		Teaching	g Guide			
	Identifyin	g Data			2023/24	
Subject (*)	Intervention in European Heritage Code		630G02055			
Study programme	Grao en Estudos de Arquitectura					
		Descri	ptors			
Cycle	Period	Yea	ar	Туре	Credits	
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fift	h	Optional	4.5	
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish					
Teaching method	Face-to-face					
Prerequisites						
Department	Construcións e Estruturas Arquite	ctónicas, Civís	e AeronáuticasDid	ácticas Específicas e	Métodos de Investigación e	
	Diagnóstico en EducaciónExpresi	ón Gráfica Arqu	uitectónicaProxecto	os Arquitectónicos, Urb	panismo e Composición	
Coordinador	Vidal Pérez, Francisco José		E-mail	francisco.vidal@	Dudc.es	
Lecturers	Martinez Raído, Jose Luis		E-mail	jose.luis.martine	z.raido@udc.es	
	Vidal Pérez, Francisco José			francisco.vidal@	udc.es	
Web				·		
General description	The current program of the Schoo	of Architecture	e of A Coruña inclu	ides, in the 5th year, th	ne topic of Intervention in	
	European Heritage assigned to the	e Department o	of Architectural Pro	jects, Urbanism and C	omposition, being a response to	
	the practices of characterization a	nd intervention	in our rich and ext	ensive architectural, b	uilt and territorial heritage, which	
	in Galicia forms an irreplaceable re	eality in the ide	ntity processes, in	the knowledge of the	discipline and, therefore, in the	
	training of the students of the Galician school of architecture.					
	These processes are also essentia	al to deepen ou	ır own cultural und	erstanding and the uni	versal history of humanity, as	
documented and certified by the vast Galician heritage that is part of the UNESCO World Heritage List and			Heritage List and the Spanish			
	State Register of Cultural Assets and, therefore, from Europe.					
	The intention of this topic is to indi	icate essential i	nformation, knowle	edge, criteria, materials	s and techniques for practices	
aimed at conservation, restoration and rehabilitation (as they have been systematized main		inly from the 18th century to the				
	present), in clear coexistence with	legal regulation	ns and administrat	ive procedures that sa	feguard the actions carried out	
	within the framework of our social	and democration	c rule of law (throu	gh the Constitution, the	e Statutes of Autonomy and	
	international treaties), which refer	to the obligation	ns of access, prote	ection and conservation	n of the architectural, built and	
	territorial cultural heritage, charact	terized as such.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A5	"Knowledge of the metric and projective geometry adapted and applied to architecture and urbanism "
A9	"Knowledge of of the principles of fluid mechanics, hydraulics, electricity and electromagnetism adapted and applied to architecture
	and urbanism "
A14	Ability to conceive, calculate, design, integrate in buildings and urban units and execute exterior walls and cladding, roofing and other
	structural work (T)
A15	Ability to conceive, calculate, design, integrate in buildings and urban units and execute foundation solutions (T)
A16	" Ability to conceive, calculate, design, integrate in buildings and urban units and execute supply systems, water treatment and
	sewage, heating and air conditioning (T) "
A17	Ability to apply technical and construction standards and regulations
A18	Ability to maintain building structures, foundations and civil works
A19	Ability to maintain the finished work
A20	Ability to assess the construction works
A21	Ability to maintain the structural work
A23	Ability to maintain systems



