

		Teaching Gu	ide		
Identifying Data					2023/24
Subject (*)	Polymers in Sustainable Energy	Polymers in Sustainable Energy Development Code			730547014
Study programme	Máster Universitario en Eficiencia Enerxética e Sustentabilidade				
		Descriptors	3		
Cycle	Period	Year		Туре	Credits
Official Master's Degree	e 2nd four-month period First Optional			Optional	3
Language	SpanishGalician				
Teaching method	Face-to-face				
Prerequisites					
Department	Física e Ciencias da TerraQuímica				
Coordinador	Abad López, María José E-mail maria.jose.abad@udc.es				
Lecturers	Abad López, María José E-mail maria.jose.abad@udc.es				
	Ares Pernas, Ana Isabel ana.ares@udc.es				
	González Rodríguez, María Victoria victoria.gonzalez.rodriguez@udc.es				
Web					
General description	Provide basic knowledge and dis	scuss the role that co	nductive polym	ners as active materials	s in devices capable of
	producing, storing or saving clean energy can play.				

	Study programme competences / results
Code	Study programme competences / results
A9	CE9 - Make decisions in a technological environment where materials are used in efficiency applications
B9	CG4 - Extract, interpret and process information, from different sources, for use in the study and analysis
B14	CG9 - Apply knowledge of advanced sciences and technologies to professional or research practice of efficiency
B16	CG11 - Evaluate the application of emerging technologies in the field of energy and the environment
C1	CT1 - Express themselves correctly, both orally and in writing, in the official languages of the autonomous community
C4	CT4 - Develop for the exercise of a respectful citizenship with the democratic culture, human rights and the gender perspective
C8	CT8 - Value the importance of research, innovation and technological development in the socioeconomic and cultural progress of society

Learning outcomes			
Learning outcomes	Study programme		
	competences /		
	results		
Learning of the fundamental concepts of conductive polymeric materials, highlighting the integration with the other subjects		BC16	CC8
that make up the master			
Familiarize yourself with a technological environment where the concepts of conductive polymers are oriented towards energy	AC9	BC14	CC8
efficiency and sustainable development		BC16	
Get used to the use of various written and electronic sources of information (databases, specialized technical and scientific	AC9	BC9	CC1
magazines) valuing the importance of good documentation in the approaches of any type of project or study		BC14	CC4
			CC8

Contents				
Торіс	Sub-topic			
1. Introduction to conductive polymers	1.1 . Polymers and environment			
	1.2 . Intrinsically conducting polymers			
	1.3 . Conducting polymer composites			
2. Polymers in harvesting energy	2.1 . Harvesting energy concept			
	2.2 . Polymers in thermoelectricity			
	2.3 . Polymers in piezoelectricity			



3. Conducting polymers in light emitting diodes and solar cells	3.1. Basis
	3.2. Devices
	3.3. Applications
4. Conducting polymers in electrochromic devices	3.1. Basis
	3.2. Devices
	3.3. Applications
5. Conducting polymers in batteries	5.1. Basis
	5.2. Devices
	5.3. Applications

Planning					
	FIAIIIIII	9			
Methodologies / tests	Competencies /	Teaching hours	Student?s personal	Total hours	
	Results	(in-person & virtual)	work hours		
Guest lecture / keynote speech	B9 B14 B16	9	0	9	
Laboratory practice	A9 B14 B16 C4	12	1	13	
Multiple-choice questions	B9 B16	0	4	4	
Supervised projects	C1 C4 C8	1	47	48	
Personalized attention		1	0	1	
(*)The information in the planning table is far quidance only and does not take into account the betweenenity of the atudants					

(*)The information in the planning table is for guidance only and does not take into account the heterogeneity of the students.

	Methodologies
Methodologies	Description
Guest lecture /	Oral presentation supported by audiovisual media with the inclusion of some questions for students, to provide knowledge and
keynote speech	to facilitate learning.
Laboratory practice	This methodology allows that students learn effectively doing practical activities, such as demonstrations, exercises, lab work
	and researches
Multiple-choice	After each class session, students will be able to take an online test on the subject they have seen, through the Moodle
questions	platform.
Supervised projects	Methodology is designed to promote autonomous learning of students in different environments (academic or more
	professional environment) under the guidance of a teacher. It refers mainly to learning & amp; quot; how to do things. In this
	option, students must assume the responsibility for their own learning.

Personalized attention			
Methodologies	Description		
Laboratory practice	The students will do several sessions of lab work where they will work concepts related to the energy efficiency in conducting		
Supervised projects	polymers.		
	Each student must perform autonomously a work. The teacher will guide them by individual tutoring.		

