

		Teaching	g Guide		
	Identifying Data			2023/24	
Subject (*)	Chemistry		Code	631G01107	
Study programme	Grao en Náutica e Transporte Ma	arítimo			
		Descri	ptors		
Cycle	Period	Yea	ar	Туре	Credits
Graduate	2nd four-month period	Fire	st	Basic training	6
Language	SpanishGalicianEnglish				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Química				
Coordinador	Garcia Dopico, Maria Victoria E-mail victoria.gdopico@udc.es		@udc.es		
Lecturers	Garcia Dopico, Maria Victoria		E-mail	l victoria.gdopico@udc.es	
	Santaballa Lopez, Juan Arturo			arturo.santaballa@udc.es	
Web	https://moodle.udc.es/				
General description	A Química é unha asignatura de	apoio e aplicacio	ón noutras materia	as esenciais para esta	carreira nas que se ten que dar
	cumprimento, no referido os aspectos fisicoquímicos, os requirimentos de formación establecidos polo Convenio				
	internacional de formación, titulación e garda para a xente do mar (STCW).				
	O marxe da súa orientación o entorno do transporte marítimo tamén inclúe adquisición de competencias propias dunha				
	asignatura de formación básica a nivel universitario con aplicación noutros ámbitos laborais, en terra, nos que @s titulad@s do Grao en Náutica y Transporte Marítimo poden desenvolver a súa actividade profesional.			ais, en terra, nos que @s	

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A54	RA1C-Write, explain and transmit the theoretical knowledge acquired both orally and in writing using scientific-technical language.
A55	RA2C-Identify and relate acquired knowledge to other disciplines
A56	RA3C-Writing and interpreting technical documentation in English
A57	RA4C-Collecting and interpreting relevant data
A59	RA6C-Identify critical situations and use available means in order to resolve them effectively.
B31	RA9H-Effectively solve practical problems associated with the subject by applying the knowledge acquired.
B32	RA10H-Know, analyse, synthesise and apply the contents, fundamental concepts and applications of the subject.
B33	RA11H-Develop both individual and group work
B34	RA12H-Handle bibliographic material and computer resources.
B35	RA13H-Handle with ease the tools, techniques, equipment and/or material/instrumental of each subject.
B36	RA14H-Use information and communication technology (ICT) tools necessary for the exercise of their profession and for lifelong learning.
B54	RA53H?Transporting dangerous goods
B66	RA67H?Take precautions to prevent pollution of the environment due to the discharge of oil or chemicals.
B72	RA73H?Take precautions to prevent pollution of the environment due to the release of liquefied gases.
B74	RA75H?Minimise fire risks, and maintain a state of readiness to respond to fire emergencies at all times.
B75	RA76H?Fighting and extinguishing fires.
B78	RA79H?Take precautions to prevent pollution of the marine environment.
B79	RA80H?Observe safe working practices.
B93	RA96H?Contribute to increased maritime security by raising awareness.
C14	RA16X-Produce a report in a rigorous and systematic way.
C15	RA17X-Communicating effectively in a work environment.
C20	RA25X?Respond to emergencies
C24	RA32X?Ensuring compliance with pollution prevention requirements
C26	RA34X?Preventing, controlling and fighting fires on board
C27	RA37X?Monitoring compliance with legislative requirements



C28 RA39X?Contributing to the safety of personnel and the vessel		RA39X?Contributing to the safety of personnel and the vessel
	C34	RA55X?Monitor and control compliance with legislative requirements and measures to ensure safety of life at sea, maritime security and
		protection of the marine environment.
	C35	RA56X?Maintaining the safety and security of the ship, crew and passengers, and the proper functioning of life-saving, fire-fighting and
		other safety systems