"Adequate knowledge of solid mechanics, continuous media and soil, as well as plastic and elastic qualities and strength of materials
in heavy construction "
Adequate knowledge of conventional construction systems and pathology
Adequate knowledge of the physical and chemical characteristics, production procedures, pathology and use of building materials
Adequate knowledge of industrialized building systems
Knowledge of the deontological code, professional association and structure and civil liability
Knowledge of administrative, management and professional procedures
Knowledge of methods of measurement, assessment and expert's report
Ability to design, implement and develop sketches and drafts, concept designs, developed designs and technical designs (T)
Ability to design, implement and develop urban projects (T)
Ability to design, implement and develop construction management (T)
Ability to develop functional programs for buildings and urban spaces (T)
" Ability to take part in the preservation, restoration and renovation of the built heritage (T) "
Ability to remove architectural barriers (T)
Ability to practise architectural criticism
Ability to solve the passive environmental conditioning, including thermal and acoustic insulation, climate control, energy efficiency and
natural lighting (T)
Ability to catalogue the built and urban heritage and plan its protection (T)
Ability to design and execute urban layouts and urbanization, gardening and landscape design projects (T)
Ability to apply standards and urban regulations
Ability to develop environmental, landscape and environmental impact correction studies (T)
Adequate knowledge of general theories of form, composition and architectural types
Adequate knowledge of the general history of architecture
" Adequate knowledge of ecology, sustainability and the principles of conservation of energy and environmental resources. "
Adequate knowledge of the architectural, urban and landscape traditions of Western culture, as well as their technical, climatic, economic,
social and ideological foundationsxicos.
Adequate knowledge of aesthetics and theory and history of fine arts and applied arts
Adequate knowledge of the relationship between cultural patterns and social responsibilities of the architect
Adequate knowledge of the foundations of vernacular architecture
Adequate knowledge of urban sociology, theory, economics and history
Adequate knowledge of the methodological foundations of territorial, metropolitan and urban planning.
Coñecemento avanzado de aspectos específicos da materia de Proxectos no contemplados expresamente na Orde EDU/2075/2010
Coñecemento avanzado de aspectos específicos da materia de Composición no contemplados expresamente na Orde EDU/2075/2010
Coñecemento avanzado de aspectos específicos da materia de Urbanismo no contemplados expresamente na Orde EDU/2075/2010
Coñecemento avanzado de aspectos específicos da materia de Construción no contemplados expresamente na Orde EDU/2075/2010
Coñecemento avanzado de aspectos específicos da materia de Instalacións no contemplados expresamente na Orde EDU/2075/2010
Coñecemento avanzado de aspectos específicos da materia de Estruturas no contemplados expresamente na Orde EDU/2075/2010
Students have demonstrated knowledge and understanding in a field of study that is based on the general secondary education, and is
usually at a level which, although it is supported by advanced textbooks, includes some aspects that imply knowledge of the forefront of
their field of study
Students can apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and have competences that can be displayed by means
of elaborating and sustaining arguments and solving problems in their field of study
Students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their field of study) to inform judgements that include
reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues
Students can communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialist and non-specialist public
Students have developed those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high level of autonomy
Knowing the history and theories of architecture and the arts, technologies and human sciences related to architecture
Knowing the role of the fine arts as a factor that influences the quality of architectural design



B10	Knowing the physical problems, various technologies and function of buildings so as to provide them with internal conditions of comfort
	and protection against the climate factors in the context of sustainable development
B12	Understanding the relationship between people and buildings and between these and their environment, and the need to relate buildings
	and the spaces between them according to the needs and human scale
C1	Adequate oral and written expression in the official languages.
C3	Using ICT in working contexts and lifelong learning.
C4	Exercising an open, educated, critical, committed, democratic and caring citizenship, being able to analyse facts, diagnose problems,
	formulate and implement solutions based on knowledge and solutions for the common good
C5	Understanding the importance of entrepreneurial culture and the useful means for enterprising people.
C6	Critically evaluate the knowledge, technology and information available to solve the problems they must face
C7	Assuming as professionals and citizens the importance of learning throughout life
C8	Valuing the importance of research, innovation and technological development for the socioeconomic and cultural progress of society.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences /
	results



Once this subject has been passed, together with all the others, the student must have acquired the following competencies:

- 1. Ability to create architectural restoration projects that involve an important phase of the processes of cultural heritage of a Cultural Asset (building, urban property or territory) that in turn satisfy the aesthetic and technical requirements.
- 2. Adequate knowledge of the history and theories of architecture, the conservation of architecture, the city and the historical territory, as well as the arts, technology and related human sciences.
- 3. Knowledge of the fine arts as a factor that can influence the quality of architectural design.
- 4. Adequate knowledge of urbanism, planning and techniques used in the planning process of the historic city and the historic territory.
- 5. Ability to understand the relationships between people and buildings and between them and their environment, as well as the heritage values ??they support and the need to relate buildings and spaces located to each other according to human needs and scale.
- 6. Ability to understand the profession of architect and its role in society, in particular by preparing studies, reports or projects taking into account social factors and heritage and cultural values.
- 7. Knowledge of research methods and preparation of the restoration project.
- 8. Understanding of the problems of the structural conception, of construction and of engineering linked with the projects of buildings with historical and patrimonial-cultural values, with the historical city or with the historical territory.
- 9. Adequate knowledge of physical problems and the different techniques and technologies, as well as the function of real estate, so that they are provided with internal conditions of comfort and functional and cultural protection in line with and compatible with the historical uses reported by the Good architectural.
- 10. Ability to design to meet the requirements of users of real estate respecting the limits imposed by budgetary factors, construction regulations and good practices of intervention in the built heritage, the city and the historical territory.
- 11. Appropriate knowledge of the industries, organizations, regulations, norms and methodological procedures to shape the projects in the Assets and to integrate the plans in the planning.
- 12. To link the concepts of Architectural-Cultural Heritage, to the idea that supports this concept with the pre-project, project documents and the direction of specific work. Indispensable tools for the conservation and restoration of the Architectural Heritage in general and more specifically those that have the consideration and category of Assets of Cultural Interest:

Article 10 LAW 5/2016, of 4 May, on the cultural heritage of Galicia. Categories of real estate declared of cultural interest or cataloged

- 1. Real estate declared to be of cultural interest or cataloged shall fall into one of the following categories:
- a) Monument: the work or construction that constitutes a recognizable singular unit of relevant artistic, historical, architectural, archaeological, ethnological, industrial or scientific and technical interest.
- b) Historical garden: the delimited space product of the planned arrangement of natural and artificial elements of relevant artistic, historical, architectural, anthropological or scientific and technical interest.

C1 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7

c) Historical site: the place linked to relevant episodes of the past, popular traditions or unique cultural creations of historical,	A5	B1	
paleontological interest, as long as it is related to human, ethnological, anthropological or scientific and technical history.	A9	B2	
	A14	В3	
d) Archaeological site or zone: the place where there is evidence of movable or immovable property that can be studied with	A15	B4	
archaeological methodology, of artistic, historical, architectural, archaeological, paleontological interest, as long as it is related	A16	B5	
to human or anthropological history.	A17	В6	
	A18	В7	
e) Cultural routes: the route or path of recognizable original characteristics that forms part of or formed in the past of the	A19	В9	
traditional structure of the territory, with a relevant historical, architectural, archaeological, ethnological or anthropological	A20	B10	
interest.	A21	B12	
	A23		
f) Place of ethnological value: the area in which relevant and recognizable testimonies of activities or constructions linked to	A24		
the ways of life and traditional culture of the Galician people that are of historical, architectural, archaeological, ethnological or	A25		
anthropological interest remain.	A26		
antinopological interest remain.	A27		
a) Historical encomble: the grouping of except that make up a cattlement upit, continuous or dispersed, with a physical	A28		
g) Historical ensemble: the grouping of assets that make up a settlement unit, continuous or dispersed, with a physical			
structure representative of the evolution of a community that is a significant cultural testimony for artistic, historical,	A29		
architectural, archaeological, ethnological, industrial or scientific interest. technical, although individually the elements that	A31		
make it up do not have a special relevance.	A34		
	A35		
h) Cultural landscape: the place identifiable by a set of unique material and immaterial cultural qualities, combined works of	A36		
nature and the human being, which is the result of the process of interaction and interpretation that a community makes of the	A37		
natural environment that sustains and constitutes the material support of their identity.	A38		
	A39		
i) Historical territory: the area in which the occupation and activities of the communities throughout their historical evolution	A40		
characterize a geographical area relevant to their historical, architectural, archaeological, ethnological, anthropological,	A41		
industrial or scientific and technical interest.	A42		
	A45		
2. Belonging to one of these categories shall not be incompatible with the additional individualized declaration of an asset of	A46		
cultural interest or the individualized cataloging of any of its elements or with its affiliation to other protection figures derived	A47		
from other sectoral legislation.	A48		
	A49		
3. The declaration of property of cultural interest of a property or its cataloging will affect both the ground and the subsoil.	A52		
	A53		
	A54		
	A55		
	A56		
	A57		
	A58		
	A67		
	A68		
	A69		
	A70		
	A71		
	A72		

