		Teaching Guide)		
	Identifying Data			2023/24	
Subject (*)	CLIL: Content and Language Integrated Learning Code			Code	652534003
Study programme	Mestrado Universitario en Invest	igación e Innovación en	Didácticas	Específicas para Edu	ucación Infantil e Primaria
		Descriptors			
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degre	e 1st four-month period	First		Obligatory	4.5
Language	English		·		
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Didácticas Específicas e Método	s de Investigación e Dia	agnóstico er	Educación	
Coordinador	Bobadilla Pérez, María		E-mail	m.bobadilla@ud	dc.es
Lecturers	Bobadilla Pérez, María E-mail m.bobadilla@udc.es		dc.es		
Web					
General description	This subject this subject focuses	on the methodology of	integrated of	content learning and	foreign language (CLIL). From the
	theoretical point of view, its precedents will be studied, its elements and its curricular implications will be analyzed.		lications will be analyzed.		
Likewise, concepts such as multilingualism, bilingualism and multilingualism will be defined and education models will be analyzed and European, national and autonomous regulations that go		gualism will be define	ed and bilingual / multilingual		
		that govern it will be considered.			
From a practical point of view, different useful resources will be presented in CLIL, good educational practices analyzed a and a research project will be carried out in relation to CLIL implementation.			educational practices will be		

	Study programme competences
Code	Study programme competences
A2	E2 - Identificar e analizar criticamente propostas interdisciplinares no ámbito educativo.
A4	E4 - Desenvolver a competencia lingüística en lingua estranxeira orientada cara á docencia nas áreas específicas.
A10	E10 - Coñecer os fundamentos teóricos que sustentan a investigación e innovación no ámbito das Didácticas Específicas.
A11	E11 - Coñecer, comprender e utilizar a linguaxe científica e aplicalo correctamente nas distintas formas de expresión e comunicación.
A14	E14 - Coñecer diferentes tipos de metodoloxía que se empregan na investigación educativa considerando a súa pertinencia para a
	resolución de problemas concretos.
B2	CB7 - Que os estudantes saiban aplicar os coñecementos adquiridos e a súa capacidade de resolución de problemas en contornas novas
	ou pouco coñecidos dentro de contextos máis amplos (ou multidisciplinares) relacionados coa súa área de estudo.
В3	CB8 - Que os estudantes sexan capaces de integrar coñecementos e enfrontarse á complexidade de formular xuízos a partir dunha
	información que, sendo incompleta ou limitada, inclúa reflexións sobre as responsabilidades sociais e éticas vinculadas á aplicación dos
	seus coñecementos e xuízos.
B4	CB9 - Que os estudantes saiban comunicar as súas conclusións e os coñecementos e razóns últimas que as sustentan a públicos
	especializados e non especializados dun modo claro e sen ambigüidades.
B7	G2 - Dominar a expresión e a comprensión de forma oral e escrita dun idioma estranxeiro.
B8	G3 - Utilizar as ferramentas básicas das tecnoloxías da información e as comunicacións (TIC) necesarias para o exercicio da súa
	profesión e para a aprendizaxe ao longo da súa vida.
B12	G7 - Asumir como profesional e cidadán a importancia da aprendizaxe ao longo da vida.
C2	T2 - Capacidade de adaptación a situacións novas.
C4	T4 - Traballar de forma colaborativa.
C5	T5 - Capacidade de organización e planificación en ámbitos educativos disciplinares e interdisciplinares.
C8	T8 - Ser capaz de comunicarse cos seus compañeiros, coa comunidade educativa e coa sociedade en xeral no ámbito das súas áreas de
	coñecemento.

Learning outcomes	
Learning outcomes	Study programme
	competences

To learn about the advances in research on CLIL programs (Content and Language Integrated Learning).	AC4	BC2	CC8
		BC4	
		BC7	
Identify practical examples of CLIL programs in the different specialties taught in the Master's degree.	AC2	BC2	CC2
	AC4	BC7	CC8
	AC11	BC8	
	AC14		
Familiarize oneself with the specific terminology of each specialty for the development of CLIL sessions.	AC4	BC2	CC2
	AC10	ВС3	
		BC4	
		BC12	
Create CLIL materials and resources.	AC4	BC2	CC4
		ВС3	CC5
		BC4	

Contents	
Topic	Sub-topic Sub-topic
Introduction.	Definition and theoretical context
	Referential and legislative framework
Methodological approaches in CLIL.	Learning principles.
	Research in bilingual/plurilingual education.
CLIL Materials and Resources	Digital resources, textbooks
CLIL planning.	CLIL curriculum design.
Analysis and assessment of effective practices in CLIL.	Review of bilingual/multilingual programs.