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes		Study programm competences /	
	A E 4	results	,
Write, explain and transmit the theoretical knowledge acquired both orally and in writing using scientific-technical language	A54		
Identify and relate acquired knowledge to other disciplines	A55		
Writing and interpreting technical documentation in English	A56		
Collecting and interpreting relevant data	A57		
Identify critical situations and use available means in order to resolve them effectively.	A59		
Effectively solve practical problems associated with the subject by applying the knowledge acquired.		B31	
Know, analyse, synthesise and apply the contents, fundamental concepts and applications of the subject.		B32	
Develop both individual and group work		B33	
Handle bibliographic material and computer resources.		B34	
Handle with ease the tools, techniques, equipment and/or material/instrumental of each subject.		B35	
Use information and communication technology (ICT) tools necessary for the exercise of their profession and for lifelong		B36	
learning.			
Transporting dangerous goods		B54	
Take precautions to prevent pollution of the environment due to the discharge of oil or chemicals.		B66	
Take precautions to prevent pollution of the environment due to the release of liquefied gases.		B72	
Minimise fire risks, and maintain a state of readiness to respond to fire emergencies at all times.		B74	
Fighting and extinguishing fires.		B75	
Take precautions to prevent pollution of the marine environment.		B78	
Observe safe working practices.		B79	
Contribute to increased maritime security by raising awareness.		B93	
Produce a report in a rigorous and systematic way.			C14
Communicating effectively in a work environment.			C15
Respond to emergencies			C20
Ensuring compliance with pollution prevention requirements			C24
Preventing, controlling and fighting fires on board			C26
Monitoring compliance with legislative requirements			C27
Contributing to the safety of personnel and the vessel			C28
Monitor and control compliance with legislative requirements and measures to ensure safety of life at sea, maritime security			C34
and protection of the marine environment.			
Maintaining the safety and security of the ship, crew and passengers, and the proper functioning of life-saving, fire-fighting and			C35
other safety systems			

 Contents

 Topic
 Sub-topic



Chapter 1: Basics Concepts in Chemistry (4 hours)	Object of Chamistry and its relationship with maritime transport
Chapter 1: Basics Concepts in Chemistry (4 hours)	- Object of Chemistry and its relationship with maritime transport.
	- Atoms and molecules.
	- Atomic symbols and Periodic Table.
	- MEANING of chemical formulas. Weight laws and atomic theory.
	- Formulation and nomenclature of simple inorganic and organic compounds.
	- Amount of substance, mole and Avogadro's number.
	- Atomic and molecular masses.
	- Chemical equations and stoichiometric calculations. Types of reactions: reversible
	and irreversible
	- Ionic bond: Concept of ion. Covalent Bond: Molecular Geometry
Chapter 2: States of matter and status changes (7 hours)	General properties of the states of matter.
	Intermolecular forces.
	Properties of ideal gases.
	Gas. Ideal gas laws. Real gases, deviation from ideal behaviour: compressibility
	factor. Diffusion. Gases in ships.
	Properties of the liquid state
	- Density: relative and apparent. Effect of P and T on density. Plimsoll disc. Density
	measurement. Viscosity and its variation with temperature. Surface tension: capillarity.
	Variation of surface tension with temperature.
	Properties and classification of solids.
	- Types of solids. Metallic solids: metallic bond and conduction of electricity.
	Semiconductors: P-N junction. Effects of low temperatures-brittle fracture.
	Status changes: application to maritime transport
	- Heating and cooling curves. Liquid-vapour equilibrium: vapor pressure and boiling.
	Relative humidity and bubble point. Solid-liquid and solid-vapor balance. Energies
	associated with changes of state. Study of phase diagrams.
	- Application of phase changes in maritime transport: liquefied gases and their
	transport. The reliquefaction and refrigeration of gases. Formation and dispersion of
	hydrates.
Chapter 3: Solutions (2 hours)	Mixtures of substances. Solutions and types. Dissolution process. Units of
	concentration. Solubility of solids and gases in liquids. Solubility changes with T and
	P: Henry's law. Colligative properties. Decrease in vapor pressure: Raoult's law.
	Applications of vapor pressure decay and Henry's law to shipping. Ebulliscopic
	augmentation and cryoscopic descent: applications in maritime transport. Osmotic
	pressure. Electrolytic solutions and colloidal solutions
	pressure. Lieuruiyin suiununs anu cunundi suiununs



