.
	Water as reaction solvent.
	Ionic liquids.
	Fluorous biphase solvents.
Topic 4. Renewable Resources	Basic concepts.
	Energy from renewable resources.
	Chemicals from renewable feedstocks
Topic 5. Non-conventional reaction conditions and alternative	Photochemical reactions.
energy sources	Chemistry using microwaves.
	Sonochemistry.
	Electrochemical synthesis.
	Designing Greener Processes.
Topic 6. Industrial case studies	Industrial case studies of sustainable chemistry

	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Supervised projects	A5 A11 A17 B1 B6 B8	3	12	15
	C2 C3 C1			
Laboratory practice	A3 A5 A11 B1 B6 C11	7	14	21
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	1	2	3
	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2			
Objective test	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	2	2	4
	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2			
Multiple-choice questions	A1 A6 A10 A16 A17	0	2	2
	B6 C11			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A3 A5 A11 A17	8	20	28
	A19 B2 B3 C5 C9			
Personalized attention		2	0	2

Methodologies



Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	Students will develop a work a recent scientific paper or examples of sustainable chemical processes, directly related to the
	subject of course, that could expose it in public. In this work, previously agreed with the teacher, the student it shall indicate
	the highlights, and the understanding of it through a short summary. It will evaluate the ability to summarize, arrange and
	present the concepts of the subject presented. There will also be questions after exposure in order to assess both the
	knowledge acquired by the student as well as their critical ability.
Laboratory practice	The student will be able to develop a set of experiments based on the material resources and the availability of laboratories
	according to the coordination schedule or computational examples of the aspects developed in the guest lecture. It may also
	analyse and manage information available at a specialized level of sustainable processes either in the literature or in a
	research laboratory (e.g. CICA) and prepare a scientific report.
Mixed	It will be A written test consisting of a series of questions developed by the students to evaluate the level of skills acquired
objective/subjective	during the course the student.
test	
Objective test	Periodically, in the lectures, the student will conduct several short tests for continuous assessment.
Multiple-choice	On a regular basis, self-assessment tests (Moodle) will be carried out, which consist of formulating a direct question with
questions	various options or response alternatives that provide possible solutions, of which only one is valid.
Guest lecture /	The course consists of a series of classroom sessions where the general principles of each topic will be presented. The
keynote speech	literature and material to more adequately follow classes will be previously available in Moodle. Some of these classes are
	also devoted to the resolution of proposed questions in advance to students so that it can work on them before the relevant
	meeting. Also, periodically, you can make some short tests to the continued evaluation of the student.

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Supervised projects	(Already described for each of the methodologies)
Laboratory practice	To check and guide the student's work (supervised work, degree of understanding of the contents of the subject, etc.) severa
	short tutoring sessions will be scheduled that will be distributed throughout the period prior to the exhibition of the supervised
	work.
	Those students who avail themselves of the system of "recognition of part-time dedication and academic waiver of attendance
	exemption" following the regulations of the UDC, will have specific attention that will be specified in the following aspects:
	- These students will have, at their own request and at a time to be agreed, tutorial help for the preparation of the contents of
	the subject.
	- Likewise, and when requested, these students will receive additional tutorial help for orientation and resolution of doubts.

Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	
	Results		
Objective test	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	There will be some short tests of multiple choice or short-answer, according to the	20
	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2	specified in section metodology.	
Supervised projects A5 A11 A17 B1 B6 B		Process evaluation of student learning will to take place continuously, both classroom	30
	C2 C3 C1	activities as non-face tutored. Besides, it will be considered in the evaluation of	
		students the compulsory course attendance, assessed through active participation in	
		the sessions and targeted academic papers that could be presented through an oral	
		exposure. The continuous assessment of student during the semester will be up a	
		point in the overall assessment.	
Laboratory practice	A3 A5 A11 B1 B6 C11	Attendance to practical classes is necessary and active participation will contribute to	10
		the final grade.	



Mixed	A1 A5 A6 A10 A11	The student also may be assessed through a written exam.	30
objective/subjective	A16 A17 B2 B6 C2		
test			
Multiple-choice	A1 A6 A10 A16 A17	Self-assessment tests will be carried out, according to what is indicated in the	10
questions	B6 C11	methodology section.	