		Assessment	
Methodologies	Competencies /	Description	Qualification
	Results		
Laboratory practice	A9 B14 B16 C4	Students will carry out several laboratory practices related to the energy efficiency of	30
		conducting polymers.	
		Both the competences acquired in the laboratory and the practical report submitted	
		will be assessed.	
Supervised projects	C1 C4 C8	The student will carry out an individual work on a topic related to conducting polymers.	60
		It must be delivered and presented to the rest of the class.	
		Both the written work submitted and its oral presentation will be assessed. A rubric will	
		be used in the evaluation.	



Multiple-choice	B9 B16	After each class session, students will be able to take an online test on the subject	10
questions		they have seen, through the Moodle platform. The test will count towards the final	
		grade.	

Assessment comments
Students who accumulate more than 20% of unjustified absences, who have not carried out all the laboratory practices (without justified cause) or who
have not submitted the supervised work are excluded from the continuous evaluation process. They will be qualified as NOT ATTEND at the first
opportunity.
The fraudulent realization
of the tests or evaluation activities, once verified, will directly imply the
qualification of failure "0" in the subject in the corresponding
call, thus invalidating any grade obtained in all the evaluation activities for
the extraordinary call.
Students with recognition of partial time dedication and academic exemption from attendance, must communicate it to the teachers at the beginning of
the term and justify them adequately. In this case, teachers will be given appropriate instructions to ensure that the students follow the subject without
problems, by replacing the classroom teching methodologies with other individual works with the same score
REQUIREMENTS TO PASS THE SUBJECT AT THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY :
1.Attend and participate regularly in class activities.
2.Submit and present the supervised work on the date indicated.3. To do and submit all the laboratory practices on the indicated dates.3. Obtain a
minimun total score of 5 out of 10.
At the second opportunity (extraordinary call), the student will have to pass an objective test or exam (in classroom or online) that may have different
types of questions (multiple choice, sorting, short answer, discrimination, completion and/or association). In addition, students will be asked to perform
an additional work/laboratory practices. The rating will be 50% the objective test (exam), 30% the laboratory practices and 20% additional
work/practices.
REQUIREMENTS TO PASS THE SUBJECT AT THE SECOND OPPORTUNITY :
1.To pass the exam (minimum 50% of the maximum score)
2.To do and submit on time the additional work/practices