Chapter 4: Chemistry thernodynamics and study of	Internal energy and enthalpy. Heats of reaction: endo and exothermic reactions.
combustion reactions (3 hours)	Thermochemical equations. Calorimetry. heat capacities. Hess's law.
	Study of combustion reactions.
	- Combustion. Combustion heats. Fire triangle and tetrahedron: consequences. Flash point, ignition and autoignition: flammability limits. Stoichiometry of combustion
	reactions. Combustion gases: problems and analysis.
	- Types of combustion. Knowledge of the various
	classes of fires and their chemical characteristics. Extinction mechanisms. Use of inert gas.
	- Types of fuels and their most important properties. Calorific powers.
Chapter 5: Chemistry Reactivity. Control of chemical	Chemical kinetics. Reaction speed. speed equation. Influence of temperature on
processes and equilibrium conditions (3 hours)	the reaction rate. Catalysis and inhibition.
	Equilibrium constant. Factors affecting balance. Le Chatelier's principle. Chemical kinetics and chemical equilibrium.
	Spontaneity. entropy. 2nd law of thermodynamics. Gibbs free energy. Relationship between K and free energy. Dependence of K with temperature
Chapter 6: Reaccións en transporte marítimo (5 horas)	Acid-base reactions. Acid and base concept. Acid-base properties of water. Ionic
	product of water. pH concept. Acid and base strengths: Ka and Kb. Hydrolysis.
	regulatory solutions. pH measurement. Acid-base titrations. Indicators. Applications to maritime transport
	Precipitation reactions. Solubility product. Common ion effect. Solubility and pH. Chemical composition of natural water water Hardness of water. Introduction to the problems caused by water hardness. Physicochemical composition of the marine environment: chlorinity and salinity
	Electrochemical processes. Chemical energy. electrochemical cells. electrode
	potentials. Active elements. Oxidants and reducers. Thermodynamics of redox
	processes: Nernst equation and applications. Batteries and batteries. electrolytic
	processes. Faraday's Law. Electrolysis applications.
	or Corrosion. Types of corrosion. Iron corrosion and marine corrosion. Oxidation
	processes in ship chimneys. Factors that influence oxidation processes. Protection
	against corrosion.
	Polymerization reactions. Peroxide formation and its control: Use of inhibitors



Chapter 7: Important considerations for the transport of	Type of vessels.
chemical products on ships (1,5 hours).	Main chemical products transported. Transport of crude oil in ships:
	physicochemical characteristics of crude oil.
	Dangerous goods: transport regulations.
	Risks of transporting chemical products-Handling cargo: nuclear, biological,
	flammability, physical and chemical reactivity, static electricity, corrosivity, explosion,
	leaks and vapor clouds (BLEVE), etc. Substance compatibility. High viscosity and/or
	density loads.
	Health risks: toxicity and indicators: threshold limits
	Tank atmospheres: confined spaces. gas meters
	Classification of dangerous goods: SOLAS Convention and IMDG Code.
	Labeling and packaging
	Risk and safety phrases. MSDS Sheets
Chapter 8: Contaminación debida o transporte marítimo (1,5	Marpol Convention: annexes
horas).	MARPOL Annex I: Pollution by hydrocarbons. Characteristics of hydrocarbons.
	Wheatering processes. Prevention of contamination of
	marine environment and anti-pollution procedures. Ecological impact
	Annex II: Pollution of harmful substances transported in bulk. Classification
	according to its toxicity. Special maritime transport areas
	Annex VI of MARPOL: Air pollution and its problems. Atmospheric emission
	control areas. Greenhouse gases: IMO energy efficiency plans
	Ballast water pollution
	Ship recycling
Laboratory practices	Work in the laboratory: standards, safety and calculation of errors.
	Knowledge and management of basic laboratory material.
	Basic operations.
	Determination of physicochemical magnitudes of gases, pure liquids, mixtures and
	solutions (especially crude oil and/or derivatives),
	Reactivity of chemical products from the point of view of their transport on ships.
	Physicochemical properties of water and aqueous solutions.
	Physicochemical properties of fuels and lubricants
	corrosion reactions
	emergency procedures