	Contents
Topic	Sub-topic
HISTORY AND CRITERIA OF THE RESTORATION UNTIL	1 The evolution of the concept of Heritage.
1950	2 The Archaeological School of Rome and the English School for the Conservation of
	Architectural Heritage, two alternatives to Stylistic Restoration.
	3 The 19th century, a period of great importance for Heritage in France.
	4 Camilo Boito (1832-1914)
	5 Lucca Beltrami (1854-1933) and Alfrendo D'Andrade (1839-1915). The Historical
	Method. The historical restoration.
	6 Alois Riegl (1858-1905). A unique and fundamental contribution.
	7 The philological interventions of Ricardo Velázquez Bosco (1843-1923)
	8 Gustavo Giovannoni (1873-1947)
	9 Restoration in 20th century Spain.
	10 The Critical Restoration.
	11 International documents. The laws of the Spanish State and the Cultural Heritage
	of Galicia. Comments.
CONTEMPORARY RESTORATION	1 Modernity and Restoration: the denial of history.
	2 Hans Döllgast: postwar interventions.
	3 Carlo Scarpa: the sequential reading of the monument.
	4 Gae Aulenti: the permanent and the changeable.
	5 Lina Bo Bardi: projects vs urban planning.
	6 Herzog and deMeuron: contrast and analogy.
	7 David Chipperfield: Containment as a Strategy.
	8 OMA, Rem Koolhaas: theory.

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Directed discussion	A5 A9 A14 A15 A16	20	0	20
	A17			
Student portfolio	A5 A9 A14 A15 A16	5	30	35
	A17 A18 A19 A20			
	A21 A23 A24 A25			
	A26 A27 A28 A29			
	A31 A34 A35 A36			
	A37 A38 A39 A40			
	A41 A42 A45 A46			
	A47 A48 A49 A52			
	A53 A54 A55 A56			
	A57 A58 A67 A68			
	A69 A71 A72 B1 B2			
	B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9			
	B10 B12 C1 C3 C4			
	C5 C6 C7 C8			

Document analysis	A17 A18 A19 A20	0	12	12
	A21 A23 A24 A25			
	A26 A27 A28 A29			
	A31 A34 A35 A36			
	A58 A67 A68 A69			
	A70 A71 A72 B1 B2			
	B5 B6 B7 B9 B10 B12			
	C1 C3 C4 C5			
Collaborative learning	A15 A16 A17 A18	0	12.5	12.5
	A19 A20 A21 A23			
	A24 A39 A40 A41			
	A42 A45 A46 A47			
	A48 A49 A52 A53			
	A54 A55 A56 A57			
	A58			
Objective test	A55 A56 A57 A58	3	3	6
	A67 A68 A69 A70			
	A71 A72 B1 B2 B3 B4			
	B5 B6 B7 B9 B10 B12			
	C1 C3 C4 C5 C7 C8			
Events academic / information	A5 A18 A19 A20 A21	2	4	6
	A23 A25 A26 A34			
	A37 A38 A40 A42			
	A46 A48 A49 A53			
	A54 A55 A56 A67			
	A68 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6			
	B7 B9 B10 B12 C1			
	C3 C4 C6 C8			
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A39 A40 A41 A42	20	0	20
	A45 A46 A47 A48			
	A49 A53 A54 A55			
	A56 A57 A58 A67			
	A68 B7 B9 B10 B12			
	C1 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7			
	C8			
Personalized attention		1	0	1