	Planning	J		
Methodologies / tests	Competencies	Ordinary class	Student?s personal	Total hours
		hours	work hours	
Document analysis	A2 A10 A11 A14 B7	0	37	37
Collaborative learning	A4 B2 B3 B8 B12 C4	0	38	38
	C5 C8			
Oral presentation	A4 B4	4	5	9
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A4 A10 B7 B12 C2	27.5	0	27.5
Personalized attention		1	0	1
(*)The information in the planning table is for g	uidance only and does not	take into account the	heterogeneity of the stud	dents.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Document analysis	Methodological technique that involves the use of audiovisual and/or bibliographic documents (fragments of documentary reports or films, current news, graphic panels, photographs, biographies, articles, legislative texts, etc.) relevant to the subject matter with specifically designed activities to analyze these. It can be used as a general introduction to a topic, as an application tool for case studies, for the explanation of processes that cannot be observed directly, for the presentation of complex situations or as a summary of contents of a theoretical or practical nature.
Collaborative learning	Set of teaching-learning procedures guided in person and / or supported with information and communication technologies, which are based on the organization of the class in small groups in which students work together in solving tasks assigned by teachers to optimize, a their own learning and that of the other members of the group.
Oral presentation	Inherent intervention in the teaching-learning processes based on verbal exposition through which students and teachers interact in an orderly manner, formulating questions, making clarifications and exposing topics, works, concepts, facts or principles in a dynamic way.



Guest lecture /	Oral presentation complemented with the use of audiovisual media and the introduction of some questions aimed at students,
keynote speech	in order to transmit knowledge and facilitate learning.
	The master class is also known as "lecture", "expository method" or "master class". The
	latter modality is usually reserved for a special type of lesson given by a teacher on special occasions, with a content that
	involves an original elaboration and based on the almost exclusive use of the word as a way of transmitting information to the

	Personalized attention	
Methodologies	Description	
Document analysis	Tutored works require personalized attention, therefore office hours are very relevant	
Collaborative learning		
Oral presentation		

	Assessment		
Methodologies	Competencies	Description	Qualification
Document analysis	A2 A10 A11 A14 B7	CRITICAL REVIEW OF THREE ARTICLES ON RESEARCH AND INNOVATION IN	30
		CLIL	
Collaborative learning	A4 B2 B3 B8 B12 C4	CLIL PROJECT DESIGN	40
	C5 C8		
Oral presentation	A4 B4		30
		PRESENTATION OF THE PERSONAL ANAYLIS AND CONCLUSIONS OF A	
		RESEARCH ARTICLE RELATED TO CLIL (50%) AND CLIL PROJECT	
		PRESENTATION (50%)	

Assessment comments

To pass the subject, students must attend 80% of the sessions.

audience.

Those students with an academic exemption waiver formally requested will be evaluated through a Project work and an individual test. The final mark will be the sum of the qualifications obtained:

- -Project Work: 4 points.
- -Individual test: 6 points.

Those students who do not attend 80% of the sessions or do not pass the subject in the first call, in the extraordinary call of July they will be evaluated by the same method proposed for those people with academic exception.

It is recommended to send the works electronically and, if not possible, not to use plastics, choose double-sided printing, use recycled paper and avoid printing erasers. Sustainable use of resources and prevention of negative impacts on the natural environment must be made. The importance of ethical principles related to the values of sustainability in personal and professional behaviors should be taken into account.

The fraudulent completion of tests or evaluation activities, once verified, will directly result in a failing grade in the corresponding examination session in which it occurred: the student will be graded as "failed" (numerical grade 0) in the respective examination session of the academic year, whether the offense occurs in the first attempt or the second. To accomplish this, their grade will be modified in the first attempt record, if necessary.