Observations	These sub-themes(1) have been developed in such a way that they serve as a basis
	for other subjects, specific to the maritime professional activity of this degree, to
	comply with column 2, Knowledge, Understanding and Sufficiency, of the STCW
	Convention, modified by Manila 2010, from the following Tables:
	(1): Obtaining the competencies established in Column 1 of the respective STCW
	Tables, are completed with the passing of the related contents in complementary
	subjects such as Naval Hygiene and Occupational Risks.
	? Table A-V/1-1-1. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in basic
	training for cargo operations in oil and chemical tankers.
	? Table A-V/1-1-2. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in
	advanced training for oil tanker cargo operations.
	? Chart A-V/1-1-3. Specification of minimum competency standards in advanced
	training for chemical tanker cargo operations
	? Table A-V/1-2-1. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in basic
	training for cargo operations in tankers for the transport of liquefied gas.
	? Table A-V/1-2-2. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in
	advanced training for cargo operations in tankers for the transport of liquefied gas.
The development and improvement of these contents serves	Table A-II/2 of the STCW Agreement.
as a basis for other subjects in which specific competences of	Specification of the minimum competency standards applicable to Captains and first
the degree will be acquired, which will guarantee the	deck officers of ships with a gross tonnage equal to or greater than 500 GT.
knowledge, understanding and sufficiency of the competences	
included in table AII/2, of the STCW Agreement, related to the	
Management level of First Deck Officer of the Merchant Navy,	
without limitation of gross tonnage and Captain of the	
Merchant Navy up to a maximum of 3000 GT.	
Gender perspective.	The contents of the course will take into account the gender perspective.

	Plannin	g		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A55 B31 B32 B33	27	40.5	67.5
	B34 B35 B36 B93			
	C15			
Laboratory practice	A54 A55 A56 A57	9	9	18
	A59 B93 B79 B78			
	B75 B66 B54 B36			
	B35 B34 B33 B32			
	B31 C14 C15 C20			
	C24			
Seminar	A54 A55 A56 A57	16	24	40
	A59 B31 B32 B33			
	B34 B35 B36 B54			
	B72 B74 B75 B78			
	B93 C26			



Personalized attention		1.5	0	1.5
	C27 C28 C34 C35			
	C15 C20 C24 C26			
	B33 B32 B31 C14			
	B54 B36 B35 B34			
	B75 B74 B72 B66			
	A59 B93 B79 B78			
Simulation	A54 A55 A56 A57	2	2	4
	C27 C28 C34 C35			
	C15 C20 C24 C26			
	B78 B79 B93 C14			
	B66 B72 B74 B75			
	B34 B35 B36 B54			
	A59 B31 B32 B33			
Mixed objective/subjective test	A54 A55 A56 A57	2	9	11
	C3 C6			
	B14 B15 B16 C1 C2			
	B10 B11 B12 B13			
	B3 B4 B5 B7 B8 B9			
	A31 A33 A38 B1 B2			
Aultiple-choice questions	A8 A9 A10 A11 A29	0	8	8

