

		Teaching Guide					
	Identifyin	g Data			2023/24		
Subject (*)	Ethics of Globalization and Huma	n Rights		Code	710G05007		
Study programme	Grao en Relacións Internacionais						
	-	Descriptors					
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits		
Graduate	2nd four-month period	First		Basic training	6		
Language	English		I				
Teaching method	Hybrid						
Prerequisites							
Department	Dereito PrivadoHumanidades						
Coordinador	Seoane Rodriguez, Jose Antonio	E	mail	jose.antonio.seoa	ne@udc.es		
Lecturers	Crego Blanco, Jorge	E	mail	jorge.crego@udc.	es		
	Seoane Rodriguez, Jose Antonio			jose.antonio.seoa	ne@udc.es		
Web		I					
General description	Moral experience and the questio	n of what is good, what is	just, what is	right, what is due o	r what is happiness are		
	consubstantial to human reality fr	om the very beginning. Th	ne attempt to	answer these ques	tions in order to understand th		
	consubstantial to human reality from the very beginning. The attempt to answer these questions in order to understand the moral dimension of the person and to justify the moral phenomenon corresponds to a branch of philosophy called ethics.						
	Ethics is a kind of practical and normative knowledge that guides the decisions and actions of human beings in order to						
	shape their lives in a good and just manner. However, the meaning of the good and justice is not univocal and has receive						
	different answers throughout history from different moral systems. This is especially the case in our plural societies, where						
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	globalization has intensified relations and interactions across national borders, giving rise to ethical debates about the benefits and costs of this process; its influence on freedom, equality or justice; its consequences on the environment,						
	working conditions, traditional ways of life or future generations; or how to balance universalism and particularism.						
	In this context, ethics must facilitate cooperation and dialogue among the different ethical traditions and conceptions in						
	order to define a universally valid						
	and right. Probably, the proposal						
	human rights.						
	numan nynts.						
	The idea of human rights has developed over the centuries, from the first theoretical manifestations in classical Stoicism						
	and modern thought to its embodiment in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. It is with this declaration that the						
	institutionalization of human rights at the international level has consolidated.						
	Any introductory approach to the topic of human rights must address the following questions: what is the origin and						
	development of the idea of human rights, what does the term "human rights" refer to and how is it distinguished from other						
	similar concepts, how are human rights classified, what are the essential characteristics that define human rights, and what						
	international institutions are related to human rights. The answers to these questions will provide an overview of the idea of						
	human rights that serves to situate the connections between human rights and globalization.						
	One of the characteristics generally associated with human rights is their universal character. This character is also						
	distinctive of globalization, understood as a process of deepening of a social condition in which global interconnectedness						
	advances and borders and boundaries are blurred. The reciprocal influences between globalization and human rights are						
	therefore rooted in their shared claim of global extension. Some of the main contemporary debates concerning human						
	rights are closely related to globalization, including the problem of the responsibility of states for rights violations beyond						
	their territories, the responsibility of multinational entities, the role of international NGOs in the promotion of certain human						
	rights, the consideration of the human rights agenda as an ethnocentric proposal, the need to protect the environment from a global perspective or the difficulties in ensuring such protection.						
	a global perspective or the difficul	ues in ensuring such prot	ection.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A3	CE3 - To know the concepts, theories and techniques applied to the analysis of the actors and international relations, both in the universal
	and in the regional field, with a perspective both historical and contemporary.



A7	CE7 - To analyze the global reality in its different dimensions, in particular the geographical, political, social, economic and legal.
A10	CE10 - To acquire knowledge of the techniques, working methods and analysis of the humanities, social and legal sciences.
A11	CE11 - To analyze the political, social and economic reality in the framework of international development cooperation.
B2	CB2 - That students know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and have the skills that are usually
	demonstrated through the elaboration and defense of arguments and the resolution of problems within their area of ??study.
B7	CG2 - To acquire the ability to work in an international context.
C4	CT4 - To develop for the exercise of a citizenship respectful with the democratic culture, the human rights and the perspective of gender,
	in the distinct fields of knowledge and in the professional practice, with the aim to achieve a more just and egalitarian society.

Learning outcomes					
Learning outcomes			Study programme		
	con	npetend	;es/		
	results				
Know the main ethical, legal and political responses to globalization	A3				
	A7				
	A11				
Understand the relevance of ethics in human life and relations	A7		C4		
	A11				
Understand the meaning and characteristics of human rights			C4		
	A7				
	A11				
Identify and analyze global justice issues	A7	B2	C4		
	A10	B7			
	A11				
Develop argumentative skills to critically analyze ethical, legal and political responses	A7	B2	C4		
	A10	B7			
Understand the general theoretical framework of moral and political philosophy through its basic concepts	A3		C4		
	A7				
	A11				
Analyze the ethical, political and legal meaning of the values underlying some social problems, mainly related to equality and	A7	B2	C4		
justice, from the perspective of a globalized world	A10	B7			
	A11				
Commit to the construction and development of a democratic citizenship			C4		

Contents				
Торіс	Sub-topic			
I. Ethics of globalization 1. Ethics.				
	2. Globalization.			
	3. The ethics of globalization.			
II. Globalization and human rights	1. The concept of human rights in the global order.			
	2. The elements of human rights in the global order.			
	3. Justification of human rights in the global order.			
III. Seminars	1. Global ethics and justice.			
	2. Global issues of human rights.			

