		Teaching Guide	е		
	Identifying Data			2023/24	
Subject (*)	Instrumental Analytical Chemistry 2			Code	610G01014
Study programme	Grao en Química				
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Third		Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Prieto Blanco, Maria del Carmen E-mail m.c.prieto.blanco@udc.es				
Lecturers	Gonzalez Castro, Maria Jose		E-mail	m.j.gonzalez.ca	stro@udc.es
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Web		'			
General description	The basics, advantages and typical	imitations, as well a	as normal wo	rking protocols on se	everal analytical techniques are to
	be presented. In particular: electroanalytical, chromatographic (gases and liquids), capillary electrophoresis, and enzymatic				
	and immunologic analyes.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A7	Knowledge and application of analytical methods
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A17	Ability to work safely in a chemistry laboratory (handling of materials, disposal of waste)
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A26	Ability to follow standard laboratory procedures in relation to analysis and synthesis of organic and inorganic systems
B1	Learning to learn
B2	Effective problem solving
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking
B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C6	Ability to assess critically the knowledge, technology and information available for problem solving
C7	Acceptance as a professional and as a citizen of importance of lifelong learning

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results

- Explain adequately the basics and processes related to some fundamental analytical techniques.	A7	B1	C1
- Understand their fundamentals, instruments, advantages and limitations.	A15	B2	С3
- Get, evaluate and use any source of technical information related to these techniques.	A20	В3	C6
- Design and develop strategies to solve analytical problems.	A21	B4	C7
- Select the most adequate analytical technique for each particular situation.	A24	B5	
- Interpret the analytical data.			
- Get critical thinking about the experimental work			
To get skills in the laboratory most common tasks. In particular:	A15		СЗ
- to evaluate and use bibliographical information related to the analytical techniques.	A16		C6
- to design and to develop strategies to solve problems.	A17		
- to interpret the analytical data and the experimental results.	A19		
- to develop a critical attitute during the experimental work.	A20		
	A22		
	A23		
	A26		

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
Chapter 1: Electroanalytical techniques	Fundamentals of the potentiometric measurements.
	Fundamentals of polarography and voltamperometry.
	Electrochemical sensors.
	Examples
	Numerical exercises
Chapter 2: Chromatographic techniques	Fundamentals of gas chromatography.
	Fundamentals of liquid chromatography.
	Examples
	Numerical exercises
Chapter 3: Electrophoretical techniques	Fundamentals of the electrophoresis
	Examples
Chapter 4: Enzimatic and inmunochemical techniques	Fundamentals of the enzimatic techniques
	Fundamentals of the inmunochemical techniques
Laboratory classes	In total, 20 hours of laboratory classes will be given. They will show the most relevant
	issues of the instrumentation studied in this subject, taking into account the
	infrastructure limitations of the Faculty.

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Laboratory practice	A7 A16 A17 A19 A20	20	10	30
	A22 A23 A26 B3 B4			
	B5 C3 C6			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A7 A20 A21 A24 B2	3	0	3
	C1			
Seminar	A15 A16 A20 A21 B1	7	21.56	28.56
	B2 C7			
Supervised projects	A7 A16 B1 B2 B4 C1	0	2.94	2.94
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A7 A15 A21 A22 A23	21	63	84
	A24 B3 C6 C7			
Personalized attention		1.5	0	1.5
(*)The information in the planning table is fo	r guidance only and does not	take into account the I	neterogeneity of the stud	lents.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	It is inteded that the student works with the analytical techniques studied in the theoretical lessons, taking into account the
	infrastructure limitations of the Faculty. A laboratory notebook (logbook) has to be kept by the student in order to address
	his/her practical lessons.
	The use of leaflets will not be allowed anyway and its use will strongly penalize the final score. A formal notebook has to be
	used instead.
Mixed	The test to evaluate the knowlege gained by the student will include both theoretical and numerical questions. The former will
objective/subjective	consist mainly in short questions and one or two questions to be developed longer. They will evaluate the theoretical classes
test	and the seminars. An exam will be made at the end of the first chapters so that (if passed) the student can simplify the first
	official exam.
Seminar	Seminars will be mostly devoted to solve numerical excercises. They must be tried previously by the students so that the
	seminars would be devoted mainly to solve their doubts.
Supervised projects	Siupervised learning process in small groups (3-4 students) with the aim of helping students to work independently and
	encouraging students to become responsible for their own learning.
	The proposed activities will be related with problem solving sessions. The students will work together to solve the tasks
	assigned by the teacher, with the aim of optimising their learning experience and that of other members of group. The activities
	will be discussed in a tutelage session.
Guest lecture /	The conceptual basis of the different analytical techniques considered in the subject will be reviewed and explained. The
keynote speech	underlying chemical, physical or biological bases will be presented. The basic instrumental equipments will be studied and
	discussed.

Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description		
Supervised projects	The laboratory practices and the seminars for the numerical resolution of problems will be carried out under the supervision of		
Laboratory practice	the professor during class hours. If necessary, tutorials will be held in which doubts will be answered and the work done will be		
Seminar	reviewed.		
	Regarding the supervised projects, for each group of students a tutelage session will be programmed for discussion of the		
	activities and resolution of doubts. Therefore, the teacher will be able to analyse if the process of learning of the student is		
	suitable.		
	For students with recognition of part-time dedication and academic dispensation from attendance exemption to seminars, the		
	numerical resolution of problems will be carried out by the student outside the established academic hours; the teacher will		
	resolve any doubts and will review the work carried out in a tutorial regimen (by appointment) established with the student. It		
	will be mandatory to carry out the laboratory practices within the established schedule.		