	Sources of information
Basic Bentley, K. 2010. The TKT COURSE CLIL MODULE. CAMBRIDGE: CUPBentley, K. 20	
	The TKT COURSE CLIL MODULE. CAMBRIDGE: CUP



Complementary

Baker, Colin. 2001. Foundations of Bilingual Education and Bilingualism. Clevedon: Multilingual Matters. Coyle, D., Hood, P. y Marsh, D. 2010. CLIL.CONTENT AND LANGUAGE INTEGRATED LEARNING. Cambridge: CUP.Dale, L. y Tanner, R. 2012. CLIL activities. A resource for subject and language teachers. Cambridge: CUP.Dalton-Puffer, C. 2007. Discourse in Content and Language Integrated Learning (CLIL) Classrooms. Amterdam/Philadelphia: John Benjamins Publishing Companies. Madrid, Daniel y Hughes, Stephen (eds.) 2011. Studies in Bilingual Education. Bern: Peter Lang.Francisco Lorenzo, Fernando Trujillo y José Manuel Vez 2011. Educación bilingüe. Integración de contenidos y segundas lenguas. Madrid: Editorial Síntesis.Marsh, D., (ed.) 2002. CLIL/EMILE. The European dimension. Actions, trends, and foresight potential. Jyväskylä: University of Jyväskylä. Barrios, Elvira (ed.) 2010. La educación bilingüe en Andalucía: Análisis, experiencias y propuestas. Granada: Grupo Editorial Universitario.Beacco, Jean-Claude y Byram, Michel 2007. From Linguistic Diversity to Plurilingual education. Guide for the Development of Language Education Policies in Europe: Strasbourg: Council of Europe. Language Policy DivisionBeaten Beardsmore, H. 1986. Bilingualism: Basic principles. Clevedon: Multilingual Matters.Brinton, Donna, Snow, Margarite y Wesche, Marjorie 2003. Content-based second language instruction Ann Arbor, MI: University of Michigan Press.Crawford, J. 1989. Bilingual Education: History, politics, theory and practice. New Jersey: Trenton, Crane Publishing Cummins, Jim y Swain, Merril 1986. Bilingualism in Education. London: LongmanEscobar, C. 2004, Content and language integrated learning: Do they learn content? Do they learn language?. Linguistic Perspectives from the classroom: Languageteaching in a multicultural Europe. Eds. J.D., Anderson, J.M. Oro y J. Varela. Santiago de Compostela: Universidad de Santiago de Compostela. 28-38. Escobar, C. y Sánchez, A. (2009). Language Learning through tasks in a CLIL Science Classroom. Porta Linguarum11: 65- 83 Genesee, Fred 1987. Learning through Two Languages: Studies of Immersion and Bilingual Education. M.A, Cambridge: Newbury House. Genesee, Fred 1994. Integrating Language and Content: Lessons from Immersion. Santa Cruz: National Center for Research on Cultural Diversity and Second Language Learning. Hoffman, Charlotte 1986. An Introduction to Bilingualism. Londres. Longman. Johnstone, Richard, Dobson, Alan y Pérez Murillo, Ma Dolores 2010. Proyecto de Enseñanza Bilingüe (España). Available at http://www.ite.education.es/w3/form_prof_docs/britishcouncil/bc_report%20_espanol_final.pdfLasagabaster, D. y Ruiz de Zarobe. (ed.) 2010. CLIL in Spain: Implementation, results and teacher training. Newcastle upon Tyne: Cambridge. Scholars Publishing.potential. Jyväskylä: University of Jyväskylä.Martínez Agudo, Juan de Dios (ed.) 2012. Teaching and Learning English through Bilingual Education. New Castle Upon Tyne: Cambridge Scholars, pp. 181-121.Mehisto, Pete, Frigols, Maria Jesus y Marsh, David 2008. Uncovering CLIL: Content and Language Integrated Learning and Multilingual Education. Oxford: Macmillan EducationPaulston, C. B. 1980. Bilingual Education: Theories and Issues. Rowley, MA, Newbury House.Ramos, F. (2009). Una propuesta de AICLE para el trabajo con textos en Segundos Idiomas. Porta Linguarum: revista internacional de didáctica de las lenguas extranjeras 12:169-182



It is

recommended to submit the work electronically, and if not possible, to avoid using plastics, choose double-sided printing, use recycled paper, and avoid printing drafts.A

sustainable use of resources and the prevention of negative impacts on the natural environment should be pursued. The

importance of ethical principles related to sustainability values in personal

and professional behavior should be taken into account.------According

to the various applicable regulations for university teaching, a gender perspective should be incorporated into this subject (using non-sexist language, using bibliography from authors of both sexes, encouraging the participation of male and female students in class, etc.). Efforts will be made to identify and modify sexist prejudices and attitudes, and the environment will be influenced to modify them and promote values of respect and equality. Situations

of gender discrimination should be identified, and actions and measures should be proposed to correct them.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.