Assessment comments

To pass the subject it will be necessary to obtain at least 5 points (maximum 10 points) in each of the different evaluable activities.

Since the qualification is based on the continuous assessment model, the student's progress throughout the semester will be specifically assessed with a maximum of 1 point that can be added to the final grade.

Students who do not attend and do not participate in the evaluable activities continuously will obtain a grade of zero points in this section on both occasions, except if the student has recognition of part-time dedication and academic exemption from attendance exemption or from modalities of learning or support for diversity. The students will be evaluated through the grades obtained in the mixed test (20%), supervised work (30%), multiple choice test (20%) and in the objective test that will be carried out during the scheduled seminars (30%).

In the case of exceptional, objectifiable and adequately justified circumstances, the Responsible Teacher could totally or partially exempt any member of the student body from attending the continuous evaluation process. Students who find themselves in this circumstance must pass a specific exam that leaves no doubts about the achievement of the skills of the subject on both occasions.

The completion of all activities is mandatory, so for those students who take advantage of the "recognition of part-time dedication or academic waiver of attendance exemption" we will try to adapt the schedules to their availability as far as possible. The final qualification for these students, both for the first and for the second opportunity, will follow the evaluation scheme described above.

The student will have a grade of not presented when he or she completes less than 25% of the scheduled academic activities and does not appear for the mixed test.

The students evaluated in the 2nd opportunity may only opt for the Honors if the maximum number of these for the corresponding course was not completely covered in the 1st opportunity.

The fraudulent completion of any exercise or test of the student for the evaluation of the subject will be subject to disciplinary responsibilities, as stated in the Regulations for Evaluation, Review and Claim of the Qualifications of University Degree and Master's Degree (Article 11) and in the Statute of the UDC Student Body (Article 35, point 3): "Failed qualification in the call in which the offense is committed: the student will be qualified with "fail" (numerical grade 0) in the corresponding call of the academic year, whether the foul occurs both on the first opportunity and on the second. For this, the qualification in the first opportunity record will be modified if necessary"

	Sources of information
Basic	- Lancaster, M. (2002). Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text Royal Society of Chemistry: Cambridge, UK
	- Anastas, P. T.; Warner, J. C. (1998). Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice Oxford University Press: Oxford, UK
	- Cabildo Miranda, M. P.; Cornago Ramírez, M. P.; Escolástico León, C.; Esteban Santos, S.; Farrán Mor (2006).
	Procesos Orgánicos de Bajo Impacto Ambiental. Química Verde UNED: Madrid
Complementary	- Anastas, P. T., Farris, C. A., Eds. (1994). Benign by Design. Alternative Synthetic Design for Polution Prevention.
	ACS Symposium Series 577. American Chemical Society: Washington
	- Tundo, P., Anastas, P., Eds. (2000). Green Chemistry. Challenging Perspectives Oxford University Press: Oxford,
	UK
	- Anastas, P. T., Williamson, T. C., Eds. (1996). Green Chemistry. Designing Chemistry for the Environment. ACS
	Symposium Series 626. American Chemical Society: Washington
	- Anastas, P. T., Williamson, T. C., Eds. (1998). Green Chemistry. Frontiers in Benign Chemical Syntheses and
	Processes. Oxford University Press: Oxford, UK

Recommendations
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously



Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

1) It is necessary to work the subject continuously. If the students found some difficulties about the tasks assigned, it is recommended to go to the individual tutorials with the teacher to solve these problems. Geen Campus Faculty of Sciences program to help achieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with the following points of the "Environmental Declaration of Faculty of Sciences (2020)":-Point 8: Promote curricular greening, incorporating an environmental dimension as well as teaching and research activities.-Point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary works that are requested in this subject:(a) They will be requested mostly in virtual format and computer support(b) If done on paper:-Plastics will not be used.-Double-sided prints will be made.-Recycled paper will be used.-The realization of drafts will be avoided.2) In accordance with current legislation and as stated in the different applicable regulations for university teaching, compliance with the gender perspective will be ensured in this matter. Thus, in the case of detecting situations of discrimination based on gender, actions and measures will be proposed to correct them and work will be done to identify and modify prejudices and sexist attitudes in the surroundings to modify them and promote values of respect and equality.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.