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	? Duration of one hour and will be taught at the indicated time according to the calendar approved by the board of the center.
keynote speech	? The classes will be of the magisterial lesson type in which the teacher will present the subjects of the subject with the help of
	the necessary audiovisual means, indicating to the students the most important thing to take into account when studying and
	recommending chapters of the most important books. suitable for further compression.
	? Student participation in classes will be encouraged, however, in seminar classes and tutorials, students have more
	opportunity to resolve any doubts that may have arisen during their study.
	? The teacher will give the students copies of all the audiovisual material that will be used in the classes, as well as other types
	of complementary material, to serve as a study guide. The delivery will be made through the virtual platform of the University
	or through the reprography service of the center.
Laboratory practice	? Compulsory attendance.
	? They will be carried out in the Chemistry laboratory on the days and times indicated by the teacher, in groups of preferably
	10 students.
	? At the end, the student must submit a laboratory notebook (in electronic format) for evaluation.
	? Failure to attend laboratory practices means failing the subject. In very justified cases, their assistance can be replaced by
	preparing a practical exam related to the practices that were not carried out.
Seminar	? They allow the teacher to know the degree and the learning errors, the deficiencies and limitations in the use of the work
	tools.
	? They will be taught at the end of a theoretical block of the program and practical cases will be raised or doubts will be
	resolved.
Multiple-choice	Throughout the course, using the virtual campus, a series of tests can be carried out to evaluate the learning of the concepts,
questions	skills, competencies and abilities associated with the subject.
Mixed	? Final exam of up to 3-4 hours duration that will have short questions and problems. Among the questions there will be a part
objective/subjective	with questions about laboratory practices
test	



Simulation	Computer simulations of those topics that require it will be carried out. For this purpose, students will be summoned in
	advance to attend the computer room.

Personalized attention				
Methodologies	Description			
Seminar	Doubts that the student may have regarding the theory taught in the lectures, problem solving and laboratory topics will be			
Simulation	resolved.			
	Likewise, the student will be guided, in a personalized way, in the study strategy of the subject. Tutorials, in groups or personally, will be carried out through the TEAMS application. They can also be carried out using the virtual campus and/or email.			

Methodologies	Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
Laboratory practice	A54 A55 A56 A57	? This assessment will be 20% of the final grade: 10% completion of the practices	25
	A59 B93 B79 B78	10% preparation of the laboratory notebook and 5% resolution of the question on	
	B75 B66 B54 B36	laboratory practices in the exam	
	B35 B34 B33 B32	? Failure to attend laboratory practices means failing the subject. In very justified	
	B31 C14 C15 C20	cases, their assistance can be replaced by preparing a practical exam related to the	
	C24	practices that were not carried out.	
Simulation	A54 A55 A56 A57	The assessment of this part of the course will count for 5% of the total grade. The	5
	A59 B93 B79 B78	student must obtain results with simulation programs and know how to interpret them,	
	B75 B74 B72 B66	submitting a report.	
	B54 B36 B35 B34		
	B33 B32 B31 C14		
	C15 C20 C24 C26		
	C27 C28 C34 C35		
Multiple-choice	A8 A9 A10 A11 A29	Throughout the course, at the end of each topic, multiple choice tests will be carried	10
questions	A31 A33 A38 B1 B2	out during class hours. These tests have the objective of helping the student to bring	
	B3 B4 B5 B7 B8 B9	the subject up to date.	
	B10 B11 B12 B13		
	B14 B15 B16 C1 C2		
	C3 C6		
Mixed	A54 A55 A56 A57	? The exam grade will be equivalent to 55% of the course grade (25% theory-35%	60
objective/subjective	A59 B31 B32 B33	problems).	
test	B34 B35 B36 B54	? A grade lower than 4 in theory or in problems will mean failing the course. Those	
	B66 B72 B74 B75	notes between a 4-5 may be compensated with the other evaluations. If not, the grade	
	B78 B79 B93 C14	for the compensable part could be taken into account until the second opportunity	
	C15 C20 C24 C26	within the same academic year.	
	C27 C28 C34 C35	? If partials are taken, in order to pass the subject they must all have a grade higher	
		than 4 (both in theory and in problems). The averages obtained from the theory and	
		from the problems between both partials, when they are between 4-5, can be	
		compensated with the scores of the other evaluable activities. If this is not the case,	
		the mark of the compensable part (average of the theory or average of problems) can	
		be maintained until the first or second opportunity within the same academic year.	
		This means that in the final exams there will be no partials	