Methodologies			
Methodologies	Description		
Directed discussion	Periodically review and critique sessions are organized in which the results of the work of various groups are informally		
	confronted, although this discussion may be led by a moderator.		
	The individualized tutorials are dedicated to answering students' queries about the different aspects of the subject, whether in		
	theory or solving specific aspects of practice, individually.		
Student portfolio	The student develops a personal work in which he demonstrates his aptitude to create studies and projects of intervention in		
	the cultural heritage to level of basic project.		
Document analysis	Before starting the material development of the works, we will proceed to the analysis of the documentary sources related to		
	the proposed topic through the use of audiovisual documents, bibliographies, documentary reports, graphic panels,		
	photographs, models, articles, informative texts, application regulations, etc. The groups (teachers-students) analyze the		
	available documentation and expand it, elaborating a synthesis of the different documentary sources.		

Collaborative learning	The class is organized into small work groups, where students work together to solve the tasks assigned by the teacher. The group is organized to get as much information as possible and share.
Objective test	Theoretical / practical exam.
Events academic /	Elaboration of synthesis material about the work done in the subject to take part on the event exibition event organized by the
information	Department of Architectural Design, Urbanism and Composition: "Architectures in Progress. DPAUC" (panels,
	models, drawings, videos, texts, etc.).
	Attendance to informative events (congresses, lectures, symposia, conferences, etc.), organized by the ETSAC, the DPAUC, etc., indicated by the teachers of the subject as part of the teaching content of the course, with the aim of providing students with current knowledge and experiences, relating to a particular study field of the subject.
Guest lecture /	Intended for the conceptual introduction and oral or graphic presentation of information to students.
keynote speech	

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Directed discussion	The evaluation is a continuous process, in which the activity that the student develops in each of the sessions of the course is
	controlled and recorded. Periodically and, in any case, whenever the student so requires, they are informed of the adequacy of
	the level reached by their activities in relation to the programmatic objectives of the subject.
	A period is established at the end of the course, free of theoretical sessions and workshops, in which attention is developed individually so that each student is oriented towards the achievement of the final objectives of the subject or, where
	appropriate, the excellence. At all times of the course, teachers provide students with complementary support to the teacher
	individually, at known times.

Assessment				
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification	
	Results			
Student portfolio	A5 A9 A14 A15 A16	In the proposed works, and for the purposes of their qualification, aspects such as	15	
	A17 A18 A19 A20	conceptual coherence, the technical level of the descriptions, documentary coherence,		
	A21 A23 A24 A25	technical precision, personal contribution in the search and elaboration of the data and		
	A26 A27 A28 A29	the clarity of the Se will value the graphic expression used, all this, the correct		
	A31 A34 A35 A36	application of the criteria developed in the subject in terms of good practices of		
	A37 A38 A39 A40	conservation and restoration of cultural heritage.		
	A41 A42 A45 A46			
	A47 A48 A49 A52			
	A53 A54 A55 A56			
	A57 A58 A67 A68			
	A69 A71 A72 B1 B2			
	B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9			
	B10 B12 C1 C3 C4			
	C5 C6 C7 C8			
Guest lecture /	A39 A40 A41 A42	In the master sessions there will be a presentation of the topics with the support of	5	
keynote speech	A45 A46 A47 A48	image projection that illustrate the contents covered.		
	A49 A53 A54 A55			
	A56 A57 A58 A67			
	A68 B7 B9 B10 B12			
	C1 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7			
	C8			