3. Obtain a minimun total score of 5 out of 10.

Sources of informa	tion
--------------------	------

Basic- Hideki Shirakawa . The Discovery of Polyacetylene Film: The Dawning of an Era of Conducting Polymers. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 2574 - 2580- Alan G. MacDiarmid . Synthetic Metals: A Novel Role for Organic Polymers. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 2581 - 2590- Alan J. Heeger. Semiconducting and Metallic Polymers: The Fourth Generation of Polymeric Materials. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 2591 - 2611- Olga Bubnova and Xavier Crispin. Towards polymer-based organic thermoelectric generators. Energy & amp; Environmental Science 2012, 5, 9345-9362- Javier Padilla Martínez; Rafael Garcia Valverde; Antonio Jesús Fernández Romero y Antonio Urbina Yer. Polímeros conductores. Su papel en un desarrollo energético sostenible. Editorial Reverté- Sambhu Bhadraa; Dipak Khastgir; Nikhil K. Singhaa and Joong Hee Lee. Progress in preparation, processing and applications of polyaniline. Progress in Polymer Science 34 (2009) 783?810- Yong Dua, Shirley Z. Shenb, Kefeng Caia, Philip S. Casey. Research progress on polymer inorganic thermoelectric nanocomposite materials. Progress in Polymer Science 37 (2012) 820- 841- Petr Novák; Klaus Müller; K. S. V. Santhanam and Otto Haas . Electrochemically Active Polymers for Rechargeable Batteries. Chem. Rev. 1997, 97, 207-281- Pierre M. Beaujuge and John R. Reynolds (). Color Control in ?-Conjugated Organic Polymers for Use in Electrochromic Devices. Chem. Rev. 2010, 110, 268?320- Yasuhiko Shirota and Hiroshi Kageyama (). Charge Carrier Transporting Molecular Materials and Their Applications in Devices. Chem. Rev. 2007, 107, 953-1010- K. Walzer, B. Maennig, M. Pfeiffer, and K. Leo. Highly Efficient Organic Devices Based on Electrically Doped Transport Layers. Chem. Rev. 2007, 107, 1233-1271		
 ?-Conjugated Organic Polymers for Use in Electrochromic Devices. Chem. Rev. 2010, 110, 268?320- Yasuhiko Shirota and Hiroshi Kageyama (). Charge Carrier Transporting Molecular Materials and Their Applications in Devices. Chem. Rev. 2007, 107, 953-1010- K. Walzer, B. Maennig, M. Pfeiffer, and K. Leo. Highly Efficient Organic Devices Based on Electrically Doped Transport Layers. Chem. Rev. 2007, 107, 1233-1271 Complementary 	Basic	 Hideki Shirakawa . The Discovery of Polyacetylene Film: The Dawning of an Era of Conducting Polymers. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 2574 - 2580- Alan G. MacDiarmid . Synthetic Metals: A Novel Role for Organic Polymers. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 2581 - 2590- Alan J. Heeger. Semiconducting and Metallic Polymers: The Fourth Generation of Polymeric Materials. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2001, 40, 2591 - 2611- Olga Bubnova and Xavier Crispin. Towards polymer-based organic thermoelectric generators. Energy & amp; Environmental Science 2012, 5, 9345-9362- Javier Padilla Martínez; Rafael Garcia Valverde; Antonio Jesús Fernández Romero y Antonio Urbina Yer. Polímeros conductores. Su papel en un desarrollo energético sostenible. Editorial Reverté- Sambhu Bhadraa; Dipak Khastgir; Nikhil K. Singhaa and Joong Hee Lee. Progress in preparation, processing and applications of polyaniline. Progress in Polymer Science 34 (2009) 783?810- Yong Dua, Shirley Z. Shenb, Kefeng Caia, Philip S. Casey. Research progress on polymer inorganic thermoelectric nanocomposite materials. Progress in Polymer Science 37 (2012) 820- 841- Petr Novák; Klaus Müller; K. S. V. Santhanam and Otto Haas . Electrochemically Active Polymers for Rechargeable Batteries. Chem. Rev. 1997, 97, 207-281- Pierre M. Beaujuge and John R. Reynolds (). Color Control in
Complementary		Research progress on polymer inorganic thermoelectric nanocomposite materials. Progress in Polymer Science 37 (2012) 820- 841- Petr Novák; Klaus Müller; K. S. V. Santhanam and Otto Haas . Electrochemically Active Polymers for Rechargeable Batteries. Chem. Rev. 1997, 97, 207-281- Pierre M. Beaujuge and John R. Reynolds (). Color Control in ?-Conjugated Organic Polymers for Use in Electrochromic Devices. Chem. Rev. 2010, 110, 268?320- Yasuhiko Shirota and Hiroshi Kageyama (). Charge Carrier Transporting Molecular Materials and Their Applications in Devices. Chem. Rev. 2007, 107, 953-1010- K. Walzer, B. Maennig, M. Pfeiffer, and K. Leo. Highly Efficient Organic Devices Based on Electrically Doped Transport Layers. Chem. Rev. 2007, 107, 1233-1271
	Complementary	

Recommendations



Subjects that it is recommended to have taken before

Subjects that are recommended to be taken simultaneously

Subjects that continue the syllabus

Other comments

Recommendations Sustainability Environment and Gender Equality:1. The delivery of the documentary work (tutored work) to be carried out in this subject will be done in the following way: 1.1 It will be delivered in virtual format and/or computer support. 1.2. In the case of having to print something on paper (for example, posters, leaflets, etc...), the printing will be done on recycled paper and double-sided. No drafts shall be printed, only the final version. 2. A sustainable use of resources must be made and in order to prevent negative impacts on the natural environment, it will be encouraged that the materials that are discarded in the subject (paper, plastics), are thrown away in the respective containers provided in the centres where the subject is taught or in the street for that purpose. 3. We will try to transmit to students the importance of ethical principles related to the values of sustainability so that they apply them, not only in the classroom, but also in their personal and professional behaviour. 4. According to the different regulations applicable to university teaching, the gender perspective must be incorporated into this subject (non-sexist language will be used, bibliography of authors of both sexes will be used, the intervention of male and female students in class will be encouraged, etc.). 5.Work will be done to identify and modify sexist prejudices and attitudes, and the environment will be influenced in order to promote values of respect and equality. 6.Situations of gender discrimination will be detected and actions and measures will be proposed to correct them. 7. The full integration of students who, for physical, sensory, mental or socio-cultural reasons, experience difficulties in gaining suitable, equal and beneficial access to university life shall be facilitated.

(*)The teaching guide is the document in which the URV publishes the information about all its courses. It is a public document and cannot be modified. Only in exceptional cases can it be revised by the competent agent or duly revised so that it is in line with current legislation.