		Teachin	g Guide		
	Identifying	g Data			2023/24
Subject (*)	Inorganic Chemistry 4			Code	610G01024
Study programme	Grao en Química			'	
		Desc	riptors		
Cycle	Period	Ye	ear	Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Th	ird	Obligatory	6
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Platas Iglesias, Carlos		E-mail	carlos.platas.igle	sias@udc.es
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General description	DESCRIPTION:				
	Preparation and characterization o	of inorganic co	mpounds: Coord	ination compounds and r	non-molecular solids.
	CONTEXT:				
	The course is fitted in the sixth sen	nester of the I	Degree in Chemis	stry (3rd year), and is clos	sely related to the subject of the
	fifth semester "Inorganic Chemistry	y 3." The two	fields set up the r	module "Advanced Inorga	anic Chemistry", which will
	provide an adequate education to	students in th	e fields of Coordi	nation Chemistry and Sol	lid State Chemistry.

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A1	Ability to use chemistry terminology, nomenclature, conventions and units
А3	Knowledge of characteristics of the different states of matter and theories used to describe them
A4	Knowledge of main types of chemical reaction and characteristics of each
A6	Knowledge of chemical elements and their compounds, synthesis, structure, properties and reactivity
A9	Knowledge of structural characteristics of chemical and stereochemical compounds, and basic methods of structural analysis and
	research
A14	Ability to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts, principles and theories in chemistry
A15	Ability to recognise and analyse new problems and develop solution strategies
A16	Ability to source, assess and apply technical bibliographical information and data relating to chemistry
A17	Ability to work safely in a chemistry laboratory (handling of materials, disposal of waste)
A18	Risk management in relation to use of chemical substances and laboratory procedures
A19	Ability to follow standard procedures and handle scientific equipment
A20	Ability to interpret data resulting from laboratory observation and measurement
A21	Understanding of qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical problems
A22	Ability to plan, design and develop projects and experiments
A23	Critical standards of excellence in experimental technique and analysis
A24	Ability to explain chemical processes and phenomena clearly and simply
A26	Ability to follow standard laboratory procedures in relation to analysis and synthesis of organic and inorganic systems
B1	Learning to learn
B2	Effective problem solving
В3	Application of logical, critical, creative thinking

B4	Working independently on own initiative
B5	Teamwork and collaboration
B7	Effective workplace communication
C1	Ability to express oneself accurately in the official languages of Galicia (oral and in written)
C2	Oral and written proficiency in a foreign language
С3	Ability to use basic information and communications technology (ICT) tools for professional purposes and learning throughout life
C7	Acceptance as a professional and as a citizen of importance of lifelong learning
C8	Understanding role of research, innovation and technology in socio-economic and cultural development

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		y progra	
		results	
To identify problems associated with the synthesis and structural characterization of metal complexes and inorganic solids,	A6		
and plan strategies to solve them.	A15		
To know and handle the literature on the structure, bonding, synthesis, reactivity, characterization, properties and applications	A16	B1	C2
of coordination compounds and non-molecular solids.		B4	
To understand and to carry out standard procedures for the synthesis and characterization of inorganic compounds, and to	A17		
use scientific instrumentation for their characterization.	A19		
	A26		
To plan, design and carry out the synthesis and characterization of coordination compounds and non-molecular solids.	A15	B5	
	A22		
To understand and explain the processes observed in the Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory.	A1	B2	C1
To an associated and original tropic costs of an area mongained enteringing associates,	A18	B3	C7
	A20	B4	01
	A21	B7	
	A23	DI	
To condensate and the first section to entire the state and expenses in languages. Observing the contract of a contract of a contract of the c	A24		
To understand the important contribution that the research in Inorganic Chemistry has on the socio-economic and cultural			C8
progress of society.			
To manage properly the waste generated in a laboratory devoted to the synthesis and characterization of inorganic	A17		
compounds.	A18		
	A23		
To prepare a laboratory notebook that gathers all relevant information making the necessary calculations.	A1	В3	C1
	A15	B4	C3
	A18	B7	
	A20		
	A21		
	A23		
	A24		
To know the structure of coordination compounds and molecular crystalline solids and to apply the techniques required for	A9	B2	
structure determination.		B4	
To prepare and present reports on the work and results obtained in a laboratory of inorganic chemistry .	A1	В3	C1
	А3	B4	C3
	A4	B7	
	A9		
	A14		
	A20		
	720		