	Assessment			
Methodologies	Competencies /	petencies / Description		
	Results			
Supervised projects	A7 A16 B1 B2 B4 C1	The adequate resolution of the proposed projects, the degree of participation of the	5	
		student in the tutelage session, and the quality of explanation of each activity.		
Laboratory practice	A7 A16 A17 A19 A20	Daily evaluation: actitude, order, attention, correct experimental work, correct	20	
	A22 A23 A26 B3 B4	answers.		
	B5 C3 C6	At the end, a general evaluation will be undergone using the student's laboratory		
		notebook.		
Guest lecture /	A7 A15 A21 A22 A23	Actitude and degree of participation of the student in the classes.	2	
keynote speech	A24 B3 C6 C7			



Seminar	A15 A16 A20 A21 B1	Actitude and degree of participation of the student in the classes. Degree of	8
	B2 C7	preparation of the numerical exercises before the seminars. Performing of group	
		works that can be assigned.	
Mixed	A7 A20 A21 A24 B2	Correctness and adequacy in the responses to the theoretical questions.	65
objective/subjective	C1	Correct solution to the numerical exercises. Calculations and final exact result.	
test			

**Assessment comments** 

The global qualification of the subject will be

calculated from the contribution of the evaluable activities: mixed test (up to

a maximum of 6 points), laboratory practices (up to a maximum of 2.5 points),

supervised work (up to a maximum of 0.5 points), and keynote speech and seminars

(up to a maximum of 1 point). Students who do not

participate in the seminars and supervised works will obtain a grade of 0 in

that section.

Completing laboratory practices is a basic requirement

to pass the subject.

The mixed test will consist of two parts corresponding

to two blocks of content: Block I (electroanalytical techniques) and Block II

(chromatographic techniques, capillary electrophoresis and enzymatic and

immunochemical analysis). In each of the parts it will be necessary to solve

theoretical questions and numerical exercises, each of

which constitutes an evaluable activity. The qualification of the mixed test

will be the average of the qualifications obtained in the two activities. In

order to compensate any of the parts, a minimum score of 4.0 points out of 10 must be achieved in some of them. If the minimum grade is not reached in any of

them, in the event that the average is greater than or equal to 5 (out of 10),

the subject will be ?fail? (4.5).

The "Not presented"

score will be obtained in case the student does not take the mixed test.

The scores of the laboratory classes, supervised projets and seminars obtained previously will

be maintained in the second opportunity of July. If the laboratory practices were failed due to the low

quality of the report, the qualification may be improved by special questions in

the second opportunity.

The

qualifications of the mixed test of the second opportunity (July) will replace

those obtained in the mixed test of the first opportunity (June), with the same  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ 

criteria.

The maximum score (10,

Matricula de Honor) will be obtained by pupils doing the second exam (July) only

if that score was not given in the first exam (May-June), according to the

Administrative requirements.

Students being recognized

officially as partial-time and entitled not to attend the lectures will be

evaluated considering only the scores obtained in the objective tests (70%) and

the laboratory practices (30%). This applies to both opportunities.

In the early call of December,

the regulations of the corresponding teaching guide for the 2022-2023 academic

year are applied.

In the evaluation of the subject, the provisions of article 14, relating to the Fraud Commission and disciplinary responsabilities, of the evaluation regulations for Degrees and Masters will be applied.

Sources of information

Basic	<ul> <li>RUBINSON, K.A.; RUBINSON, J.J. (2001). Análisis instrumental. Madrid, Prentice Hall</li> <li>HARRIS, D.C. (2007). Análisis químico cuantitativo. Barcelona, Reverté</li> <li>SKOOK, D.A.; WEST, D.M.; HOLLER, F.J. (1996). Fundamentos de química analítica (volumen 2). Barcelona, Reverté</li> <li>CHRISTIAN, G.D. (2004). Química analítica (6a edición). México, McGraw Hill</li> <li>CELA, R.; LORENZO, R.A.; CASAIS, M.C. (2002). Técnicas de separación en química analítica. Madrid, Síntesis</li> <li>ANDRADE ET AL. (2017). Problems of Instrumental Analytical Chemistry. London, World Scientific Publication</li> <li>O libro "Análisis Químico Cuantitativo" "Análisis Químico Cuantitativo" of author Daniel C. Harris (Ed. Reverté SA) is available on the library's website.</li> </ul>
Complementary	<ul> <li>available on the library's website.</li> <li>KELLNER, R (Editor) (2004). Analytical chemistry. Winheim, Willey</li> <li>SKOOG, D.A.; HOLLER, F.J.; NIEMAN, T.A. (2001). Principios de análisis instrumental (5a edición). Madrid, McGraw Hill</li> </ul>

## Recommendations

Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

General Chemistry 1/610G01007

General Chemistry 2/610G01008

General Chemistry 3/610G01009

Chemistry Laboratory 1/610G01010

Analytical Chemistry 1/610G01011

Analytical Chemistry 2/610G01012

Instrumental Analytical Chemistry 1/610G01013

Chemistry Laboratory 2/610G01032

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Advanced Analytical Chemistry and Chemometrics/610G01015

Environment and Quality/610G01037

Other comments

To avoid the problems mentioned in Assessment, the student should be aware of the need of have been studied (and passed) other subjects; at the very least: QA1, QA2, Laboratorio de Química 2 y QAI1. SustentabilityIn order to help achieve an inmediate sustainable environment and comply with the point 6 of "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020) the documentary works carried out in this subject will be requested in virtual format and computer support. If they made on paper, plastics should not be used, they will be double-sided, recycled paper will be used and the making of drafts will be avoided. Gender PerspectiveThe teachers of this subject work with recognition of diversity and multiculturalim and respect for fundamental rights and equality between men and women.

(\*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.