A55 A56 A57 A58	As it is a theoretical-practical subject, the continuous assessment method will be used.	80
		00
A71 A72 B1 B2 B3 B4	attitude and work of the student throughout the semester; but it must be completed	
B5 B6 B7 B9 B10 B12	with the completion of at least one work of theoretical-practical content that allows to	
C1 C3 C4 C5 C7 C8	verify that the student has assimilated the conceptual and procedural contents of the	
	subject.	
	In the final evaluation of the student will take into account:	
	-Attendance to class and interest and participation in face-to-face sessions.	
	-The individual performance and exhibition of the proposed exercises.	
	-The performance of individual and / or group work and its presentation and individual	
	and / or group defense.	
	-Any other activity that is detailed in the course's teaching guide	
	- All this completes and contextualizes the objective test: written exam on the	
	theoretical subject taught.	
	B5 B6 B7 B9 B10 B12	A67 A68 A69 A70 A71 A72 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B9 B10 B12 C1 C3 C4 C5 C7 C8 In the final evaluation of the student will take into account: -Attendance to class and interest and participation in face-to-face sessions. -The individual performance and exhibition of the proposed exercises. -The performance of individual and / or group work and its presentation and individual and / or group defense. -All this completes and contextualizes the objective test: written exam on the

Assessment comments

The student must attend mainly the master sessions (80% minimum), and present the proposed works with the required level of quality to pass the subject. To pass the subject, the student will have two opportunities (June and July). The teacher, according to the students, may choose to divide the exam into two parts. The work will be delivered in June and is essential to pass the course. If not delivered, the student will be graded as Not Presented. The grade obtained in the work (maximum 2) will be added to the one obtained in the written exams, as long as in each one of them a minimum score of 1.5 out of 4 is reached. will save to add it in the July exam.

Sources of information



Basic

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- Martínez Justicia, Mª José. (2000). HISTORIA E TEORÍA DE LA CONSERVACIÓN E RESTAURACIÓN ARTÍSTICA.. Tecnos. Madrid
- Monterroso Montero, Juan M. (2001). PROTECCIÓN E CONSERVACIÓN DEL PATRIMONIO. PRINCIPIOS TEÓRICOS.. Tórculo Ediciones. Santiago de Compostela
- Muñoz Viñas, Salvador. (2003). TEORÍA CONTEMPORÁNEA DE LA RESTAURACIÓN. . Editorial Síntesis. Madrid
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- Vitrubio Polión, Marco Lucio. (1995). LOS DIEZ LIBROS DE ARQUITECTURA.. Alianza. Madrid
 Aparte destas entradas bibliográficas, cada ano a asignatura incorpora bibliografías específicas que serán suxeridas ós estudantes.



Complementary

- Ballart, Josep. (2006). EL PATRIMONIO HISTÓRICO E ARQUEOLÓGICO: VALOR E USO. . Ariel Patrimonio. Barcelona
- Berlin, Isaiah. (2000). LAS RAÍCES DEL ROMANTICISMO.. Taurus. Madrid
- Calvo Serraller, Francisco. (1995). LA IMAGEN ROMÁNTICA DE ESPAÑA. ARTE E ARQUITECTURA DEL SIGLO XIX. Alianza. Madrid
- Capitel, Antón. (1988). METAMORFOSIS DE MONUMENTOS E TEORÍAS DE LA RESTAURACIÓN. Alianza. Madrid
- D'Angelo, Paolo. (1999). LA ESTÉTICA DEL ROMANTICISMO.. Visor. Madrid
- Díaz-Fierros Viquiera, Francisco e López Silvestre, Federico, Coordinadores. (2009). OLLADAS CRÍSTICAS SOBRE A PAISAXE.. Consello da Cultura Galega. Santiago de Compostela
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Recommendations Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before History of Architecture 1/630G01035 Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously Theory of Contemporary Intervention/630G02061 Subjects that continue the syllabus Other comments

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.