Contents

Topic	Sub-topic
Preparation of Coordination Compounds	Methods for the preparation of metal complexes. Solvent effects. Speciation diagrams.
Structural determination of coordination compounds (I)	Chemical analysis. Mass spectrometry. Molar conductivity. Dipolar moments.
	Vibrational spectroscopy. NMR spectroscopy. Questions and exercises.
Structural determination of coordination compounds (II):	Introduction. Selection rules. Origin of the bands: Ligand-ligand bands, charge transfer
Electronic Absorption Spectroscopy	bands and d-d bands. Spectroscopic terms and electronic states. Tanabe-Sugano
	diagrams. Analysis of electronic spectra and applications in structure determination.
	Questions, problems and exercises.
Structural determination of coordination compounds (III):	Diamagnetism and paramagnetism. Effective magnetic moment. Spin and orbital
magnetic properties	contributions. Applications in structure determination. Questions, problems and
	exercises.
Methods of preparation of non-molecular solids	Strategies for the preparation of crystalline non-molecular solids. Main synthesis
	methods: ceramic method, ?soft? chemistry methods (co-precipitation, decomposition
	of nitrates, sol-gel method, intercalation reactions?), solvothermal method.
Methods for Characterization of non-molecular solids	General overview of the different diffractometric techniques (X-ray, electron and
	neutron diffraction), with emphasis on crystal powder X-ray diffraction.
	Spectroscopic techniques.
	Thermal methods.
	Electronic microscopy (scanning and transmission electron microscopies).
Preparation and Characterization of Coordination Compounds	Selection of the synthesis conditions.
	Selection of materials (reagents, solvents, instrumentation, glass equipment).
	Assessment of the risks associated with the experiment and its prevention.
	Experimental procedure for the synthesis.
	Use of instrumental techniques for structural elucidation.
	Interpretation of the structural elucidation results.
	Preparation of a laboratory notebook.
	Preparation and presentation of a final report.
Preparation and Characterization of crystalline non-molecular	Selection of the synthesis conditions.
solids	Selection of materials (reagents, solvents, instrumentation, glass equipment).
	Assessment of the risks associated with the experiment and its prevention.
	Experimental procedure for the synthesis.
	Use of auxiliar software for structural elucidation.
	Interpretation of the structural elucidation results.
	Preparation of a laboratory notebook.
	Preparation and presentation of a final report.

	Planning	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A1 A6 A9 A15 A20	10	30	40
	A21 A24 B1 B2 B3 B7			
	C7 C8			
_aboratory practice	A1 A3 A4 A6 A15 A16	34	0	34
	A17 A18 A19 A20			
	A22 A23 A26 B1 B3			
	B4 B5 B7 C1 C2			

Seminar	A1 A9 A12 A14 A15	4	20	24
	A16 A20 A21 A24 B1			
	B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 C1			
	C2			
Supervised projects	A1 A3 A4 A6 A9 A14	2	28	30
	A15 A16 A20 A21			
	A22 A24 B3 B4 B7 C1			
	C2			
Oral presentation	A1 A14 A16 A24 B3	1	8	9
	B4 B7 C1 C3			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A1 A6 A9 A14 A20	2	10	12
	A21 A24 B2 B3 C1			
	C2			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