Planning				
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours	
Workshop	A7 A10 A11 B2 B7 C4	12	24	36



Oral presentation	A7 A10 A11 B2 C4	8	8	16
Long answer / essay questions	A3 A7 A11 C4	8	24	32
Objective test	A3 A7 A11	2	8	10
Guest lecture / keynote speech	A3 A7 A11 B7	16	16	32
Document analysis	A3 A7 A10 A11	7	13	20
Personalized attention		4	0	4

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Workshop	Collaborative work intended to select, understand and critically apply relevant knowledge to specific issues and cases, as well
	to develop argumentative skills.
Oral presentation	Activity oriented to acquire and strengthen oral argumentative skills
Long answer / essay	Activity oriented to get methodological competence to work with bibliographical and normative sources, as well to develop
questions	written argumentative skills.
Objective test	Activity that aims to assess the knowledge and understanding of the main concepts and issues delivered through the course
Guest lecture /	Explanation and assessment of the main concepts, elements and issues related to the course, identifying the relations among
keynote speech	the different contents
Document analysis	Detailed reading and assessment of the main bibliographical and normative documents mentioned in the lectures or used in
	the workshops

	Personalized attention
Methodologies	Description
Document analysis	Advise on the selection and assessment of bibliographical and normative sources.
Workshop	Advise on the selection of workshop issues.
Oral presentation	Advise on the structure and pace of oral presentations.
Long answer / essay	Advise on the structure and style of written activities.
questions	

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies / Description		Qualification
	Results		
Objective test	A3 A7 A11	Assessment of the knowledge and understanding of the contents of the guest	40
		lectures/keynote speeches and the document analysis	
Oral presentation	A7 A10 A11 B2 C4	Assessment of the ability to select, understand, analyze and communicate relevant	40
		information based on bibliographical and normative sources.	
		Assessment of the oral argumentative skills.	
Long answer / essay	A3 A7 A11 C4	Final essay about one of the topics of the course, intended to assess knowledge,	20
questions		critical sense and written argumentative skills	

Assessment comments

1. Assessment of the 2nd opportunity

In case of a fail in the 1st opportunity (less than 2 points for the objective test, less than 1 point for the essay or less than 2 points for the seminars and oral presentations), the student must follow the criteria detailed in section 3.2. Plagiarism or academic fraudStudent fraudulent behavior in the assessment activities, and particularly plagiarism, will result in a grade of 0 (fail) in the correspondent opportunity.3. Assessment criteria for the 2nd opportunity and for students with acknowledge part-time dedication and exemption from class attendanceThe objective test (40%) has the same conditions as for the rest of the students. The long answer/essay questions (20%) has the same conditions as for the rest of the delivery of a paper and a brief oral comment before the professor scheduled before the date of the objective test.



	Sources of information
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	- Cruft ,R; Liao, SM; Renzo, M (2015). The Philosophical Foundations of Human Rights. An Overview Oxford: Oxford:
	University Press
	- Fraser, N (2009). Who counts? Dilemmas of justice in a Postwestphalian world. Antipode 41 S1
	- Griffin, J (2008). On human rights. Oxford: Oxford University Press
	- Joseph, S; McBeth, A (ed.) (2010). Research handbook on international human rights law. Cheltenham,
	Northampton: Edward Elgar
	- LaFollette H; Persson, I (ed.) (2013). The Blackwell guide to ethical theory. Malden, MA-Oxford: Wiley Blackwell
	- Pogge, T (2010). What is global justice (in "Politics as usual"). Cambridge: Polity Press
	- Singer, P (2016). One world now: the ethics of globalization. New Haven: Yale University Press
	- Steger, MB (2020). Globalization. A very short introduction. Oxford: Oxford University Press
	- Sullivan, WM; Kymlicka, W (ed.) (2007). The globalization of ethics: religious and secular perspectives. New York:
	Cambridge University Press
Complementary	- Fagan, A. (). Human Rights. The Internet Encyclopedia of Philosophy
	- Hurtshouse, R.; Pettigrove, G. (2022). Virtue ethics. The Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy
	- Ishay, MR (2008). The history of human rights. Berkeley: University of California Press
	- Nickel, J (2021). Human Rights. The Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy
	- Rawls, J. (1999). The law of peoples. Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press
	- Sinnot-Armstrong, W. (2022). Consequentialism. The Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy

Recommendations	
Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before	
Subjects that are recommanded to be taken simultaneously	
Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously	
Subjects that continue the syllabus	
Other comments	

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.