Assessment comments

Requirements to pass a subject: To pass a subject it will always be necessary to obtain, both in the objective test and in the simulation in the laboratory practices, a grade of no less than 4.0 out of 10, and to achieve a minimum global grade of 5.0 out of 10 (the contribution of each available activity is to indicated in this teaching guide. According to the professors, the students who do not pass in the first opportunity -as indicated in the previous section-can keep, for a second opportunity, the qualifications obtained in other available activities with a qualification equal to or greater than 4.0 out of 10. Or the same as before o Approved implies receiving a minimum overall grade of 5.0 out of 10 (the contribution of each available activity is indicated in this teaching guide). In both opportunities of not completing a minimum grade of 4 out of 10, choose the activities for which it has previously been established, however, at a weighted average equal to or greater than 5 out of 10, the subject will appear failed with a qualification of 4.5 out of 10 In this case, the student will have three days to redo these activities, preventing, whenever possible, that a delivery does not coincide with the exam period of the corresponding opportunity. Any student who carries out evaluable activities will be considered as presented as long as they represent more than 40% of the overall grade. As far as successive academic years are concerned, the teaching-learning process, including evaluation, refers to one academic year, and, therefore, all activities must be carried out again with the new academic year.

The evaluation criteria contemplated in tables A-II/1, La-II/2, La-III/1 and La-III/2 of the STCW Code, and its amendments, related to this matter, will be applied.

During the completion of the objective test, on either occasion, except as otherwise indicated, the use of any device with Internet access is prohibited. Despite the fact that it is not advisable to bring said devices to said activity, a space may be set up for their storage, without implying any type of responsibility on the part of the UDC, the School or the teachers present during the objective test. If during the completion of the objective test, there is evidence of the use of these devices, the student will automatically be expelled from the classroom, the objective test qualified with a failing and the address of the center will be informed in writing according to the corresponding regulations.

Manila 2010: • Table A-V/1-1-1. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in basic training for cargo operations in oil and chemical tankers. • Table A-V/1-1-2. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in advanced training for oil tanker cargo operations. • Table A-V/1-1-3. Specification of the minimum competency standards in advanced training for chemical cargo operations • Table A-V/1-2-1. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in tankers for the transport of liquefied gas. • Table A-V/1-2-2. Specification of the minimum standards of competence in advanced training for cargo operations in tankers for the transport of liquefied gas. • Table A-V/1-2-2.

Sources of information



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	Comunicación Visual, 2011
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	cuestiones de teoría.
	- ()
Complementary	QUIMICA GENERAL - American Chemical Society, ?Química. Un poyecto de la ACS?, Editorial Reveré, (2005)
	-Reboiras, M. D., ?Química, la ciencia básica?, Editorial Thomson España, (2005) - Owens, P.; Costella, R. G.; Harris,
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	Recommendations	
	Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Mathematics I/631G01101		
	Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Mathematics II/631G01106		
	Subjects that continue the syllabus	



Electricity and Electronics/631G01206 /

Maritime Safety /631G01211 Marine and atmospheric pollution/631G01304

Tankers/631G01308

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1

International Codes and Conventions/631G01313

Other comments

Recoméndase o/a estudiante repasa-los conceptos teóricos introducidos nas clases de teoría mediante a resolución de cuestións e exercicios propostos que figuran o final de cada tema nos libros recomendados.Desaconséllase estudiar ÚNICAMENTE polos apuntes de clase que NUNCA deben substituir á consulta de cualquera dos libros recomendados.Pode resultar moi ÚTIL empregar as horas de titoría para clarexar as dúbidas e profundizar nos coñecementos asociados á asignatura.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.