(*)The information in the	planning table is for o	quidance only	and does not take into account the I	neterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Lectures: oral presentations of the topics 1-6 of ?Contents? section. These sessions involve also the active participation of the
keynote speech	students and a continuous exchange of ideas between lecturer and students.
Laboratory practice	Laboratory practices (topics 7-8 in "Contents"): student's work in the laboratory, under the tutoring of the teacher.
	Students will synthesize and characterize coordination compounds and crystalline non-molecular solids.
Seminar	Seminars: sessions in small groups to solve problems and exercices related with the topics of the lectures. They also serve as
	a "feed-back" to the lecturer to assess the progress of students.
Supervised projects	The students must prepare the experiments, prior to start the work at the laboratory, using the literature. This process will be
	guided and supervised by the laboratory instructor.
Oral presentation	Group sessions to present the work done during the laboratory practice. Each student must summarize his/her work in a short
	time (around 5 minutes) and discuss it with the audience.
Mixed	Written test that will include questions and numerical problems related to the contents of the course.
objective/subjective	
test	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Laboratory practice	During the "laboratory practice" students will be individually interviewed by the teacher at different stages:
Seminar	i) Interviews prior to the start of the experimental work, once the student completes the literature review and the preparation of
Supervised projects	the experiments. A positive assessment of this work is required for the student to be allowed to start the experimental work.
Oral presentation	ii) A personal interview at the end of the laboratory practice to assess the work carried out and to solve possible deficiencies in the training.
	Moreover, students can ask for additional tuttoring sessions that will take place at the tuttoring hours of the teacher (the timetables will be indicated at the beginig of the course).

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		

Laboratory practice	A1 A3 A4 A6 A15 A16	Instructor's assessment of lab skills (planning, time management, skill and confidence	25
	A17 A18 A19 A20	in practical work) and results of the synthesis and characterization.	
	A22 A23 A26 B1 B3		
	B4 B5 B7 C1 C2		
Seminar	A1 A9 A12 A14 A15	Instructor's assessment of the participation in seminars and lectures (quantity and	5
	A16 A20 A21 A24 B1	quality of the participation: questions, resolution of problems and exercises)	
	B2 B3 B4 B5 B7 C1		
	C2		
Supervised projects	A1 A3 A4 A6 A9 A14	The literature review to prepare the experiments, the results of the experimental work	30
	A15 A16 A20 A21	and the conclusions reached will be assessed by personal interview.	
	A22 A24 B3 B4 B7 C1		
	C2		
Oral presentation	A1 A14 A16 A24 B3	In the oral presentation of the "Laboratory practice", the instructor will	10
	B4 B7 C1 C3	assess the analysis of the results and the conclusions, and the active participation of	
		the students in the discussion after each presentation.	
Mixed	A1 A6 A9 A14 A20	A written text including questions and numerical problems related to the contents of	30
objective/subjective	A21 A24 B2 B3 C1	the course.	
test	C2		

Assessment comments

This is a course with an important loading of experimental work. Therefore, attendance to all scheduled classes is mandatory.

First opportunity (June): The maximum score is 10 points, and passing the course requires a minimum of 5 points. In each of the assessed parts, it is required a minimum of 40% of the maximum score possible for that part. The assessment process will start when the student begins the work in the lab. Thus, every student that reaches this stage will obtain a mark even if the different activities of the course, including the laboratory practice, are not completed.

Second opportunity (July): The maximum score is 10 points, and passing the course requires obtaining 5 points. Students will be assessed by an objective mixed test, from which students can obtain up to 3.0 points, and a laboratory practice test (which counts for a maximum of 7.0 points). A minimum of 40% of the maximum score posible for each part is required in order to pass the course. The practical test will consist on the preparation and execution of a laboratory experiment using the same criteria detailed in the "methodology" section, with the exception that the preparation of the experiment will not be tutored. An inappropriate preparation of the experimental work will result in a negative assessment (failed course) before beginning the laboratory work. The student can only do the exam of the laboratory practice in the second opportunity, if he/she has performed the practical training during the course (minimum 75%). If the student obtained a minimum of 4 points in the Laboratory Practice in the first opportunity will not have to perform the laboratory practice test in the second opportunity.

From the time the student begins the preparation of the experiments, or the realization of the objective test, it is considered that accepted to be assessed, and therefore those students that reach these stages will obtain a mark even if the different activities of the course are not completed. Those students assessed in the second opportunity (July) can be awarded with honors only if the máximum number of students that finish the course with honors is not reached after the first opportunity (June).

NOTE 1: "Part-time Students": First and second opportunities: Attendance to DE and TGR activities is not mandatory but the "mixed test" is required and they have to got a minimum of 5 points (of 10) to pass this activity. Laboratory practice is mandatory and follows the same requirements applied to students at full time.

NOTE 2: Implications

of plagiarism in the qualification: The fraudulent realization of the tests or other evaluation activities will directly imply the qualification of 0.0 points

in the course in the corresponding call, thus invalidating any grades obtained in all the activities for the extraordinary call, in accordance with the provisions of the UDC Student Statute (article 35, point 3,

https://www.udc.es/es/normativa/estudantes/estatuto_estudantado/index.html

NOTE 3: December

Early call: The weighting in the evaluation of the different teaching activities of the students who participate in the December early call, will be adapted to the new evaluation percentages set out in this guide, if they differ from each other in both academic courses.

Sources of information		
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	A. Kettle, Physical Inorganic Chemistry. A Coordination Chemistry Approach, Oxford University Press, 1998, Libro, -D	
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Complementary

-A. R. West, Solid State Chemistry, John Wiley and Sons, Chichester, 1999, Libro, -A.F. Wells, Structural Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Oxford Univesity Press, London, 1984, Libro, -D. Nicholls, Complexes and First-Row Transition Elements, McMillan Press, 1979, Libro, -D. Sutton, Espectros Electrónicos de los Complejos de los Metales de Transición, Reverté, Barcelona, 1975, Libro, -N.N. Greenwood, Cristales iónicos, defectos reticulares y no estequiometría, Alhambra, Madrid, 1970, Libro, -Angelici e outros, Syntesis and Techniques in Inorganic Chemistry?. 3ª Ed., University Science Books. Sausalito, 1999, Libro, -Brauer, Química Inorgánica Preparativa, Editorial Reverté, Barcelona, 1958, Libro, -Lever, Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy. 2ª Ed., Elsevier. Ámsterdam, 1984, Capítulo de libro, -Nakamoto, Infrared and Raman Spectra of Inorganic and Coordination Compounds, 5ª Ed., Wiley & Sons, New York, 1997, Libro, -Schlessinger, Preparación de Compuestos Inorgánicos en el Laboratorio, Continental, México, 1965, Libro, -W. McCleverty e outros, Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry II, Elsevier-Pergamon, Amsterdam, 2004, Libro, -Wilkinson e outros, Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1986, Libro, -Cotton e Wilkinson, Química Inorgánica Avanzada?, 4ª Ed., Limusa-Wiley. México, 1986, Libro,

	Recommendations
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before
Physical Chemistry 1/610G01016	
Physical Chemistry 2/610G01017	
Inorganic Chemistry 1/610G01021	
Inorganic Chemistry 2/610G01022	
Inorganic Chemistry 3/610G01023	
S	ejects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously
	Subjects that continue the syllabus
Advanced Inorganic Chemistry/610G01025	
Materials Science/610G01035	
	Other comments

It is advised that those students who take the "Inorganic Chemistry 4" course have

passed "Inorganic Chemistry 3",

and have the knowledge and skills associated with ?Inorganic Chemistry 1 and 2 " and"

Physical Chemistry 1 and 2.Gender perspective:- According to the different applicable regulations for university teaching, the gender perspective must be incorporated in this matter (non-sexist language will be used, a bibliography of authors of both sexes will be used, intervention in class of male and female students...).- Work will be done to identify and modify prejudices and sexist attitudes and the environment will be influenced to modify them and promote values of respect and equality.- Situations of discrimination based on gender must be detected and actions and measures to correct them will be proposed. In Sp. Green Campus Faculty of Sciences ProgramTo achieve an immediate sustainable environment and comply with point 6 of the "Environmental Declaration of the Faculty of Sciences (2020)", the documentary works carried out in this subject:a.- They will be requested mainly in virtual format and computer support.b.- If done on paper:- Plastics will not be used.- Double-sided prints will be made.- Recycled paper will be used.-The realization of drafts will be avoided.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.